AN

Abbreviated Hebrew Dictionary

A LIMITED HEBREW DICTIONARY OF

THE BOOK OF ISAIAH

Compiled by Paul Lancaster

To be used in conjunction with the Isaiah Word-Link Compendium

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PREFACE

started this project while trying to understand Isaiah's writings from the Hebrew text. I do not speak Hebrew, but I have learned quite a bit about the language through my study. As I began to study Isaiah and try to understand the meaning of his words, I developed a desire to understand his writings from the original language in which he wrote and spoke. Isaiah wrote in Hebrew. I became frustrated that I had to rely upon the translations of others to understand his word, and thereby be subject to their interpretation. I kept wondering, "What is Isaiah really trying to say?"

In an effort to better understand Isaiah, I therefore started a study of Hebrew. I looked for a tool to help me better understand the Hebrew conjugations in the Bible, and though I found several dictionaries, compendiums, concordances and commentaries, I had difficulty finding the right tools. I decided that I needed to create my own tool that would help in referencing and studying Isaiah from the Hebrew text.

This abbreviated Hebrew dictionary is based out of ancient biblical Hebrew and only contains a small portion of the words used within Isaiah. It goes hand-in-hand with the *Isaiah Word-Link Compendium* I compiled. They are to be used together to delve deeper into the Hebrew text.

How To Use This Dictionary

his abbreviated dictionary is listed alphabetically according to the Hebrew alphabet by root words. Hebrew reads from right to left, unlike English. A root word in Hebrew consists of three letters. In the example below, the primitive root for the verb א-צ-ר k. The conjugations of the verbs then build upon that root and change the meaning.

Hebrew has seven binyanim, or conjugations that express active, passive, intensive, causative, and self-reflective forms of the verb. Though there are additional binyanim to occasionally appear, they are rare and based off these seven conjugation forms. The seven binyanim include the following:

- 1. PAAL or more commonly QAL is the <u>simple active</u> aspect of a verb. This is the simplest and most common verb form. An example of this form over verb is: "he writes" or "he wrote."
- 2. NIPHAL is the <u>simple passive</u> verb form of the QAL benyanim. An example of this verb form is: "it was written."
- 3. PIEL is the <u>intensive active</u> form of a verb. It is used to intensify the verb. In the example of writing, the PIEL would be: "he engraved," implying that the action of writing was more intense.
- 4. PUAL is the intensive passive form of a verb. An example of this verb form is: "it was engraved."
- 5. HIPHIL is the <u>causative active</u> form of a verb. It is used to denote something that is causing an action or making someone or something act. In the same example of writing, the HIPHIL may be: "he dictated," suggesting that he caused someone else to write for him.
- 6. HUPHAL or HOPHAL is the <u>causative passive</u> form of a verb. An example of this verb form is "it was dictated."
- 7. HITHPAEL can be both active or passive, but is a <u>reflective or cooperative</u> form of a verb. It denotes something being done to ones self or with another person or group. An example of this verb form is: "he corresponded," meaning that he wrote to someone else who in turn wrote back.

In this dictionary, the Hebrew used is ancient biblical Hebrew and does not reflect modern Hebrew words or conjugations. Following each root word is a brief meaning of the word or derivation, if derived from an unused root word. Below each root word is listed the root verb in the Qal or Paal conjugation if there is a root verb. Some words derive from unused roots, in which the verb form is not listed. The definitions of each of the used benyanim are listed separately. In the example below, the verb verb in the *to store up*, uses only three benyanim in the Bible,

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though others may exist. In this example, there is a simple active form (PAAL or QAL), a simple passive form (NIPHAL), and a causative active form (HIPHIL).

Following the root verb are any derivations of that word used in Isaiah. **NOTE**: This is not a complete list of derivations used in Isaiah, but only a select few that coordinate with the compendium I compiled entitled *Isaiah Word-Link Compendium*. As I continue to research Isaiah, additional editions will contain more derivations as well as root words. In the example below, there is only one derivation that was identified in this partial abbreviated dictionary. Below the derivation is the part of speech. In this case, a masculine singular noun.

۲۹۲۲ : to store up ۲۶۶۱ <u>ä-tsär</u> : Treasure/(Lay Up in) Sto • Concordance: Treasure • Strong's Dictionary: to store up	pre	
PAAL (QAL)	NIPHAL	HIPHIL
 To lay up, to store, to heap up, to treasure up 	 To be stored up 	 To cause to lay up in a treasury To appoint one treasurer
RIVATIONS		
אָנוּן ō-tsär'		
n.ms.		
Derivation:		
 Treasure, store, stock, provision, supply Store house, treasury 		
Concordance: Treasure		
Strong's Dictionary: a depasitory		

The references to the concordance point to my compiled *Isaiah Word-Link Compendium*. Definitions in the benyanim and in the derivations are a combination of three sources:

1. James Strong's work *A Concise Dictionary of the Words in the Hebrew Bible*, shorted here to *Strong's Dictionary*. I used the original version published in 1890 and available online or at several book stores. These are listed separately while other definitions are a combination of the following two sources.

2. Samuel Prideaux Tregelles' English translation of William Gesenuis's *Hebrew and Chaldee Lexicon to the Old Testament Scriptures*. This lexicon was published originally in 1879 and contains a great deal of depth in analyzing the use of each word in the bible.

3. Karl Feyerabend's compilation *A Complete Hebrew-English Pocket-Dictionary to the Old Testament*. I used an original source without a publication date, though we know it was published prior to 1905. I enjoyed this work for its simplicity and conciseness.

The abbreviations for the parts of speech within this dictionary include the following:

adj = adjective	f = feminine	part = participle
adv = adverb	m = masculine	prep = preposition
c = common (either masculine or common (either masculine))	n = noun	pro = pronoun
feminine)	p or pl = plural	v = verb

Pronunciation

his is not intended to be a guide to Hebrew pronunciation. There are many other options available to learn how to speak or read Hebrew. However, to provide some sense of pronunciation for the Hebrew words, each Hebrew word is followed by an English pronunciation. Note that I did not use standardized pronunciation symbols as most of those are unknown to the common English speaker. Instead, I used a method I believe would be easier for non-linguistic readers.

Several resources are available on the internet for pronunciation of Hebrew. I have created a pronunciation guide on my website: <u>GreaterLight.net</u>. Though there is no dictionary on that site, part of the concordance is listed there, in

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addition to some partial translations of Isaiah and commentaries. This link will take you to a pronunciation guide: <u>https://greaterlight.net/home/isaiah/symbols/pronounce</u>. This guide provides information on how Hebrew consonants and vowels are spoken.

There are 22 Hebrew consonants listed below with their common sounds. Two of the consonants do not have a vocal sound, but instead are silent. They are carriers of vowels.

Alef $\ (\ \)$	Lamed $\neg - "l"$ as in lamb
Bet $\neg \$ with as in boy; OR $\neg \$	Mem אמ' or $\ (-m"$ as in <u>m</u> an
Gimel $\lambda - $ "g" as in g ood	Nun \to $r \ - "n"$ as in <u>n</u> ut
Dalet $\sqrt{-d''}$ as in <u>d</u> og	Samech $\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \$
Hey $\hbar' - h''$ as in <u>h</u> at	Ayin \u/ – Silent letter
Vav $1 - v^{*}$ as in <u>v</u> ain, except when used as a vowel	$Pey \ (\texttt{S} - \texttt{``p'' as in } \underline{p}at; OR \ (\texttt{S} \ \texttt{or } \ \texttt{'}\texttt{f'' as in } \underline{f}at$
where it is only a vowel carrier	Tsade $\underline{v} - \hat{ts}$ as in ha <u>ts</u>
Zayin $t - z$ as in z oo	$Qof \langle a \rangle$ (4) $-$ "k" as in <u>k</u> ey
Chet \n\ – voiced 'h' as in Ba <u>ch</u> represented in this dictionary by the letter \h	Resh $\neg -$ "r" as in <u>r</u> un, said with the back of the throat, though some debate that ancient
Tet $\upsilon - "t"$ as in <u>tip</u>	Hebrew
Yod \'\- "y" as in <u>y</u> ou	the front of the tongue.
Kaf $\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \$	$Sin \langle v \rangle - s'' as in \underline{s}it OR shin \langle v \rangle - sh'' as in \underline{sh}ut$
Bach represented in this dictionary by the letter h	Tav \ π - "t" as in <u>t</u> ip

The Hebrew vowels are listed below with their common sounds. All use x as a vowel marker for purposes of this example. These vowels are broken into four categories, long, medium, short, and very short vowels. They are also classified into three "classes", the "A", "I" and "U" vowel classes.

Long vowels:

"A" Class: Cholem-Vav \ix\ - long "o" as in rope

"I" Class: Chireq-Yod \x\ - long "e" as in keep

"U" Class: Shureq $\lambda -$ short "u" as in f<u>oo</u>d

Medium vowels:

"A" Class: Qamets x - aw" as in father

"I" Class: Tsere \x\ - long "a" as in ace

Short vowels:

"I" Class: Chireq $\underline{k} - \text{long}$ "e" as in k<u>ee</u>p

"U" Class: Qibbuts $\underline{\times}$ - short "u" as in f<u>oo</u>d

Very short vowels:

- "A" Class: Chatef-Patach \underline{x} "aw" as in father
- "I" Class: Chatef-Segol $\slash k short$ "e" as in s<u>e</u>nd
- "U" Class: Chatef-Qamets $\x)$ short "o" as in b<u>o</u>x

Shewa: $\langle v \rangle$ - very short "e" as in send

	Α	Ε	Ι	0	U
Long Vowel	Qametsh	Tsere(-Yod)	Chireq-Yod	Cholem-Vav	Shureq
	Ķ	אַי זי אַ	Ņ	א or או or א	או
	"aw" as in f <u>a</u> ther	"a" as in <u>a</u> ce	"e" as in k <u>ee</u> p	"o" as in r <u>o</u> pe	"u" as in f <u>oo</u> d
Short Vowel	Patach	Segol	Chireq	Qamets-Chatuf	Qibbuts
	х	Ķ	Ņ	Ķ	8
	"aw" as in f <u>a</u> ther	"e" as in s <u>e</u> nd	"e" as in k <u>ee</u> p	"o" as in b <u>o</u> x	"u" as in f <u>oo</u> o
Shewa	Chatef-Patach	Chatef-Segol		Chatef-Qamets	
м	×	8		×	
"e" as in send	"aw" as in f <u>a</u> ther	"e" as in s <u>e</u> nd		"o" as in b o x	
	_	_		_	

Enjoying the Journey

his abbreviated Hebrew dictionary is by no means intended to be comprehensive or complete, nor does it supersede any previous works done in this area. I hope that in your journey to understand Isaiah, this tool may help you along the way. Please use it freely as a reference. It is my intent to provide information freely as it is given freely to me within copyright laws. I dedicate this work and the hours and years spent on this project to you as you seek to find God through Isaiah. Pray earnestly as you study and search and let revelation fill your heart and mind in understanding Isaiah. May God ever bless you on your journey.

Paul Lancaster seeking@greaterlight.net www.GreaterLight.net

x Roots

ä-lɛf

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אב: root word meaning father			
אָב äv	אוֹב ōv		
n.ms.	n.ms.		
Root: אב: root word meaning father	Derivation: אב: root word meaning father		
1. Father	1. Bottle, skin, leather bag		
2. Founder, ancestor, parent, forefather	2. Specter, conjuring ghost		
3. Author, maker, creator, lord, master	3. Soothsayer, necromancer, sorcerer		
4. Master, teacher, counselor, adviser, benefactor			
Concordance: Father	Concordance: Familiar Spirit		
Strong's Dictionary : <i>father</i> , in a literal and immediate, or figurative and remote application	Strong's Dictionary : properly, <i>a mumble</i> , i.e., <i>a water-skin</i> (from its hollow sound); hence <i>a necromancer</i> (<i>ventriloquist</i> , as from a jar)		

ד-ב-א: to wander away

אָבד |ä-väd': Perish/Break/Destroy

- Concordance: Perish
- Strong's Dictionary: properly, to wander away, i.e., lose oneself; by implication to perish (causative, destroy)

	PAAL (QAL)		PIEL		HIPHIL
•	To be lost, to lose oneself, to wander about	•	To lose, to reckon or give up as lost	•	To cause to wander, to disperse or scatter, to
•	To perish, to be destroyed, to cease	•	To cause to wander, to disperse or scatter, to		lead astray
•	To be ready to perish, to be wretched or		lead astray	•	To cause to perish, to destroy, to annihilate
	unfortunate	•	To cause to perish, to destroy, to annihilate		

א-ב-ה: to breathe after

אָבָה |ä-vä

• Strong's Dictionary: to breathe after, i.e., (figuratively) to be acquiescent

•

PAAL (QAL)

- To be inclined, willing or prone, to wish •
- To desire, to long for, to be in want of
- To be willing, to consent, to obey

DERIVATIONS

אֶבייוֹן εv-yōn' adj.

Derivation: א-ב-ה: to breathe after

1. Needy, poor

2. Miserable, wretched, oppressed

Concordance: Needy

Strong's Dictionary: destitute

to bewail א-ב-ל

אָבל a-väl': Lament/Mourn

- Concordance: Mourn
- Strong's Dictionary: to bewail

PAAL (QAL)

- To fade, to languish
- To mourn, to pine

HIPHIL

To cause to mourn, to make to lament

•

To mourn, to lament

HITHPAEL

To act as a mourner ٠

DERIVATIONS

אָבֵל|ä-vāl

adj.

Derivation: א-ב-ל: to bewail

1. Mourning, desolate

Concordance: Mourn

Strong's Dictionary: lamenting

ד-ק: to bedust

אָבק|*ä-väk*'

• Strong's Dictionary: to bedust, i.e., grapple

NIPHAL

To wrestle

DERIVATIONS

אָבָק|ä-väk'

n.ms.

Derivation: א-ב-ק: probably meaning to float away 1. Dust

Concordance: Dust

Strong's Dictionary: light particles (as volatile)

to soar א-ב-ר

אָבַר *מ-vär* '

• Strong's Dictionary: to soar

- HIPHIL
- To mount upward,
- To fly up, to soar

DERIVATIONS

- powerful
- 2. Distinguished, noble

Concordance: Mighty

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אגדה: from an unused root meaning to bind

אָגָדָה|^a-güd-dä'

n.fs.

Derivation: אגדה: from an unused root meaning to bind

- 1. Knot, band, bundle, connection
- 2. Band or troop
- 3. Arched or vaulted work

אַביר|ä-vēr' a-vεr'אֵבֶר adj. n.ms. Derivation: א-ב-ר: to soar Derivation: א-ב-ר: to soar 1. Strong, mighty, manly, courageous, 1. Wing feather Concordance: Wing Strong's Dictionary: mighty (spoken of God) Strong's Dictionary: mighty (spoken of God)

x Roots

Strong's Dictionary: a band, bundle, knot or arch

אגם: from an unused root meaning to collect as water

אָגם ¦ä-gäm'

n.ms

אַגְמוֹן äg-mōn'

n.ms Derivation: אגם: from an unused root meaning

to collect as water

of rushes

1. Rush, reed, bulrush

Derivation: אגם: from an unused root meaning to collect as water

- 1. Pool, marsh
- 2. Reed, cane
- 3. Bulrush

Concordance: Pool

Strong's Dictionary: a marsh; hence a rush (as growing in swamps); hence a stockade of reeds

3. To burn, to be hot, cauldron Concordance: Rush Strong's Dictionary: a marshy pool (others from a different root, a kettle); by implication

a rush (as growing there); collectively a rope

2. Rope or cord of rushes, muzzle of reeds

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אדון: from an unused root meaning to rule

אָדוֹן ¦ä-dōn'

n.ms.

- Derivation: אדון: from an unused root meaning to rule
- 1. Lord, master, commander
- 2. (אָרֹנָי|a-dō-näy) My Lord, the Lord God

Concordance: Lord

Strong's Dictionary: sovereign, i.e., controller (human or divine)

ם-7-מ: to show blood (in the face)

אָדָם *a-däm': Red/Ruddy*

- Concordance: Red
- Strong's Dictionary: to show blood (in the face), i.e., flush or turn rosy
- PAAL (QAL)

To be red or ruddy

- PUAL To be made or dyed red
- To be red (probably to make

HITHPAEL

- To be red (e.g., redden or look red)
- To sparkle (as in red wine)

DERIVATIONS

אָדָם a-däm'

n.ms.

Derivation: א-ד-ם: to show blood

- 1. Man, human being
- 2. Men, mankind
- 3. Anyone, someone
- 4. Adam (the first man)

Concordance: Man

Strong's Dictionary: ruddy, i.e., human being (an individual or the species, mankind, etc.)

אָד[ׂ]ם |ä-dōm'

adi.

Derivation: מ-ד-ם: to show blood

1. Red, redness, red-cheeked

Concordance: Red

Strong's Dictionary: rosy

אַדָמָה^{|ä}-dä-mä'

n.fs.

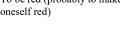
Derivation: א-ד-ם: to show blood

- 1. Earth (red or tawny)
- 2. Arable land, soil, ground
- 3. Land, region, country

Concordance: Ground

Strong's Dictionary: soil (from its general redness)

HIPHIL



• oneself red)

ד-ד-ר to expand

אָדַר *a-där* ': Honorable

- Concordance: Honor
- Strong's Dictionary: to expand, i.e., be great or (figuratively) magnificent

NIPHAL

- To be made great, to be made glorious
- To show oneself glorious or splendid

DERIVATIONS

אַדִיר ad-dēr'

To render great or illustriousTo glorify

HIPHIL

- ,لــ
 - adj.

Derivation: א-ד-ר: to expand

- 1. Large, very great, mighty, powerful, majestic, splendid
- 2. Magnificent, illustrious, glorious, distinguished, noble
- 3. (n.) Prince, leader, chief, noble

Concordance: Mighty

Strong's Dictionary: *wide* or (generally) *large*; figuratively, *powerful*

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•

• To delight

ב-ה-א: to have affection for

אָהַב |ä-häv': Love/Friend

• Concordance: Love

To desire, to breathe after, to covet

To love, to like, to be fond of

• Strong's Dictionary: to have affection for (sexually or otherwise)

PAAL (QAL)

NIPHAL • To be beloved, to be amiable

- PIEL
- To be a passionate lover
- (part.) Lover

•

• (part.) Friend

אהה: from a primitive word expressing pain exclamatorily, Oh!

אַהָבָה ä-h ^ä -vä'	ō-ḥēm'
n.fp.	n.mp. (only pl.)
Derivation: א-ה-ה: from a primitive word expressing pain exclamatorily, Oh!	Derivation: א-ה-ה: from a primitive word expressing pain exclamatorily, Oh!
 Love, affection, tender friendship Delight 	 A howling animal Bird with lamenting voice, owl
Concordance: Love	Concordance: N/A
Strong's Dictionary: <i>affection</i> (in a good or bad sense)	Strong's Dictionary: a howler or lonesome wild animal

to be clear א-ה-ל

אָהל a-häl': Pitch Tent

- Concordance: Tent
- Strong's Dictionary: 1) primitive root: to be clear; 2) denominative form of אֹהֶל o-hɛl': to tent

PAAL (QAL)	PIEL	HIPHIL
To pitch or remove a tentTo wander	• To pitch a tent	• To shine or give light
DERIVATIONS		
אהֶל ō-hɛl'		
n.ms.		

Roots

Derivation: א-ה-ל: to be clear

- 1. Tent (nomadic), tabernacle (tent of congregation/Jehovah)
- 2. Dwelling, home, habitation (of any kind)

Concordance: Tent

Strong's Dictionary: *a tent* (as clearly conspicuous from a distance)

٦٢

א-ו-ה: to wish for

אָוָה |ä-vä': Covet/Desire

- Concordance: Desire
- Strong's Dictionary: to wish for

PAAL (QAL)

- To desire after, to long for, to covet
- To howl, to cry out

DERIVATIONS

פֿy-yēm'

n.mp. (pl only)

Derivation: א-ו-ה: to wish for

- 1. Coast land, island
- 2. Foreign, transmarine parts round the Mediterranean and in India
- 3. Howler, jackal

Concordance: Beast

Strong's Dictionary: *a howler* (used only in the plural), i.e., any solitary wild creature

אול: from an unused root meaning to twist

ä-yēl|אַיָל

n.ms.

Derivation: אול: from an unused root meaning to twist

- 1. Ram
- 2. Pilaster, projection (in architecture)
- 3. Strong tree, oak, terebinth
- 4. (pl.) Mighty or powerful people, nobles

Concordance: Ram

Strong's Dictionary: properly, *strength*; hence, anything strong; specifically *a chief* (politically); also *a ram* (From his strength); *a pilaster* (as a strong support); *an oak* or other strong tree

To desire, to wish for

tä-^ä-vä'

n.fs.

- Derivation: א-ו-ה: to wish for
- 1. Desire, longing, wish
- 2. Lust, desire

to twist

Might, strength
 God (the one true God)

Concordance: God

of any deity)

- 3. Delight, charm
- 4. Desirable or pleasant thing

Concordance: Desire

Strong's Dictionary: *a longing*; by implication, *a delight* (subjectively, *satisfaction*, objectively, *a charm*)

1. Strong or mighty one, hero, god

twist אַל|āl

n.ms.

Derivation: אול: from an unused root meaning

a-lä'|a-lä

n.fs

Derivation: עול: from an unused root meaning to twist

- 1. Strong hardy tree
- 2. Terebinth, oak

Concordance: Oak

Strong's Dictionary: an oak or other strong tree

מלון al-lōn'

n.ms.

Derivation: עול: from an unused root meaning

Strong's Dictionary: strength, as an adjective,

mighty; especially the Almighty (but used also

אֱלוֹהַ|ε-lō'-äh אֱלהִים|ε-lō-hēm'

n.ms or p.

Derivation: אול: from an unused root meaning to twist

1. God (the one true God)

1. Oak, terebinth

to twist

אֶרְאֵל|ɛr-āl'

n.ms.

- Derivation: probably a combination of אָאָרָי ^a-rē (derived from אָרָה meaning to pluck) and אול (derived from אול from an unused root meaning to twist)
- 1. Lion of God, hero

To desire, want or lust after To measure off, to mark for oneself

HITHPAEL

PIEL

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Concordance: Valiant

Strong's Dictionary: a hero (collectively)

gods in the ordinary sense; but specifically used (in the plural thus, especially with the

Concordance: Oak

Strong's Dictionary: oak

און: from an unused root perhaps meaning to pant

אַנן ä-vɛn'

n.ms.

Derivation: און: from an unused root perhaps meaning to pant

- 1. Emptiness, vanity, vainness, nothingness
- 2. Falsehood, fraud, idolatry

2. A god or deity, idol, a divinity

and sometimes as a superlative

Strong's Dictionary of אָל הים -lō-hēm':

article) of the supreme God; occasionally applied by way of deference to magistrates;

Concordance: God

- 3. Wickedness, iniquity, sin
- 4. Misfortune, adverse circumstance, calamity, distress, hardship, toil

Concordance: Iniquity

Strong's Dictionary: from an unused root perhaps meaning properly, to pant (hence, to exert oneself, usually in vain; to come to naught); strictly nothingness; also trouble, vanity, wickedness; specifically an idol

אופיר: uncertain derivation

iō-fēr'

proper noun

Derivation: uncertain derivation

- 1. A gold region East of the land of Israel
- 1. Eleventh son of Joktan

Concordance: N/A

Strong's Dictionary: Ophir, the name of a son of Joktan, and of a gold region in the East

יא-ו-ץ: to press

אוץ üts: Labor

Concordance: Labor

• Strong's Dictionary: to press; (by implication) to be close, hurry, withdraw

PAAL (QAL)

· To urge, to press, to hasten

- HIPHIL
- To press, to urge, to impel

אור *lor: Light/Shine/Set on Fire*

א-ו-ר: to be luminous

- Concordance: Light
- Strong's Dictionary: to be luminous (causative make luminous), literally or metaphorically

PAAL (QAL)

To be narrow or strait, to be pressed narrow

- NIPHAL
- To become light (as in day), to shine To become bright
- · To be lighted or made light
- To dawn
- . (part.) bright, splendid, glorious

HIPHIL

- · To lighten or fill with light, to make clear
- To shine, to give light
- To enlighten, instruct or teach To enliven, to comfort
- To kindle .

x Roots

אוּר dr

n.ms.

Derivation: א-ו-ר: to be luminous

3. Brightness of flower, flame 4. Ur (a town of the Chaldees)

Strong's Dictionary: flame, hence (in the

plural) the East (as being the region of light)

1. Light

2. Revelation

Concordance: Fire

DERIVATIONS

סiא|ōr n.fs.

Derivation: א-ו-ר: to be luminous

- 1. Light (everywhere diffused)
- 2. Morning light, light of day or sun
- 3. Light (of lightening), lightening
- 4. Light (of life)
- 5. Light (of doctrinal teachings)
- 6. Light (of cheerfulness)

Concordance: Light

Strong's Dictionary: illumination or

(concrete) luminary (in every sense, including lightning, happiness, etc.)

TN

אז: demonstrative adverb

אָז∣äz

adv.

Derivation: of uncertain derivation

- 1. Then, at that time
- 2. Therefore
- 3. (with prep 2) Formerly, heretofore, of old

Concordance: Time

Strong's Dictionary: at that time or place; also as a conjunction, therefore

א-ז-ן: to broaden out the ear

אָזן a-zän': Give Ear/Hearken

- Concordance: Ear
- Strong's Dictionary: probably to expand; but used only as a denominative from און, to broaden out the ear (with the hand), i.e., (by implication) to listen

PIEL

· To weigh, to prove

HIPHIL

- To prick up the ears, to listen, to hearken, to attend
- To lend an ear
- To answer (a prayer)
- To obey

DERIVATIONS

אֹזֵן|ō'-zɛn

n.fs.

Derivation: א-ז-ץ: to broaden out the ear

1. Ear

Concordance: Ear

Strong's Dictionary: broadness. i.e., (concrete) the ear (from its form in man)

78

ז-ה-ז: to seize or take hold of

אָחז (ä-häz': Seize/(Take, Lay) Hold/Possess/Surprise

• Concordance: Take Hold

Roots

• Strong's Dictionary: to seize (often with the accessory idea of holding in possession)

 PAAL (QAL) To seize, take, grasp or lay hold of To take (by hunting) To hold (something taken) To join, fasten or connect To cover (with timber, etc.) To take out or away (from a group), (part.) taken 	NIPHAL • To be caught or taken • To be held fast • To take possession of	 PIEL To shut To hold back, to lock up, to hide 	HUPHAL To be joined or fastened (part.) fastened
DERIVATIONS			
אָחָז ä-ḥäz'			
n.ms.			
Derivation: א-ח-ז: to seize or take h	old of		
1. Ahaz (Possessor)			
Concordance: Ahaz			
Strong's Dictionary: <i>possessor</i> ; Ach name of a Jewish king and of an Isr.			

אחירע: Achira (an Israelite name meaning "brother of wrong"). Combination of primitive roots: אחירע קוֹם, meaning brother; and רָא וֹק מוֹן מוֹן אָק

אָחוֹר ä-hַōr'
n.ms.
Derivation: אחירע: Achira (an Israelite name meaning "brother of wrong"). Combination of primitive roots: אחיקאח, meaning brother; and קרא רג, meaning bad or evil
 Back, backside West, west side, westward Latter times, future (adv.) Back, backward, behind
Concordance: Back(ward)
Strong's Dictionary : <i>the hinder part</i> ; hence (adverb) <i>behind, backward</i> ; also (as facing north) <i>the West</i>

to loiter א-ה-ר

אָח*ַר |ä-ḥär*

• Strong's Dictionary: to loiter (i.e., be behind); by implication, to procrastinate

PAAL (QAL)

• To be behind, to remain behind, to tarry

DERIVATIONS

אַחַר |a-ḥār' or אַחַר|a-ḥār'

adj.

Derivation: א-ח-ר: to loiter

1. Following, second, other, later

2. Foreign, strange

Concordance: N/A

Strong's Dictionary: properly, *the hind part*; generally used as an adverb or conjunction, *after* (in various senses)

- PIEL
- To retard, to delay, to detain, to procrastinate
- To tarry, to stay

אַחֲרִיָת|ä-ḥä-rēth'

n.fs.

Derivation: א-ח-ר: to loiter

- 1. Latter part, extreme part
- 2. Future, end
- 3. Posterity
- Concordance: End

Strong's Dictionary: *the last* or *end*, hence, *the future*; also, *posterity*

א Roots

אי

ב-י-ב: to hate

א<u>ָי</u>ב|*ä-yäv* '

• Strong's Dictionary: to hate (as one of an opposite tribe or party); hence to be hostile

PAAL (QAL)

- To hate, to be adversary to, to treat as an enemy
- (part.) Enemy, hater

DERIVATIONS

איֵב|ō-yāv'

active part.

Derivation: א-י-ב: to hate

1. Enemy, foe

Concordance: Enemy

Strong's Dictionary: hating; an adversary

78

אכזר from an unused root probably meaning to act harshly

אכזָר äḥ-zär	אַכזָרי/äḥ-zä-rē
adj.ms.	adj.ms.
1 2	vation: from an unused root probably ning to act harshly
	larsh, cruel, hard ierce, savage
Concordance: N/A Con	cordance: Cruel
Strong's Dictionary: violent; by implicationStrodeadly; also (in a good sense) brave	ng's Dictionary: terrible

to eat : א-כ-ל

אָכַל *a-ḥäl*': Eat/Devour/Feed

- Concordance: Eat
- Strong's Dictionary: to eat (literally or figuratively)

	PAAL (QAL)	NIPHAL	PIEL	PUAL	HIPHIL
•	To eat, to devour	To be eaten, to be	To eat up, to consume	To be consumed	• To make eat, to give to
•	To devour, to consume	consumed		To be destroyed	eat, to feed
•	To enjoy				
•	To taste away, to destroy				
•	To diminish, to lessen, to take from				

אכר: from an unused root meaning to dig

אכָר |ēk-kär'

n.ms.

Derivation: אכר: from an unused root meaning to dig

- 1. Digger, plowman, tiller
- 2. Husbandman

Concordance: Plow

Strong's Dictionary: a farmer

אָלָה|ä-lä

To swear, to confirm by oath, to forswear

- n.fs.
- Derivation: א-ל-ה: to adjure
- 1. Oath, swearing
- 2. Covenant confirmed by oath, agreement by nant
- Concordance: Curse

Strong's Dictionary: an imprecation

to tie fast א-ל-ם

אָלם /a-läm': Bind/Be Dumb

• Concordance: Dumb

• Strong's Dictionary: to tie fast; hence (of the mouth) to be tongue-tied

NIPHAL

• To be bound (in tongue), to be dumb or mute

e-lām'

n.ms.

DERIVATIONS

1. Mute, dumb

Concordance: Dumb

Derivation: א-ל-ם: to tie fast

Strong's Dictionary: speechless

al-mon' n.ms.

· To bind together

- Derivation: א-ל-ם: to tie fast
- 1. Widowhood 2. Interregnum

Concordance: Widow

Strong's Dictionary: bereavement

al-mä-nä'

n.fs.

Derivation: א-ל-ם: to tie fast

PIEL

1. Widow

2. A widowed or desolate place (without a ruler)

Concordance: Widow

Strong's Dictionary: a widow; also a desolate place

.1		
oatn,	sworn	cover

- 3. Imprecation, curse

אל: a negative particle ניל ^ε-lēl' adj.ms. Derivation: apparently from אל: a negative particle 1. Nothing, null, of naught, empty, vain 2. (subst.) Vanity, weakness, nothingness, feebleness 3. (pl.) Idols Concordance: Idol

Strong's Dictionary: good for nothing, by analogy vain or vanity; specifically an idol

א-ל-ה: to adjure

אָלָה *מו-lä*

To curse · To cry out, to lament

DERIVATIONS

•

PAAL (QAL)

אל

• Strong's Dictionary: properly, to adjure, i.e., (usually in a bad sense) imprecate

HIPHIL

• To swear or cause to swear, to bind by oath, to confirm

x Roots

Roots

al-mä-nüth'∣אַלְמָנוּת

n.fs

Derivation: א-ל-ם: to tie fast

1. Widowhood

2. Destitution (exile)

Concordance: Widow

Strong's Dictionary: concrete, *a widow*; abstract, *widowhood*

א-ל-ף: to association with

אָל<u>ף</u> *מּ-läf*

• Strong's Dictionary: to associate with; hence, to learn (and causatively to teach)

PAAL (QAL) To tame, to gentle To learn To join together, to associate 	PIEL • To teach	HIPHIL • To make or bring forth thousands
DERIVATIONS		
ו-נ-1ɛf	וני-lɛf	
n.mp. (only pl.)	n.ms.	
Derivation: א-ל-ף: to association with	Derivation: א-ל-ף: to association with	
1. (pl.) Domesticated beasts, oxen, cows, cattle	 Thousand Community, family, part of a tribe 	
Concordance: Ox	Concordance: Thousand	
Strong's Dictionary : <i>a family</i> ; also (from the sense of yoking or taming) <i>an ox</i> or <i>cow</i>	Strong's Dictionary : prop, the same as אלך; hence (the ox's head being the first letter of the alphabet, and this eventually used as a numeral) <i>a thousand</i>	

28

ז-מ-ק: 1) to build up or support

אָמן /a-män': Believe/Sure/Faithful/Nurse(-ing)

• Concordance: Believe

• Strong's Dictionary: properly, to build up or support; to foster as a parent or nurse; figuratively to render (or be) firm or faithful, to trust or believe, to be permanent or quiet; morally to be true or certain

PAAL (QAL)

- To be firm
- To make firm, to fasten,
- To bring up, to sustain, to support, to nurse
- (part.) Guardian, nurse
- To be firm or unshaken, to be faithful

DERIVATIONS

אַמוּן [ā-mün'

n.ms.

Derivation: א-מ-ן: to build up or support

- 1. Faithfulness, fastened
- 2. (pl.) Fidelity, trustiness

Concordance: Truth

Strong's Dictionary: *established*, i.e., (figuratively) *trusty*; also (abstractly) *trustworthiness*

NIPHAL

- To support, to bear in arms
- To be founded, firm or stable, to be fastened
- To last, to continue, to be perennial
- To be faithful or trustworthy
- To be nursed, to be supported
- To be sure or certain

אֱמונָה∣^ε-mü-nä'

n.fs.

Derivation: א-מ-ן: to build up or support

- 1. Firmness, security
- 2. Faithfulness, fidelity, honesty, conscientiousness, faith

Concordance: Faithful

Strong's Dictionary: literally *firmness*; figuratively *security*; morally *fidelity*

HIPHIL

- To lean upon, to hold fast by
- To trust, to confide in, to believe firmly
- To stand firm or still, to stop

אָמֵן |ä-mān'

adj.

Derivation: א-מ-ן: to build up or support

- 1. Firm, true, faithful
- 2. (adv.) Certainly, truly, so be it!

Concordance: Truth

Strong's Dictionary: *sure*; abstract, *faithfulness*; adverb, *truly*

۲ Roots

אֹמָן ō-mɛn'	אָמנָם äm-näm'	אֱמֶת»-mɛth'
n.fs.	adv.	n.fs.
Derivation: א-מ-ן: to build up or support	Derivation: א-מ-ן: to build up or support	Derivation: א-מ-ן: to build up or support
1. Faithfulness, truth, fidelity	1. In truth, truly, indeed	1. Firmness, stability, perpetuity, duration, certainty, security
		 Faithfulness, fidelity, faith Probity, uprightness, integrity of mind,
		honesty
		4. Truth
Concordance: Truth	Concordance: Truth	Concordance: Truth
Strong's Dictionary: verity	Strong's Dictionary: Verily	Strong's Dictionary : <i>stability</i> ; (figuratively) <i>certainty, truth, trustworthiness</i>

יא-מ-ן (see j'yä-män') to take the right hand road; demonstrative form of א-מ-ן (see א-מ-ן'yä-män')

אָמַן /ä-män': Turn to the right (hand)

- Concordance: Right
- Strong's Dictionary: to take the right hand road

HIPHIL

• To turn to the right

ץ-מ-ץ: to be alert

אָמץ ä-mäts': Confirm/Strengthen

- Concordance: Strong
- Strong's Dictionary: to be alert, physically (on foot) or mentally (in courage)
- PIEL HIPHIL HITHPAEL PAAL (QAL) To make strong To display strength, to act • To be alert • • To be alert courageous To be strong, firm or vigorous To strengthen • To collect one's strength • • To be stronger, to prevail • To restore (repair a building) • To show self vigorous, bold or • quick • To harden (the heart) To be firmly resolved To select, appoint or choose •

DERIVATIONS

אָמוֹץ ä-mōtz'	אַמִיץ äm-mēts'
n.ms.	adj.
Derivation: א-מ-ץ: meaning to be alert	Derivation: א-מ-ץ: meaning to be alert
 Strong Amoz or Amots 	1. Firm, strong, valiant
Concordance: Amoz	Concordance: Strong
Strong's Dictionary : <i>strong; Amots</i> , an Israelite	Strong's Dictionary : <i>strong</i> or (abstractly) <i>strength</i>

ד-מ-ר to say

אָמ*ַר|ä-mär* '

• Concordance: [only individually listed due to vast quantity; list is incomplete] See Tell • Strong's Dictionary: *to say* (used with great latitude)

	PAAL (QAL)	NIPHAL	HIPHIL	HITHPAEL
•	To say, name, call, admonish,	 To be said or named 	To make say	 To lift oneself up, to boast,
	promise	It is said	To promise	 To be over-proud, to be
•	To say to oneself, to think, to suppose, to intend			imperious
•	To command			

א Roots

DERIVATIONS

אָמיר ä-mēr'	אַמְרָה ēm-rä'
n.ms.	n.fs.
Derivation: א-מ-ר to say	Derivation: א-מ-ר: to say
1. Top (of a tree), summit (of a mountain)	1. Word, speech
Concordance: Branch	Concordance: Speech
Strong's Dictionary : <i>a summit</i> (of a tree or mountain)	Strong's Dictionary: feminine of אמָר, and meaning the same [something said]

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א-נ-ה: 1) to groan

אָנָה|ä-nä': Lament/Mourn

- Concordance: Lament
- Strong's Dictionary: to groan

PAAL (QAL)

• To groan, to sigh, to lament

DERIVATIONS

אַניָה|^ä-nē-yä'

n.fs.

Derivation: א-נ-ה: to groan

1. Sorrow, mourning, lamentation

Concordance: Sorrow

Strong's Dictionary: groaning

א-נ-ה: 2) to approach

אָנָה|*ä-nä* '

• Strong's Dictionary: to approach; hence, to meet in various senses

PAAL (QAL) To approach, to meet, to present 	PIEL • To cause to happen, to cause to meet	PUAL • To light upon, to befall, to happen	HITHPAEL • To seek occasion or opportunity (for a quarrel)
DERIVATIONS			
th-mōl'אֶהְמוֹל			
adv.			
Derivation: אינ-ה: to approach			
 Yesterday Formerly, of old 			
Concordance: Old			
Strong's Dictionary: yesterday			

ה-ו-ה: to sigh

אָנָח |ä-näḥ': Sigh/Groan

- Concordance: Sigh
- Strong's Dictionary: to sigh

NIPHAL

• To groan, to sigh, to lament, to mourn

DERIVATIONS

אֲנָחָה|^ä-nä-ḥä'

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n.fs.
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Derivation: א-נ-ח: to sigh	
1. Lament, sigh, groan	
Concordance: Sigh	
Strong's Dictionary: sighing	
א-נ-ף: to breath hard	
אָנף ä-näf': Be Angry/Enraged	
 Concordance: Anger Strong's Dictionary: to breath hard, i.e., be enraged 	
PAAL (QAL)	HITHPAEL
To breathe heavily (through the nostrils)To be angry (of God)	• To show oneself angry
DERIVATIONS	
אָף äf	
n.ms.	
Derivation: א-נ-ך: to breath hard	
1. Nostrils, nose, face	
 Anger, wrath (as in heavy breathing) Two persons 	
Concordance: Anger	
Strong's Dictionary : properly, <i>the nose</i> or <i>nostril</i> ; hence, <i>the face</i> , and occasionally <i>a person</i> ; also (from the rapid breathing in passion) <i>ire</i>	

ש-ג-א: to be frail or feeble

אָנשׁ|ä-näsh'

• Strong's Dictionary: to be frail, feeble, or (figuratively) melancholy

DAAT	(OAT)
PAAI	L (QAL)

- To be sick or ill at ease
- To make incurable
- (pass. part.) incurable, desperately wicked, woeful, very sick

DERIVATIONS

2. Husband

to God)

אישׁ|ēsh n.ms.

3. Human being, person, mankind (as opposed

Derivation: א-נ-ש: to be frail or feeble

6. Followers, companions, soldiers (of

leaders); servant, minister (of God) 7. One another (when follow by אָז or רָבַע רובע)

1. Man (specifically male)

4. Valor, manliness (of mind)

5. Inhabitant, citizen of

8. Anyone, someone

ε-nōsh∣אֱנוֹשׂ

NIPHAL

• To be very ill or sick unto death

n.ms.

- Derivation: א-נ-ש: to be frail or feeble
- 1. Man (individually)
- 2. Men (collectively)
- 3. Man, mankind

Concordance: Man

collectively)

Strong's Dictionary: properly, a mortal;

hence, a man in general (singly or

אָשָה|ēsh-shä'

n.fs.

Derivation: א-נ-ש: to be frail or feeble

- 1. Woman (of every age, married or not)
- 2. Wife
- 3. Female (as in sex of a person or animal)
- 4. Cowardly man, one who is timid
- One another (when followed by אָתוֹת or רְעָוֹת)
- 6. Anyone, whosoever

Concordance: Woman

Strong's Dictionary: a woman

Concordance: Man

Strong's Dictionary: *a man* as an individual or a male person; often used as an adjunct to a more definite term (and in such cases frequently not expressed in translation)

Roots 🛪

א Roots

70

ק-ס-א: to gather for any purpose

אָסָך |a-säf': Gather (Together)/Assemble/Take Awake/Rearward

• Concordance: Gather

• Strong's Dictionary: to gather for any reason; hence, to receive, take away, i.e., remove (destroy, leave behind, put up, restore, etc.)

 PAAL (QAL) To gather or assemble (as in men) or collect (as in harvest) To gather up or draw together (or back), to contract To take under protection To take away To take out of the way, to destroy or kill To close a march or bring up the rear 	 NIPHA To be gathered together, to be of To be gathered one's fathers, e To be taken aw vanish or perisis To be received 	collected (to .g., die) ay, to	 PIEL To gather diligently, to collect To receive (as a guest) To close, To bring up the rear 	• To be	PUAL e gathered	HITHPAEL • To be gathered together, to be assembled
אָפִיק ä-fēl	ς'		אֹסֵף ō-sɛf''		ופָה	م إ <u>م</u> ّ-sā-fä'
n.ms.			n.ms.			n.fs.
Derivation: א-ס-ף: to gather	for any purpose	Derivati	on: א-ס-ף: to gather for any pu	urpose	Derivation: א-ס-ף	to gather for any purpose
 A channel, riverbed, botto A brook or stream Strong, robust 	om	1. Colle	ection, gathering, harvest		 A gathering tog Seizure, imprise 	e e
Concordance: Channel		Concore	dance: Gather		Concordance: Gat	ther
Strong's Dictionary : proper <i>a tube</i> ; also <i>a bed</i> or <i>valley</i> or <i>strong thing</i> or <i>a hero</i>		Strong's	s Dictionary : <i>a collection</i> (of fi	ruits)	Strong's Dictional (only adverbially)	ry : a collection of people

א-ס-ר: to yoke or hitch

אָסַר |a-sär': Bind/Prison(er)

- Concordance: Bind (Up)
- Strong's Dictionary: to yoke or hitch; by analogy, to fasten in any sense, to join battle

PAAL (QAL)	NIPHAL	PU
• To bind or tie, to fetter	• To be bound, to be fettered	To be taken captive in
• To seize, to put in bonds or in prison	• To be kept in prison or held captive	
 To yoke, harness or fasten 		
• To begin or join (in battle)		
• To charge oneself with, to engage to prohibit oneself		
DERIVATIONS		
אָסִיר ä-sēr'	אַפּיִר äs-sēr'	
n.ms.	n.ms.	
Derivation: א-ס-ר: to yoke or hitch	Derivation: א-ס-ר to yoke or hitch	
1. Captive, prisoner, exile	1. Assir	
	2. Prisoner	
Concordance: Prison	Concordance: Prison	
Strong's Dictionary: bound, i.e., a captive	Strong's Dictionary:	

PUAL in war

אף

אפוד: probably of foreign derivation meaning a girdle

<u>ר</u> ָה	ä-füd-dä'
	n.fs.

Derivation: אפוד: probably of foreign derivation meaning a girdle

1. Putting on, binding on, the act of girding round

2. Covering, overlay, coat of a statue

Concordance: Ornament

Strong's Dictionary: *a girding on* (of the ephod); hence, generally, *a plating* (of metal)

אפל: from an unused root meaning to set as the sun

אפָל |ō'-fɛl n.ms.

אָפַלָה|^ä-fā-lä'

n.fs.

Derivation: אפל: from an unused root meaning to set as the sun	Derivation: אפל: from an unused root meaning to set as the sun	
 Thick darkness, darkness, concealment Misery, misfortune 	1. Darkness, deep darkness	
Concordance: Obscurity	Concordance: Dark	
Strong's Dictionary: dusk	Strong's Dictionary: duskiness, figuratively, misfortune; concrete, concealment	

ס-ס-א: to disappear

אָפַס |ä-fäs': At An End/Brought to Nought

• Concordance: End

• Strong's Dictionary: to disappear, i.e., cease

PAAL (QAL)

- To cease, to fail, to come to an end
- To disappear

DERIVATIONS

ε'-fɛs

n.ms.

Derivation: א-פ-ס: to disappear

- 1. End, extremity
- 2. Sole (of the foot)
- 3. (adv.) No further, nothing, not, without, except, at the end
- 4. (adv.) Only, simply, however, nevertheless

Concordance: Nothing

Strong's Dictionary: *cessation*, i.e., *an end* (especially of the earth); often used adverb, *no further*; also *the ankle* (in the dual), as being the extremity of the leg or foot

אפע: from an unused root probably meaning to breathe

אַפע|ε'-fä

adj.

Derivation: אפע: from an unused root probably meaning to breathe

1. Breath

Roots

2. Nothingness

Concordance: Naught

Strong's Dictionary: properly, *a breath*, i.e., *nothing*

ד-ק-א: to contain

אָפָק |ä-fäk': Refrained/Restrained

• Concordance: Refrain

• Strong's Dictionary: to contain, i.e., (reflexively) abstain

HIPHIL

- · To hold oneself fast, to restrain from giving away
- To control or restrain oneself, to refrain

DERIVATIONS

אָפיק |ä-fēk'

n.ms.

Derivation: א-פ-ק: to contain

1. Channel, river-bed, bottom, brook, stream, river

2. Strong, robust

Concordance: Channel

Strong's Dictionary: properly, *containing*, i.e., *a tube*; also *a bed* or *valley of a stream*; also *a strong thing* or *a hero*

78

א-צ-ל to join

אַצַל a-tsäl'

• Strong's Dictionary: to join; used only as a denominative from אֵצֶל; to separate; hence, to select, refuse, contract

PAAL (QAL)
To put aside, to take away, to withdraw, to

NIPHAL

•

- To be taken away
- To be narrowed, to be reduced
- HIPHIL To take away

refuse DERIVATIONS

אַציל|ä-tsēl'

n.ms.

Derivation: א-צ-ל: to join

1. Extremity, remote corner

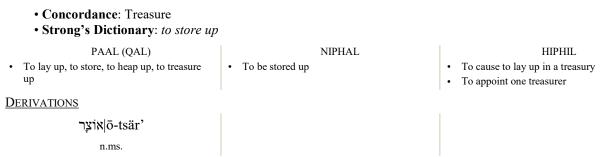
2. (adj.) Noble, chief

Concordance: Man

Strong's Dictionary: *an extremity*, also *a noble*

¬-צ-א: to store up

אָצָר a-tsär': Treasure/(Lay Up in) Store



x Roots

Derivation: א-צ-ר: to store up

- 1. Treasure, store, stock, provision, supply
- 2. Store house, treasury

Concordance: Treasure

Strong's Dictionary: a depository

אר

to lurk א-ר-ב

אַרַב |*ä-räv*

the pigeon-holes), chimney (with its apertures for smoke), *sluice* (with openings for water)

א-ר-ה: to pluck

אָרָה *מׁ-rä* '

• Strong's Dictionary: to pluck

PAAL (QAL)

- To pluck, to pluck off
- · To collect, to gather

DERIVATIONS

אֶרְאֵל ɛr-āl'

n.ms.

Derivation: probably a combination of אַרָי a-rē (derived from אָרָה meaning to pluck) and al (derived from אול from an unused root אול meaning to twist)

1. Lion of God, hero

Concordance: Valiant

Strong's Dictionary: a hero (collectively)

to be firm א-ר-ז

אַרַז |ä-räz'

• Strong's Dictionary: of cedar

PAAL (QAL)

Made fast or firm, mad of cedar

• Strong's Dictionary: to lurk PIEL HIPHIL PAAL (QAL) • To knot, to weave, to intertwine • (part.) lurker, those lying in wait To set an ambush To weave (plots) To lie in wait or ambush To lurk **DERIVATIONS** אָרֵבָה|ō-rō-vä' אַרַבַה|^a-rüb-bä' n.fp. (only pl.) n.fs. Derivation: א-ר-ב: to lurk Derivation: א-ר-ב: to lurk 1. Intrigue, plot 1. Window, lattice 2. Dove house, dove-cote 2. Ambushes 3. Chimney, smoke hole, lattice outlet for smoke Concordance: Spoil Concordance: Window Strong's Dictionary: ambuscades Strong's Dictionary: a lattice; (by implication) a window, dovecot (because of

DERIVATIONS

נייבי (ε'-rɛz

n.ms.

Derivation: א-ר-ז: to be firm

1. Cedar, cedar panel

Concordance: Cedar

Strong's Dictionary: a cedar tree (from the tenacity of its roots)

to travel א-ר-ח

אָרַח |ä-räḥ'

• Strong's Dictionary: to travel

PAAL (QAL)

- · To walk, to go, to wander, to travel
- (part.) Traveler, wanderer

DERIVATIONS

ס-r^ε-ḥä'

n.fs.

Derivation: א-ר-ח: to travel

1. Band of travelers, traveling company, caravan

Concordance: Travel

Strong's Dictionary: a caravan

ד-ר-ך to be long

אָרָך |ä-räh': Prolong/Draw Out/Defer/Lengthen

• Concordance: Prolong

• Strong's Dictionary: to be long (causatively, to make long) (literally or figuratively)

- PAAL (QAL)
- To stretch out
- To be long
- To wear on

- HIPHIL.
- To make long, to lengthen
- To prolong, extend or delay
- · To be long, to delay or tarry, to sojourn

ארמון: from an unused root meaning to be elevated

ארם a-räm' ar-mōn' אַרַמִית|ä-rä-mēth' n.ms. n.ms. adv. Derivation: ארמון: from an unused root Derivation: ארמון: from an unused root meaning to be elevated meaning to be elevated meaning to be elevated 1. Aramea, Syria 1. Fortress, palace, castle, citadel 1. Aramean or Syrian language 2. Aramean or Syrian people

Concordance: Syria

Strong's Dictionary: the highland; Aram or Syria, and its inhabitants; also the name of the son of Shem, a grandson of Nahor, and of an Israelite

Strong's Dictionary: a citadel (from its height)

Concordance: Palace

Derivation: ארמון: from an unused root

Concordance: Language

Strong's Dictionary: (only adverbial) in Aramæan

ארץ: from an unused root probably meaning to be firm

ניץ (ε'-rets

n.fs.

Derivation: from an unused root probably meaning to be firm

1. Earth (as opposed to heaven)

Roots

2. Earth, land, continent (as opposed to sea)

- 3. Land, country, district, region, etc.
- 4. Ground (surface of earth, soil)
- 5. Elements of the earth

Concordance: Country, Earth, Land, or World

Strong's Dictionary: *the earth* (at large, or partitively *a land*)

אש

אש: primitive word meaning fire

ash∣אֵשׁ

n.fs.

Derivation: אש: primitive word meaning fire

- 1. Fire, heat
- 2. Lightning
- 3. Flame of war
- 4. Wrath, destruction

5. Radiance, glitter, splendor, brightness

Concordance: Fire

Strong's Dictionary: *fire* (literally or figuratively)

ם-ש-א: to be guilty

אָשָׁם |ä-shäm': Desolate/Destroy/(To Be) Guilty

Concordance: Desolate

• Strong's Dictionary: to be guilty; by implication to be punished or perish

set ong s 2 tetto nut j. to oe giviti	, of implication to be puttished of period	
PAAL (QAL)	NIPHAL	HIPHIL
• To fail in duty, to be or become guilty, to	• To be punished	To inflict punishment
trespass	To suffer for	To destroy
• To bear one's guilt, to suffer punishment for, to atone	To be destroyed	
• To be destroyed, to lie waste		
DERIVATIONS		
אָשָׁם ä-shäm		
n.ms.		
Derivation: א-ש-ם: to be guilty		
1. Fault, guilt, trespass		
2. Sacrifice for transgression, trespass-offering		
Concordance: Offering		
Strong's Dictionary : <i>guilt</i> ; by implication, <i>a fault</i> ; also <i>a sin-offering</i>		

א-ש-ר: to be straight

אָשֵׁר |ä-shär': Lead(er)/Guide/Relieve

• Concordance: Lead

• Strong's Dictionary: to be straight (used in the widest sense, especially to be level, right, happy); figuratively, to go forward, be honest, prosper

PAAL (QAL)

To be straight, to be right

- To go or walk straight
- To be successful, to prosper, to be fortunate
- PIEL
- To guide, to go, to lead straight, to direct the right way
- To pronounce happy or fortunate, to make happy
- PUAL
- To be made happy or fortunate

To be led

•

x Roots

DERIVATIONS

אַשור äsh-shür'	אָשֶׁר ɛʾshɛr
n.ms.	n.ms.
Derivation: א-ש-ר: to be straight	Derivation: א-ש-ר: to be straight
1. Assyria	1. Happiness, bliss
Concordance: Assyria	Concordance: Bless
Strong's Dictionary : <i>Ashshur</i> , the second son of Shem; also his descendants and the country occupied by them (i.e., <i>Assyria</i>), its region and its empire	Strong's Dictionary : <i>happiness</i> ; only in masculine plural construction as interjection, <i>how happy</i> !

את

את: of uncertain derivation

āth∣אַת

n.ms.

Derivation: את of uncertain derivation

1. Agricultural tool (plowshare, hoe, mattock)

Concordance: Plow

Strong's Dictionary: *a hoe* or other digging implement

vāt or א[vāt

בג

ב-ג-ד: to cover (with garment)

בגד bä-gäd': Deal Treacherously/Treacherous (Dealer)

• Concordance: Treacherous

• Strong's Dictionary: to cover (with a garment); figuratively, to act covertly; by implication, to pillage

PAAL (QAL)

- · To act covertly or secretly, to act fraudulently or perfidiously
- To deceive, to cheat, to betray
- To oppress, to afflict, to spoil,
- To forsake, to fall off

DERIVATIONS

bɛ'gɛd∣בֶגֶד

n.ms.

Derivation: ב-ג-ד: to cover (with garment)

- 1. Covering, cloth, garment, dress, robe
- 2. Perfidy, concealment, malignity, robbery

3. Rapine, a spoiling

Concordance: Cloth

Strong's Dictionary: *a covering*, i.e., *clothing*; also *treachery* or *pillage*

Roots ב|ב

72

א-ד-ב: to invent (figuratively)

בָּדָא|*bä-dä`*

• Strong's Dictionary: (figuratively) to invent

PAAL (QAL)

- To form, to fashion, to invent (in an evil sense)
- To devise, to feign, to lie

DERIVATIONS

bäd∣בַד

n.ms.

Derivation: ב-ד-א: to invent (figuratively)

- 1. Idle talk, prattle
- 2. Liar, prater, braggart

Concordance: Lie/Lying

Strong's Dictionary: a brag or lie; also a liar

7-7-2: to divide

בְּדַד |bä-däd': Desolate/Alone/Solitary

• Concordance: Alone

• Strong's Dictionary: to divide, i.e., (reflexively) be solitary

PAAL (QAL)

- · To disjoin, to separate, to divide
- · To separate oneself, to be solitary or alone, to be lonely

DERIVATIONS

בָּדָד|bä-däd

n.ms.

Derivation: ב-ד-ד: to divide

1. Separation

2. (adv.) Solitary, separately, alone

Concordance: Desolate

Strong's Dictionary: *separate*; adverb, *separately*

בה

בהו: from an unused root meaning to be empty

bō'-hü]בׂהוּ

n.ms.
Derivation: יהא:
Derivation: יהא:
1. Emptiness, voidness, chaos
Concordance: Empty
Strong's Dictionary: a vacuity, i.e.,
(superficially) an indistinguishable ruin

ב-ה-ל to tremble inwardly

בְהַל |bä-häl': Be Afraid/Dismayed

• Concordance: Afraid

ב|ב Roots

• Strong's Dictionary: to tremble inwardly (or palpitate), i.e., (figuratively) be or make (suddenly) alarmed or agitated; by implication to hasten anxiously

NIPHAL • To tremble • To be terrified, frightened or perplexed • To be quick or hasty • To flee (in trepidation) • To perish suddenly	 PIEL To frighten, confound or perplex To strike with terror To accelerate or hasten 	PUALTo be hastened(part.) hastened, hastily gained	HIPHIL • To frighten or scare away • To thrust out or away
DERIVATIONS			
שלה bɛ-hä-lä'] בָּהָלָה n.fs.			
Derivation: ב-ה-ל: to tremble inward	dly		
 Terror, fear, fright Sudden destruction 			
Concordance: Trouble			
Strong's Dictionary: panic, destruct	tion		

בהמה: from an unused root probably meaning to be mute

b^ε-hā-mä'∣בְהֵמָה

n.fs.

Derivation: בהמה: from an unused root probably meaning to be mute

- 1. Domestic animal, cattle, beast
- 2. Mammal, tame or wild animal
- 3. (pl.) A large great beast

Concordance: Beast

Strong's Dictionary: properly, a dumb beast; especially any large quadruped or animal (often collective)

בו

א-ו-ב: to go or come

אֹם|bō: Go (in, into)/Come (in)/Enter

• Strong's Dictionary: to go or come, in a wide variety of applications

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PAAL (QAL)

- To enter or come in or into
- Come (with), to reach or arrive
- To come upon or fall upon, attack (enemy)
- To come to pass, be fulfilled or accomplished
- To alight, to set (as in the sun) ٠
- To go (in)

DERIVATIONS

תְבוּאָה|t^ε-vü'-ä

n.fs.

Derivation: ב-ו-א: to go or come

- 1. Produce
- 2. Gain, profits
- 3. Fruit, result

Concordance: Increase

Strong's Dictionary: income, i.e., produce (literally or figuratively)

HIPHIL

- To cause to come in, to bring in, to lead in
- To bring to •
 - To put in
- To bring (away), to carry with oneself •

To procure, to get or acquire

HUPHAL

- To be led in
- To be brought to
- To be put in •

ס-ו-⊐: to trample

בוס büs: Trample/Tread (Down, Under Foot)

- Concordance: Tread/Trod
- Strong's Dictionary: to trample (literally or figuratively)

PAAL (QAL) To tread down, to crush 	PILEL To tread with feet, to tread down, to trample on To profane 	HOPHAL • Trodden under foot, to be crushed underfoot	HITHPALEL To be thrown out, to be trampled on To be abandoned to kicks
DERIVATIONS			
מְבוּסָה m ^ɛ -vü-sä			
n.fs.			
Derivation: ב-ו-ס: to trample			
 A treading or trampling down A subduing 			
Concordance: Tread/Trod			
Strong's Dictionary: a trampling			

ד-ו-ר to bore

בוּר bür

• Strong's Dictionary: to bore, i.e., (figuratively) examine

- PAAL (QAL)
- · To search out

DERIVATIONS

bōr∣בוֹר

n.ms.

Derivation: ב-ו-ר: to bore

- 1. Pit, hole
- 2. Cistern, well
- 3. Dungeon, grave

Concordance: Pit

Strong's Dictionary: a pit hole (especially one used as a cistern or a prison)

ש-ו-ם: to pale

שוֹש: Ashamed/Confounded

- Concordance: Ashamed
- Strong's Dictionary: properly, to pale, i.e., by implication to be ashamed; also (by implication) to be disappointed or delaved

•

- PAAL (QAL)
- To be or feel ashamed
- To be disappointed
- To be troubled or disturbed, to be confounded or confused

DERIVATIONS

•

bō'-shethבשׁת

n.fs.

Derivation: ב-ו-ש: to pale

- 1. Shame, disgrace
- 2. Ignominy, vile and ignominious condition
- 3. (Scandalous) Idol

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- PIEL
- To make ashamed, to
- disappoint expectation To delay, to keep waiting •

HIPHIL

- To put to shame, to disgrace
- To confound, deceive or disappoint
- . To act shamefully, to be ashamed, to be disappointed
- HITHPAEL
- · To blush, to be ashamed

ב|ב Roots

Concordance: Shame

Strong's Dictionary: *shame* (the feeling and the condition, as well as its cause); by implication (specifically) *an idol*

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רז-א: probably to cleave

בוא bä-zä': Have Spoiled

- Concordance: Spoil
- Strong's Dictionary: probably to cleave

PAAL (QAL) To despise or contemn 	NIPHAL To be despised 	HIPHIL • To make contemptible
ב-ז-ה: to disesteem		
בָּזָה bä-zä': Despise/Disdain		
 Concordance: Despise Strong's Dictionary: to disesteed 	m	
PAAL (QAL) • To despise to contemp	NIPHAL	HIPHIL To make contemptible
To despise, to contemnto be contemptible	• To be despised	To make contemptible
DERIVATIONS		
bä-zō'		
adj.		
Derivation: ב-ז-ה: to disdain		
1. Despise		
Concordance: Despise		
Strong's Dictionary: scorned		

ז-ז-ב: to plunder

בוז bä-zäz': Rob/Spoil/Take

- Concordance: Rob

Strong's Dictionary: plunder



ר**−**ר: to try

בָּחַר *bä-ḥär* '

• Strong's Dictionary: properly, to try, i.e., (by implication) select

	ןב	⊐ Roots		
 PAAL (QAL) To prove, to try, to select, to select, to approve To distinguish, to prefer, to like, love, to delight in 	N To be chosen, to be pleasing	IPHAL preferable, to be	• To be chosen	PUAL
DERIVATIONS			I	
bä-hür'∣בַחוּר				
n.ms.				
Derivation: ב-ח-ר: to try				
 A youth, young man Adult fit to bear arms, young warrior 				
Concordance: Man				
Strong's Dictionary : properly, <i>selected</i> , i.e., <i>a youth</i> (often collective)				
22				
ב-ט-ח: to hide for refuge				
בטח bä-täh': Trust/Be Bold/Carele	ess (One/Woman)			
 Concordance: Trust Strong's Dictionary: properly, to or sure 	hide for refuge (bu		y as חָסָה); figurativ	vely, to trust, be confident
PAAL (QAL)To confide in, to trustTo attach oneselfTo be secure, to be careless		HIPHILTo cause or persuaTo make secure or		o inspire with confidence
DERIVATIONS				
נפַיַח∣bɛ'-täḥ				
n.ms.				
 Derivation: -L-U-A: to hide for refuge 1. Confidence 2. Security 3. (adv.) Confidently 4. (adv.) Safely, securely 				
Concordance: safe				
Strong's Dictionary : properly, <i>a place of refuge</i> ; abstract, <i>safety</i> , both the fact (<i>security</i>) and the feeling (<i>trust</i>); often (adverb with or without preposition) <i>safely</i>				
בטן: from an unused root pro	bably meaning	to be hollow		
שבין אינייני בינוראי בינין bɛ'-tɛn	J	,		
n.fs.				
Derivation: בטן: from an unused root probably meaning to be hollow				
 Belly, abdomen Womb The inside most part (of anything) Belly-shared protuberance on a column or 				

4. Belly-shaped protuberance on a column or pillar

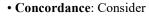
Concordance: Womb

Strong's Dictionary: *the belly*, especially *the womb*; also *the bosom* or *body* of anything



---=: to separate mentally, to distinguish

ובין bēn: Consider/Understand/Prudent/Instruct



• Strong's Dictionary: to separate mentally (or distinguish), i.e., (generally) understand

 PAAL (QAL) To discern, to perceive To pay attention, to turn the mind to, to observe To understand, to know, to acquaint with To have understanding 	NIPHA • To be intelliger prudent		PILEL • To heed	make • To de to tea • To po	HIPHIL hake intelligent, to e understood eclare, to explain, ach or instruct erceive, to discern, derstand, to mark	 HITHPAEL To attend to, to consider, to mark To perceive To have understanding, to be sensible
DERIVATIONS						
bē-n∣בִינָה	ä'		וּתָבוּן∣tä-vün'			
n.fs.			n.ms.			
Derivation: ב-י-ן: to separate distinguish	e mentally, to	Derivat i distingu	ion: ב-י-ן: to separate mentally uish	, to		
1. Understanding, intelligen	ce, prudence	1. Intel prud	ligence, understanding, insight ence	,		
Concordance: Understand		Concor	dance: Understand			
Strong's Dictionary: unders	atanding		s Dictionary : <i>intelligence</i> ; by tion, <i>an argument</i> ; by extension	on,		
בד						

רכ-ר: to burst the womb

בָּכַר *bä-ḥär* '

- Concordance: N/A
- Strong's Dictionary: properly, to burst the womb, i.e., (causatively) bear or make early fruit (of woman or tree); also (as denominative from בכור) to give the birthright

PIEL	PUAL	HIPHIL
To bear early fruit	To be firstborn	To bring forth firstborn child
To make firstborn, to give birthright		
DERIVATIONS		
בכוֹר b°-hōr'	bē-kür'∣בכור	
n.ms.	n.ms.	
Derivation: ב-כ-ר: to burst the womb	Derivation: ב-כ-ר: to burst the womb	
1. Firstborn (man or beast), eldest son	1. First fruits, firstlings	
2. Chief	2. Early grapes or corn	
Concordance: Firstborn	Concordance: Fruit(ful)	
Strong's Dictionary: first-born; hence, chief	Strong's Dictionary: the first-fruits of the crop	



to fail ב-ל-ה

בְּלָה *bä-lä': Wax Old/Long Enjoy*

- Concordance: Old
- Strong's Dictionary: to fail; by implication to wear out, decay (causatively, consume, spend)

PAAL (QAL)		

- To be worn out, to be wasted, to be rotten
- To decay
- To fail wholly, to be brought to nothing

DERIVATIONS

bɛ-lē'	bēl-tē'	tav-lēth'∣תַבְלִית
adv.	adv.	n.fs.
Derivation: ב-ל-ה: to fail	Derivation: ב-ל-ה: to fail	Derivation: ב-ל-ה: to fail
 (subst.) Consumption, destruction, annihilation, nothingness, perdition Failure, defect, nothing (with prep. ב or י) Without (with prep. ים or י) So that not, because not (על־בַלִי) Until failure, till not 	 Without, besides, except (conj.) Besides that, unless (with prep. ?) So as not, not to (with prep. ?) Because not (עד-בּלְתֹּי) Until not 	1. Consumption, destruction
Concordance: Corrupt	Concordance: Nothing	Concordance: Destroy
Strong's Dictionary : properly, <i>failure</i> , i.e., <i>nothing or destruction</i> ; usually (with preposition) <i>without, not yet, because not, as long as</i> , etc.	Strong's Dictionary: properly, <i>a failure of</i> , i.e., (used only as a negative particle, usually with a prepositional prefix) <i>not</i> , <i>except</i> , <i>without</i> , <i>unless</i> , <i>besides</i> , <i>because not</i> , <i>until</i> , etc.	Strong's Dictionary: consumption

ב|ב Roots

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PIEL

To afflict, to trouble

To consume, to waste away, to wear out, to use

ד-ל-ה: to palpitate

בָלָה*|bä-läh* '

• Strong's Dictionary: to palpitate; hence, (causatively) to terrify

PIEL

• To terrify, to frighten

DERIVATIONS

bäl-lä-hä' n.fs.

- Derivation: ב-ל-ה: to palpitate
- Terror, sudden terror, fright
 Sudden destruction, death

Concordance: Trouble

Strong's Dictionary: *alarm*; hence, *destruction*

to fodder ב-ל-ל

בָלל |bä-läl': Mingle/Confound

- Concordance: Fade
- Strong's Dictionary: to fodder, to overflow (specifically with oil); by implication, to mix

 PAAL (QAL) To pour over, to flow or be moistened To pour together, to mix, to confound To stain or soil To give provender or fodder to a beast 	HIPHIL To fade away 	HITHPAEL • To mix oneself (among others)
DERIVATIONS		
bä-vɛl' בָּבֶל		
n.ms.		
Derivation: ב-ל-ל: to fodder		
 Confusion Babel or Babylon, ancient capital of Babylonia 		

ב∣ב Roots

Concordance: Babylon

Strong's Dictionary: Babel (i.e., Babylon), including Babylonia and the Babylonian empire

ב-ל-ע: to make away with (by swallowing)

בָלע bä-lä': Destroy/Swallow (Down/Up)

Concordance: Destroy

• Strong's Dictionary: to make away with (specifically by swallowing); generally, to destroy

PAAL (QAL)To swallow up, to devour, to eat upTo consume, to destroy	NIPHAL • To be destroyed or overcome, to be lost	 PIEL To swallow up, to devour To destroy, to give up to destruction 	PUAL • To be destroyed, to perish	HITHPAEL To be destroyed
בם				

במה: from an unused root meaning to be high

bä-mä|בָּמָה

n.fp.

Derivation: במה: from an unused root meaning to be high

- 1. Height or high place
- 2. Stronghold, fortress, castle
- 3. Sanctuary build on a high place (to worship God or idols)
- 4. Grave-mound, tomb-hill (rarely)

Concordance: High

Strong's Dictionary: an elevation

בך

to build ב-נ-ה

בְנָה *bä-nä* '

• Strong's Dictionary: to build, literally or figuratively

PAAL (QAL)

- To build, form, erect or develop
- To build a house
- To repair or rebuild
- To edify

DERIVATIONS

אֶ⊂ָן≽'-vɛn

n.fs.

Derivation: ב-נ-ה: to build

- 1. Stone, rock
- 2. Precious stone, gem
- 3. Stone ore, ore
- 4. Weight of the balance, weighting stone, plummet

Concordance: Stone

Strong's Dictionary: a stone

bεn∣⊊ן

NIPHAL

To be built or restored To be established

n.ms

Derivation: ב-נ-ה: to build 1. Son, grandson, descendant, male child,

- foster son
- 2. Son of (place, vice, God, etc.)
- 3. Children (male and female)
- 4. People (of a nation), subject (of a leader) or disciple
- 5. The young of an animal

Concordance: Son

Strong's Dictionary: *a son* (as a builder of the family name), in the widest sense of literal and figurative relationship, including grandson,

bä-ēth'

n.ms.

Derivation: ב-נ-ה: to build

- 1. House, dwelling shelter
- 2. Palace, temple
- 3. Human body (figurative)
- 4. Receptacle
- 5. Within, toward the inside
- 6. Family, household, race, descendants

Concordance: N/A

Strong's Dictionary: *a house* (in the greatest variation of applications, especially family, etc.)

ב|ב Roots

subject, nation, quality or condition, etc.

bäth∣בת

n.ms.

Derivation: ב-נ-ה: to build

- 1. Daughter, granddaughter, female descendant
- 2. Maiden, young woman, woman
- 3. Female disciple or worshipper
- 4. Owl, female offspring of an animal, branch
- 5. City, village

Concordance: Daughter

Strong's Dictionary: *a daughter* (used in the same wide sense as other terms of relationship, literally and figuratively)

בע

ל-ע-ל to be master of

בעל bä-äl': Have Dominion (Over)/Be Husband/Marry(-ied Wife)

- Concordance: Marry
- Strong's Dictionary: to be master; hence, to marry
- PAAL (QAL)
- To be master, to rule or possess
- To marry, to take a wife
- · To loathe, to reject

DERIVATIONS

bä-äl'∣בָעַל

n.ms.

Derivation: ב-ע-ל: to be master of

- 1. Master, lord
- 2. Possessor, owner, husband
- 3. Citizen, burgess, inhabitant
- 4. Baal

Concordance: Master

Strong's Dictionary: *a master*; hence, *a husband*, or (figuratively) *owner* (often used with another noun in modifications of this latter sense)

to kindle: ב-ע-ר

בְעַר bä-är': Burn/Kindle/(cause to be) Eaten/Brutish

• Concordance: Burn

• Strong's Dictionary: to kindle, i.e., consume (by fire or by eating); to be (-come) brutish

PAAL (QAL)	NIPHAL	PIEL	PUAL	HIPHIL
To burn up, to consume (with fire)To be brutish, to be stupid	 To become brutish To become stupid or bad 	 To depasture To kindle, to burn, to consume To take away, to remove, to exterminate, to destroy 	To be kindled	 To depasture To kindle, to burn or burn up To destroy

- NIPHAL
- To be married, to be taken to wife

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יב-צ-ע: to break off

בצע bä-tsä': Cut Off/Perform

- Concordance: Cut
- Strong's Dictionary: to break off, i.e., (usually) plunder; figuratively, to finish, or (intransitively) stop

PAAL (QAL)

- To break, to cut in pieces
- To tear in pieces, to spoil

רב-צ-ר to clip off

בצר bä-tsär': Defense/Fence/Fortify

- Concordance: Defend
- Strong's Dictionary: to clip off; specifically (as denominative from H1210) to gather grapes; also to be isolated (i.e., *inaccessible by height or fortification*)

PIEL

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To cut off

To tear in pieces, to spoil

To perfect, complete or finish

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PAAL (QAL)

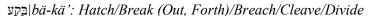
- NIPHAL • To be cut off, to be prohibited
- PIEL To make steep, to fortify

- To cut off • To gather grapes
- To diminish, to shorten

בק

٠

ב-ק-ע: to cleave



• Concordance: Hatch

• Strong's Dictionary: to cleave; generally, to rend, break, rip or open

 PAAL (QAL) To cleave, to sever, to burst open To invade To hatch 	 NIPHAL To be cloven asunder, to be torm, to be broken To be opened, to burst forth To be hatched, to come out To be taken in a storm 	 PIEL To cleave, to split To rend, to tear in pieces To open, to cause to break forth To sit upon (eggs), to hatch 	 PUAL To be cleft, to be rent, to be ripped up, to be stormed To be taken by a storm 	 HIPHIL To open (a town; to storm) To break through, to force ones way through 	HUPHAL • To be broken through	HITHPAEL • To be rent or cleft
בְקיעַ∣b⁵-kē'-ä			פקעָה bēk-ä'			
	n.ms.		n.fs.			
Derivation: ב-ק-ע: t	o cleave	Derivation:	Derivation: ב-ק-ע: to cleave			
1. Chink, fissure, cleft, rent, breach		1. Wide val	1. Wide valley, plain, fissure			
Concordance: Breach Conco		Concordance	Concordance: Valley			
Strong's Dictionary	Dictionary: a fissure Strong's Dictionary: properly, a split, i.e., wide level valley between mountains					

ד-ק-ק: to pour out

בָקק|bä-käk': Empty/Fail

- Concordance: Empty
- Strong's Dictionary: to pour out, i.e., to empty, figuratively, to depopulate; by analogy, to spread out (as a fruitful vine)

PAAL (QAL)

- To empty, to unpeople, to deprive
- to be poured out, to be spread wide •
- To grow luxuriantly •

to plough ב-ק-ר

נַקר|bä-kär

• Strong's Dictionary: properly, to plough, or (generally) break forth, i.e., (figuratively) to inspect, admire, care for, consider

bō'-kɛr∣בּקר

ב|ב Roots NIPHAL

PIEL

- To inspect diligently •
- To look after, to care for
- To look at, to contemplate with the mind, to consider, to think on
- To judge, to punish

DERIVATIONS

Derivation: ב-ק-ר: to plough

1. Oxen, plough-cattle, horned cattle, cows, herd

bä-kär'∣בָקר

Concordance: Ox/Oxen

Strong's Dictionary: a beeve or an animal of the ox family of either gender (as used for plowing); collectively, a herd

\mathbf{w} - \mathbf{y} - \mathbf{z} : to search out, with particular emphasis of worship or prayer

בְקשׁ bä-käsh': Seek (For)/Require

- Concordance: Seek
- Strong's Dictionary: to search out (by any method, specifically in worship or prayer); by implication, to strive after

To be sought

PIEL

- To seek for, to seek the face of God, to search for, to strive after, to try to get, to investigate
- To require, to demand
- To ask, to seek for, to interrogate, to inquire

בר

ברוש: from an uncertain derivation

שׂרוֹשׁ|b^ε-rōsh'

n.ms

Derivation: ברוש: from an uncertain derivation

- 1. Cypress, pine
- 2. Something made of cypress (spear, musical instrument)

Concordance: Fir

Strong's Dictionary: possibly a cypress tree; hence, a lance or a musical instrument (as made of that wood)

ד-ר-ה: to bolt

בָרָח bä-räḥ': Flee/Run Away/Chase Away

- Concordance: Flee
- Strong's Dictionary: to bolt, i.e., figuratively, to flee suddenly

To depopulate

PUAL

POEL

To be emptied out To be poured out

•

n.ms. n.ms. Derivation: ב-ק-ר: to plough 1. Morning, daybreak, morning time, dawn 2. Next morning 3. (adv.) Tomorrow, early, soon Concordance: Morning Strong's Dictionary: properly, dawn (as the break of day); generally, morning

PAAL (QAL)

- To flee, to run away, to escape
- To go through, to pass through

DERIVATIONS

בָרָת bä-rē'-äḥ

adj.

Derivation: ב-ר-ח: to bolt

1. Fugitive

Concordance: Noble

Strong's Dictionary: *a fugitive*, i.e., *the serpent* (as fleeing), and the constellation by that name

to kneel ב-ר-ך

בָּרַדְ *bä-räḥ': Bless*

• Concordance: Bless

• Strong's Dictionary: to kneel; by implication to bless God (as an act of adoration), and (vice-versa) man (as a benefit); also (by euphemism) to curse (God or the king, as treason)

 PAAL (QAL) To bend the knee, to kneel down To bless, to invoke to, to ask for a blessing, to praise 	NIPHAL • To bless oneself, to be blessed	 PIEL To praise, to celebrate, to adore, to bless To invoke to, to pray to, to ask a blessing To salute, to greet To curse 	PUALTo be blessed, to be praisedTo be caused to prosper	HIPHIL • To make to kneel down	HITHPAEL To bless oneself, to be blessed
DERIVATIONS					
וּבְרָכָה b≀	-rä-ḥä'	בְּרֵכָה b°-rā-ḥä'			
n.fs.		n.fs.			
Derivation: ב-ר-ך: to ki	neel	Derivation: ב-ר-ך: to kneel			
 Blessing, benediction, invocation of good Benefit, favor, peace Gift, present Happy or blessed man 		1. Pond, pool			
Concordance: Pool		Concordance: Pool			
Strong's Dictionary : <i>a reservoir</i> (at which camels kneel as a resting-place)		Strong's Dictionary: <i>a</i> camels kneel as a restin			

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בשם: from an unused root meaning to be fragrant

עָׂם	bɛ'-sɛm∣⊑ֶ
	n.ms.
:בשם :Derivation meaning to be fra	from an unused root grant
 Sweet scent, fra Aromatic spice 	agrance, balsam-scent
Concordance: Spi	ice
Strong's Dictiona implication, spice	ry: fragrance; by ery; also the balsam plant

רש-ב: to be fresh

בְּשָׂר bä-sär': Good Tidings/Show Forth

ב|ב Roots

HIPHIL

- To put to flight, to cause to flee, to drive away, to chase away, to expel
- To make (a bolt) go through

 Concordance: Tidings Strong's Dictionary: to be fresh, 	i.e., <i>full</i> (rosy, figura	atively cheerful); to a	announce (glad news)
PIEL		HITHPAEL	
• To announce, to bring good news, to bear glad	l tidings	To receive glad tidin	igs, to be told good news
DERIVATIONS			
bä-sär' בָּשָׂר			
n.ms.			
Derivation: ב-ש-ר: to be fresh			
1. Flesh (of man or beast), body, living creature			
2. Man, mankind			
3. Blood relations			
4. Skin, pudenda of a man			
Concordance: Flesh			
Strong's Dictionary : <i>flesh</i> (from its freshness); by extension, <i>body</i> , <i>person</i> ; also (by euphemistically) <i>the pudenda of a man</i>			

ב|ב Roots

בת

בתה: from an unused root meaning to break in pieces

bät-tä'

n.fs.

Derivation: בתה: from an unused root meaning to break in pieces

- 1. Something cut off, precipice, cliff
- 2. Desolation, ruin, end

Concordance: Desolate

Strong's Dictionary: desolation

ג|gē-mɛl

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ג-א-ה: to mount up

נְאָה|gä-ä'

• Strong's Dictionary: to mount up, hence; in general, to rise; figuratively, be majestic

PAAL (QAL)

- To rise up, grow up, increase
- To be high, exalted or magnificent
- To honor

DERIVATIONS

gā|ڊָא

adj.

Derivation: ג-א-ה: to mount up

1. Proud, haughty, arrogant

נאָה|gā-ɛ'

adj. Derivation: ג-א-ה: to mount up 1. Lifted up, high, exalted אָאָנָק |gä-^ä-vä' n.fs.

Derivation: ג-א-ה: to mount up

1. Elevation, magnificence, majesty (of God)

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2.	Proud, arrogan	t, presumptuous
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Concordance: Pride

Strong's Dictionary: haughty

Concordance: Pride

Strong's Dictionary: *lofty*, figuratively, *arrogant*

- 2. Ornament, splendor
- 3. Pride, arrogancy, insolence

Concordance: Pride

Strong's Dictionary: *arrogance* or *majesty*; by implication (concretely) *ornament*

נָאוֹן]gä-ōn'	<u>א</u> ות gā-üth'	גַר gāv				
n.ms.	n.fs.	n.ms.				
Derivation: ג-א-ה: to mount up	Derivation: ג-א-ה: to mount up	Derivation: ג-א-ה: to mount up				
 Sublimity, highness, excellency, majesty (of God) Splendor, glory, ornament Pride, arrogance 	 Something lifted up, a lifting up Majesty Glory, splendor Pride, arrogance 	 The back The middle, interior, circle 				
Concordance: Pride	Concordance: Pride	Concordance: Back(ward)				
Strong's Dictionary : <i>arrogance</i> or <i>majesty</i> ; by implication, (concretely) <i>ornament</i>	Strong's Dictionary : <i>arrogance</i> or <i>majesty</i> ; by implication, (concretely) <i>ornament</i>	Strong's Dictionary : <i>the back</i> ; by analogy, <i>the middle</i>				
גוי gō-yē'	גיא gä'-ē					
n.ms.	n.ms.					
Derivation: ג-א-ה: to mount up	Derivation: ג-א-ה: to mount up					
 A people, tribes, populace nations (at large) Gentiles, heathen people (or non-Israelite) Herds or groups of animals 	1. Valley, depression, lowland					
Concordance: Nation	Concordance: Valley					
Strong's Dictionary : <i>a foreign nation</i> ; hence, <i>a Gentile</i> ; also (figuratively) <i>a troop of</i> <i>animals</i> , or <i>a flight of locusts</i>	Strong's Dictionary : <i>a gorge</i> (from its lofty sides; hence, <i>narrow</i> , but not a gully or winter-torrent)					
۲-۲۰ 1) to soil or desecrate	1) to soil or desecrate					

ג-א-ל: 1) to soil or desecrate

נְאָאָל gä-äl': Redeem(er)/Purchase/Ransom

• Concordance: Redeem

• Strong's Dictionary: to redeem (according to the Oriental law of kinship), i.e., to be the next of kin (and as such to buy back a relative's property, marry his widow, etc.)

•

NIPHAL

To be redeemed, to be brought back, to ransom oneself

PAAL (QAL)

- To redeem, to buy back, to ransom, to release, to deliver
- To fulfill the duty of relationship, to marry the childless widow of an older brother
- To avenge bloodshed, to require the penalty of bloodshed

ל: 2) to soil or desecrate

נאל gä-äl': Defile/Pollute/Stain

- Concordance: Stain
- Strong's Dictionary: to soil or (figuratively) desecrate

NIPHAL • To be polluted, to be defiled, to be stained	PIELTo pollute, to defile, to profane	 PUAL To be polluted, to be unclean, to be profaned To be declared impure, to be rejected as unclean 	HIPHIL • To pollute, to stain, to soil, to make unclean	HITHPAEL • To pollute or defile oneself
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גב

גבא: from an unused root meaning probably to collect

נג⊂א]¢בי-vε
n.ms.
Derivation: גבא: from an unused root meaning probably to collect
 Reservoir of water, cistern Marsh, pool
Concordance: Pit
Strong's Dictionary : <i>a reservoir</i> ; by analogy, <i>a marsh</i>

ד-ב-ה: to soar

גְרָהָ |gä-vä': Exalt/Be Haughty/Lift Up

• Concordance: Haughty

• Strong's Dictionary: to soar, i.e., be lofty; figuratively, to be haughty

	•••••	
PAAL (QAL)		HIPHIL
• To be high		• To make high, to raise, to exalt
 To be elevated or exalted 		
To take courage		
• To be proud or arrogant, high minded		
DERIVATIONS		

גָבה]gä-vō'-ä	גֵבְהוּת∣gäv-hüth'
adj.	n.ms.
Derivation: ג-ב-ה: to soar	Derivation: ג-ב-ה: to soar
 High, lofty, tall, elevated Proud, arrogant, haughty 	1. Pride, haughtiness
Concordance: Haughty	Concordance: Lofty
Strong's Dictionary : <i>elevated</i> (or <i>elated</i>), <i>powerful, arrogant</i>	Strong's Dictionary: pride

גביע: from an unused root of uncertain derivation

ג⊂עָה]gēv-ä' n.fs.
Derivation: גביע: from an unused root of uncertain derivation
 Hill, height Town situated on a hill
Concordance: Hill
Strong's Dictionary: a hillock

ל-ב-ל to twist as a rope

גָבַל|gä-väl'

• Strong's Dictionary: properly, to twist as a rope; to bound (as by a line)

PAAL (QAL)

- To twist (together), to wreathe as a rope
- To bound or limit, to draw a boundary

To limit, to set bounds to something

HIPHIL

• To bound or confine

• To border upon, to be adjacent to

DERIVATIONS					
גבוּלֵה g ^ε -vül]גבוּלֵק (g ^ε -vü-lä)					
n.ms.		n.	fs.		
Derivation: ג-ב-ל: to twist as a rope		Derivation: ג-ב-ל: to tw	vist as a rope		
 Boundary, limit The space included within a border Edge, extremity 		1. Border, margin, territory			
Concordance: Border		Concordance: Place			
Strong's Dictionary : properly, <i>a cord</i> <i>twisted</i>), i.e., (by implication) <i>a boun</i> extension the territory enclosed		Strong's Dictionary: a	boundary, region		
ג-ב-ר: to be strong					
גְבַר gä-vär ': Prevail					
• Concordance: Prevail • Strong's Dictionary: <i>to</i>	be strong	g; by implication, to	prevail, act insolent	ly.	
PAAL (QAL)		PIEL	HIPHII		HITHPAEL
To become strong or mighty, to prevail or overcomeTo grow or swell	To mak	e strong, strengthen	 To make strong or f confirm To exert strength	irm, to	To show oneself strongTo be proudly or insolent
DERIVATIONS					
גבּוֹר/gē-bōr		גְבוּרָה g⁵-vü-rä'		אָבֶר] sɛ'-vɛr	
adj.		n.fs.		n.ms.	
Derivation: ג-ב-ר: to be strong		Derivation: ג-ב-ר: to be strong		Derivation : ג-ב-ר: to be strong	
 Strong, mighty, impetuous A chief, military leader, hero, warrior Proud, a tyrant 		 Strength Fortitude, military virtue, courage, valor Power Victory 		 Man, male, male offspring Husband Valiant man, warrior Everyone, each 	
Concordance: Mighty		Concordance: Strong		Concordance: Mighty	
Strong's Dictionary : <i>powerful</i> ; by implication, <i>warrior</i> , <i>tyrant</i>		Strong's Dictionary : <i>force</i> (literally or figuratively); by implication, <i>valor</i> , <i>victory</i>		Strong's l or warrio	Dictionary: properly, a valiant man
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to twist: ג-ד-ל

נְדָל gä-däl': Nourish/Magnify/Increase/Bring Up

• Concordance: Nourish

• Strong's Dictionary: properly, to twist, i.e., to be (causatively make) large (in various senses, as in body, mind, estate or honor, also in pride)

PAAL (QAL)	PIEL	PUAL	HIPHIL	HITHPAEL
 To be or become great, to grow up To be greatly valued, to be celebrated with praises To be mighty, rich, important or precious 	 To cause to grow, to make great or strong, to bring up To make much of, to value highly, to make distinguished, mighty or powerful To praise, to extol 	• To be brought up, to made to grow	 To cause to grow, to make great or strong, to bring up To make much of, to value highly, to make distinguished, mighty or powerful To praise, to extol 	To shew oneself great and powerfulTo act arrogantly

ג-ד-ע: to fell a tree

גָדַע gä-dä': Cut or Hew Down/Cut in Sunder

• Concordance: Cut

• Strong's Dictionary: to fell a tree; generally, to destroy anything

PIEL

PAAL	(QAL)
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- ٠ To be cut down
- To hew down, to fell To cut, to shave off, to destroy
- To be broken, to be destroyed
- · To break to pieces

- PUAL
- To be cut down
- To be broken, to be destroyed

ק-ד-ף: to hack (with words)

גָדף gä-däf': Blasphemed

- Concordance: Blasphemy
- Strong's Dictionary: to hack (with words), i.e., revile

PIEL

•

· To reproach, to revile, to blaspheme

٦-7-*ג*: to wall in or around

גדר gä-där': Close Up/Hedge/Repairer

- Concordance: Repair
- Strong's Dictionary: to wall in or around

PAAL (QAL)

- To enclose, to hedge in, to wall up, to surround with a wall •
- (part.) Mason

12

ר-ר-ג: to turn aside from the road

גור (Be) Strange/Abide/Sojourn

- Concordance: Stranger
- Strong's Dictionary: properly, to turn aside from the road (for a lodging or any other purpose), i.e., sojourn (as a guest); also to shrink, fear (as in a strange place); also to gather for hostility (as afraid)

PAAL (QAL)

- To tarry, to sojourn, to dwell (as a stranger), to lodge
- To fear, to be afraid or anxious, to revere
- To be gathered together, to crowd together, to meet

HITHPAEL

- · To settle, dwell or sojourn
- · To gather together, to assemble

To stir, to excite

DERIVATIONS

1. Sojourner

2. Stranger, foreigner

Concordance: Stranger

implication, a foreigner

גַר	gäı

n.ms.

Derivation: ג-ו-ר to turn aside from the road

Strong's Dictionary: properly, a guest; by

mä-gōr' מָגוֹר

n.ms.

Derivation: ג-ו-ר: to turn aside from the road

- 1. Fear, dread, terror
- Concordance: Fear
- Strong's Dictionary: a fright (objective or subjective)

מגוּרָה mɛ-gü-rä'

n.fs.

Derivation: ג-ו-ר: to turn aside from the road

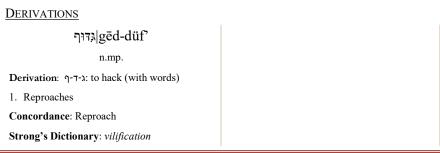
- 1. Fear, object feared
- 2. Granary, store-house
- Concordance: Fear

Strong's Dictionary: a fright; also a granary

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ד-ז-ה: to cut off

גָוָה|gä-zä '



NIPHAL

• Strong's Dictionary: to cut off, i.e., portion out

PAAL (QAL)

- To cut a stone, to form by cutting
- To give, to divide out
- To deliver (from a mother's womb)

DERIVATIONS

gä-zēth'

n.fs.

Derivation: ג-ז-ה: to cut off

- 1. Cutting or hewing of stones
- 2. Hewn stone, square-stone

Concordance: Stone

Strong's Dictionary: *something cut*, i.e., *dressed stone*

ג-ז-ל: to pluck off

גָוַל gä-zäl': Take Away

- Concordance: Take Away
 - Strong's Dictionary: to pluck off; specifically to flay, strip or rob
- PAAL (QAL)
- To strip off, to flay, to tear
 To pluck off or away
 To despoil, rob or plunder

 DERIVATIONS

 Derivation: ג-ז-ל to pluck off
 Derivation: ג-ז-ל to pluck off
 To be taken away
 To be taken away
 To be taken away
 To be taken away
 To be robbed
- 1. Plunder, spoil, robbed things
 1. Goods taken away from the poor

 2. Rapine, robbery
 Concordance: Spoil

 Concordance: Rob
 Concordance: Spoil

 Strong's Dictionary: robbery, or (concretely) plunder
 Strong's Dictionary: robbery, or (concretely) plunder

ג-ז-ר: to cut down or off

גָוָר (קוֹ gä-zär': Cut Off/Snatch

• Concordance: Cut

• Strong's Dictionary: to cut down or off; (figuratively) to destroy, divide, exclude, or decide

PAAL (QAL)

- To cut, to divide
- To cut down wood, to fell
- To eat up, to devour, to consume
- To decree, to decide, to constitute
- To cut off, to fail, to be cut off, to be gone

NIPHAL

- To be decreed
- To be separated, to be excluded
- To be taken away, to perish, to be undone or lost

NIPHAL

גח

גחלת: from an unused root meaning to glow or kindle

gä-hɛ'lɛth<u>k</u>קלת

n.fs.

Derivation: גחלת: from an unused root meaning to glow or kindle

- 1. Burning coal
- 2. Lightning

Concordance: Coal

Strong's Dictionary: an ember

77

ל-י-ל to spin around

גיל gēl: Be Glad/Joy(ful)/Rejoice

- Concordance: Rejoice
- Strong's Dictionary: properly, to spin round (under the influence of any violent emotion), i.e., usually rejoice, or (as cringing) fear

PAAL (QAL)

- To turn oneself around
- To leap (for joy), to rejoice, to exult
- To tremble, to shake with fear

DERIVATIONS

אַיל gēl n.ms.

gē-lä' n.fs.

Derivation: ג-י-ל to spin around

1. Exultation, rejoicing

Strong's Dictionary: joy

Concordance: Joy

Derivation: ג-י-ל to spin around

1. Generation, age, contemporary

2. Exultation, joy, rejoicing

Concordance: Joy

Strong's Dictionary: *a revolution* (of time, i.e., *an age*); also *joy*

גל

ג-ל-ה: to denude

אָלָה (gä-lä': Reveal/Captive(-ity)/Discover/Uncover/Bewray/Disclose/(Re)Move

• Concordance: Reveal

• Strong's Dictionary: to denude (especially in a disgraceful sense); by implication, to exile (captives being usually stripped); figuratively, to reveal

 PAAL (QAL) To make naked, to bare, to denude, to strip To disclose, reveal or uncover To emigrate, to evacuate a country, to go into exile 	NIPHAL • To be uncovered, to be made naked • To be revealed or unveiled • To appear, to show, to reveal or bare oneself • To be carried away	PIEL • To make naked, to uncover • To reveal, to open, to show	PUAL • To be uncovered, to be removed	HIPHIL • To lead into exile	HUPHAL • To be driven into exile	 HITHPAEL To uncover oneself, to reveal oneself To carry away, to lead into exile
DERIVATIONS						
לות	gä-lüth'					
	n.fs.					
Derivation : ג-ל-ה: t	o denude					
 Exile, captivity, Captives, exiles 	deportation					
Concordance: Capt	tive					
Strong's Dictionar exiles (collectively	y: <i>captivity</i> ; concretely)	Ι,				

ג-ל-ם: to fold

נָלִם gä-läm'

• Strong's Dictionary: to fold

PAAL (QAL)

• To roll or wrap together

DERIVATIONS

gäl-müd'<u></u>גלִםוּד

adj.

Derivation: ג-ל-ם: to fold

1. Unfruitful, sterile, barren

2. Desolate, famished

Concordance: Desolation

Strong's Dictionary: *sterile* (as wrapped up too hard); figuratively, *desolate*

גם

ג-מ-א: to absorb

גָמָא *gä-mä* '

• Strong's Dictionary: to absorb (literally or figuratively)

- PIEL
- To drink in, to carry along

DERIVATIONS

gō'-mε גמא

n.ms.

Derivation: ג-מ-א: to absorb

1. Marsh rush, papyrus plant, papyrus reed

Concordance: Rush

Strong's Dictionary: properly, *an absorbent*, i.e., *the bulrush* (from its porosity); specifically *the papyrus*

ל-מ-ל: to treat a person (good or bad)

נְמַל gä-mäl': Reward/Bestow/Wean/Ripen

- Concordance: Reward
- Strong's Dictionary: to treat a person (well or ill), i.e., benefit or requite; by implication (of toil), to ripen, i.e., (specifically) to wean

HIPHIL

To give to drink, to water

PAAL (QAL)

- To do, perform or accomplish
- To deal with, do (good or evil), to requite
- To repay
- To wean
- To ripen or to make ripe

DERIVATIONS

גמוּל]g^ε-mül

n.ms.

Derivation: ג-מ-ל: to treat a person (good or bad)

- 1. Action, work, deed, benefit
- 2. Retribution, recompense

Concordance: Recompense

Strong's Dictionary: treatment, i.e., an act (of good or ill); by implication, service or requital

22

ז-מ-ן: to hedge about

gä-nän': Defend

• Concordance: Defend

• Strong's Dictionary: to hedge about, i.e., (generally) protect

- PAAL (QAL)
- To cover or cover over ٠
- ٠ To protect, to guard

DERIVATIONS

<u>גן</u>gän n.cs.

•

HIPHIL

To cover or cover over

To protect, to guard

Derivation: ג-מ-ן: to hedge about

1. Garden, orchard, park

Concordance: Garden

Strong's Dictionary: a garden (as fenced)

77

ג-ע-ר to chide

גער gä-är': Rebuke/Chide

- Concordance: Rebuke
- Strong's Dictionary: to chide
- PAAL (QAL)
- To address harshly, to cry at, to scold
- To rebuke, to reprove

DERIVATIONS

גְעָרָה g^ε-ä-rä'

n.fs.

Derivation: ג-ע-ר: to chide

1. Rebuke, reproof, scolding, threatening

Concordance: Rebuke

Strong's Dictionary: a chiding

גף

גפר: from an unused root probably meaning to house in

נְפְרֵיָת|gäf-rēth'

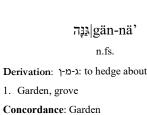
n.fs.

Derivation: probably from גפֶר gō-fɛr': from an unused root probably meaning to house in

1. Brimstone, pitch, sulphur

Concordance: Stone

Strong's Dictionary: properly, cypress-resin; by analogy sulphur (as equally inflammable)



Strong's Dictionary: a garden

٦٦

\mathfrak{W} - א-ג: to drive out from a possession

נְרָשׁ /gä-räsh': Troubled/Cast Up

- Concordance: Trouble
- Strong's Dictionary: to drive out from a possession; especially to expatriate or divorce

PAAL (QAL)

- To expel, to drive away •
- To plunder, to spoil, to pillage, to empty
- To divorce
- To put forth fruit
- · To drive to pasture
- NIPHAL To be expelled, to be cast out, to be stirred up
- To be carried off •
- To be driven, to be agitated
- •
- PUAL · To be expelled
- To drive away To expel

PIEL

dä-lɛt/dä-lɛd|⊤

87

ג-א-ד: to be anxious

דָאַג|dä-äg': Be Afraid/Sorrow

- Concordance: Afraid
- Strong's Dictionary: to be anxious
- PAAL (QAL)
- To fear, to be afraid
- To be anxious or troubled

27

•

ב-ב-ב: to move slowly

קבב |dä-väv'

• Strong's Dictionary: to move slowly, i.e., glide

PAAL (QAL)

- To move slowly
- To creep about, to slander
- To flow gently
- · To cause to speak

DERIVATIONS

לסv

n.m/fs.

Derivation: ד-ב-ב: to move slowly

1. Bear, she-bear

Concordance: Bear

Strong's Dictionary: the bear (as slow)

ר-ב-ד: to arrange (figurative, to speak)

ק<u>ב</u>ר *dä-vär*'

• Strong's Dictionary: perhaps properly, *to arrange*; but used figuratively (of words), *to speak*; rarely (in a destructive sense) *to subdue*

 PAAL (QAL) NIPH To set in order, to arrange To lead, to guide, to ro one a To follow, to be behind To lay snares, to plot against, to destroy To speak 	ogether notherTo speak, to accostTo say, to promise,	PUAL To be spoken To be wooed 	HIPHIL • To subdue, to drive	HITHPAEL • To converse
DERIVATIONS				
דְּבָר/dä-vär'	מִדְבָּר מִדְבָּר	nēd-bär'		
n.ms.	n.	n.ms.		
Derivation : ד-ב-ר: to arrange (figurative speak)	e, to Derivation: ד-ב-ר: to an speak)	rrange (figurative, to		
 Word, speech, saying, promise, commenses Thing, thing done, affair, business, in occurrence Anything, something, nothing Cause, reason, question, law-suit 	2. Sterile or sandy cou	1		
Concordance : [only individually listed vast quantity] See Nothing	due to Concordance : Wildern	ess		
Strong's Dictionary : <i>a word</i> ; by implie <i>matter</i> (as spoken of) or <i>thing</i> ; adverbia <i>cause</i>				
75				

ד-ג-ה: to move rapidly

רָגָה|*dä-gä* '

• Strong's Dictionary: to move rapidly; used only as a denominative from λτ |däg [meaning fish]; to spawn, i.e., become numerous

PAAL (QAL)

• To increase, to multiply

DERIVATIONS

דָּגָה dä-gä'	דָגָן dä-gän'		
n.fs.	n.ms.		
Derivation: ד-ג-ה: to move rapidly	Derivation: ד-ג-ה: to move rapidly		
1. Fish	 Corn, grain Bread Nourishment 		
Concordance: Fish	Concordance: Corn		
Strong's Dictionary : <i>a fish</i> (often used collectively)	Strong's Dictionary : properly, <i>increase</i> , i.e., <i>grain</i>		

ר.ד.ד: to brood over eggs or young

דְגַר dä-gär': Gather

- Concordance: Gather
- Strong's Dictionary: to brood over eggs or young

PAAL (QAL)

- To gather
- To hatch

17

ד-ו-ה: to be sick

<u>דְו</u>ָה dä-vä '

• Strong's Dictionary: to be sick (as if in menstruation)

- PAAL (QAL)
- To languish, to be sick (of monthly courses), to be ill
- To be sad

DERIVATIONS

דָנָה dä-vɛ'	דַנָּי/däv-vōy	
adj.	adj.	
Derivation: ד-ו-ה: to be sick	Derivation: ד-ו-ה: to be sick	
 Languid, sick, unwell, unclean Sick (of mind), sad Afflicted, wretched 	1. Sick, severely ill	
Concordance: Cloth	Concordance: Faint	
Strong's Dictionary: <i>sick</i> (especially in menstruation)	Strong's Dictionary : <i>sick</i> ; figuratively, <i>troubled</i>	

*n***-1-7**: to thrust away

דוח |dü'-äh: Purge/Cast Out/Refine

• Concordance: Purge

• Strong's Dictionary: to thrust away; figuratively, to cleanse

HIPHIL

- To thrust out, to cast away or out, to expel
- To wash away or off, to purge, to cleanse

٦-1-7: to gyrate

דוּר *dür*

• Strong's Dictionary: properly, to gyrate (or move in a circle), i.e., to remain

PAAL (QAL)

- To go around, to go in a circle
- To remain, to delay
- To inhabit, sojourn or dwell

DERIVATIONS

דור dōr

Derivation: ד-ו-ר: to gyrate

- 1. A period of a man's life, generation, an age
- 2. Race, class of men, contemporaries
- 3. Habitation, dwelling

Concordance: Generation

Strong's Dictionary: properly, *a revolution of time*, i.e., *an age* or *generation*; also *a dwelling*

77

ה-ה-ד: to push down

דָחָה dä-ḥä ': Outcast

- Concordance: Outcast
- Strong's Dictionary: to push down

PAAL (QAL)

NIPHAL

PUAL

- To push or thrust (down)
- To be thrust down or away
- To be overthrown

To overthrow

To be driven away

•

77

יד: from an unused root of uncertain derivation

dāē ד <u>د</u>
n.ms.
Derivation: די: from an unused root of uncertain derivation
1. Requisite, necessary, supply, sufficient, plenty
2. (adv.) Enough
3. (with prep. ב) In proportion to, as often as, as soon as
 (with prep. ج) According to need, corresponding to
5. (with prep. م) As often as
Concordance: Sufficient
Strong's Dictionary : <i>enough</i> (as noun or adverb), used chiefly with preposition in phrases

ד-י-ז: to rule

דין dēn: A Straight Course (Judge)

- Concordance: Judge(ment)
- Strong's Dictionary: to rule; by implication to judge (as umpire); also to strive (as at law)

PAAL (QAL)

- To rule, to regulate, to sway
- To judge, to defend, to punish
- To contend with, to litigate

DERIVATIONS

דין dēn

n.ms.

Derivation: ----7: to rule

- 1. Judgement, sentence
- 2. Lawsuit, cause
- 3. Quarrel, strife, controversy

Concordance: Judge(ment)

Strong's Dictionary: *judgement (the suit, justice, sentence* or *tribunal*); by implication also *strife*

77

א-כ-א: to crumble

דָכָא dä-ha': Break/Beat (To Pieces)/Bruise/Contrite

NIPHAL

· To contend at law, to quarrel

53

7 Roots

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•

Concordance: Bruise

• Strong's Dictionary: to crumble; transitively, to bruise (literally or figuratively)

NIPHAL

- To be oppressed or broken
- To be cast down, to be humbled
- PIEL
- To break in pieces, to crush
- To trample or tread down, to oppress, to humble
 - press, to numble

- HITHPAEL
- To be crushed
- To be humbled

דל

ד-ל-ה: to dangle

דָּלָה|*dä-lä* '

• Strong's Dictionary: properly, to dangle, i.e., to let down a bucket (for drawing out water); figuratively, to deliver

dɛ'-lɛth

n.fs.

Strong's Dictionary: something swinging, i.e.,

PAAL (QAL)

• To draw (water), to draw out

PIEL

To be broken

• To draw out, to take out of a well

PUAL

To be bruised, to be smitten

to be crushed, humbled or afflicted, to be broken

• To deliver, to set free

DERIVATIONS

/däl-lä

n.fs.

Derivation: ד-ל-ה: to dangle

Derivation: (1-2-1. to daily

- Slender thread, thrum
 Hair, locks
- 3. Slenderness, lowliness, poverty, the poor

Concordance: Sick

Strong's Dictionary: properly, *something dangling*, i.e., *a loose thread* or *hair*; figuratively, *indigent*

ל-ל-ד-ד-ל-ל: to slacken or be feeble

דָּלַל dä-läl'

• Concordance: Fail

• Strong's Dictionary: to slacken or be feeble; figuratively, to be oppressed

PAAL (QAL)

- · To totter, to wave, to hang loose, to be pendulous, to swing
- To be poor, humble or wretched
- To be languid, feeble or week
- To languish, to be dry

DERIVATIONS

däl|ז<u>ּ</u>ל

adj.

Derivation: ד-ל-ל: to slacken or be feeble

- 1. Hanging, swinging, tottering
- 2. Weak, humble, wretched, poor, powerless

Concordance: Poor

Strong's Dictionary: properly, *dangling*, i.e., (by implication) *weak* or *thin*

27

ד-מ-ה: to compare

דָמָה da-ma': Be Brought to Silence/Be Undone

- Concordance: Silent; see also Liken
- Strong's Dictionary: to compare; by implication, to resemble, liken, consider

NIPHAL

- To be weak or feeble
- To be wretched
- or *be feeble*; figuratively, *to be*

Derivation: ד-ל-ה: to dangle 1. Leaf of a door, folding door, door

2. Doorway, gate, opening

Concordance: Gate

the valve of a door

3. Column or page of a manuscript

		٦	Roots	
PAAL (QAL)To be like, to resembleTo make or become like	• To be made like, to be made to		 PIEL To compare, liken To imagine, think or one's mind To intend or purpose meditate To remember 	HITHPAEL To make oneself like
DERIVATIONS				
רְמוּת dℓ-müth'		רְמִי dɛ‑-mē'		
n.fs.		n.fs.		
Derivation: ד-מ-ה: to compare		Derivation: ד-מ-ה: to compare		
 Similitude, likeness, resemblance Model, pattern, shape, image Appearance (Adj.) Like 		1. Quiet, rest, stillness		
Concordance: N/A		Concordance: Rest		
Strong's Dictionary: resemblance; concretely, model, shape; adverbially, like		Strong's Dictionary: q	uiet	
n-n-7 to be dumb				

ם-מ-ם: to be dumb

דָמָם *dä-mäm* ': Be Still

• Concordance: Still

• Strong's Dictionary: to be dumb; by implication, to be astonished, to stop; also to perish

PAAL (QAL) NIPHAL POAL HIPHIL To be silent, to be still, to be To be cut off • To bring to silence, to compose · To cut off, to destroy • dumb To be laid waste • To be astonished, to be confounded To be quite, to cease, to leave, to rest **DERIVATIONS** לומם dü-mäm' n.ms. Derivation: ד-מ-ם: to be dumb 1. Silence 2. (adv.) Silently, still Concordance: Silent Strong's Dictionary: still; adverbially, silently

75

ד-ק-ק: to crush

דָקָק dä-käk': Beat into (Small) Pieces/Bruise/Make Dust

- Concordance: Bruise
- Strong's Dictionary: to crush (or intransitively) crumble

PAAL (QAL)

HIPHIL

- HUPHAL
- To be beaten out, to be crushed

- To crush, pound, grind or thrashTo be beaten small, to be crushed, to be pulverized
- To crush, to bruise, to destroy, to beat small(adv.) fine, dust-like
- purvenzeu

ד-ק-ר: to stab

דָקר|*dä-kär* '

• Strong's Dictionary: to stab, by analogy, to starve; figuratively, to revile

PAAL (QAL)

· To pierce, to run through

NIPHAL To be pierced through, stabbed

7 Roots

To be stabbed or slain

•

Pierced, riddled (participle)

PUAL

77

דראון: derived from an unused root meaning to repulse

קרָאוֹן d⁼-rä-o	ōn'
-----------------	-----

n.ms.

Derivation: דראון: derived from an unused root meaning to repulse

- 1. Aversion, object of aversion
- 2. Abhorring, abomination, contempt

Concordance: Abhor

Strong's Dictionary: an object of aversion

T-T-T: to tread

דָרָך dä-räh': Bend/Tread/Lead/Go (Over)

• Concordance: Tread/Trod

• Strong's Dictionary: to tread; by implication, to walk; also to string a bow (by treading on it in bending)

PAAL (QAL)

- To tread, to walk, to go
- To step forth, to wander, to enter
- To tread down or trample on
- To bend (a bow)

ש-ח-ק: to tread or frequent

דָרשׁ dä-räsh': Search/Seek (For/Out)

- Concordance: Seek
- Strong's Dictionary: properly, to tread or frequent; usually to follow (for pursuit or search); by implication, to seek or ask; specifically to worship

PAAL (QAL)

- To frequent a place, to visit
- To seek, to search after, to inquire, to investigate, to examine
- To ask, to demand, to desire
- To apply oneself, to study, to practice, to • follow

227

7-w-7: to be fat

דָשָׁן dä-shān': Fat (Rich/Fertile)/Make Fat

- Concordance: Fat
- Strong's Dictionary: to be fat; transitively, to fatten (or regard as fat); specifically to anoint; figuratively, to satisfy; to remove (fat) ashes (of sacrifices)

PIEL

- To make fat, strong, oily, or marrowy
- To pronounce fat, to accept as fat or pleasing
- To anoint
- To clear or cleanse from ashes
- PUAL To be satiated abundantly, to be well fed, to be made fat
- HITHPAEL
- To be anointed with fatness, to be smeared, to be oiled or greased

HIPHIL

- To cause to go or walk, to lead
- To tread (a threshing floor)
- To bend

- To overtake, to catch or reach
- NIPHAL To be approachable, to allow self to be sought, to give access, to hear and answer
- To be sought, to be explored

To investigate

PIEL

hā|hā

הב ה-ב-ל: to be vain in act, word or expectation הָבַל hä-väl': Vain/Vanity • Concordance: Vain • Strong's Dictionary: to be vain in act, word, or expectation; specifically to lead astray HIPHIL PAAL (QAL) To breathe out, to exhale • To befool, to seduce to vanity To act or speak vainly, to act foolishly, to hope vainly • **DERIVATIONS** hε'-vεl|הֵבֵל n.ms. Derivation: ה-ב-ל: to be vain in act, word or expectation 1. Breath, breathe, exhalation 2. Nothingness, transitory, vanity, show 3. Vapor, mist, darkness 4. Idol 5. (adv.) In vain, uselessly Concordance: Vain Strong's Dictionary: emptiness or vanity; figuratively, something transitory and unsatisfactory; often used as an adverb 27

ה-ג-ה: 1) to murmur

הְגָה hä-gä': Mourn (Sore)/Mutter/Utter/Meditate

Concordance: Mourn

• Strong's Dictionary: to murmur (in pleasure or anger); by implication, to ponder

To speak

PAAL (QAL)

POAL

HIPHIL · To mutter, to murmur, to whisper, to speak

- To murmur, to mutter, to growl, to roar • To coo, to sigh, to moan
- To speak, to utter, to praise •
- To meditate, to muse

ד-ג-ה: 2) to remove

הגה hä-gä': Mourn (Sore)/Mutter/Utter/Meditate

- Concordance: Stay
- Strong's Dictionary: to remove

PAAL (QAL)

To be removed, to take away, to separate, to divide, to remove •

•

ה Roots

77

7-7-7: to stretch forth the hand

הָדָה *hä-dä': Put (Out Hand)*

Concordance: Put

• Strong's Dictionary: to stretch forth the hand

PAAL (QAL)

• To stretch out or direct (the hand)

ה-ד-ף: to push away or down

הָדַף *hä-däf*': Drive

• Concordance: Drive

• Strong's Dictionary: to push away or down

PAAL (QAL)

- To thrust, to push, to thrust down, to prostrate
- To repel, to thrust away, to repulse

To expel

ד-ד-ר to swell up

וְהָדֵר hä-där': Glorious/Crooked Place

• Concordance: Glory

• Strong's Dictionary: to swell up (literally or figuratively, active or passive); by implication, to favor or honor, be high or proud

PAAL (QAL)	NIPHAL	HITHPAEL
To be large, swollen or tumid	To be esteemed or honored	To boast
To adorn, to honor		To act proudly
To ornament		
DERIVATIONS		
הָדָר hä-där'		
n.ms.		
Derivation: ה-ד-ר: to swell up		
1. Ornament, adorning, decoration, splendor		
2. Honor, glory		
3. Elevation, pride, highness		
Concordance: Glory		
Strong's Dictionary : magnificence, i.e., ornament or splendor		

17

הוד: from an unused root meaning grandeur

hōd|הוד

n.ms.

Derivation: הוד: from an unused root meaning grandeur

- 1. Majesty
- 2. Splendor, freshness, beauty

Concordance: Glory

Strong's Dictionary: grandeur (i.e., an imposing form and appearance)

ם-ז-ה: to make an uproar

הום hüm'

• Strong's Dictionary: to make an uproar, or agitate greatly

uprour, of agricate greatly	
NIPHAL to be disturbed, to be in commotion To be agitated to be excited 	HIPHIL To make a commotion
	I
	• to be disturbed, to be in commotion

17

ה-ז-ה: to dream

הָזָה hä-zä': Sleeping

- Concordance: Sleep
- Strong's Dictionary: to dream

PAAL (QAL)

• To dream, to be sleepy

הי

הידד: from an unused root meaning to shout

הַידָד hā-däd'
n.ms.
Derivation: הידד: from an unused root meaning to shout
 Joyful acclamation, shout for joy (in the vintage)
Concordance: Shout
Strong's Dictionary: acclamation

ה-י-ה: to be or exist

הְיָה *hä-yä* '

• Strong's Dictionary: to exist, i.e., be or become, come to pass (always emphatic, and not a mere copula or auxiliary)

PAAL (QAL)

- To be or exist
- To become, to be made or done
- To exist or come to pass

DERIVATIONS

yä∣יה

proper noun

Derivation: ה-י-ה: to be or exist

- NIPHALTo become, to be madeTo be done, to be ended, to be gone
- אָהָיָה'yɛ-hō'-vä' proper noun

Roots ה

1. Jah (the Lord, the sacred name)

Concordance: Jehovah

Strong's Dictionary: Jah, the sacred name

 Jehovah, meaning the Existing One Concordance: Jehovah

Concordance. Jenovan

Strong's Dictionary: (*the*) *self-Existent* or *Eternal*; *Jehovah*, Jewish national name of God

הל

הלאה: from the primitive form of the article הלאה or (ה־)

הָלְאָה|hä-l^ɛ-ä

adv.

Derivation: הלאה: from the primitive form of the article ה-)

- 1. Thither, yonder, father, back
- 2. Further, forward, far off
- 3. Thus far (of time)

Concordance: Beginning

Strong's Dictionary: *to the distance*, i.e., *far away*; also (of time) *thus far*

to walk:ה-ל-ך

הָלָך hä-läh': Go/Come/Walk

- Concordance: Walk
- Strong's Dictionary: to walk (in a great variety of applications, literally and figuratively)

	PAAL (QAL) To go, to walk, to go along, to come, to wander, to travel To live, to lead a life To go away or go off, to vanish, to disappear To go on, to go forward, to continue	NIPHAL • To be made to go, to go away, to vanish, to be gone	PIELTo go about, to walk swiftlyTo live, to lead a life	 HIPHIL To cause someone to go, to lead, to carry away To cause to perish, to cause to destroy To cause to flow 	HITHPAELTo go for oneself, to go about, to walkTo lead a life
•	(adv.) continually				

ה-ל-ל to be clear

הָלָל hä-läl': Glory/Praise/Celebrate

• Concordance: Glory

• Strong's Dictionary: to be clear (originally of sound, but usually of color); to shine; hence to make a show, to boast; and thus to be (clamorously) foolish; to rave; causatively, to celebrate; also to stultify

 PAAL (QAL) To be clear, to be brilliant or shine To be splendid To boast To be insolent, foolish or mad 	 PIEL To praise, celebrate or glorify (Poel) To make foolish or ashamed, to confound 	 PUAL To be praised or celebrated To be famous (Poal) to be mad, to rave 	HIPHILTo cause to shineTo make bright, to give light	 HITHPAEL To deserve praise, to be praised To boast To be mad, to feign madness
DERIVATIONS				
ן הַכְּהַ t²-hēl	-lä'			
n.fs.				
to be clea :ה-ל-ל :to be clea	ır			
1. Praise, song of praise, hyr	nn, psalm			
Concordance: Praise				
Strong's Dictionary: laudate	ion; specifically			

Strong's Dictionary: *laudation*; specifically (concretely) *a hymn*

ה-ל-ם: to strike down

הָלָם hä-läm': Break Down/Overcome/Smite (with a Hammer)

- Concordance: Break
- Strong's Dictionary: to strike down; by implication, to hammer, stamp, conquer, disband

PAAL (QAL)

- To beat, to smite, to strike, to stamp
- To smite in pieces, to break
- To be dissolved, to be broken up, to be scattered, to disperse

הם

ה-ם-ה: to make a loud sound

המה hä-mä': Sound/Noise/Roar/Tumult

- Concordance: Sound
- Strong's Dictionary: to make a loud sound (like a hum); by implication, to be in a great commotion or tumult, to rage, war moan, clamor

PAAL (QAL)

- To hum (as in the sound of bees) (can be used to describe an instrument of music)
- To sound (a noise of an animal, e.g., hum, gnarl, growl, bark, coo, rustle, roar, shout, etc.)
- To be agitated and noisy

DERIVATIONS

הָמוֹן hä-mōn'	הָמִיָה hɛm-yä'
n.ms.	n.fs.
Derivation: ה-ם-ה: to make a loud sound	Derivation: ה-ם-ה: to make a loud sound
 Sound, noise, bustle, tumult Multitude (of people), crowd Plenty, wealth, riches Commotion, agitation 	1. Sound (of a harp)
Concordance: Multitude	Concordance: Noise
Strong's Dictionary : A noise, tumult, crowd; also disquietude, wealth	Strong's Dictionary: sound

ה-מ-ם: to put in commotion

המם hä-mäm': Break/Crush

- Concordance: Break
- Strong's Dictionary: properly, to put in commotion; by implication, to disturb, drive, destroy

PAAL (QAL)

- To impel, to drive
- To agitate, to trouble
- · To disturb, to confound, to put in commotion, to put to flight
- To utterly destroy, to make extinct
- To undo

המס: from an unused root probably meaning to crackle

הַמָסִים|h^ä-mä-sēm'

n.mp. (only pl.)

Derivation: המס: from an unused root probably meaning to crackle

1. Brushwood

Concordance: Melt

Strong's Dictionary: a dry twig or brushwood

הף

ק-פ-ך: to turn about or over

הָפָן hä-fäḥ': Turned/Converted

- Concordance: Turn
- Strong's Dictionary: to turn about or over; by implication, to change, overturn, return, pervert

8 1		, , 1	, 0,	,	· 1
 PAAL (QAL) To turn, to turn back, to convert or change To pervert To overrun or overthrow 	• To be to be perve	verturned or	HUPHAI To be turned, to turn 		HITHPAELTo turn or turn oneselfTo turn or change oneselfTo roll oneself, to tumble
DERIVATIONS					
hō'-fεh∣הפָר		mä מַקפַּכָה mä מַקפּּכַת			
n.ms		n.	fs		
Derivation: ה-פ-ך: to turn about or o	ver	Derivation: ה-פ-ך: to tu	rn about or over		
1. Perverseness, perversity, folly		 Overturning, overthr Destruction, ruin 	ow		
Concordance: Turn		Concordance: Overthro	0W		
Strong's Dictionary : an upset, i.e., perversity	(abstract)	Strong's Dictionary: a	destruction		

הר

ג-ר-ה: to smite with deadly intent

הָרַג hä-räg': Slay/Slaying

- Concordance: Slay
- Strong's Dictionary: to smite with deadly intent

PAAL (QAL)	NIPHAL	PUAL
• To kill, to murder, to slay	• To be killed	To be slain
DERIVATIONS		
hɛʾrɛg קָרָג		
n.ms.		
Derivation : ה-ר-ג to smite with deadly intent		
1. Killing, slaughter, murder		
Concordance: Slaughter		
Strong's Dictionary: slaughter		

ה-ר-ה: to be or become pregnant

הָרָה|hä-rä': Be with Child/Conceive

• Concordance: Conceive

• Strong's Dictionary: to be (or become) pregnant, conceive (literally or figuratively)

PAAL (QAL)

- To conceive, to be or become pregnant
- To conceive (of mind), to plan, to devise

DERIVATIONS

hä-rε'∣הָרָה

n.fs.

Derivation: ה-ר-ה: to be or become pregnant

- PUAL
- To be conceived
- To conceive (of mind)

1. Pregnant Concordance: Woman Strong's Dictionary: pregnant		
ד-ר-ס: to pull down or break	in pieces	
וְהָרֵס <i>hä-räs</i> ': Destroy(ers)/Pull De	own	
 Concordance: Destroy Strong's Dictionary: to pull dow 	n or in pieces, break, destroy	
PAAL (QAL)	NIPHAL	PIEL

To be broken down, to be destroyed

hë'-res|הֵרֵס

n.ms.

Derivation: ה-ר-ס: to pull down or break in

To be pulled down

•

•

pieces

Destruction
 Lion
 Sun

Concordance: Destroy

Strong's Dictionary: demolition

Roots ה

To tear down

ה-ר-ר	from	an	unused	root	mean	ing	to 1	oom	າາມ

+ + m. from an anased root meaning to room up		

ז|zä-yēn

75

ה-ב-ד: to slaughter an animal (usually by sacrifice)

זָבָח zä-väḥ': Sacrifice/Slay/Offer

- Concordance: Sacrifice
- Strong's Dictionary: to slaughter an animal (usually by sacrifice)

PAAL (QAL)

• To pull down, to destroy

DERIVATIONS

1. Destruction

Concordance: Destroy

Strong's Dictionary: demolition

pieces

• To tear, to break through, to break in

הַרִיסוּת hä-rē-sūth'

n.fs.

Derivation: ה-ר-ס: to pull down or break in

• To slaughter or kill animals

PIEL To sacrifice

•

• To sacrifice, to slay for sacrifice, to immolate

DERIVATIONS

זֶבַח |zɛ'-väḥ

n.ms.

Derivation: ו-ב-ח: to slaughter an animal (usually by sacrifice)

1. Slaying, flesh of slain animals, meal, repast

2. Sacrifice, offering, victim

Concordance: Sacrifice

Strong's Dictionary: properly, a slaughter, i.e., the flesh of an animal; by implication, a sacrifice (the victim or the act)

to reside: ז-ב-ל

*זַב*ל *zä-väl*'

• Strong's Dictionary: to reside

PAAL (QAL)

- · To dwell or lie with
- To inhabit

DERIVATIONS

זָבוּל zɛ-vül'

n.ms.

Derivation: ז-ב-ל: to reside

1. Habitation, residence, dwelling-place

Concordance: Habitation

Strong's Dictionary: a residence

77

זהב: from an unused root meaning to shimmer

זָקָב zä-häv'	מִדְהָכָה mäd-hā-vä'
n.ms.	n.fs.
Derivation: זהב: from an unused root meaning to shimmer	Derivation: possibly from דָּהָב d ^ɛ -häv', an Aramaic derivation corresponding to קוֹבָּ-häv': an unused root meaning to shimmer
 Gold Gold colored (oils or the heavens, metaphorically) 	 Gold-making, exactness of gold Storehouse of gold
Concordance: Gold	Concordance: City
Strong's Dictionary : gold, figuratively, something gold-colored (i.e., yellow), as oil, a clear sky	Strong's Dictionary : goldmaking, i.e., exactness

17

7-1-7: to see the

זוּד |züd

• Strong's Dictionary: to seethe; figuratively, to be insolent

PAAL (QAL)

- To boil or boil over
- To see the •
- To be proud or arrogant

- NIPHAL
- Having been cooked
- (Part.) Something cooked, pottage

HIPHIL

- To cook or cause to boil
- · To act insolently, proudly or wickedly

DERIVATIONS

זַד zād adj.	
Derivation: -1-1: to see the	
 Proud Insolent, wanton, arrogant 	
Concordance: Pride	
Strong's Dictionary: arrogant	

יד-ו-ע: to shake off

זוּעַ *|zü '-ä*

PAAL (QAL)To move oneselfTo tremble, to shake	PILPELTo agitate, to trouble, to vex
DERIVATIONS	
זָנָעָה zɛ-vä-ä'	
n.fs.	
Derivation: ו-ו-ע: to shake off	
 Agitation, trouble Terror, vexation 	
Concordance: Vex	
Strong's Dictionary: agitation, fear	

ר-ר-ד: to turn aside

זור zür': Stranger/Go Away/Another (Man/Place)

- Concordance: Stranger
- Strong's Dictionary: to turn aside (especially for lodging); hence to be a foreigner, strange, profane; specifically (active participle) to commit adultery

PAAL (QAL)	NIPHAL	HUPHAL
To turn aside, to depart	To turn away	• To become strange, to be estranged
• To press together, to press out, to bind up, to crush, to squeeze		
• To turn away from, to recede, to retreat		
• (part.) Stranger, foreigner		

11

ח-ח-ז: to shove or displace

זָח*ָ*ח*ָ*וֹ*zä-ḥäḥ* '

• Strong's Dictionary: to shove or displace

NIPHAL

• To be removed, to be displaced

DERIVATIONS

מַזִיח m^ɛ-zē'-äḥ

n.ms.

Derivation: n-n-n: to shove or displace

1. Girdle

Concordance: Strong

Strong's Dictionary: *a belt* (as moveable)



זיז: from an unused root apparently meaning to be conspicuous

זיז zēz	
n.ms.	

Derivation: זיז: from an unused root apparently meaning to be conspicuous

- 1. Fulness, a full breast, abundance of milk
- 2. Animal, what moves and lives, any moving thing

Concordance: Abundant

Strong's Dictionary: *fulness of the breast*; also *a moving creature*

77

ד-ב-ה: to be translucent

זָכָה|*zä-ḥä* ': Clean

- Concordance: Clean
- Strong's Dictionary: to be translucent; figuratively, to be innocent

	PAAL (QAL)	PIEL	HITHPAEL
•	To be pure, to be innocent	• To make pure, to purify, to cleanse	To cleanse oneself
•	To be clear or transparent		

to mark :ז-כ-ר

זָכַר *zä-ḥär* '

• Strong's Dictionary: properly, to mark (so as to be recognized), i.e., to remember; by implication, to mention; to be male

PAAL (QAL)

To impress (on the memory), to remember,

to be mindful, to recollect, to mention

- NIPHAL
- To be remembered, to be recalled, to be mentioned
- To be born as a male

HIPHIL

- To bring to remembrance, to mention, to record
- To praise, to offer praise
- To burn incense

DERIVATIONS

To pierce

•

זָכָר|zä-ḥär'

n.ms.

Derivation: ז-כ-ר: to mark

- 1. Man
- 2. (adj.) Male (of mankind or animals)

Concordance: Man

Strong's Dictionary: properly, *remembered*, i.e., *a male* (of man or animals, as being the most noteworthy sex)



ז-ל-ל: to shake

זָלָל zä-läl': Flow (Down)

- Concordance: Flow
- Strong's Dictionary: to shake (as in the wind), i.e., to quake; figuratively, to be loose morally, worthless or prodigal

PAAL (QAL)

To shake, to make tremble

- To pour out, to shake out
- To be abject, worthless or vile

21

to plan ז-מ-ם: to plan

בקם |zä-mäm': Wicked Devices

- Concordance: Wicked
- Strong's Dictionary: to plan, usually in a bad sense
- PAAL (QAL)
- To lie in wait, to plot, to propose, to mediate evil, to muse, to think, to devise, to resolve

•

DERIVATIONS

zēm-mä'

n.fs.

Derivation: ז-מ-ם: to plan

1. Counsel, plan

2. Wickedness, a wicked deed, evil deed, lewdness, incest, apostasy

Concordance: Wicked

Strong's Dictionary: *a plan*, especially a bad one

ד-מ-ר: 1) to trim

~

זָמַר zä-mär ': Prune

 Concordance: Prune Strong's Dictionary: to trim (a v 	ine)
PAAL (QAL)	NIPHAL
• To prune, to cut off, to pinch of	• To be pruned
DERIVATIONS	
זמיר zä-mēr'	
n.ms.	
Derivation: ז-מ-ר: to trim	
1. Vine-cutting, time of pruning of vines	
Concordance: Branch	
Strong's Dictionary: a twig (as pruned)	

רמ-ד: 2) to touch the strings or parts of a musical instrument

זמר zä-mär': Sing

- Concordance: Sing
- Strong's Dictionary: properly, to touch the strings or parts of a musical instrument, i.e., play upon it; to make music, accompanied by the voice; hence to celebrate in song and music

7 Roots

NIPHAL

To be shaken, to tremble

PIEL

- To sing, to praise
- To play a musical instrument, to harp on chords
- · To dance, to celebrate

DERIVATIONS

זְמֵיר|z^ɛ-mēr' n.ms.

זמרָת |zēm-räth' or ומרָה|zēm-rä'

n.fs.

Derivation: ה-מ-ר: to touch the strings or parts Derivation: המ-ר: to touch the strings or parts

HIPHIL

To despise

of a musical instrument

2. Object of praise, choice thing

Strong's Dictionary: instrumental music; by

1. Song, music, praise

Concordance: Song

implication, praise

of a musical instrument

1. Song, hymn, song of praise, song of triumph

Concordance: Song

Strong's Dictionary: a song to be accompanied with instrumental music

77

7-1-7: to commit adultery

זְנָה zä-nä': Harlot/Whore/Fornication

- Concordance: Harlot
- Strong's Dictionary: to commit adultery (usually of the female, and less often of simple fornication, rarely of involuntary ravishment); figuratively, to commit idolatry (the Jewish people being regarded as the spouse of Jehovah)

PAAL (QAL)

- PUAL Whoring is committed
- To fornicate, to whore, to commit adultery
- To apostatize, to commit idolatry, to have intercourse with false gods or foreigners
- (part.) Harlot

ד-ו-ד: to push aside

זָנַח |zä-näḥ': Turn Far Away

- Concordance: Far
- Strong's Dictionary: to push aside, i.e., reject, forsake, fail
- PAAL (QAL)HIPHIL• To reject• To reject or pr• To be abominable• To emit a stem
 - To reject or profane, to spit out
 - To emit a stench, to cause to stink

HIPHIL

To seduce to fornication or whoredom, to

cause to commit fornication

To commit fornication

• To be dried up (as a river)

7-1-7: to draw together the feet, as in an animal about to spring

זָנ*ק*|zä-näk'

- Strong's Dictionary: properly, to draw together the feet (as an animal about to dart upon its prey), i.e., to spring forward
- PIEL
- To leap forth

DERIVATIONS

זיקות zē-kōth'

n.mp.

Derivation: ד-נ-ק: to draw together the feet, as in an animal about to spring

- 1. Fetters, chains
- 2. Burning darts, fiery arrows

Concordance: Spark

Strong's Dictionary: properly, *what leaps forth*, i.e., *flash of fire*, or *a burning arrow*; also (from the original sense of the root) *a bond*

YT

ם-ע-ם: to foam at the mouth

וָעָם zä-äm': (Be) Angry/(Have) Indignation/Defy

• Concordance: Indignation

• Strong's Dictionary: properly, to foam at the mouth, i.e., to be enraged

PAAL (QAL)

- · To be very angry with To be irritated
- · To curse, to punish

DERIVATIONS

זעמ zä-äm'

n.ms.

Derivation: ד-ע-ם: to foam at the mouth

- 1. Anger, indignation, wrath (of God)
- 2. Rage, insolence

Concordance: Indignation

Strong's Dictionary: strictly froth at the mouth, i.e., (figuratively) fury (especially of God's displeasure with sin)

ז-ע-ף: to boil up

זָע*ף zä-äf*'

• Strong's Dictionary: properly, to boil up, i.e., (figuratively) to be peevish or angry

- PAAL (QAL)
- · To be angry
- to look sorrowful or sullen
- To be sad, to fret, to be morose

DERIVATIONS

זעף zä'-äf

n.ms.

Derivation: ז-ע-ף: to boil up

- 1. Anger rage
- 2. Raging (of the sea)

Concordance: Indignation

Strong's Dictionary: anger

ז-ע-ק: to shriek

זָעַק|zä-äk': Cry (Out)

- Concordance: Cry
- Strong's Dictionary: to shriek (from anguish or danger); by analogy, (as a herald) to announce or convene publicly

PAAL (QAL)

- To cry out, to exclaim, to lament
- To implore

DERIVATIONS

זעק zä-äk'

n.ms.

Derivation: ז-ע-ק: to shriek

1. Outcry, complaint, lamentation

Concordance: Cry

Strong's Dictionary: a shriek or outcry

NIPHAL

- To be called together
- To assemble

•

- HIPHIL
- To cry out
- To call or call upon •
- To call together, to assemble

• To be angry, enraged

NIPHAL

• To be provoked to anger

15

ז-ק-ן: to be old

זקו zä-kān'

14 4 1		
• Strong's Dictionary: to be old		
PAAL (QAL)	HIPHIL	
• To be or grow old	To grow old	
DERIVATIONS		
זקן zä-kān'	זקנָה zēk-nä'	
adj.	n.fs	
Derivation: 1-7-1: to be old	Derivation: ד-ק-ן: to be old	

Derivation: 1-7-1: to be old 1. Old, aged 1. Old age Concordance: Ancient Concordance: Old Strong's Dictionary: old Strong's Dictionary: old age

ד-ק-ק: to strain

זָקק zä-käk': Refine/Purge/Purify

- Concordance: Refine
- Strong's Dictionary: to strain, (figuratively) extract, clarify
 - PAAL (QAL)
- PIEL To refine, to purify

- To tie fast, to bind
- To strain, to refine
- To pour out

77

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ד-ר-ה: to toss about

זָרָה |zä-rä ': Cast Away/Winnow/Fan

- Concordance: Cast
- Strong's Dictionary: to toss about; by implication, to diffuse, winnow

· To be scattered

NIPHAL

- PAAL (QAL)
- To scatter, to disperse
- To winnow
- To spread out

DERIVATIONS

מזרֶה mēz-re' n.ms.

Derivation: ז-ר-ה: to toss about

1. Winnowing fan or shovel

Concordance: Fan

Strong's Dictionary: a winnowing shovel (as scattering the chaff)

ד-ר-ח: to irradiate

זָרַח |zä-räḥ': Rise/Arise

- Concordance: Rise (Up)
- Strong's Dictionary: properly, to irradiate (or shoot forth beams), i.e., to rise (as the sun); specifically, to appear (as a symptom of leprosy)

PUAL

PUAL

To be scattered, to be spread

out, to be strawn

To be refined

•

PIEL

To spread abroad, to scatter, to

To winnow, to shake out, to

disperse

sift

•

PAAL (QAL)

- To rise (of the sun)
- To flash up, to shine forth
- To break out, to grow up, to bloom

DERIVATIONS

mēz-räh'

n.ms.

Derivation: ז-ר-ח: to irradiate

1. Rising of the sun, sunrise

2. East

Concordance: East

Strong's Dictionary: sunrise, i.e., the east

to gush ז-ר-ם

זָר<u></u>ם *zä-räm* '

• Strong's Dictionary: to gush (as water)

PAAL (QAL)

• To wash away, to inundate, to overwhelm, to bear away

DERIVATIONS

zɛ'-rɛm] זֶרֶם

n.ms.

Derivation: ז-ר-ם: to gush

1. Shower (of rain), storm, hailstorm, flood

Concordance: Storm

Strong's Dictionary: a gush of water

ז-ר-ע: to sow

זרע zä-rä': Sow/Set/Sower

• Concordance: Sow

- Strong's Dictionary: to sow; figuratively, to disseminate, plant, fructify
- NIPHAL PUAL HIPHIL PAAL (QAL) • To scatter, to disperse · To be scattered • To be sown To bear seed, to yield seed • • To strew seed, to sow, to plant • To be sown, to be propagated To conceive seed • DERIVATIONS זרוּע]zā-rü'-ä זרע zɛ'-rä מזרע mēz-rä' n.ms. n.ms n.ms.

Issue, semen virile, progeny, posterity,

Derivation: ז-ר-ע: to sow

Sowing, sowing time
 Seed, corn, crop

family, race

Concordance: Seed

Derivation: ז-ר-ע: to sow

1. Field, sown field, place which is sown

Concordance: Sow

Strong's Dictionary: a planted field

Concordance: Sow

Derivation: ז-ר-ע: to sow

1. Thing sown, garden herb

 Strong's Dictionary: something sown, i.e., a
 Strong's Dictionary: seed; figuratively, fruit, plant, sowing-time, posterity
 Strong's Dictionary: seed; figuratively, fruit, plant, sowing-time, posterity

3.

ד-ר-ק: to sprinkle

זָרַק|zä-räk': Sprinkle/Scatter

• Concordance: Scatter

• Strong's Dictionary: to sprinkle (fluid or solid particles)

PAAL (QAL)

• To rise (of the sun)



• To flash up, to shine forth

• To break out, to grow up, to bloom

ח|**h**ɛt

to secrete ה-ב-א: to

הב

הָבָא hä-vä': Hide (Self)/Do Secretly/Held (as an idiom)

Concordance: Hide

Strong's Dictionary: to secrete	!
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PAAL (QAL) To hide 	NIPHAL • To hide or conceal oneself, to lie hid, to be hidden	PUAL • To be forced to hide oneself	HIPHIL • To hide, to conceal	HUPHAL To be hidden 	HITHPAEL • To hide or conceal oneself
	To step back				
DERIVATIONS					
m מַחָבָה	ä-ḥ ^ä -vā'				
n.ı	ms.				
Derivation: ח-ב-א: to s	ecrete				
1. Hiding place					
Concordance: Hide					
Strong's Dictionary: a	refuge				
ד-ב-ש: to knock out or off					

הבט hä-vät': Beat Off or Out

NIPHAL
• To be beaten out or threshed

ל-ב-ל to wind tightly (like a rope)

חָבַל *hä-väl': Destroy/Spoil*

• Concordance: Destroy

• Strong's Dictionary: to wind tightly (as a rope), i.e., to bind; specifically, by a pledge; figuratively, to pervert, destroy; also to writhe in pain (especially of parturition)

sorrows

destroy

forth with pain

•

•

•

PIEL

To labor in childbirth or bring

To spoil, injure, ravish or

To writhe with pains or

PAAL (QAL)

- To tighten a cord, to twist, to To be destroyed
 - To be injured

NIPHAL

- To bind by a pledge, to take a pledge from
- To spoil or corrupt
- To act corruptly or wickedly

DERIVATIONS

•

bind

אָן הַבָל hā'-vɛl or אָבָל|ḥɛ'-vɛl|

n.ms.

- PUAL
- To be broken
- To be diminished

⊓ Roots

Derivation: ח-ב-ל: to wind tightly (like a rope)

- 1. A cord or rope, a line, noose or snare
- 2. A measuring line, portion of land or district
- 3. A band (of men), a company or troop
- 4. Destruction
- 5. Pain, pangs
- 6. Pains of birth

Concordance: Pang

Strong's Dictionary: *a rope* (as twisted); especially *a measuring line*; by implication, *a district* or *inheritance* (as measured); or *a noose* (as of cords); figuratively, *a company* (as if tied together); *a throe* (especially of parturition); also *ruin*

to join ה-ב-ר

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חָבַר hä-vär'
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• Strong's Dictionary: to join (literally or figuratively); specifically (by means of spells) to fascinate

 PAAL (QAL) To join together, to adhere, to unite To bind, to fascinate, to conjure, to charm To be marked with stripes or lines, to be variegated DERIVATIONS	 PIEL To connect, to join together, to bind, to unite To bring into fellowship, to make alliance 	 PUAL To be joined or bound together To be associated with, to have fellowship 	HIPHILTo string together, to composeTo make or enter into confederacy	HITHPAELTo join in fellowship, to make a leagueTo unite oneself
häb-bü-rä'∣חַבּוּרָה		hä-vār'∣חָבֵר		
n.fs.		n.ms.		
Derivation: ח-ב-ר: to join	ר-ב-ר : to join Derivation: ח-ב-ר: to join			
1. Stripe, bruise, wound	1.	Associate, companion, fellow		
Concordance: Bruise Concordance:				
Strong's Dictionary : properly, <i>bound</i> (with stripes), i.e., <i>a weal</i> (or black-and-blue mark itself) Strong's		rong's Dictionary: an associate		

ש-ב-ש: to wrap firmly

חָבָשׁ hä-väsh': Bind (Up)/Healer

• Concordance: Bind (Up)

• Strong's Dictionary: to wrap firmly (especially a turban, compress, or saddle); figuratively, to stop, to rule

PIEL

PAAL (QAL)

To bind up

· To bind fast or restrain

PUAL To be bound up

- To bind on or to, to wrap aroundTo bind up a wound
- To saddle
- To cover, to envelop, to enclose
- To bind fast or shut up
- To bind by allegiance, to rule or govern

הג

ג-ג-ז: to to move in a circle

ו<u>קג</u>ג *hä-gäg* '

• Strong's Dictionary: properly, to move in a circle, i.e., (specifically) to march in a sacred procession, to observe a *festival*; by implication, to be giddy

PAAL (QAL)

• To dance, to keep a festival, to move in a procession

• To reel, to be giddy

DERIVATIONS

häg∣⊓ָג

n.ms.

Derivation: ה-ג-ג to to move in a circle

- 1. Festival, feast
- 2. Festival sacrifice, victim

Concordance: Sacrifice

Strong's Dictionary: *a festival*, or *a victim* therefor

הד

ד-ד-ד: to be flabby

וּחָדַל hä-däl': Cease/End

• Concordance: Cease

• Strong's Dictionary: properly, to be flabby, i.e., (by implication) desist; (figuratively) be lacking or idle

PAAL (QAL)

- To cease, to leave off
- To refrain, to desist, to abstain
- To quiet, to resign
- To rest

DERIVATIONS

hɛ'-dɛl|חֶדֶל

n.ms.

Derivation: ח-ד-ל: to be flabby

1. Resting place of the dead, grave, Hades

Concordance: World

Strong's Dictionary: rest, i.e., the state of the dead

ש-ד-ד: to be new

שָׁרַש: hä-däsh': Repair

- Concordance: Repair
- Strong's Dictionary: to be new; causatively, to rebuild

PIEL

• To renew, to restore

DERIVATIONS

hō-dɛsh' הוֹדֶשׁ

n.ms.

Derivation: $n-r-\psi$: to be new

- 1. The new moon, the day of the new moon
- $2. \ Lunar month, month$

Concordance: New Moon

Strong's Dictionary: *the new moon*; by implication, *a month*

הר

to twist or whirl ה-ו-ל

hül: meaning to twist or whirl

- HITHPAEL
- To renew oneself, to make oneself young again

• Concordance: Pain

• Strong's Dictionary: properly, to twist or whirl (in a circular or spiral manner), i.e., (specifically) to dance, to writhe in pain (especially or parturition) or fear; figuratively, to wait, to pervert

to twirl or twist • To writhe • To be in labor • To be afraid, to tremble, to reel	bear child, to oduce cause to bring	PUALTo be bornTo be brought forth	HIPHILTo cause to trembleTo twist, shake or trembleTo wait anxiouslyTo be in labor	HUPHAL • To be born	HITHPAEL • To writhe in pain • To whirl oneself • To wait for
DERIVATIONS					
hä'-yēl חֵיָל		hā'-ēl חַיָל	or אָן	hַ חַלְחָלָה	äl-ḥä-lä'
n.ms.		n.	ms.	n.	fs.
Derivation: ה-ו-ל: to twist or w	hirl	to tv: ה-ו-ל to tv:	vist or whirl	to tv:ה-ו-ל to tv	vist or whirl
 Strength, power, might, valo Forces, a host, an army Ability, wealth, riches Virtue, uprightness, integrity fitness Defence, fortification 		 Army, host Defence, outer fortification, bulwark, wall, rampart 		 Pain Trembling, terror, ar 	nguish
S. Defence, fortification Concordance: Rich		Concordance: Army		Concordance: Pain	
Strong's Dictionary: probably whether of men, means or othe <i>army, wealth, virtue, valor, stro</i>	r resources; an	Strong's Dictionary: a analogy) an entrenchm		Strong's Dictionary: w by implication, <i>terror</i>	vrithing (in childbirth);

ס-ו-ס to cover

חוס *hüs*

• Strong's Dictionary: properly, to cover, i.e., (figuratively) to compassionate

PAAL (QAL)

- · To commiserate, to pity, to have compassion
- to spare

77

π -r- π to gaze at or perceive, contemplate

חָזָה /hä-zä': See/Behold/Look/Prophesy

• Concordance: See

• Strong's Dictionary: to gaze at; mentally to perceive, contemplate (with pleasure); specifically, to have a vision of

PAAL (QAL)

- To see in vision
- To look upon, to contemplate
- To choose or select
- To see, look, behold or gaze

DERIVATIONS

hō-zε'∣חֹזֶה

n.ms.

Derivation: ח-ז-ה to gaze at or perceive, contemplate

- 1. Seer, prophet, astrologer
- 2. Covenant

חַזוֹן|ḥä-zōn'

n.ms.

- Derivation: ח-ז-ה to gaze at or perceive, contemplate
- 1. A divine vision
- 2. A divine revelation

חָזוֹת hä-zōth'

n.fs.

Derivation: ח-ד-ה to gaze at or perceive, contemplate

1. Vision, revelation

	3. An oracle or prophecy	
Concordance: See	Concordance: Vision	Concordance: N/A
Strong's Dictionary : <i>a beholder in vision</i> ; also <i>a compact</i> (as looked upon with approval)	Strong's Dictionary : <i>a sight</i> (mentally), i.e., <i>a dream, revelation or oracle</i>	Strong's Dictionary: a revelation
חָזוּת ḥä-züth'		
n.fs.		
Derivation: ח-ז-ה to gaze at or perceive, contemplate		
 Appearance, aspect A vision (prophetic) A revelation, law, covenant 		
Concordance: Vision		
Strong's Dictionary : <i>a look</i> ; hence (figuratively) <i>striking appearance, revelation</i> , or (by implication) <i>compact</i>		

דו-ד-ק: to fasten upon

hä-zäk': Strong/Recover/Encourage/Good Courage/Take Hold

- Concordance: Take Hold
- Strong's Dictionary: to fasten upon; hence, to seize, be strong (figuratively, courageous, causatively strengthen, cure, help, repair, fortify), obstinate; to bind, restrain, conquer

 PAAL (QAL) To bind, to be bound fast, to be attached To hold fast, to stick fast, to conquer To make firm, to support, to strengthen, to support, to preserve To be firm, to be strong, to confirm, to be courageous To be urgent 	To mak to encorTo stren	PIEL fast, to gird e strong, to make firm, urage ngthen or support len, to obdurate	 HIPHIL To bind fast To adhere, to hold fa seize, to retain, to ke To make strong or fi strengthen To be strong or firm 	ist, to ep rm, to	 HITHPAEL To be confirmed or established To show oneself stronger or energetic, to be courageous, to be valiant To aid, to assist, to be helpful
DERIVATIONS					
חָזָק ḥä-zäk'		אַן תָזְקָה hַזְקָה	ед-ка		
adj.		n.t	fs.		
Derivation: ח-ז-ק: to fasten upon	ntion: ח-ז-ק: to fasten upon Derivation: ח-ז-ק: to fa		sten upon		
 Firm, hardened, sound, powerful, Strong, mighty, valiant 	violent	1. Strength, the growing overcoming	g strong, the		
Concordance: Strong		Concordance: Strong			

Strong's Dictionary: *strong* (usually in a bad *sense, hard, bold, violent*)

חזקיה: Hezekiah

חזָקיָה|hēz-kēy-yä'

pers. pro.

Derivation: combination of חַזָּק (to fasten upon or seize) and יה (Jah, the sacred name of Jehovah, a contraction from (יָה וָה וָה)

1. Hezekiah

Concordance: Hezekiah

Strong's Dictionary: from אָרָה and הָזָר strengthened of Jah; Chizkijah, a king of Judah, also the name of two other Israelites

יְחָזְקיָה אַ yɛ-hēz-kēy-yä'

Strong's Dictionary: prevailing power

pers. pro.

Derivation: combination of ירוּשָא (great grandmother to Hezekiah), and יה (Jah, the sacred name of Jehovah, a contraction from (יה וָה

- 1. Hezekiah
- Concordance: Hezekiah

Strong's Dictionary: from יָרוּשָׁא and יָרוּשָׁא strengthened of Jah; Jechizkijah, the name of five Israelites

Roots

הט

to miss ה-ט-א

וּקָטָא|*ḥä-tä* ': to miss

- Concordance: Sin
- Strong's Dictionary: properly to miss; hence (figuratively and generally) to sin; by inference, to forfeit, lack, explate, repent, (causative) lead astray, condemn

sin

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hät-tä'

- PAAL (QAL)
- To miss, to fail
- To sin, to forfeit
- To endanger

DERIVATIONS

hāt∣חַטא

n.ms.

Derivation: ח-ט-א: to miss

- 1. Sin, transgression, fault
- 2. Punishment of sin

Concordance: Sin

Strong's Dictionary: a crime or its penalty

חַטָאָה|hät-tä-ä'

n.fs.

Derivation: ח-ט-א: to miss

- 1. Sinner, sinfulness
- 2. Sin, penalty for sin
- 3. Sacrifice for sin

Concordance: N/A

Strong's Dictionary: an offense (sometimes habitual sinfulness), and its penalty, occasion, sacrifice, or expiation; also (concretely) an offender

ם-ט-ח: to stop

וְקָטַם /*ḥä-täm*': Refrain

- Concordance: Refrain
- Strong's Dictionary: to stop

PAAL (QAL)

• To muzzle, to limit, to restrain

חטר: from an unused root of uncertain signification

hō'-tεr∣hō

n.ms.

Derivation: חטר: from an unused root of uncertain signification

1. Branch, sucker, shoot, twig, rod

Concordance: Rod

Strong's Dictionary: a twig

accounted guilty

Derivation: ח-ט-א: to miss

2. One who bears blame, culpable

Strong's Dictionary: a criminal, or one

PIEL

To atone, expiate or cleanse

1. Sinner

Concordance: Sin

To bear the blame

from sin

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הַטַאת|hät-täth'

n.fs.

Derivation: ח-ט-א: to miss

- 1. Sin, sinfulness, transgression
- 2. A sin offering, atonement
- 3. Penalty, (hence) calamity, misfortune

Concordance: N/A

Strong's Dictionary: an offense (sometimes habitual sinfulness), and its penalty, occasion, sacrifice, or expiation; also (concretely) an offender

n.ms.

Derivation: ח-ט-א: to miss

HIPHIL

To lead into sin or seduce into

To declare guilty, to condemn

To miss the mark, to fail

- 1. Sin, guilt, punishment
 - 2. Sacrifice for sin

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- Concordance: Sin

Strong's Dictionary: an offense, and the penalty or sacrifice for it

HITHPAEL

To miss one's way or wander

To purify oneself

אָקאָה hä-tä-ä' or אַמאַה|hä-tä-ä'

n.fs.

הי

ה-י-ה: to live

חָיָה hä-yä': Live/Nourish Up/Recover/Revive

- Concordance: Live
- Strong's Dictionary: to live, whether literally or figuratively; causatively, to revive

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PAAL (QAL)	PIEL	HIPHIL
To live, to exist	• To make alive, to enliven, to give life, to	• To keep alive, to preserve in life
To enjoy life, to continue safe and sound	animate, to quicken	To restore to life

To keep alive, to preserve, to refresh

To call back to life, to restore life, to rebuild

- To live anew or again, to revive
- To recover health, to be healed, to be well
 - to recover meanin, to be meaned, to

DERIVATIONS

חַי hä'-ē adj.

uuj.

- Derivation: ה-י-ה: to live
- 1. Alive, living, lively, vigorous
- 2. Raw, fresh, running (water)
- 3. (in exclamation) By the life of, as one lives
- 4. (subs. pl.) Life, livelihood, refreshment

Concordance: Life

Strong's Dictionary: *alive*; hence, *raw* (flesh); *fresh* (plant, water, year), *strong*; also (as noun, especially in the feminine singular and masculine plural) *life* (or *living thing*), whether literally or figuratively

קך

π-כ-π: to adhere to

חָכָה *ḥä-ḥä': Wait*

- Concordance: Wait
- Strong's Dictionary: properly, to adhere to; hence, to await

PAAL (QAL)

· To wait for, to hope

- PIEL
- · To wit for, to hope, to expect, to long for, to tarry

חל

הלב: from an unused root meaning to be fat

ḥā'-lɛv or חֵלָה|hɛ'-lɛv

n.ms.

Derivation: חלב: from an unused root meaning to be fat

- 1. Fat, fatness, fat marrow
- 2. The best and most excellent part

Concordance: Fat

Strong's Dictionary: fat, whether literally or figuratively; hence, the richest or choice part

ה-ל-ה: to be rubbed or worn

חָלָה hä-lä': Disease/Grief/Weak/Sick

- Concordance: Sick
- Strong's Dictionary: properly, to be rubbed or worn; hence (figuratively) to be weak, sick, afflicted; or (causatively) to grieve, make sick; also to stroke (in flattering), entreat

			ת Roots			
 PAAL (QAL) To wear down in strength, to be infirm To be sick, ill or diseased, to be languid, or weak To be pained, to suffer 	 NIPHAL To be worn down in strength, to become weary To be or become sick, to be incurable, to be grieved To be careful, to be solicitous 	 PIEL To stroke, to smooth To flatter, to implore To make sick or ill, to afflict 	PUAL • To be made weak, to become sick	 HIPHIL To make sick or grievous (of a wound), to show sickness To make sad 	HUPHAL • To be wounded	 HITHPAEL To become sick To feign oneself sickness
DERIVATIONS						
לי	ָהֲ ḥ̄-lē'					
	n.ms.					
Derivation: ה-ל-ה: t	to be rubbed or worn					
 Disease, sickness Affliction, sadnes Evil, calamity 						
Concordance: Sick						
Strong's Dictionary calamity	y: malady, anxiety,					

ל-ל to bore

חָלל |hä-läl': Defile/Pollute/Profane/Wound

- Concordance: Pollute
- Strong's Dictionary: to bore, i.e., (by implication) to wound, to dissolve; figuratively, to profane (a person, place or thing), to break (one's word), to begin (as if by an 'opening wedge'); to play (the flute)

 PAAL (QAL) To be pierced through, to be perforated, to be wounded To loose, to lay open 	NIPHA • ,To be defiled, t profaned		• dissolve to ant) to give ofane, to bute, to	PUAL To be wounded, to be pierced, to be perforated	HIPHIL • To loose, to set free • To break, to profane • To begin, to open
DERIVATIONS					
חַלָל hä-lä	,	רִקלָה t²-hַ	ēl-lä'		
n.fs.		n.fs.			
Derivation: ה-ל-ל: to bore		Derivation: ח-ל-ל to bore			
 Pierced through Profane 		1. Beginning, commencement			
Concordance: Slay		Concordance: Beginning			
Strong's Dictionary: pierced death); figuratively, polluted		Strong's Dictionary : <i>a con</i> relatively original (adverb			

ד-ל-ם: to bind firmly

חָלָם / ḥä-läm ': Dream(er)/Recover

• Concordance: Dream

• Strong's Dictionary: properly, to bind firmly, i.e., (by implication) to be (causatively to make) plump; also (through the figurative sense of dumbness) to dream

PAAL (QAL)

To be fat or fleshy, to become robust

• To be strong

• To dream

HIPHIL

- To cause to recover
- To make strong or sound
- To cause to dream

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DERIVATIONS

ואָלוֹם n.ms. Derivation: ר-ל-ס ווירלים 1. Dream Concordance: Dream Strong's Dictionary: a dream

to pull off :ה-ל-ץ

אָלא läts': Pull or Put Off/Strip/Arm (self)/Armed (man)/Make Fat

- Concordance: Fat
- Strong's Dictionary: to pull off; hence (intensively) to strip, (reflexive) to depart; by implication, to deliver, equip (for fight); present, strengthen

 PAAL (QAL) To draw off, to loose or pull off (shoes) To withdraw, to draw out, to depart To equip, to make ready for battle (part.) Warrior 	 NIPHAL To be set free, to be delivered, to be drawn out To gird or arm oneself, to be equipped or prepared for war 	 PIEL To draw out, to take away To set free, to extricate, to deliver To rob To spoil or despoil 	 HIPHIL To make active or vigorous, to make strong To arm
DERIVATIONS			
mä-ḥ ^ä -lä-tsōt מַהַלָצוֹת	th'		
n.fp.			
Derivation: ה-ל-ץ: to pull off			
 Splendid or costly garments, fest garments 	tive		
Concordance: Apparel			
Strong's Dictionary : <i>a mantle</i> (as e off)	easily drawn		

ד-ל-ק: to be smooth

חָלק *ḥä-läk': Divide/Smooth*

- Concordance: Divide
- Strong's Dictionary: to be smooth (figuratively); by implication (as smooth stones were used for lots) to apportion or separate

PAAL (QAL)	NIPHAL	PIEL	PUAL	HIPHIL	HITHPAEL		
 To be smooth, to be hypocritical To divide, to distribute To divide into shares To despoil, to spoil, to plunder 	 To be divided, to be apportioned, to be parted To be allotted To be formed into divisions 	 To divide, to distribute, to allot To disperse, to scatter 	To be divided outTo be dispersed	 To make smooth, to make the tongue smooth, to flatter To take one's shares 	 To divide among selves 		
DERIVATIONS	DERIVATIONS						
חָלָק hä-läk'		אֶלְקָה ḥɛl-kä'					
n.ms.		n.fs.					
Derivation: ח-ל-ק: to b	e smooth	Derivation: ח-ל-ק: to b	e smooth				
1. Smooth, bald, bare		1. Smoothness					
2. Hypocritical, lying		2. Portion, part					
Concordance: Smooth		Concordance: Smooth					
Strong's Dictionary: pr figuratively, <i>flattery</i> ; al	1 .	Strong's Dictionary : properly, <i>smoothness</i> ; figuratively, <i>flattery</i> ; also <i>an allotment</i>					

ש-ל-ש: to prostrate

שָּׁלָש hä-läsh': Weaken/Waste Away

- Concordance: Weak
- Strong's Dictionary: to prostrate; by implication, to overthrow, decay

PAAL (QAL)

- To prostrate, to vanquish, to overthrow
- To be weak, to waste away, to be frail, to be feeble

הם

ד-מ-ד: to delight in

וּחָמִד /hä-mäd': Desire/Delectable Things/Pleasant Things

• Concordance: Desire

• Strong's Dictionary: to delight in

 PAAL (QAL) To desire, to covet, to long for To delight (part.) Desirable, costly 	NIPHAL • To be desirable, to be pleasant or agreeable • To be costly or precious • To be precious	PIEL To feel delight
DERIVATIONS		
אָקד hɛ'-mɛd	תָמִדָּה hɛm-dä'	מַקמָד/mäḥ-mäd'
n.ms.	n.fs.	n.ms.
Derivation: ה-מ-ד: to delight in	Derivation: ח-מ-ד: to delight in	Derivation: ה-מ-ד: to delight in
 Beauty, desirableness, pleasantness, loveliness 	 Desire, regret, wish, longing Desired thing, delight Pleasantness, loveliness, delight 	 Desire, object of desire Grace, beauty Something precious
Concordance: Wine	Concordance: Pleasant	Concordance: Pleasant
Strong's Dictionary: delight	Strong's Dictionary: delight	Strong's Dictionary : <i>delightful</i> ; hence, <i>a delight</i> , i.e., <i>object of affection</i> or <i>desire</i>

to commiserate : ה-מ-ל

<u>הְמ</u>ָל: <u>h</u>ä-mäl'

• Strong's Dictionary: to commiserate; by implication, to spare

- PAAL (QAL)
- To be mild, gentle
- To have compassion on, to pity
- To spare, forebear

DERIVATIONS

hɛm-lä'|הָמְלָה

n.fs.

Derivation: ח-מ-ל: to commiserate

- 1. Mercy, gentleness
- **Concordance**: Pity

Strong's Dictionary: commiseration

ם-מ-ם: to be hot

חָמִם hä-mäm': Warm/Inflame

• Concordance: Warm

• Strong's Dictionary: to be hot (literally or figuratively)

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NIPHAL

To be made hot, to be burning

PAAL (QAL)

To be or become warm

HITHPAEL To make oneself warm

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⊓ Roots (part.) Burning To hatch • to burn, to glow DERIVATIONS hōm∣hōm häm-mä' חמן häm-män' n.ms. n.fs. n.ms. Derivation: ח-מ-ם: to be hot Derivation: ח-מ-ם: to be hot Derivation: ח-מ-ם: to be hot 1. Heat, warmth 2. Heat, warmth 1. Sun-pillar 2. Idol of Baal 3. Sun Concordance: Heat Concordance: Sun Concordance: Image Strong's Dictionary: heat Strong's Dictionary: a sun-pillar Strong's Dictionary: heat; by implication, the sun

יה-מ-ץ: to be pungent

הָמֵץ|hä-māts': Dyed

• Concordance: Dye

• Strong's Dictionary: to be pungent; i.e., in taste (sour, i.e., literally fermented, or figuratively, harsh), in color (dazzling)

PAAL (QAL)

To act violently

- To be sharp, to be sour, to be salted, to be leavened
- To be of a bright color, to be deep red or purple

HIPHIL

· To be embittered, to be bitterly moved, to be excited

DERIVATIONS

hä-mōts' הַמוֹץ

n.ms.

Derivation: רח-מ-ץ: to be pungent

1. Oppressor, violent man

Concordance: Oppress

Strong's Dictionary: properly, *violent*; by implication, *a robber*

ד-מ-ר to boil up

hä-mär ' חָמַר

• Strong's Dictionary: to boil up; hence, to ferment (with scum); to glow (with redness); to smear with pitch

 PAAL (QAL) To boil, to seethe To ferment, to swell up, to boil up To be red To pitch, to daub or cover with bitumen 	POALALTo bubble upTo burn	
DERIVATIONS		
$ {ar h}^{ m a}{ m -mar or}$		
n.ms.		
Derivation: ה-מ-ר: to boil up		
 Ass Heap, load 		
Concordance: Ass		
Strong's Dictionary : <i>a male ass</i> (from its dun red)		

ממשה: a primitive number

אָקמש hä-māsh'

n.cs.

Derivation: חמש: a primitive number

- 1. Five
- 2. The fifth part

Concordance: Five

Strong's Dictionary: five

חך

to incline : ה-נ-ה

חָנָה *hä-nä*': Dwell/Camp

- Concordance: Dwell
- Strong's Dictionary: properly, to incline; by implication, to decline (of the slanting rays of evening); specifically, to pitch a tent; generally to encamp (for abode or siege)

PAAL (QAL)

- To bend down, to incline
- To encamp
- To settle or dwell, to inhabit
- To encamp against, to besiege, to defend

DERIVATIONS

mä-ḥ^ä-nɛ|מַחָנָה

n.ms.

Derivation: ה-נ-ה: to incline

- 1. Camp, encampment
- 2. Army, host, troop
- 3. Band, station of priests

Concordance: Camp

Strong's Dictionary: *an encampment* (of travelers or troops); hence, *an army*, whether literal (of soldiers) or figurative (of dancers, angels, cattle, locusts, stars; or even the sacred courts)

י-ז-ד: to bend or stoop in kindness to an inferior

וחָנַן hä-nän': Show Favor/Be Gracious

- Concordance: Gracious
- Strong's Dictionary: properly, to bend or stoop in kindness to an inferior; to favor, bestow; causatively to implore (i.e., move to favor by petition)

 PAAL (QAL) To be inclined towards, to be favorably inclined, to favor someone, to be gracious or kind 	NIPHAI • To be pitied, to complain	PIELTo make acceptable, to be favorable, to pityTo make lovely	To receiv	HOPHAL ve favor, to be to be pitied	HITHPAEL • To seek mercy, to implore
 To pity, to have mercy, to bestow 					
• To give graciously, to be compassionate, to be an object of pity					
DERIVATIONS					
אָנָם∣ḥēn-nä	m'				
adv.					
Derivation: ח-נ-ן: to bend or to an inferior	stoop in kindness				
 Gratis, gratuitously, for no In vain Without cause, rashly, und 					
Concordance: Naught					

Strong's Dictionary: gratis, i.e., devoid of cost, reason or advantage

to soil : ה-נ-ף

- חָנֵף *ḥä-nāf': Defile*
- Concordance: Defile
- Strong's Dictionary: to soil, especially in a moral sense

PAAL (QAL)

- To profane, to pollute, to defile
- To be wicked, to sin
- To be profaned, to be desecrated, to be unclean

HIPHIL To make

- To make profane, to pollute
- To seduce

הס

ד-ס-ד: to bow (the neck only)

וּחָסַד|*ḥä-säd`*

• Strong's Dictionary: properly, perhaps to bow (the neck only in courtesy to an equal), i.e., to be kind; also (by euphemistically, but rarely) to reprove

PAAL (QAL)	PIEL	HITHPAEL
To love, to desire	• To put to shame, to insult, to reproach	To show oneself gracious
• To envy		
DERIVATIONS		
hɛ'-sɛd תָּסָד		
n.ms.		
Derivation: ח-ש-ד: to bow (the neck only)		
1. Zeal, love, kindness, benevolence, good-will, favor, benefit, mercy, grace, piety		
2. Beauty		
 Ardor against, envy, reproach, shame disgrace 		
Concordance: Kind		
Strong's Dictionary : <i>kindness</i> ; by implication (towards God) <i>piety</i> ; rarely (by opposition) <i>reproof</i> , or (subjectively) <i>beauty</i>		

π - σ - π : to flee for protection

חָסָה *ḥä-sä* ': (Put) Trust (In)

- Concordance: Trust
- Strong's Dictionary: to flee for protection; figuratively, to confide in

PAAL (QAL)

- To flee, to take refuge
- To trust

DERIVATIONS

hä-süth' הָסוּת

n.fs.

Derivation: ח-ס-ה: to flee for protection

1. Refuge, refuge-seeking

Concordance: Trust

 ${\small {\bf Strong's \ Dictionary: } confidence}$

mä-h^ä-se' מַחָסָה

n.ms.

Derivation: ה-ס-ה: to flee for protection

1. Refuge, shelter

Concordance: Refuge

Strong's Dictionary: *a shelter* (literally or figuratively)

п Roots

ד-ם-ד: to compact or be co	ד-ס-ד: to compact or be compact					
חָסָן <i>hä-sän': Lay Up/Hoard</i>						
 Concordance: Lay/Lie Strong's Dictionary: proper 	y, to (be) compact; by in	mplication, to hoard				
PAAL (QAL)To bind togetherTo be wealthy, to lay up, to heap up in st	ore	NIPHAL To be laid up 				
DERIVATIONS		1				
אָסון hä-sōn' or אָסון ḥä-sōn'	hַ חֹסֶן	ō'-sɛn				
adj.	n.	ms.				
Derivation: ח-ס-ן: to compact or be compac	et Derivation: ח-ס-ן: to c	compact or be compact				
1. Strong, mighty, powerful	1. Riches, treasure, ab	undance, wealth, might				
Concordance: Strong	Concordance: Strong					
Strong's Dictionary: powerful	Strong's Dictionary: v	vealth				
ד-ם-ר: to lack						
הַסָר <i>אָם h</i> a-sār': Fail						
Concordance: Fail						
• Strong's Dictionary: to lack	; by implication, to fail,	want, lessen				
PAAL (QAL)PIELHIPHIL• To suffer want• To cause to want• To cause to fail• To fail• To lessen, to be decreased, to be diminished• To want, to lack• To want, to lack• To want, to lack• To want, to lack						
ন্ন						
ח-ם-ה: to cover						
חִפָּה <i>ḥä-fä</i> '						
• Strong's Dictionary: to cove	r; by implication, to vei	l, to encase, protect				
PAAL (QAL)	NIPHAL	PIEL	PUAL			
	be overlaid, to be covered	To overlay	• To be covered			
To protect To be protected						
DERIVATIONS						
hüp-pä' אָקָרָאָן אָשָרָאָן אָשָרָאָן אָשָרָאָן אָשָרָאָן אָשָרָאָן אָשָרָאָן אָשָרָאָן אָשָרָאָן אָשָרָאָן אָש						
	n.fs.					
Derivation: ה-פ-ה: to cover 1. Covering, tent, canopy						
2. Bride-chamber						
Concordance: Defense						
Strong's Dictionary: a canopy						

γ-**-**-π: to incline to

וְתָפֵץ hä-fāts': Delight/Please

- Concordance: Delight
- Strong's Dictionary: properly, *to incline to*; by implication (literally but rarely) *to bend*; figuratively, *to be pleased with, desire*

PAAL (QAL)

- To bend, to curve
- To bow, to incline, to be favorable

• To find pleasure in, to have an affection to, to delight in, to desire

DERIVATIONS

hā'-fɛts חֵפָץ	אן∣hɛph-tsē'-bä
n.ms.	pronoun
Derivation: א-פ-ר: to incline to	Derivation: א-פ-ץ: to incline to
 Delight Desire, will Something precious Pursuit, ardor 	1. Hephzi-bah
Concordance: Pleasure	Concordance: Delight
Strong's Dictionary : <i>pleasure</i> ; hence (abstractly) <i>desire</i> ; concretely, <i>a valuable</i> <i>thing</i> ; hence (by extension) <i>a matter</i> (as something in mind)	Strong's Dictionary : <i>Cheptsi-bah</i> , a fanciful name for Palestine

ד-פ-ר: to blush

וחָפָר hä-fār': Be Ashamed/Be Confounded/Put to Shame

- Concordance: Confounded
- Strong's Dictionary: to blush; figuratively, to be ashamed, disappointed; causatively, to shame, reproach

PAAL (QAL)

- To turn red, to blush, to be ashamed
- To be disappointed

- HIPHIL
- To put to shame, to be ashamedTo cause dishonor

חץ

ם-צ-ה: to cut or carve

חָצַב|hä-tsäv': Hew/Cut/Make

- Concordance: Hew
- Strong's Dictionary: to cut or carve (wood, stone or other material); by implication, to hew, split, square, quarry, engrave

PAAL (QAL)To cut, to hew, to splitTo slay, to kill	NIPHAL • To be engraved	PUAL • To be hewn out	HIPHIL To slay, to destroy

ה-צ-ה: to cut or split in two

חָצָה hä-tsä': Reach To the Midst

- Concordance: Reach
- Strong's Dictionary: to cut or split in two; to halve

	PAAL (QAL)		NIPHAL
•	To divide, to split, to half	•	To be divided, to be halved
		•	To divide oneself

¬-Ľ-*π*: to surround with a stockade

חָצַר *ḥä-tsär* '

• Strong's Dictionary: properly, to surround with a stockade, and thus separate from the open country; but used only in the reduplicated form הָצֹעְרָה; or הָצֹעְרָה; to trumpet, i.e., blow on that instrument

PAAL (QAL)

• To blow a trumpet, to trumpet

DERIVATIONS

hä-tsār'∣hָמַצֵר

n.ms.

Derivation: ח-צ-ר: to surround with a stockade

1. Court, yard

2. Village, hamlet, country village, enclosure, fence, camp

Concordance: Court

Strong's Dictionary: a yard (as enclosed by a fence); also a hamlet (as similarly surrounded with walls)

חק

ד-ק-ק: to hack

חָקָק hä-käk': Lawgiver/Governor/Grave (to engrave)

- Concordance: Law
- Strong's Dictionary: properly, to hack, i.e., engrave; by implication, to enact (laws being cut in stone or metal tablets in primitive times) or (generally) prescribe

 PAAL (QAL) To carve out, to cut, to engrave, to trace To delineate, to paint To decree, to establish, to ordain, to prescribe 	PIEL • To decree, to ordain • (part.) Leader, ruler, law giver • (part.) Scepter	PUAL To be decreed 	HUPHAL To be engrave, to be inscribe

ב-ר-ב to parch

חָרָב (Be/Make/Lie) Wasted/Dry (Up)

• Concordance: Waste

• Strong's Dictionary: to parch (through drought), i.e., (by analogy) to desolate, destroy, kill

PAAL (QAL)To dry up, to become or be dryTo be desolate, to be laid wasteTo be amazed, astonished	NIPHAL To be laid waste, desolatedTo destroy one another, to fight		PUAL • To be dried		HIPHIL To dry upTo lay waste, to destroy
DERIVATIONS					
hɛ'-rɛv∣הֶרֶב		הרֶב h	ō'-rɛv		חָרְבָּה ḥōr-bä'
n.fs.		n.1	ns.	n.fs.	
Derivation: ח-ר-ב: to parch	Derivation: ח-ר-ב: to p		arch	Derivation	: ח-ר-ב: to parch
 Sword, knife, or other cutting ins Drought 	trument	 Dryness, drought Desolation, laying w 	vaste	 Dryness, dry places, desert A desolation, a place laid waste, ruins 	
Concordance: Sword		Concordance: Heat		Concorda	nce: Waste
Strong's Dictionary : <i>drought</i> ; also <i>a instrument</i> (from its destructive effe		Strong's Dictionary : d	rought or desolation		victionary : properly <i>drought</i> , i.e., ation) <i>a desolation</i>

ד-ר-ד: to shudder with terror

knife, sword, or other sharp implement

וּחָרֵד /hä-rād': Be Afraid/Quake/Tremble • Concordance: Afraid • Strong's Dictionary: to shudder with terror; hence, to fear; also to hasten (with anxiety) PAAL (QAL) HIPHIL To tremble, to be frightened or afraid, to be anxious • To frighten or terrify, to make a afraid To fear for someone To come trebling or with trepidation, to hasten DERIVATIONS חָרֵד|ḥä-rād' adj.

•

Derivation: ח-ר-ד: to shudder with terror

- 1. Trembling, fearful, afraid, anxious
- 2. Reverent

Concordance: Tremble

Strong's Dictionary: fearful; also reverential

ה-ר-ה: to glow or grow warm

הָרָה |hä-rä': Kindle/Incensed/Be Angry

- Concordance: Incensed
- Strong's Dictionary: to glow or grow warm; figuratively (usually) to blaze up, of anger, zeal, jealousy

PAAL (QAL)To burn, to glow with fire, to be kindledTo be angry	• To be a	NIPHAL ngry, incensed	HIPHIL • To cause to burn, to anger • To act zealously, to	kindle	HITHPAEL To grow indignantTo fret oneself
DERIVATIONS					
אָרוֹן ḥä-rōn'		חָרִי hָ	ä-rē'		
n.ms.		n.1	ns.		
Derivation: ח-ר-ה: to glow or grow	warm	Derivation: ח-ר-ה: to g	low or grow warm		
 Heat, anger, burning (of anger) A combustible or burning thing 		1. Heat, anger, heat of a	anger		
Concordance: Fierce		Concordance: Fierce			
Strong's Dictionary : <i>a burning of a</i>	nger	Strong's Dictionary: a anger	burning (i.e., intense)		

ד-ר-ם: to seclude

חָרָם hä-räm': (Utterly) Destroy/Make Accursed

• Concordance: Destroy

• Strong's Dictionary: to seclude; specifically (by a ban) to devote to religious uses (especially destruction); physical and reflexive, to be blunt as to the nose

HIPHIL

- To consecrate, to devote, to dedicate
- To curse
- To extirpate, to destroy utterly

DERIVATIONS

ḥā'-rɛm∣חֵרֶם

n.

Derivation: ח-ר-ם: to seclude

- 1. Net, enticement
- 2. Curse, extermination, thing or person devoted to utter destruction

Concordance: Curse

Strong's Dictionary: physical (as shutting in) *a net* (either literally or figuratively); usually *a doomed object*; abstractly *extermination*

HUPHAL

- To be devoted, to be consecrated
- To be doomed, to be slain, to be exterminated

ק-ר-ה : t	o pull	off
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חָרַף hä-räf': Reproach/Blaspheme/Winter

• Concordance: Reproach

• Strong's Dictionary: to pull off, i.e., (by implication) to expose (as by stripping); specifically, to betroth (as if a surrender); figuratively, to carp at, i.e., defame; to spend the winter:

PAAL (QAL)

NIPHAL To be betrothed

PIEL

- To reproach, to scorn, to despise
- To scorn life, to expose (life)

- To winter, to pass the autumn
- To carp at, to scorn, to reproach, to insult

DERIVATIONS

חָרְפָה hɛr-pä'
n.fs.
Derivation: ח-ר-ף: to pull off
 Reproach, scorn, contempt Something despised, object of reproach Pudenda
Concordance: Reproach
Strong's Dictionary : contumely, disgrace, the pudenda

ד-ר-ץ: to point sharply

חָרִץ ha-rats': Threshing Instrument/Sharp

• Concordance: Instrument

• Strong's Dictionary: properly, to point sharply, i.e., (literally) to wound; figuratively, to be alert, to decide

- PAAL (QAL)
- To cut, to wound
- To sharpen, to bring to a point
- To decide, to determine
- To be sharp, to be zealous or eager, to be quick •

DERIVATIONS

חָרוּץ|hä-rüts'

n.ms.

Derivation: ר-ר-ץ: to point sharply

- 1. Ditch
- 2. Incision
- 3. Decision, judgment
- 4. Thrashing sledge
- 5. (adj.) Sharp, pointed
- 6. (adj.) Zealous, industrious

Concordance: Instrument

Strong's Dictionary: properly, incised or (active) incisive; hence (as noun masculine or feminine) a trench (as dug), gold (as mined), a threshing-sledge (having sharp teeth); (figuratively) determination; also eager

ה-ר-ר to glow

חַרַר *ḥä-rär ': Burn*

• Concordance: Burn

- Strong's Dictionary: to glow, i.e., literally (to melt, burn, dry up) or figuratively (to show or incite passion)
- PAAL (QAL) • To burn, to glow
- To be parched
- To free or be freeborn

DERIVATIONS

hō-rēm'

n.mp. (only pl.)

Derivation: ח-ר-ר: to glow

1. The free, nobles

Concordance: Noble

Strong's Dictionary: properly, white or pure (from the cleansing or shining power of fire); hence (figuratively) noble (in rank)

- NIPHAL
- To be decided, to be decreed

- To kindle
- NIPHAL
- To be burned up, to be scorched • To be heated, to be dried

PILPEL

to scratch יד-ד: to scratch

שָׁרָשׁ hä-räsh': Plow(man) Be Still/Hold Peace (or Tongue)

- Concordance: Plow
- Strong's Dictionary: to scratch, i.e., (by implication) to engrave, plough; hence (from the use of tools) to fabricate (of any material); figuratively, to devise (in a bad sense); hence (from the idea of secrecy) to be silent, to let alone; hence (by implication) to be deaf (as an accompaniment of dumbness)

 PAAL (QAL) To cut, to engrave or inscribe To fabricate, to forge To plow To be deaf, to be silent To be entangled, to devise 	NIPHAL To be plowed 	HIPHIL • To devise, to contrive, to keep silent	HITHPAEL To keep quiet
DERIVATIONS			
hō'-rɛsh הוֹרֶשׁ			
n.ms.			
Derivation: ה-ר-ש: to scratch			
1. Thicket, forest			
Concordance: Bough			
Strong's Dictionary : <i>a forest</i> (perh furnishing the material for fabric)	aps as		

חש

ב-ש-ת: to plait or interpenetrate

קשׁב hä-shäv': Esteem/Regard/(Ac)count/Think

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•

- Concordance: Esteem
- Strong's Dictionary: to plait or interpenetrate, i.e., (literally) to weave or (generally) to fabricate; figuratively, to plot or contrive (usually in a malicious sense); hence (from the mental effort) to think, regard, value, compute

NIPHAL

To be computed, reckoned,

esteemed, to be accounted

To be taken for

To be imputed

PAAL (QAL)

- To think, to meditate
- To devise, invent
- · To esteem or prize
- To impute

DERIVATIONS

מְחֲשָׁבָה mä-h^ä-shä-vä'

n.fs.

Derivation: ח-ש-ב: to plait or interpenetrate

- 1. Thought, intention, purpose, meditation, plan, plot, counsel
- 2. Artificial work, skillful work, fortification work

Concordance: Thought

Strong's Dictionary: *a contrivance*, i.e., (concretely) *a texture, machine*, or (abstractly) *intention, plan* (whether bad, *a plot*; or good, *advice*)

ה-ש-ה: to hush or keep quiet

חִשָּׁה hä-shä': Hold Peace/Keep Silent

• Concordance: Peace

• Strong's Dictionary: to hush or keep quiet

PAAL (QAL)

• To be quiet, to rest, to be inactive, to be silent

PIEL

- To compute, to reckon
- To consider, to think upon
- To think, to mediate

HITHPAEL

To count oneself among

HIPHIL To keep silence, to be quiet, to rest

п Roots

To silence

ד-ש-ד: to be dark

וְזָשֵׁך hä-shäh': Dark(ness)

• Concordance: Dark

• Strong's Dictionary: to be dark (as withholding light); transitively, to darken

• Strong's Dictionary: to be dark (as withholding light); transitively, to da	rкеп
PAAL (QAL)	HIPHIL	
To be or grow dark	• To make dark, to da	ırken
To be obscured	To spread darkness	
DERIVATIONS		
אָשָׁר h̄ō-shɛk'	חָשׁכָה ḥ ^a -shā-ḥä'	
n.ms.	n.fs.	
Derivation: ח-ש-ך: to be dark	Derivation: ח-ש-ך: to be dark	Derivation

1. Darkness

misery

Concordance: Dark

2. Misery, ignorance, falsehood

Strong's Dictionary: darkness, figuratively,

מַהְשָׁך |mäḥ-shäḥ'

n.ms.

Derivation: ח-ש-ך: to be dark

- 1. Darkness
- 2. Obscure or dark place
- 3. Realm of the dead

Concordance: Dark

Strong's Dictionary: *darkness*; concretely, *a dark place*

Strong's Dictionary: *the dark*; hence (literally) *darkness*; figuratively *misery*, *destruction*, *death*, *ignorance*, *sorrow*, *wickedness*

ק-ש-ה: to strip off

2. Misery, ignorance, falsehood

1. Darkness

Concordance: Dark

קְשֵׂף hä-säf': Make Bare/Uncover/Draw (Water)

• Concordance: Bare

• Strong's Dictionary: to strip off, i.e., generally to make naked (for exertion or in disgrace), to drain away or bail up (a liquid)

PAAL (QAL)

- · To strip off, to bare, to uncover, to defoliate
- To draw or take off (water)

ד-ש-ק: to cling

חָשָׁק|hä-shäk': Love

• Concordance: Love

• Strong's Dictionary: to cling, i.e., join, (figuratively) to love, delight in; elliptically; to deliver

 PAAL (QAL) To adhere, to be joined, to be attached to To cleave To like, to love, to delight in, to pleasure 	PIEL To join or fasten together 	PUAL • To be bound together
DERIVATIONS		'
ן <i>חֵ</i> שֶׂק hā'-shɛk		
n.ms.		
Derivation: ח-ש-ק: to cling		
1. Desire, delight		
Concordance: Pleasure		
Strong's Dictionary: delight		
חת		

ה-ה-ת: to prostrate

|הְתָת|hä-thäth': Broken (in Pieces)/Beat Down/Afraid/Dismayed

• Concordance: Break

- Strong's Dictionary: properly, *to prostrate*; hence, *to break down*, either (literally) by violence, or (figuratively) by confusion and fear
 - PAAL (QAL)
- To be dismayed or confounded
- NIPHAL
- To be broken or crushed To be terrified, dismayed or
- alarmed, to be confounded, to be in fear
- To be in despair

•

•

- PIEL
- To be broken (as a bow)To frighten or terrify
- To frighten or terrify

HIPHIL

- To break, to break to pieces
- To frighten, to put to shame, to terrify

tɛt|ט

טב

ה-ב-ח: to slaughter

עָבַח|*tä-väḥ* '

• Strong's Dictionary: to slaughter (animals or men)

PAAL (QAL)

- To kill, to slay, to slaughter
- To cook, to dress

DERIVATIONS

tε'-väḥ

n.ms.

Derivation: ט-ב-ח: to slaughter

1. Slaying, slaughter, killing

2. Slain beast, banquet, meal of meat

Concordance: Slaughter

Strong's Dictionary: properly, *something slaughtered*; hence, *a beast* (or *meat*, as butchered); abstractly *butchery* (or concretely, *a place of slaughter*) Concordance: Slaughter

Derivation: ט-ב-ח: to slaughter

1. Slaying, slaughter, massacre

mät-bā'-äh

n.ms.

Strong's Dictionary: slaughter

20

שהו: from an unused root meaning to lay waste

tō'-hü

n.ms.

Derivation: שהו: from an unused root meaning to lay waste

- 1. Wasteness, desolateness, desolation, desert
- 2. Emptiness, vain, something vain
- 3. (adv.) In vain

Concordance: Vain

Strong's Dictionary: *a desolation* (of surface), i.e., *desert; figuratively, a worthless thing*; adverbially, *in vain*

ד-ה-ר: to be bright

שָהֵר *tä-hār* ': Purify

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• Concordance: Purify

• Strong's Dictionary: to be bright; i.e., (by implication) to be pure (physical sound, clear, unadulterated; Levitically, uncontaminated; morally, innocent or holy)

uncontaminated; mor	ally, <i>innoc</i>	ent or holy)						
PAAL (QAL)		PIEL	PUAL	HITHPAEL				
To shineTo be or become clean or pure,	To purify, to cleanseTo declare		• To be cleansed	To cleanse oneself, to purify oneself				
to be innocent, to be righteous								
DERIVATIONS			1					
tä-hōr' טָהוֹר								
adj.								
Derivation: יט-ה-ר: to be bright								
 Clear, pure, clean Unmixed, unalloyed, purified 								
Concordance: Clean								
Strong's Dictionary : <i>pure</i> (in a physichemical, ceremonial or moral sense								
טו								
ט-ו-ב: to be good								
טוֹב <i>tōv</i>								
• Strong's Dictionary: to	o be (trans	itively, <i>do</i> or <i>n</i>	nake) good (or well) in the	widest sense				
PAAL (QAL)			HIPHIL					
To be good or wellTo be beautiful or lovely, to be pl	easant		To do well, to do rightlyTo do good, to confer benefit	fs				
 To be cheerful, merry or happy, to 		ıble	To make fair, to adorn					
			To make cheerful					
DERIVATIONS								
tōv∣טוֹב			טוּב∣tüv					
adj.			n.ms.					
Derivation: ט-ו-ב: to be good		-ו-ב Derivation: רו-ב	v: to be good					
 Good, kind, upright Goodly, fair, beautiful, lovely 		1. Good things	cellence, that which is the best					
 Boodiy, Ian, beautiful, lovely Pleasant, agreeable, convenient 		 Good unings, Goods, wealt 						
4. Well off, prosperous, happy, fruit	ful	4. Beauty						
 5. Distinguished, great, excellent 6. Cheerful, happy, sound 		 Welfare, hap Gladness, che 	piness, well-being eerfulness					
7. (subst.) The good, the right, virtue	e,	,						
happiness, pleasantness 8. (adv.) Well								
Concordance: Good		Concordance: (Good					
Strong's Dictionary : good (as an ad the widest sense; used likewise as a in the masculine and the feminine, t and the plural (good, a good or good good man or woman; the good, goo things, good men or women), also as	noun, both he singular <i>d thing, a</i> <i>ds</i> or <i>good</i>	widest sense, es	hary : <i>good</i> (as a noun), in the pecially <i>goodness</i> (superlative <i>best</i>), <i>beauty, gladness, welfare</i>					

ד-ו-ח: to smear

(well)

טוח *tü '-äḥ: Shut/Spread Over*

- Concordance: Shut
- Strong's Dictionary: to smear, especially with lime
- PAAL (QAL)
- · To smear, to daub, to plaster, to whitewash, to spread over

NIPHAL • To be plastered

บ Roots

יט-ו-ל to pitch over or reel

טוּל|*tül*

• Strong's Dictionary: to pitch over or reel; hence (transitively) to cast down or out

PILPEL To prostrateTo cast forth, to throw or fling about	HIPHIL • To throw down at length, to cast forth • To prostrate	HUPHAL To be castTo be prostrated
DERIVATIONS	-	-
נקטלָמַלָה täl-tā-lä		
n.fs.		
Derivation: ט-ו-ל: to pitch over or reel		
1. A casting forth, a throwing or hurling down		
Concordance: Captive		
Strong's Dictionary: overthrow or rejection		

טל

to cover with pieces ש-ל-ה

ַטְלָה *tä-lä* '

• Strong's Dictionary: properly, to cover with pieces; i.e., (by implication) to spot or variegate (as tapestry)

•

PUAL

To be patched, to be mended

- PAAL (QAL)
- · To patch, to sew up
- To be spotted, to be variegated

DERIVATIONS

טם

to be foul מ-מ-א

שְׁמֵא *tä-mā*': Defile

- Concordance: Defile
- Strong's Dictionary: to be foul, especially in a ceremonial or moral sense (contaminated)

PAAL (QAL)	NIPHAL	PIEL	PUAL	HITHPAEL	HOTHPAEL
• To be unclean (morally and ritually)	To pollute or defile oneselfTo be profaned	 To pollute, to defile, to profane, desecrate To declare unclean To make polluted or unclean 	To be polluted	To pollute oneself	To be defiled
DERIVATIONS					
ט <u>מ</u> א נ <u>מ</u> א	ä-mā'				
a	dj.				
Derivation: ט-מ-א: to b	be foul				
1. Impure, unclean (mo	orally or ritually)				

ข Roots

HIPHIL

To hide

To preserve

•

•

Concordance: Unclean

Strong's Dictionary: foul in a religious sense

יט-מ-ך to hide

טָמַן tä-män': Hide

- Concordance: Hide
- Strong's Dictionary: to hide (by covering over)
- PAAL (QAL) • To hid, to conceal, to bury • To keep, to preserve • To lay a snare

DERIVATIONS

mä-t^ε-mōn'מַטַמוֹן

n.ms.

Derivation: יט-מ-ן: to hide

- 1. Underground storehouse, hidden place
- 2. Treasure, hidden treasure, hidden store

Concordance: Hide

Strong's Dictionary: *a secret storehouse*; hence, *a secreted valuable* (buried); generally money

טר

ה-ח-ש: to overburden

טְרַח *tä-rä*ḥ'

• Strong's Dictionary: to overburden

HIPHIL

• To cast upon, to load, to burden

DERIVATIONS

tō'-räḥ

n.ms.

Derivation: יט-ר-ח: to overburden 1. Burden, trouble, hardship, encumbrance

Concordance: Trouble

Strong's Dictionary: a burden

ק-ק-ש: to pluck off or pull to pieces

שָׁר**ַף**|*tä-räf*'

• Strong's Dictionary: to pluck off or pull to pieces; causatively to supply with food (as in morsels)

PAAL (QAL) NIPHAL PUAL HIPHIL • To pull, to tear in pieces, to To be torn in pieces To be torn in pieces • • To cause to eat, to feed pluck off DERIVATIONS tɛ'-rɛf n.ms. Derivation: η - η - η - υ : to pluck off or pull to pieces 1. A green leaf, a leaf newly plucked 2. An animal torn in pieces, the prey of a wild

beast

3. Food

Concordance: \mathfrak{V} - \mathfrak{V} : to pluck off or pull to pieces

Strong's Dictionary: *something torn*, i.e., *a* fragment, e.g., a fresh leaf, prey, food

י|yōd/yüd

יאר: of Egyptian origin

יָאׂר'|y^ε-ōr'

n.ms.

Derivation: יאר: of Egyptian origin

1. River, channel

2. Nile, Tigris

Concordance: River

Strong's Dictionary: a channel, e.g., a fosse, canal, shaft; specifically the Nile, as the one river of Egypt, including its collateral trenches; also the Tigris, as the main river of Assyria

לב

י-ב-ל to flow

יָבָל yä-väl': Bring (Forth)/Lead (Forth)/Carry

- Concordance: Lead
- Strong's Dictionary: properly, to flow; causatively, to bring (especially with pomp)

HIPHIL

- To lead or bring •
- To bear or carry
- To produce, to bring forth, to present or offer

HUPHAL

- To be brought or led, conducted
- To be brought or carried

DERIVATIONS

יָבָל yä-väl'

yä-väl'	וּזֵבֵל tā-vāl
n.ms.	n.fs.
Derivation: י-ב-ל: to flow	Derivation: י-ב-ל to flow
1. River, stream	 The earth, the (whole) world Fertile and inhabited earth
Concordance: Stream	Concordance: World
Strong's Dictionary: a stream	Strong's Dictionary : <i>the earth</i> (as moist and therefore inhabited); by extension, <i>the globe</i> ; by implication, its inhabitants

w---: to be ashamed, confused or disappointed

יָבֵשׁ yä-vāsh': Wither/Dry Up/Be Ashamed

• Concordance: Wither

' Roots

• Strong's Dictionary: to be ashamed, confused or disappointed; also (as failing) to dry up (as water) or wither (as herbage)

8 /		
PAAL (QAL)	PIEL	HIPHIL
• To be dry, to become dry, to dry up, to be	• To dry or make dry	To dry or make dry
parched, to wither		To become dry
• To be drained		• To put to shame, to be ashamed or made to blush
		• To act basely or shamefully
DERIVATIONS		
יָבשׁyä-vāsh'	yäb-bä-shä' <u>اِد</u> ِשָׁה	
adj.	n.fs.	
Derivation: יב-ש: to be ashamed, confused or disappointed	Derivation: ש-ב-ש: to be ashamed, confused or disappointed	
1. Dry, dried up, parched	1. Dry land	
Concordance: Dry	Concordance: Ground	
Strong's Dictionary: dry	Strong's Dictionary: dry ground	
יג		

ד-ג-ה: to grieve

<u>vä-gä יג</u> ה	: Afflict/Cause	Grief

- Concordance: Afflict
- Strong's Dictionary: to grieve

NIPHAL	PIEL	HIPHIL
• To be afflicted, to be grieved	• To grieve, to make sad, to afflict	• To grieve, to make sad, to afflict
		• To remove
DERIVATIONS		
יָגוֹן/yä-gōn'		
n.ms.		
Derivation: י-ג-ה: to grieve		
1. Grief, sorrow		

י-ג-ע: to gasp

Concordance: Sorrow Strong's Dictionary: affliction

יָצָע אין yä-gä': (Make to) Labor/(Be) Weary

- Concordance: Weary
- Strong's Dictionary: properly, to gasp; hence, to be exhausted, to tire, to toil

PAAL (QAL)	PIEL	HIPHIL
To labor, to toil, to exert oneself	To weary	• To weary, to be wearisome, to importune
• To be fatigued, to be wearied out		
DERIVATIONS		
יְגִיעַ y°-gē'-ä		
n.ms.		
Derivation: י-ג-ע: to gasp		
1. Labor, toil		
2. Product of labor, produce, goods, wealth		
3. (adj.) Wearied, tired		
Concordance: Labor		
Strong's Dictionary : <i>toil</i> ; hence, <i>a work</i> , <i>produce</i> , <i>property</i> (as the result of labor)		

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יד: from an unknown root

yäd|יָד n.fs.

Derivation: יד: from an unknown root

- 1. Hand
- 2. Handle (as in artificial hands), tenon, axel
- 3. Power, strength, assistance
- 4. (pl) Turns or times
- 5. A side, near, by the side
- 6. A place or part
- 7. A monument or trophy

Concordance: Hand

Strong's Dictionary: *a hand* (the open one, distinct from the closed one); used (as noun, adverb, etc.,) in a great variety of applications, both literally and figuratively, both proximate and remote

ה-ד-ד: to use (hold out) the hand

יָדָה|yä-dä': Praise/Thank

- Concordance: Praise
- Strong's Dictionary: literally, to use (i.e., hold out) the hand; physically, to throw (a stone, an arrow) at or away; especially to revere or worship (with extended hands); intensively, to bemoan (by wringing the hands)

PAAL (QAL)		PIEL	HIPHIL	,	HITHPAEL
• To throw, to cast	To throp	w, to cast	To profess, to confer out	ss, to speak	To confessTo praise, to celebrate
		 To praise, to give celebrate, to sing, 			• To praise, to celebrate
DERIVATIONS					
יָהוּדָה⟩y⁵-hü-dä'		יְהוּדִית/y²-hü-dēth'			
n.ms.		ad	lv.		
Derivation: י-ד-ה: to use (hold out)	he hand	Derivation: י-ד-ה: to use (hold out) the hand			
1. Judah		1. Hebrew or Jewish la	nguage		
Concordance: Judah		Concordance: Judah			
Strong's Dictionary : <i>celebrated</i> ; <i>Jehudah</i> (or <i>Judah</i>), the name of five Israelites; also of the tribe descended from the first, and of its territory		Strong's Dictionary : <i>celebrated</i> ; <i>Jehudah</i> (or <i>Judah</i>), the name of five Israelites; also of the tribe descended from the first, and of its territory			

י-ד-ע: to know

ידע *yä-dä* '

- Concordance: [only individually listed due to vast quantity; list is incomplete] See Acknowledge, Declare, Learn, Show, Teach, Tell
- Strong's Dictionary: to know (properly, to ascertain by seeing); used in a great variety of senses, figuratively, literally, euphemistically and inferentially (including observation, care, recognition; and causatively, instruction, designation, punishment, etc.)

•	PAAL (QAL) To know, to perceive, to be aware of, to understand	t k	NIPHAL To be known, to become known, to be perceived	•	PIEL To cause to know, to show	•	PUAL To be known, to be familiar (part.) Known	•	HIPHIL To cause to know, to show, to let know	•	HUPHAL To be made known, to become known	•	HITHPAEL To make oneself known, to reveal oneself
•	To discover, to get to know		Fo be taught by experience					•	To teach, to acquaint				
•	To become acquainted	• 1	Го be					•	To inform, to				

	' Roots							
	vith	punished			announce			
ac w	o become cquainted vith a woman sexually)	• To make self known, to appear						
	o foresee, to xpect							
	o care for, to arn the mind							
	o be knowing r wise							

יה

יהף: from an unused root meaning to take off the shoes

yä-ḥäf'

adj.

 ${\bf Derivation:}$ ירהף: from an unused root meaning to take off the shoes

1. Unshod, barefoot

Concordance: Foot/Feet

Strong's Dictionary: unsandalled

۱

rom an unused root meaning to be hot יום:

yōm

n.ms.

Derivation: ייום: from an unused root meaning to be hot

- 1. Day
- 2. Today, daytime, at present
- 3. (pl.) Time (period), year, lifetime

Concordance: Day

Strong's Dictionary: *a day* (as the warm hours), whether literal (from sunrise to sunset, or from one sunset to the next), or figurative (a space of time defined by an associated term), (often used adverbially)

יותם: Jotham

yō-thäm'

pers. pro.

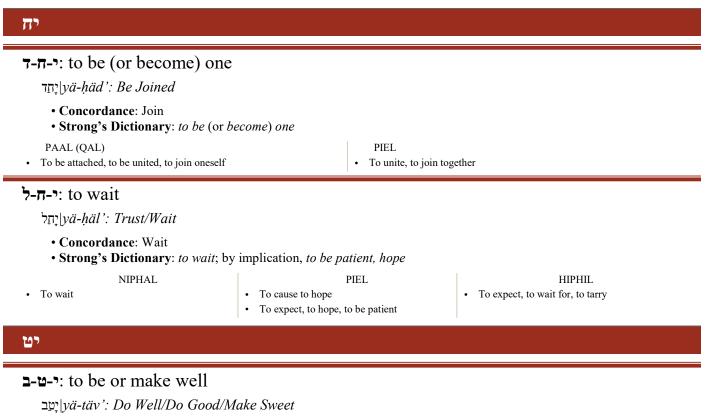
Derivation: combination of יָה (Jah: the sacred name of Jehovah, a contraction from יָה (complete) (complete)

- 1. Jotham
- 2. Jehovah is upright

Concordance: Jotham

Strong's Dictionary: *Jehovah* (*is*) *perfect*; *Jotham*, the name of three Israelites

' Roots



• Concordance: Well

• Strong's Dictionary: to be (causative) make well, literally (sound, beautiful) or figuratively (happy, successful, right)

- PAAL (QAL)
- To be good or well, to be beautiful, to be pleasant, to be lovely
- To be merry or joyful, to be glad, to be cheerful

- HIPHIL
- To do well, to do rightly
- To do good or make good
- To make merry, to make cheerful
- To fit, to adjust
- To be good

77

rot meaning to effervesce ""

 ۱.ms.

 Derivation: ۲^m: from an unused root meaning to effervesce

 1. Wine

 2. Intoxication

 Concordance: Wine

 Strong's Dictionary: wine (as fermented); by implication, intoxication

"

ד-כ-ד: to be right

יכח yä-häh': Reason (Together)/Reprove

- Concordance: Reprove
- Strong's Dictionary: to be right (i.e., correct); reciprocal, to argue; causatively, to decide, justify or convict

NIPHAL

HIPHIL

HUPHAL To be punished

- To argue, to dispute with one, to be convicted, to be reproved
- To argue, to show, to prove, to arbitrate, to mediate

- To disp
- HITHPAEL To dispute, to argue

- To argue, to confute, to convict
- To correct, to reprove, to chide, to punish
- To judge, to decide
- To dispute, to altercate

DERIVATIONS

tō-ḥā-ḥä'|תּוֹכֵחָה

n.fs.

Derivation: n-p-y: to be right

- 1. Arguing down, contradicting
- 2. Rebuke, correction
- 3. Punishment, chastening

Concordance: Rebuke

Strong's Dictionary: *chastisement*; figuratively (by words) *correction, refutation, proof* (even in defence)

י-כ-ל to be able

יָכל *yä-*hָסֿ*l*'

• Strong's Dictionary: to be able, literally (can, could) or morally (may, might)

- PAAL (QAL)
- To be able, capable
- · To be powerful, to prevail, overcome, master, comprehend

DERIVATIONS

hā-ḥäl'|הֵיכָל

n.fs.

- Derivation: י-כ-ל to be able
- 1. Large and magnificent building, palace, citadel
- 2. Temple, tabernacle, sanctuary

Concordance: Temple

Strong's Dictionary: *a large public building*, such as a palace or a temple

יל

ד-ל-ד: to bear young

yä-läd': Deliver/Travail/Bring Forth (Children)

• Concordance: Child

• Strong's Dictionary: to bear young; causatively, to beget; medically, to act as midwife; specifically, to show lineage

PAAL (QAL)	NIPHAL	PIEL	PUAL	HIPHIL	HUPHAL	HITHPAEL
To bring forth, to bearTo beget	• To be born	 To help to bear, to deliver (part.) Midwife 	To be bornTo be created	 To cause to bring forth or bear, to beget To produce, create or make fruitful 	To be born	To declare oneself to be born (as in recorded in genealogy)
DERIVATIONS						
לד	ζ∣yε'-lεd					
	n.ms.					
Derivation: י-ל-ד: t	o bear young					
 One born, a son A child (male), y 	oung one					

A child (male), ye
 (pl) children

Concordance: Child

Strong's Dictionary: *something born*, i.e., *a lad* or *offspring*

י-ל-ך: to walk

יָלָך yä-läh': Go/Come/Walk/Lead (forth)/Bring

- Concordance: Walk
- Strong's Dictionary: to walk (literally or figuratively); causatively, to carry (in various senses)
- PAAL (QAL)
- · To go, to walk

י-ל-ל to howl or yell

yä-lal': Howl

• Concordance: Howl

• Strong's Dictionary: to howl (with a wailing tone) or yell (with a boisterous one)

HIPHIL

- To wail, lament, howl, cry out
- To should triumphantly

DERIVATIONS

יְלָלָה |y^ε-lä-lä'

n.fs,

Derivation: י-ל-ל: to howl or yell 1. Wailing, lamentation, howling, yelling

Concordance: Howl

Strong's Dictionary: a howling

י-ל-ע: to blurt or utter inconsiderately

יָלַע|yä-lä'

• Strong's Dictionary: to blurt or utter inconsiderately

- PAAL (QAL)
- To utter rashly

DERIVATIONS

tō-lä' תּוֹלָע

n.ms.

Derivation: י-ל-ע: to blurt or utter inconsiderately

- 1. Worm, insect, vermin, coccus worm
- Scarlet, scarlet color

Concordance: Worm

Strong's Dictionary: a maggot (as voracious); specifically (often with ellipsis of גיָלע) the crimson-grub, but used only (in this connection) of the color from it, and cloths dyed therewith

ים

י-מ-ן: to be right (physically)

ימן yä-män '

• Strong's Dictionary: to be (physically) right (i.e., firm); but used only as denominative from יָמִין and transitive, to be right-handed or take the right-hand side

PAAL (QAL)

- To go or turn to the right
- To use the right hand

DERIVATIONS

אָמ*ן*|ä-män' v.

yä-mēn'יְמִיָן n.fs.

Derivation: י-מ-ן: to be right (physically)

Right hand, right side
 South, southern quarter

3. Prosperity

Derivation: י-מ-ן: to be right (physically)

1. (Qal) To turn to the right

Concordance: Right

Strong's Dictionary: to take the right hand road

Concordance: Right **Strong's Dictionary:** *the right hand* or *side* (leg, eye) of a person or other object (as the stronger and more dexterous); locally, *the south*

רמ-ר: to exchange

ימר אמר ': Boast Self

Concordance: Boast

• Strong's Dictionary: to exchange; by implication, to change places

- HIPHIL
- · To change, to exchange

- HITHPAEL
- To exchange or change places with someone
- To take one's place

"

ה-ז-י: to rage or be violent

יְנָה yä-nä': Oppress/Vex

• Concordance: Oppress

• Strong's Dictionary: to rage or be violent; by implication, to suppress, to maltreat

PAAL (QAL)

- HIPHIL
 - To oppress, to maltreat, to overreach, to drive away

ה-ז-י: to deposit

• To act violently, to oppress

ינח yä-näh: Bestow/Leave/Place/Set

- Concordance: Leave/Left
- Strong's Dictionary: to deposit; by implication, to allow to stay

PAAL (QAL)	HIPHIL
To oppress	To oppress, maltreat, overreach, drive away

י-נ-ק: to suck

ינק yä-näk': Suck(ing Child)/Nurse

- Concordance: Suck
- Strong's Dictionary: to suck; causatively, to give milk
- PAAL (QAL)
- To suck, to enjoy
- (part.) Suckling babe

- HIPHIL
- To give suck, to suckle
- To let enjoy
- (part.) Wet-nurse, nurse

07

ד-ס-ד: to set

יָסָד|yä-säd`: Lay/Found

' Roots

' Roots

- Concordance: Lay/Lie
- Strong's Dictionary: to set (literally or figuratively); intensively, to found; reflexively, to sit down together, i.e., settle, consult

PAAL (QAL)	NIPHAL	PIEL	PUAL	HIPHIL
 To found, to establish, to set To pile up, to build up. To appoint or ordain, to assign To constitute 	 To be founded, to be settled To support oneself, to lean, to rest one's arm To take counsel together 	To found, to buildTo appoint, to ordain	To be founded	• To be founded, to be established

י-ס-ף: to add or augment

יַסף vä-säf': Increase/Proceed/More/Again/Add

- Concordance: Increase
- Strong's Dictionary: to add or augment (often adverbial, to continue to do a thing)

PAAL (QAL)	NIPHAL	HIPHIL
To add, to increase	• To be added, to join oneself	To add, to increase
To do again, to do after, to do further or longer	To be increased(part.) additions	To do again, to do after, to do further or longer

ר-ס-ר: to chastise

יסר yä-sär': Instruct

- Concordance: Instruct
- Strong's Dictionary: to chastise, literally (with blows) or figuratively (with words); hence, to instruct

PAAL (QAL) NIPH	L PIEL	HIPHIL	NITHPAEL
 To chastise, to reprove To be correcte chastised, to le reproof, to tak warning, to be admonished, to discipline 	n to punish • To admonish, to exhort, to instruct	To correct, to admonish	To be warned, to be instructed

ד-ע-ד: to fix upon

יעד vä-äd': Feast/Appointment/Festival (fixed time of season)

- Concordance: Feast
- Strong's Dictionary: to fix upon (by agreement or appointment); by implication, to meet at a stated time), to summon (to trial), to direct (in a certain quarter or position), to engage (for marriage)

PAAL (QAL)

To appoint, to fix (a place or time) To order (punishment)

To espouse or betroth, to give

- To come together, to repair • •
 - To gather together

NIPHAL

To meet by appointment

HIPHIL

- To appoint to meet, to appoint
- a place or time
- To summon, to cite

HUPHAL

- To be fixed, be appointed
- To be turned (as in the face) or directed

DERIVATIONS

in marriage

mō-äd'|מועַד

n.ms.

Derivation: ד-ע-י: to fix upon

- 1. An assembly
- 2. A troop (of soldiers)

Concordance: Time

Strong's Dictionary: properly, an assembly,

Derivation: י-ע-ד: to fix upon

1. Fixed or appointed time, season, term or festival

mō-ād'

n.ms.

- 2. Appointed place
- 3. Assembly, meeting, congregation, festive gathering
- 4. Appointed sign, a signal

Concordance: Feast

Strong's Dictionary: properly, an appointment,

i.e., *a fixed time* or *season*; specifically, *a festival*; conventionally *a year*; by implication, *an assembly* (as convened for a definite purpose); technically *the congregation*; by extension, *the place of meeting*; also *a signal* (as appointed beforehand)

י-ע-י: to be bold or obstinate

יעז vä-äz: Fierce/Bold

• Concordance: Fierce

- Strong's Dictionary: to be bold or obstinate
- NIPHAL
- To be bold, to be imprudent

י-ע-ט: to clothe

יעט yä-ät': Covered

- Concordance: Cover
- Strong's Dictionary: to clothe
- PAAL (QAL)

To clothe

יענה: from an unused root meaning to pay attention

יען yä-än'	יַשְנָה yä- ^ä -nä'
conj.	n.fs.
Derivation: יענה: from an unused root meaning to pay attention	Derivation: יענה: from an unused root meaning to pay attention
 Conjunction יען because, even, seeing, forasmuch, that, whereas, why 	1. Ostrich, owl
Concordance: N/A	Concordance: N/A
Strong's Dictionary : properly, <i>heed</i> ; by implication, <i>purpose</i> (sake or account); used adverbially to indicate the reason or cause	Strong's Dictionary: feminine of אַיָּרָ: Ostrich (probably from its answering cry)

י-ע-ף: to tire (as if from flight)

יָעַף אָ אָדי אין yä-äf': Faint/(Be) Weary

• Concordance: Faint

• Strong's Dictionary: to tire (as if from wearisome flight)

HOPHAL • To be wearied

To go swiftly, to runTo be fatigued, to be wearied or exhausted, to be faint

י-ע-ץ: to advise

יָעָץ yä-äts': Counsel(lor)/Devise/Determine

- Concordance: Counsel
- Strong's Dictionary: to advise; reflexively, to deliberate or resolve
- PAAL (QAL) NIPHAL HITHPAEL To advise, to counsel, to admonish To consult with one another, to deliberate, · To consult together to hold a consultation To take counsel, to decree, to direct, to resolve or decide To receive advice, to be advised , to let oneself be counseled To consult for, to provide for To predict, to declare **DERIVATIONS** עַצָה|ā-tsä' n.fs..

' Roots

Derivation: י-ע-ץ: to advise

- 1. Counsel, advise
- 2. Consultation
- 3. Purpose, project, plan, design
- 4. Prudence, wisdom, deliberation

Concordance: Counsel

Strong's Dictionary: *advice*; by implication, *plan*; also *prudence*

יף

ה-פ-ה: to be bright

יָפָה|yä-fä ': Beauty

• Concordance: Beauty	
· Stuang'a Distignance anonaly	to be buig

• Strong's Dictionary: properly, to be bright, i.e., (by implication) beautiful

PAAL (QAL)		PIEL	PUAL	HITHPAEL
To be beautiful, fair	 To beau 	tify to adorn	 To be very beautiful 	To adorn oneself
DERIVATIONS				
יָפִי yō-fē'		m מופֵת	ō-fāth'	
n.ms.		n.ı	ns.	
Derivation: י-פ-ה: to be bright		Derivation: י-פ-ה: to b	e bright	
1. Beauty, splendor		1. Miracle, prodigy		
		2. Proof, sign		
		3. Sign of future event,	portent	
Concordance: Beauty		Concordance: Wonder		
Strong's Dictionary: beauty		Strong's Dictionary: <i>a</i> implication, <i>a token</i> or		

77

א-צ-י: to go or bring forth

yä-tsä '

• Strong's Dictionary: to go out (causatively to bring out), in a great variety of applications, literally and figuratively, direct and proximal

PAAL (QAL)

- To go out, forth or away, to march out
- To come from, to be begotten or born, to grow
- To be gone, expended (of money)
- To rise (of the sun)
- To end

DERIVATIONS

mō-tsä'

n.ms.

Derivation: י-צ-א: to go or bring forth

- 1. A going out, egress
- 2. Rise (of the sun)
- 3. Place where something goes out, e.g., gate, fountain, vein, spring, mine
- 4. Thing going out, thing produced, utterance, speech, edict
- 5. Origin, stock

Concordance: Spring

HIPHIL

- To lead out, forth or away
- To produce, to let grow, to cause to appear
- To separate
- To spread, to announce
- To exact (money)

HUPHAL

• To be brought out or led forth

' Roots

Strong's Dictionary: *a going forth*, i.e., (the act) *an egress*, or (the place) *an exit*; hence, *a source* or *product*; specifically, *dawn*, *the rising of the sun* (the East), exportation, *utterance, a gate, a fountain, a mine, a meadow* (as producing grass)

ד-צ-ק: to pour out

יָצַק|yä-tsäk': Pour/Cast

- Concordance: Pour
- Strong's Dictionary: properly, to pour out (transitive or intransitive); by implication, to melt or cast as metal; by extension, to place firmly, to stiffen or grow hard

 PAAL (QAL) To pour, to pour out To cast (metals), to melt To harden To flow out, to pour self out 	PIEL • To pour out	HIPHIL To pour outTo place, to set	HUPHAL • To be poured out • To be cast from metal, to molten • To be made firm
DERIVATIONS			
מוצק mü-tsäk'			
n.ms.			
Derivation: י-צ-ק: to pour out			
 Narrowness Affliction, distress 			
Concordance: Vex			
Strong's Dictionary: narrowness; fi distress	guratively,		
	~		

י-צ-ת: to burn or set on fire

יצָת vä-tsäth': Kindle/ Burn Up/Set On Fire

- Concordance: Kindle
- Strong's Dictionary: to burn or set on fire; figuratively, to desolate

•

PAAL (QAL)

- NIPHAL
- To set on fire, to kindle, to burnTo be set on fire, to be burned
- To be burned, to destroy by fire
- To be kindle, to be burnt, to be consumed
 - To be incensed

HIPHIL

To set on fire, to kindle, to burn

יק

יקב: from an unused root meaning to excavate

yε'-kεv¦יֶקָב

n.ms.

Derivation: יקב: from an unused root meaning to excavate

1. Vat of the wine press

2. Wine press

Concordance: Wine

Strong's Dictionary: *a trough* (as dug out); specifically, *a wine-vat* (whether the lower one, into which the juice drains; or the upper, in which the grapes are crushed)

to burn :"-ק-ד

יקד käd': Kindle/(Be) Burning (idiom: From the Hearth)

- Concordance: Kindle
- Strong's Dictionary: to burn

	' Roots	
PAAL (QAL)To glow, to burn, to blaze	HUPHAL To be kindled, to burn 	
DERIVATIONS		
יָקוֹד' y²-kōd'	מוקד mō-kād'	
n.ms.	n.ms.	
Derivation: י-ק-ד to burn	Derivation: י-ק-ד: to burn	
1. A burning	 Heat, burning, conflagration Dry wood 	
Concordance: Burn	Concordance: Burn	
Strong's Dictionary: a burning	Strong's Dictionary : <i>a fire or fuel</i> ; abstractly, <i>a conflagration</i>	

ר-ק-ר: to be heavy

יקר kär': Precious/Bright/Reputation/Valuable

• Concordance: Precious

• Strong's Dictionary: to be heavy, i.e., (figuratively) valuable; causatively, to make rare (figuratively, to inhibit)

HIPHIL

· To make rare or precious

PAAL (QAL)

- To be heavy, to be honored •
- To be precious or dear
- Costly, esteemed

DERIVATIONS

yä- kär'

adj.

Derivation: י-ק-ר: to be heavy

- 1. Precious, dear
- 2. Heavy, honored, grave, thoughtful
- 3. Magnificent, splendid, precious
- 4. Rare, costly, esteemed

Concordance: Precious

Strong's Dictionary: valuable (objectively or subjectively)

77

•

א-¬-א: to fear; morally to revere

yä-rā': Fear/Afraid/Terrible

- Concordance: Fear
- Strong's Dictionary: to fear; morally to revere; causatively to frighten

PAAL (QAL)

- To fear, to be afraid
- To fear, to reverence
- To tremble (for joy)

DERIVATIONS

יִרְאָה yēr-ä'

n.fs.

Derivation: א-ר-א: to fear; morally to revere

- 1. Fear, terror
- 2. Reverence, awe

Concordance: Fear

Strong's Dictionary: fear (also used as infinitive); morally, reverence

NIPHAL

- . To be feared, to be dreadful . To be reverenced
- •
- (part.) Venerable, stupendous, etc.

mō-rä'

n.ms.

Derivation: א-ר-א: to fear; morally to revere

- 1. Fear, reverence
- 2. Object of fear
- 3. A stupendous or wonderful deed, miracle

Concordance: Fear

Strong's Dictionary: fear; by implication, a fearful thing or deed

PIEL

To terrify, to make afraid

.

ד-ר-ד: to descend

יָרָד // yä-räd': Descend/(Bring/Put/Go) Down/Abundantly

• Concordance: Down

• Strong's Dictionary: to descend (literally, to go downwards; or conventionally to a lower region as the shore, a boundary, the enemy, etc.; or figuratively, to fall); causatively, to bring down (in all of the above applications)

PAAL (QAL)	HIPHIL	HUPHAL
To go, come, to descendTo fall down, to be cast down	To bring, lead or send down, to let down, to carry downTo throw down, to subdue	• To be led down, to be taken down, to be cast down

י-ר-ה: to flow as water

יָרָה yä-rä': Teach/Teacher

• Concordance: Law

• Strong's Dictionary: properly, to flow as water (i.e., to rain); transitively, to lay or throw (especially an arrow, i.e., to shoot); figuratively, to point out (as if by aiming the finger), to teach

PAAL (QAL)

- NIPHAL • To be shot through (with darts or arrows)
- To cast, to shootTo lay (a foundation), to found, to erect, to establish
- To sprinkle, to water, to irrigation, to shed (water)

DERIVATIONS

tō-rä' תּוֹרָה

n.fs.

Derivation: י-ר-ה: to flow as water

- 1. Instruction, doctrine, regulation, direction, precept, law
- 2. Manner, arrangement

Concordance: Law

Strong's Dictionary: *a precept* or *statute*, especially *the Decalogue* or *Pentateuch*

ירושלם: Jerusalem

יְרוּשָׁלַם|yɛ-rü-shä-lä'-ēm

pers. pro.

Derivation: combination of יָרָה (to flow as water) and שָׁלָם (to be safe)

1. Jerusalem

2. The possession of peace

Concordance: Jerusalem

Strong's Dictionary: *a dual* (in allusion to its two main hills (the true pointing, at least of the former reading, seems to be that of (יְרְוּשֶׁלֶם); probably from (the passive participle of) אָשָׁלָם he אָרָה *Jerushalaim* or , the capital city of Palestine

ירה: from a root of uncertain meaning

יָרָח yɛ'-räḥ'

n.ms.

yä-rā'-äḥ

n.ms. Derivation: ירח: from a root of uncertain

Derivation: ירח: from a root of uncertain meaning

1. Month, lunar month

meaning 1. Moon

- HIPHIL
- To cast, to throw, to shoot
- To sprinkle, to water, to wet
- To point out, to show, to indicate
- · To teach, to instruct
- (part.) Archer
- (part.) Teacher, guide

' Roots

Strong's Dictionary: a lunation; i.e., month

Concordance: Moon
Strong's Dictionary: the moon

י-ר-ע to be broken up (violently)

יָרַע *yä-rä* ': Be Grievous

• Concordance: Grieve

• Strong's Dictionary: properly, to be broken up (with any violent action) i.e., (figuratively) to fear

PAAL (QAL)

- To tremble, to be afraid
- To be evil

ש-¬-י: to occupy

yä-räsh': Possess/Inherit

• Concordance: Possess

• Strong's Dictionary: to occupy (by driving out previous tenants, and possessing in their place); by implication, to seize, to rob, to inherit; also to expel, to impoverish, to ruin

 PAAL (QAL) To seize, to take possession of, to occupy To possess, to inherit, to receive an Inheritance To drive away, to take away, to dispossess 	NIPHAL ispossessed, to be o poverty	PIELTo take, to take poss to occupy, to seizeTo make poor	ession of,	 HIPHIL To give in possession To occupy, to possess, to dispossess, to expel, to make poor To blot out, to destroy
DERIVATIONS		I		I
mō-räsh' מוֹרָשׁ	תירוש t	ē-rōsh'		
n.ms.	n.r	ns.		
Derivation: י-ר-ש: to occupy	Derivation: י-ר-ש: to oc	ccupy		
1. Possession	1. Must, new wine, unf from the grape	irmented wine, juice		
Concordance: Possess	Concordance: Wine			
Strong's Dictionary : <i>a possession</i> ; figuratively, <i>delight</i>	Strong's Dictionary : <i>m</i> (as just squeezed out); <i>fermented wine</i>	<i>ust</i> or <i>fresh grape-juice</i> by implication (rarely)		

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ם-ש-י: to sit down

ישֵׁב vä-shäv': Inhabit(ant)/Dwell(ing)/Sit/Remain

- Concordance: Sit
- Strong's Dictionary: properly, to sit down (specifically as judge, in ambush, in quiet); by implication, to dwell, to remain; causatively, to settle, to marry

	PAAL (QAL)	NIPHAL	PIEL	HIPHIL	HUPHAL
•	To sit, sit down, be seated	• To be inhabited	To placeTo make to side down	To cause to sit downTo cause to dwell or	To be inhabitedTo be made to dwell
•	To remain, stay, abide or wait			inhabit • To marry	
•	To dwell, dwell in or inhabit			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	

yä-shäm'

• Strong's Dictionary: to lie waste

PAAL (QAL)

- To be laid waste, to be desolate
- To be deserted

' Roots

DERIVATIONS	
ישימון yɛ̃-shē-mōn'	
n.ms.	
Derivation: י-ש-ם: to lie waste	
1. Desert, waste	
Concordance: Desert	
Strong's Dictionary: a desolation	
י-ש-י: to be slack or languid	
ישָׁן yä-shän ': Sleep	

• Concordance: Sleep

• Strong's Dictionary: properly, to be slack or languid, i.e., (by implication) sleep (figuratively, to die); also to grow old, stale or inveterate

PAAL (QAL)To fall asleep, to sleep, to be sleepingTo be flaccid, to be dried, to be old	PIELTo cause to sleep, to lull
DERIVATIONS	
יָשָׁן/yä-shän'	
adj.	
Derivation: י-ש-ן: to be slack or languid	
1. Old, of the last year	
Concordance: Old	
Strong's Dictionary: old	

ע-ש-י: to be open

אָשָׁע yä-shä': Save/Savior/Salvation

• Concordance: Save

• Strong's Dictionary: properly, to be open, wide or free, i.e., (by implication) to be safe; causatively, to free or succor

HIPHIL

• To set free, to preserve, to deliver

• To aid, to succor, to help, to save

- NIPHAL
- To be freed, to be preserved, to be delivered
- To be helped, to be saved
- To conquer

DERIVATIONS

יְשׁוּעָה|yɛ-shü'-ä

n.fs.

Derivation: י-ש-ע: to be open

- 1. Help, deliverance, salvation
- 2. Victory
- 3. Welfare

Concordance: Salvation

Strong's Dictionary: *something saved*, i.e., (abstractly) *deliverance*; hence, *aid, victory, prosperity*

ישעיהו: Isaiah

יְשֵׁעְיָה|yɛ̃-shä-yä' or יְשֵׁעְיָהוּ|yɛ̃-shä-yä-hü'

pers. pro.

Derivation: combination of אָשָע (to be open, wide or free) and יָה (Jah, the sacred name of Jehovah, a contraction from (ה יָה יָה)

ישע yā-shä'

n.ms.

- Derivation: י-ש-ע: to be open
- Deliverance, help, aid, salvation
 Safety, welfare, freedom

Concordance: Salvation

Strong's Dictionary: *liberty, deliverance, prosperity*

1. Isaiah, Jesaiah, or Jeshaiah

Concordance: Isaiah

Strong's Dictionary: Jah has saved; Jeshaja, the name of seven Israelites.

¬-ש-י: to be straight or even

ישֶׁר yä-shär': (Make) Straight/Direct

• Concordance: Straight

• Strong's Dictionary: to be straight or even; figuratively, to be (causatively, to make) right, pleasant, prosperous

' Roots

PAAL (QAL)

PIEL To make straight

mē-shōr'|מישור

n.ms.

Derivation: י-ש-ר: to be straight or even

1. Uprightness, justice, honesty, equity,

Strong's Dictionary: a level, i.e., a plain

name of certain districts); figuratively,

justice (sometimes adverbially, justly)

(often used (with the article prefix) as a proper

concord; also straightness, i.e., (figuratively)

righteousness

Concordance: Straight

3. (adv.) Justly

2. Plain, level country or land

- To be straight, to go straight To be level, to be even, to be right, to be convenient, to be tranquil
- To esteem as right, to declare right, to approve
- To make even or level

DERIVATIONS

mā-shär'|מֵישָׁר

n.ms.

Derivation: י-ש-ר: to be straight or even

- 1. Straightness, happiness
- 2. Peace, friendship

Concordance: Upright

Strong's Dictionary: evenness, i.e., (figuratively) prosperity or concord; also straightness, i.e., (figuratively) rectitude (only in plural with singular sense; often adverbially)

ישראל: Israel

yēs-rä-āl' יִשֹׂרָאֵל

pers. pro.

Derivation: combination of שָׂרָא (to prevail) and אַל (God)

1. Israel

2. Israelite, descendant(s) of Israel (Jacob)

Concordance: Israel

Strong's Dictionary: from אָל and אָל *he will* rule as God; Jisraël, a symbolical name of Jacob; also (typically) of his posterity

ית

יתום: from an unused root meaning to be lonely

yä-thōm'	
n.ms.	

Derivation: יתום: from an unused root meaning to be lonely

1. Orphan, forsaken, fatherless

Concordance: Fatherless

Strong's Dictionary: a bereaved person

י-ת-ר to jut over or exceed

יָתר yä-thär ': Left (Behind)/Remain

- · To be spread out
- To be beaten out flat (metal)

PUAL

To make even To look straight on

yä-shär'

adj.

Derivation: י-ש-ר: to be straight or even

- 1. Straight, even, level
- 2. Right, upright, just, righteous
- 3. Pleasing, agreeing

Concordance: Upright

Strong's Dictionary: straight (literally or figuratively)

To make straight

HIPHIL

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• Concordance: Leave/Left

• Strong's Dictionary: to jut over or exceed; by implication, to excel; (intransitively) to remain or be left; causatively, to leave, cause to about, preserve

PAAL (QAL)	NIPHAL	HIPHIL
• (part.) that which is left, the rest	• To be left, to be let to remain	To cause to abound
	• (part.) remaining, remnant	To let remain, to leave, to spare
	• To excel, to be superior, to gain victory	• To make profit, to prefer, to give superiority or abundance
DERIVATIONS		
יֶתֶר'yɛ'-thɛr	יִתְרָה yēth-rä'	
n.ms.	n.fs.	
Derivation: י-ת-ר': to jut over or exceed	Derivation: י-ת-ר: to jut over or exceed	

- 1. Cord, rope, thread, string
- 2. Abundance, preference, excellence
- 3. Remainder, rest, residue, remnant
- 4. Jether, Jethro
- 5. (adv.) Over and above, besides

Concordance: Residue

Strong's Dictionary: properly, an overhanging, i.e., (by implication), an excess, superiority, remainder; also a small rope (as hanging free)

Concordance: Abundant

1. Residue, abundance, wealth

Strong's Dictionary: properly, excellence, i.e., (by implication) wealth

⊃|käf and |käf sō-fēt

ND

ב-א-ב: to feel pain

נאַב|kä-äv'

• Strong's Dictionary: properly, to feel pain; by implication, to grieve; figuratively, to spoil

PAAL (QAL)

• To feel pain, to suffer, to feel a pang, to be sore

DERIVATIONS

פאָב k°-āv'

n.ms.

Derivation: כ-א-ב: to feel pain

1. Pain, sorrow, grief

Concordance: Sorrow

Strong's Dictionary: suffering (physical or mental), adversity

mäh-ōv'

n.ms.

Derivation: כ-א-ב: to feel pain

1. Pain, sorrow, suffering, disease, wound

Concordance: Sorrow

Strong's Dictionary: anguish or (figuratively) affliction

כב

ד-ב-ד: to be heavy

כָבד kä-väd': Honor(able)/Glorify/Heavy

• Concordance: Honor

- HIPHIL
- To cause pain, to make sad
- To afflict, to mar, to destroy, to wound, to spoil •

нрнп

• Strong's Dictionary: to be heavy, i.e., in a bad sense (burdensome, severe, dull) or in a good sense (numerous, rich, honorable); causatively, to make weighty (in the same two senses)

nonor dore)	, eucloui very, to mar	te weignig (in the ban	ne two benbeb)		
 PAAL (QAL) To be heavy, to be weighty To be honored To be great or many, to be numerous, to be vehement, to be plentiful To be troublesome or budensome To be dull 	NIPHAL • To be honored or esteemed, to be held in honor • To show oneself great, glorious or mighty • To be wealthy or rich	 PIEL To honor or to do honor To harden, to make heavy, hard or dull 	PUAL To be honored, to be esteemed 	 HIPHIL To make heavy, to oppress To make dull To honor, to increase with honor, to make illustrious To get renown 	 HITHPAEL To boast oneself To multiply oneself, to be many or numerous
DERIVATIONS		1	I	1	I
נ⊂בֶד kā	ō'-ved	בוֹד]כָבוֹד	ä-vōd'		
n.r	ns.	n.r	ns.		
Derivation: כ-ב-ד to be	e heavy	Derivation: כ-ב-ד to be	e heavy		
 Heaviness, weight Vehemence, violence Multitude Grievousness, heaving 		 Heaviness Honor, glory, majest Abundance riches, w (poetic) Heart, soul, (adj.) Magnificent, s 	vealth person		
Concordance: Heavy		Concordance: Glory			
Strong's Dictionary : w vehemence	eight, multitude,	Strong's Dictionary : property only figuratively in a g <i>copiousness</i>			
to expir	e or extinguish) 			

*π***-2-**: to expire or extinguish

כְּבָה kä-vä': Quench/Go Out/Put Out

- Concordance: Quench
- Strong's Dictionary: to expire or (causatively) to extinguish (fire, light, anger):

PAAL (QAL)

• To be quenched, to go out

רב-ר: to braid together

נַבַר*kä-vär`*

• Strong's Dictionary: properly, to plait together, i.e., (figuratively) to augment (especially in number or quantity, to accumulate)

•

PIEL

To extinguish, to put out, to quench

HIPHIL

To make heavy

- To multiply, to make many or much
- (part.) Fulness, plenty, abundance

DERIVATIONS

käb-bēr' כַּבַּיר

adj.

Derivation: כ-ב-ר: to braid together

- 1. Great, large, mighty
- 2. Much

Concordance: Mighty

Strong's Dictionary: vast, whether in extent (figuratively, of power, mighty; of time, aged), or in number, many

כבש: from an unused root meaning to dominate

נֶבֶשׂkε-vɛs'

n.ms.

Derivation: כבש: from an unused root meaning to dominate

1. Lamb, young sheep

Concordance: Lamb

Strong's Dictionary: *a ram* (just old enough to butt)

22

ד-ה-ה: to be weak

*נ*קה:*kä-hä* ': *Fail*

• Concordance: Fail

• Strong's Dictionary: to be weak, i.e., (figuratively) to despond (causatively, rebuke), or (of light, the eye) to grow dull

PAAL (QAL)

• To be feeble, to be faint or dim

- PIEL
- To be timid, to despond
- To become pale, to be faint or dim
- To chide or rebuke, to restrain

15

כוכב: probably from an unused root meaning to heap up

בוֹכָב|kō-ḥäv'

n.ms.

Derivation: כוכב: probably from an unused root meaning to heap up

- 1. Star
- 2. A great prince

Concordance: Star

Strong's Dictionary: *a star* (as round or as shining); figuratively, *a prince*

π -1-D: to prick or penetrate

כָּוָה *kä-vä* ': Burn

- Concordance: Burn
- Strong's Dictionary: properly, to prick or penetrate; hence, to blister (as smarting or eating into)

NIPHAL

• To be burned or scorched

DERIVATIONS

kē n.ms.

Derivation: כ-ו-ה: to prick or penetrate

1. Mark, burn, brand

Concordance: Burn

Strong's Dictionary: a brand or scar

ו-ן-ב: to be erect or to stand

כון kün: Establish/Prepare/Order/Ready

• Concordance: Establish

• Strong's Dictionary: properly, to be erect (i.e., stand perpendicular); hence (causatively) to set up, in a great variety of applications, whether literal (establish, fix, prepare, apply) or figurative (appoint, render sure, proper or prosperous)

11 ,	(\mathcal{O}	
 PAAL (QAL) To stand upright To stand firm, to be established To be firm, steadfast, faithful, sure, reliable, fixed To be ready, prepared, determined 	 PIEL To set up, to erec To make firm, to establish, to build make ready To prepare To direct To create, to form 	• To be formed	 HIPHIL To set up, to erect, to establish To constitute, to appoint To found, to prepare To direct, to aim, to attend to 	HITHPAELTo be set up, to be builtTo make oneself ready, to prepare oneself
DERIVATIONS				
מָכוֹן mä-ḥ n.ms.	ōn			
Derivation: כ-ו-ך: to be erect	t or stand			
 A place Dwelling place, site Foundation, basis 				
Concordance: Place				
Strong's Dictionary : proper <i>basis</i> ; generally, <i>a place</i> , esp abode				
-ו-ך from an unused root meaning properly to dig through				
קור		kür		

קפר	פוּר∣kür	
n.ms.	n.ms.	
Derivation: perhaps from כ-ו-ך: from an unused root meaning properly to dig through	Derivation: כ-ו-ר: from an unused root meaning properly to dig through	
1. Lime	1. Furnace, oven	
Concordance: Stone	Concordance: Furnace	
Strong's Dictionary : <i>lime</i> (from being burned in a kiln)	Strong's Dictionary : <i>a pot or furnace</i> (as if excavated)	

כ-ז-ב: to lie

כָּזָב|kä-zäv ': Lie/Fail

- Concordance: Lie/Lying
- Strong's Dictionary: to lie (i.e., deceive), literally or figuratively
 - PAAL (QAL)
- To lie, to speak falsehood
- NIPHAL
- To be proven false or deceitful, to be found a liar
 - To be false

- PIEL
- To lie, to deceive
- To be faithless, to be false, to prove untrue

HIPHIL

To reprove of lying

•

•

To convict of falsehood, to charge one with a lie

DERIVATIONS

נַזָב|kä-zäv'

n.ms.

Derivation: ב-ז-ב: to lie

- 1. Falsehood, lie, deception
- 2. Anything that deceives
- 3. Idolatry, idol

Concordance: Lie/Lying

Strong's Dictionary: *falsehood*; literally (*untruth*) or figuratively (*idol*)

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דס: from an unused root mea	ning to be firm	l		
כה]kō'-äḥ				
n.ms.				
Derivation: כת: from an unused root meaning to be firm				
 Strength, power, might Ability, power Violence Substance, wealth, riches Species of large lizard 				
Concordance : Strong Strong's Dictionary : <i>vigor</i> , literally (<i>force</i> , in a good or a bad sense) or figuratively (<i>capacity, means, produce</i>); also (from its hardiness) <i>a large lizard</i>				
ד-ה-ד: to secrete, by act or w	ord			
פָתַד kä-ḥäd': Conceal/Hide				
• Concordance: Hide				
• Strong's Dictionary: to secrete,	by act or word; hence	e (intensively) to des	stroy	
NIPHAL • To hide oneself, to disappear, to be destroyed	To deny, to disownTo cover, to hide, to	PIEL		HIPHIL e, to conceal off, to destroy
		concear	- To cut	
ש-ח-⊃: to be untrue				
שָׁק <i>וּ</i> אָ <i>וֹבָ</i> ק kä-ḥäsh': Lie				
• Concordance: Lie/Lying • Strong's Dictionary: to be untru	ue, in word (<i>to lie, fei</i>	gn, disown) or deed ((to disapp	oint, fail, cringe)
PAAL (QAL)	NIPHAL	PIEL		HITHPAEL
	semble oneself, to flatter	 To deny, to feign To lie, to deceive To submit oneself, to 	o flatter	• To dissemble oneself, to flatter
DERIVATIONS				I
<u>שנות אומט (</u> kɛ-ḥäsh'				
adj.				
Derivation: כ-ח-ש: to be untrue 1. Lying, false				
Concordance: Lie/Lying				
Strong's Dictionary: faithless				
כל			•	
ל-א: to restrict				
פלא kä-lä': Keep Back/Forbid/Re	ostrict			

כָּלָא kä-lä': Keep Back/Forbid/Restrict

• Concordance: Keep

• Strong's Dictionary: to restrict, by act (hold back or in) or word (prohibit)

PAAL (QAL)

- To restrain, to hold in, to restrain, to bar
- To close, to shut up, to hinder

NIPHAL

• To be shut up, to be restrained, to be hindered

DERIVATIONS

גייןkε'-lε פָלָא	
n.ms.	
Derivation: כ-ל-א: to restrict	

1. Prison, confinement

Concordance: Prison(er)

Strong's Dictionary: a prison

to end :כ-ל-ה

בְלָה kä-lä': Consumed/Fail/Cease/Done/Spent

• Concordance: Fail

• Strong's Dictionary: to end, whether intransitive (to cease, be finished, perish) or transitive (to complete, prepare, consume)

 PAAL (QAL) To be completed, finished, ready To be past, gone by To be at an end, to be consumed or spent Destroyed, to vanish 	PIEL To complete, finish To come to an end, execute To cease To consume, to spend, to destroy 	PUAL • To be completed, finished
DERIVATIONS		
רִלִי ḥ ^ɛ -lē		
n.mp.		
Derivation: כ-ל-ה: to end		
 Utensil, vessel (of gold, silver) Clothing A vessel (for sailing) An implement, a tool Arms, weapons 		
Concordance: Vessel		
Strong's Dictionary : <i>something prepared</i> , i.e., any apparatus (as an implement, utensil, dress, vessel or weapon)		

ל-ל-to complete

נָלַל *kä-läl*′

• Strong's Dictionary: to complete

PAAL (QAL)

- To make perfect, to complete
- To crown or put a crown upon

DERIVATIONS

kōl∣כָּל

n.ms.

Derivation: כ-ל-ל: to complete

- 1. The whole or totality
- 2. All, each, every
- 3. Any, whosoever
- 4. (adv.) All, wholly, altogether

Concordance: N/A

Strong's Dictionary: *the whole*; hence *all, any* or *every* (in singular only, but often in a plural sense)

to wound כ-ל-ם: to

פָלָם kä-läm': Be (or Make) Ashamed/Blush/Be Confounded

Concordance: Confounded

• Strong's Dictionary: properly, to wound; but only figuratively, to taunt or insult

NIPHAL	HIPHIL	HUPHAL
To be insulted, to be disgraced, to be disappointedTo be put to shame, to be ashamed	To reproach, revile or chideTo shame or treat shamefully, to injureTo put to shame, to feel shame	To be hurt, to be injuredTo be disappointed
DERIVATIONS		
בְלַמָה k⁵-lēm-mä'		
n.fs.		
Derivation: כ-ל-ם: to wound		
1. Shame, reproach, contumely		

Concordance: Confuse

Strong's Dictionary: disgrace

77

ק-ו-ף: to project laterally

כנף kä-näf': Removed Into a Corner

- Concordance: Remove
- Strong's Dictionary: properly, to project laterally, i.e., probably (reflexive) to withdraw
- NIPHAL
- To cover over oneself, to hide oneself away

DERIVATIONS

נָנָף|kä-näf

n.fs.

Derivation: כ-נ-ף: to project laterally

1. Wing

2. (dual) Pair of wings

Concordance: Wing

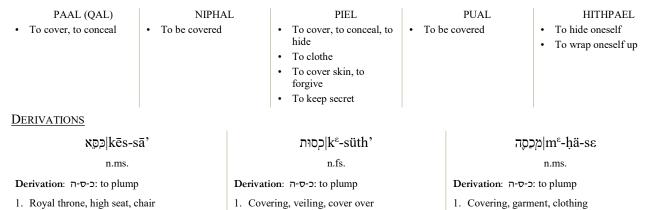
Strong's Dictionary: *an edge* or *extremity*; specifically (of a bird or army) *a wing*, (of a garment or bedclothing) *a flap*, (of the earth) *a quarter*, (of a building) *a pinnacle*

22

ד-ס-ה: to plump

כָּסָה *kä-sä': Cover*

- Concordance: Cover
- Strong's Dictionary: to plump, i.e., fill up hollows; by implication, to cover (for clothing or secrecy)



Strong's Dictionary: a cover (garment);

2. Garment Concordance: Cover

figuratively, a veiling

Concordance: Cover

Strong's Dictionary: properly, covered, i.e., a throne (as canopied)

ה-ס-ד: to cut off

כָּסָח *kä-säḥ': Cut Up*

- Concordance: Cut
- Strong's Dictionary: to cut off
- PAAL (QAL)
- To cut off, to cut down

ל: to be fat

כַּסָל *kä-säl* ':

• Strong's Dictionary: to be fat, i.e., (figuratively) silly

- PAAL (QAL)
- To be fleshy, to be fat
- Strength, firmness, boldness
- · Languor, inertness, foolish

DERIVATIONS

נסֵיל kɛ̃-sēl'

adj.

Derivation: כ-ס-ל: to be fat

- 1. Foolish, a fool, stupid, impious
- 2. (pl.) name of a star or constellation (possibly Orion)

Concordance: N/A

Strong's Dictionary: any notable constellation; specifically Orion (as if a burly one)

ק-ס-ך: to become pale

כַסַף *kä-säf*':

Concordance:

• Strong's Dictionary: properly, to become pale, i.e., (by implication) to pine after; also to fear

PAAL (QAL)

• To pine for, to long after, to desire

NIPHAL

- To turn pale, to be disconcerted •
- To long after

DERIVATIONS

גפף kɛ'-sɛf n.ms.

Derivation: כ-ס-ף: to become pale

1. Silver

2. Money

Concordance: Silver

Strong's Dictionary: silver (from its pale color); by implication, money

2. Omentum, caul (of intestines)

Concordance: Cloth

Strong's Dictionary: a covering, i.e., garment; specifically, a coverlet (for a bed), an awning (from the sun); also the omentum (as covering the intestines)

Y)

כ-ע-ס: to trouble

כעס kä-äs': Anger/Vex

- Concordance: Anger
- Strong's Dictionary: to trouble; by implication, to grieve, rage, be indignant

PAAL (QAL) To be displeased, to be disturbed, to be

PIEL · To irritate or provoke

- HIPHIL
- To vex, to grieve, to excite
- To irritate or provoke

fretful • To be angry

5

ק-פ-ך: to curve

כְפַף *kä-fäf': Bow Down (Self)*

• Concordance: Bow

• Strong's Dictionary: to curve

PAAL (QAL)

To curve, to bend down

DERIVATIONS

אאן כר n.fs.

kēp-pä n.fs.

Derivation: יב-פ-ר to curve

1. Palm, palm-branch

2. Branch

3. High, noble

Derivation: י-ס-ס: to curve

- 1. Hand, palm, hollow of the hand, paw
- 2. Sole of the foot
- 3. Hollow vessel, bowl, spoon, pan, dish
- 4. Handle
- 5. Twig, branch
- Concordance: Hand

Strong's Dictionary: the hollow hand or palm (so of the paw of an animal, of the sole, and even of the bowl of a dish or sling, the handle of a bolt, the leaves of a palm-tree); figuratively, power

٦-D-**D**: to cover

פָר א ג' kä-fär': Purge (Away)/Reconcile/Put Off

• Concordance: Purge

• Strong's Dictionary: to cover (specifically with bitumen); figuratively, to explate or condone, to placate or cancel

PAAL (QAL)

- To cover over, to overspread,
- to cover with pitch
- To be harry or shaggy
- PIEL To cover
- To pardon, to forgive, to expiate, to atone for
- PUAL To be covered

NIPHAL

To submit or humble oneself

To bow

• •

- To be expiated or forgiven, to • be atoned for, to receive pardon
- To be obliterated, to be extinguished
- HITHPAEL · To be forgiven or expiated

DERIVATIONS

kō'-fɛr∣כּפֵר

n.ms.

Derivation: כ-פ-ר: to cover

- 1. Village, hamlet
- 2. Pitch
- 3. Cypress flower

Concordance: Branch Strong's Dictionary: a leaf of a palmtree

4. Ransom, price of expiation or redemption

Concordance: Ransom

Strong's Dictionary: properly, *a cover*, i.e., (literally) *a village* (as covered in); (specifically) *bitumen* (as used for coating), and *the henna plant* (as used for dyeing); figuratively, *a redemption-price*

כר

כרם: from an unused root of uncertain meaning

נֶרֶם kε'-rεm	kär-mɛl' כַּרְמֶל
n.ms.	n.ms.
Derivation: כרם: from an unused root of uncertain meaning	Derivation: כרם: from an unused root of uncertain meaning
1. Vineyard, garden, orchard, plantation	 Garden Garden fruits or grains Mount Carmel
Concordance: Vineyard	Concordance: Field
Strong's Dictionary: a garden or vineyard	Strong's Dictionary : <i>a planted field</i> (garden, orchard, vineyard or park); by implication, <i>garden produce</i>

כ-ר-ע: to bend the knee

פָרַע *kä-rä* ': Bow Down

• Concordance: Bow

• Strong's Dictionary: to bend the knee; by implication, to sink, to prostrate

PAAL (QAL)

- To bend (knees), to kneel down, to bow
- To sink down, to cower
- To writhe in pain

ר-ר-ד: to dance

בָרַר *kä-rär* '

• Strong's Dictionary: to dance (i.e., whirl)

- PIEL
- To dance, to turn about

DERIVATIONS

kär∣∈ר

n.ms.

Derivation: כ-ר-ר: to dance

- 1. Lamb, sheep
- 2. Battering-ram
- 3. Meadow, pasture of lambs

4. Camel's saddle or litter

Concordance: Lamb

Strong's Dictionary: *a ram* (as full-grown and fat), including *a battering-ram* (as butting); hence, *a meadow* (as for sheep); also *a pad* or *camel's saddle* (as puffed out)

Strong's Dictionary: *a dromedary* (from its rapid motion as if dancing)

1. Dromedary, swift or fleet camel

Derivation: כ-ר-ר: to dance

Concordance: Beast

kär-kä-rä' כַּרַכָּרָה

n.fs.

ר-ר-ת: to cut (off, down or asunder)

כְרָת kä-räth': Cut Off/Cut Down/Make (a Covenant)/Feller

• Concordance: Cut

HIPHIL

- To cause to bow or bend, to prostrate
- To depress, afflict, or grieve

• Strong's Dictionary: to cut (off, down or asunder); by implication, to destroy or consume; specifically, to covenant (i.e., make an alliance or bargain, originally by cutting flesh and passing between the pieces)

 PAAL (QAL) To cut, to cut off To maim, to castrate To kill, to root out, to destroy To make a covenant 	 NIPHAL To be cut down or cut off, to be felled To be extirpated, to be destroyed, to be exiled To perish, to fail To be consumed 	PUAL To be cut off, to be cut down 	HIPHILTo kill, to destroyTo cut off, to separate, to remove, to withdraw	HUPHAL • To be cut off, to be withdrawn
כש <u>כש</u>				
כשד: from an unused root of unknown meaning				

גָשֶׂד kɛ-sɛd'	כשדים käs-dēm'
proper noun	n.mp
Derivation: כשד: from an unused root of unknown meaning	Derivation: כשד: from an unused root of unknown meaning
1. Kesed, son of Nahor, brother of Abraham	 Chaldeans, astrologers, stargazers Chaldea
Concordance: N/A	Concordance: Chaldea
Strong's Dictionary : <i>Kesed</i> , a relative of Abraham	Strong's Dictionary : <i>a Kasdite</i> , or <i>descendant of Kesed</i> ; by implication, <i>a Chaldean</i> (as if so descended); also <i>an astrologer</i> (as if proverbial of that people)

ל-ש-ל: to totter or waver

גָשָׁל kä-shäl': Stumble/Fall/Ruined/Feeble

• Concordance: Stumble

• Strong's Dictionary: to totter or waver (through weakness of the legs, especially the ankle); by implication, to falter, stumble, faint or fall

PAAL (QAL)	PIEL	HIPHIL	HUPHAL
• To totter, to stumble, to fail	• To cause to fall	• To cause to fall, to cause to	To be overthrown
To fall, to faint		stumble	• To be felled
To become weak		• To seduce, to lead astray	
DERIVATIONS			
mäḥ-shā-lä' מַכְשֵׁלָה			
n.fs.			
Derivation: כ-ש-ל: to totter or waver	r		
1. Ruin			
2. Incitement of sin, offense			
Concordance: Ruin			
Strong's Dictionary: a stumbling-bi only figuratively (fall, enticement [i			
כת			

כ-ת-ם: to carve or engrave

כָּתַם *kä-thäm* '

• Strong's Dictionary: properly, to carve or engrave, i.e., (by implication) to inscribe indelibly

NIPHAL

• To be inscribed, to be written

DERIVATIONS

kɛ-thɛm'

n.ms.

Derivation: כ-ת-ם: to carve or engrave

1. Gold, fine gold

Concordance: Gold

Strong's Dictionary: properly, *something carved out*, i.e, *ore*; hence, *gold* (pure as originally mined)

כתף: from an unused root meaning to clothe

כָּתַף kä-thāf'

n.fs.

Derivation: כתף: from an unused root meaning to clothe

- 1. Shoulder, shoulder blade, side, flank
- 2. Border

3. (pl.) Shoulder parts, projections

Concordance: Shoulder

Strong's Dictionary: *the shoulder* (proper, i.e., *upper end of the arm*; as being the spot where the garments hang); figuratively, *side-piece* or *lateral projection* of anything

lä-mɛd|ל

לא

•

to tire: ל-א-ה

לָאָה|lä-ä ': Weary (Selves)

- Concordance: Weary
- Strong's Dictionary: to tire; (figuratively) to be (or make) disgusted

PAAL (QAL)

- NIPHAL
- To labor, to toil
 To be wearing to be arbourted to be to be
- To be wearied, to be exhausted, to be tired
 To be weary to tire oneself
- To be wearied, to be exhausted, to be tired
 To be offended
- To be offended

• To be weary, to tire oneself

HIPHIL

- To make weary, to fatigue, to exhaust
- To weary out, to make impatient

לאם: from an unused root meaning to gather

לאָם|l⁼-ōm'

n.ms.

Derivation: לאם: from an unused root meaning to gather

- 1. People, nation
- Concordance: Nation

Strong's Dictionary: a community

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לב

to be enclosed ל-ב-ב

לְבַב|*lä-väv* ':

- Concordance: Heart
- Strong's Dictionary: to be enclosed (as if with fat); by implication, to unheart; i.e., (in a good sense) transport (with love), or (in a bad sense) stultify; to make cakes
- PAAL (QAL) NIPHAL PIEL • To be hollow • To be deprived, to be void of heart To wound. • To be intelligent To rob the heart, to take away one's heart, • • to bewitch To make cakes

DERIVATIONS

DERIVATIONS		
לְבַב lāv or∣לְבַב lē-väv'	לְבַנוֹן∣٤-vä-nōn'	
n.ms.	prop. n.	
Derivation: ל-ב-ב: to be enclosed	Derivation: ל-ב-ב: to be enclosed	
 The heart The soul, life The senses, emotion, affection Mode of thinking and acting Will and power (the seat of) Intellect and wisdom The center or middle, interior, midst 	 Lebanon The white mountain 	
Concordance: Heart	Concordance: Lebanon	
Strong's Dictionary : <i>the heart</i> (as the most interior organ)	Strong's Dictionary : <i>the heart</i> (as the most interior organ)	
ל-ב-ך: to be white		
לָבָן <i> lä-vän':</i>		
 Concordance: White Strong's Dictionary: to be (or be 	ecome) white; to make bricks	
PAAL (QAL)	HIPHIL	HITHPAEL
• To be white	• To purge, to cleanse, to purify	• To purge oneself
To make bricks	• To be or make white	
DERIVATIONS		
לְבָנָה lɛ‑-vä‑nä'	לְבוֹנָה l⁵-vō-nä'	
n.fs.	n.fs.	
Derivation: ל-ב-ן: to be white	Derivation: ל-ב-ן: to be white	
 The white, the pale (poetic) Moon 	1. Frankincense, white resin	
Concordance: Moon	Concordance: Incense	
Strong's Dictionary : properly, (<i>the</i>) <i>white</i> , i.e., <i>the moon</i>	Strong's Dictionary : <i>frankincense</i> (from its whiteness or perhaps that of its smoke)	
ל-ב-ש: to wrap around		

לְבָשׁ /lä-väsh': Clothe/Wear/Put On

• Concordance: Clothe

• Strong's Dictionary: properly, wrap around, i.e. (by implication) to put on a garment or clothe (oneself, or another), literally or figuratively

PAAL (QAL)

• To wrap up, to cover, to put on

PUAL

	H.
To clothe	

•

- To dress or clothe oneself
- To be clothed To be clothed with (official) garments or robes

•

•

HIPHIL

DERIVATIONS לִבוּשׁ∣l^ε-vüsh' mäl-büsh' תּלְבַשֶׁת tēl-bō'-sheth n.ms. n.fs. n.ms. Derivation: ל-ב-ש: to wrap around Derivation: ל-ב-ש: to wrap around Derivation: ל-ב-ש: to wrap around 1. Garment, clothing 1. Garment, clothes 1. Garment 2. Spouse, wife Concordance: Apparel **Concordance**: Raiment Concordance: Cloth Strong's Dictionary: a garment (literally or Strong's Dictionary: a garment, or Strong's Dictionary: a garment figuratively); by implication (euphemistically) (collectively) clothing a wife 75

Roots ל

להב: from an unused root meaning to gleam

אלהב ווביא איז איז איז איז איז איז איז איז איז א
Derivation: להב: from an unused root meaning Derivation: להב: from an unused root meaning
8
1. Flame1. Flame2. Flaming, glittering steel2. Flaming, glittering steel
Concordance: Flame Concordance: Flame
Strong's Dictionary: a flash; figuratively, a sharp polished blade or point of a weaponStrong's Dictionary: a flash; figuratively, a sharp polished blade or point of a weapon

לָהַט |lä-hät': Burn/Set on Fire/Blaze

• Concordance: Fire

• Strong's Dictionary: to lick, i.e., (by implication) to blaze

- PAAL (QAL)
- To burn
- To be furious

- PIEL
- To kindle, to make burn, to set on fire, to consume

לו

to twine :ל-ו-ה

לְנָה lä-vä ': Join/Lend

- Concordance: Join
- Strong's Dictionary: properly, to twine, i.e., (by implication) to unite, to remain; also to borrow (as a form of obligation) or (causatively) to lend



לוּט lüt: Cast Over

- Concordance: Cast
- Strong's Dictionary: to wrap up

PAAL (QAL)

- To cover over, to hide, to wrap up
- To do secretly

HIPHIL • To cover

Roots ל

DERIVATIONS

lōt לוֹט
n.ms.

Derivation: כ-ו-ט: to wrap up

1. Covering, veil

Concordance: Cover

Strong's Dictionary:

לול: from an unused root meaning to fold back

lē-lēth' לִילִית

n.fs.

Derivation: לול from an unused root meaning to fold back 1. Night spectre, night spirit, ghost

Concordance: Owl

Strong's Dictionary: a night spectre

ל-ו-ך: to stop

לוין lün: Lodge/Dwell

- Concordance: Lodge
- Strong's Dictionary: to stop (usually over night); by implication, to stay permanently; hence (in a bad sense) to be obstinate (especially in words, to complain)

 PAAL (QAL) To lodge, to pass the night, to turn in, to stop for the night To abide, to remain, to continue, to tarry, to dwell 	NIPHAL • To show oneself obstinant, to be stubborn • To murmur, to complain, to be refractory	HIPHIL • To cause to remain overnight • To murmur, to complain, to be refractory	HITHPAEL To lodge, to stay
DERIVATIONS			
מְלוּנָה m ^ɛ -lü-nä'			
n.fs.			
Derivation: ל-ו-ן: to stop			
 Booth, night hut Suspended bed, hammock 			

Concordance: Lodge

Strong's Dictionary: a hut, a hammock

ל-ו-צ: to make mouths at

לוּצ|düts

• Strong's Dictionary: properly, to make mouths at, i.e., to scoff; hence (from the effort to pronounce a foreign language) to interpret, or (generally) intercede

PAAL (QAL)

- To speak barbarously, to stammer
- To deride, to mock, to scorn

HIPHIL

- To act as interpreter, to interpret, to mediate
- To deride, to mock

•

HITHPAEL

•

To act foolishly or impudently, to act as a mocker

DERIVATIONS

lä-tsōn'

n.ms.

Derivation: ל-ו-צ: to make mouths at

- 1. Mockery, derision
- Concordance: Scorn

Strong's Dictionary: derision

Roots ל

לח

to feed on ל-ה-ם |לחם lä-häm: Fight/War(ring) • Concordance: Fight • Strong's Dictionary: to feed on; figuratively, to consume; by implication, to battle (as destruction) NIPHAL PAAL (QAL) • To eat, to consume To fight, to wage war • To fight, to make war, to compress **DERIVATIONS** mēl-hä-mä' n.fs. Derivation: ל-ח-ם: to feed on 1. War, fight, battle 2. Weapons, victory Concordance: War Strong's Dictionary: a battle (i.e., the engagement); generally, war (i.e., warfare)

ל-ח-ץ: to press

לְחַץ lä-häts': Affliction/Oppression

- Concordance: Afflict
- Strong's Dictionary: properly, to press, i.e., (figuratively) to distress

to whisper יל-ה-ש

לָחַשׁ|lä-ḥäsh'

• Strong's Dictionary: to whisper; by implication, to mumble a spell (as a magician)

PIEL

- To whisper, to mutter incantations
- (part.) Enchanter, sorcerer

DERIVATIONS

lä-ḥäsh'∣lä-

n.ms.

Derivation: ל-ח-ש: to whisper

- 1. Whisper, murmur, whispered prayer
- 2. Incantation, charm, spell
- 3. Amulet

HITHPAEL

To whisper among selves

Roots ל

Concordance: Pray

Strong's Dictionary: properly, a whisper, i.e., by implication, (in a good sense) a private prayer, (in a bad one) an incantation; concretely, an amulet

לם

to goad ל-מ-ד

למד // lä-mäd': Teach/Learn

- Concordance: Learn
- Strong's Dictionary: properly, to goad, i.e., (by implication) to teach (the rod being an Oriental incentive)
 - PAAL (QAL)
- · To learn, to study, to be accustomed to
- PIEL
- To train, to accustom, to practice • To teach, to instruct
- PUAL
- To be accustomed, to be trained, to be taught

DERIVATIONS

lēm-müd'

adj.

Derivation: כ-מ-ד: to goad

- 1. Taught, trained, skilled, accustomed
- 2. Disciple

Concordance: Learn

Strong's Dictionary: instructed

לע

ל-ע-ג: to deride

לעג lä-äg': Teacher/Scorn

• Concordance: Teach

PAAL (QAL)

- Strong's Dictionary: to deride; by implication (as if imitating a foreigner) to speak unintelligibly

seized

- To mock, to deride, to laugh at
- NIPHAL To stammer, to speak unintelligibly
- To speak in a foreign language

- HIPHIL
- To mock, to deride, to laugh at

לק

ל-ק-ח: to take

lä-käh'

• Strong's Dictionary: to take (in the widest variety of applications):

PAAL (QAL)

- To take, to seize, to lay • hold of
- To take from, to take away, to capture, to conquer
- To accept, to receive
- · To perceive

DERIVATIONS

mäl-kō'-äh

n.ms.

- Derivation: ל-ק-ח: to take
- 1. Jaws, upper and lower plate

- NIPHAL To be taken, to be
 - PUAL To be taken, to be taken away, to be led away
- HUPHAL
- To be brought, to be fetched, to be taken away

HITHPAEL

To contain oneself, to be continuous

To be taken away

	ל	Roots	
Concordance : Prey Strong's Dictionary : <i>the jaws</i> (as taking food); intransitively <i>spoil</i> [and captives] (as taken)			
ל-ק- ט : to pick up לקט: <i>dia-kät': Gather/Glean</i> • Concordance: Gather • Strong's Dictionary: properly, <i>ta</i>	o <i>nick un</i> ie (gener	ally) to gather speci	ifically to glean
PAAL (QAL)	PIEL up, to gather, collect or	PUAL • To be gathered	HITHPAEL • To be gathered or assembled
לש			
ל-ש-ך: to lick אלש-ן/ <i>lä-shän'</i> • Strong's Dictionary: <i>to lick</i> ; but HUPHAL • To slander <u>DERIVATIONS</u> אלשוֹן	used only as a denor	ninative from לְשׁוֹן; HITHPAEL • To slander, to calum	<i>to wag the tongue</i> , i.e., <i>to calumniate</i>
n.ms. Derivation: ۲-۳-۶: to lick 1. Tongue 2. Speech, language 3. Tongue-like bar of gold 4. Flame 5. Tongue of a sea-bay Concordance: Tongue Strong's Dictionary: the tongue (of man or animals), used literally (as the instrument of licking, eating, or speech), and figuratively (speech, an ingot, a fork of flame, a cove of water)			

mem and ם mem sō-fēt

מאה: primitive number; a hundred

mā-ä'

n.fs.

Derivation: מאה: primitive number; a hundred

- 1. Hundred
- 2. Hundred times
- 3. Hundredth part

NIPHAL

To be rejected

•

•

To be contemned or despised

To melt away, to dissolve

Concordance: Hundred

Strong's Dictionary: properly, *a primitive numeral a hundred*; also as a multiplicative and a fraction

ימ-א-ן: to refuse

מאן mä-än': Refuse

- Concordance: Refuse
- Strong's Dictionary: to refuse

PIEL

• To refuse, to be unwilling

to spurn מ-א-ס

מָאָס mä-äs': Despise/Refuse/Cast Away

- Concordance: Refuse
- Strong's Dictionary: to spurn; also (intransitively) to disappear

PAAL (QAL)

- To reject, to refuse
- · To despise, to contemn, to repudiate
- to melt, to flow abroad
- To feel undone

72

מדי: Medai (as in the Medes)

mä-däē'

proper noun

Derivation: מדי: Medai (as in the Medes)

1. Medai, Media

2. The Medes

Concordance: Media/Medes

Strong's Dictionary: Madai, a country of central Asia

מה

מה: to interrogative pronoun meaning what

mä|מָה

indefinite pro.

Derivation: מה: to interrogative pronoun meaning what

- 1. What?, which?, anything, something
- 2. (adv.) Why?, how?, how!
- 3. (with prep. ?) Wherefore?, why?
- 4. (with prep. -עד) Till when?
- 5. (with prep. על') Wherefore?

Concordance: N/A

Strong's Dictionary: properly, interrogative what? (including how? why? when?); but also exclamation, what! (including how!), or indefinitely i(including whatever, and even relatively, that which); often used with prefixes in various adverbial or conjunctive senses

mä-häh'

v.

Derivation: demonstrative form of מה to interrogative pronoun meaning what

1. (Hithpael) To tarry, to delay, to hesitate, to linger

Concordance: Stay

Strong's Dictionary: properly, to question or hesitate, i.e., (by implication) to be reluctant

מ|ם Roots

-	

ג-ו-ג to melt

מוג müg: Dissolve/Consume

- Concordance: Dissolve
- Strong's Dictionary: to melt, i.e., literally (to soften, flow down, disappear), or figuratively (to fear, faint)

To tremble

•

PAAL (QAL)	NIPHAL	PIEL	HITHPAEL

- To melt away, to be dissolved To flow down, to melt, to To melt, to dissolve • To cause to flow down, to • dissolve
- soften To tremble, to fear, to shake To tremble, to be afraid or • dismayed

To cause to despond

to waver מ-ו-ט

מוט mot: Move/Remove

• Concordance: Move

• Strong's Dictionary: to waver; by implication, to slip, shake, fall

NIPHAL PAAL (QAL) HIPHIL HITHPAEL To totter, to waver, to quake, to To totter, to waver, to quake, to To totter, to shake To cause to totter or come • shake down, to cause to fall upon shake To tumble, to stumble, to fall To precipitate

DERIVATIONS

mō-tä'

n.fs.

Derivation: מ-ו-ט: to waver

1. Bar. staff

2. Yoke

Concordance: Yoke

Strong's Dictionary: a pole; by implication, an ox-bow; hence, a yoke (either literal or figurative)

מורג: from an unused root meaning to triturate

	מוֹרַג mō-räg'
	n.ms.
Derivation: meaning to	מורג: from an unused root triturate
1. Tribulum	n, threshing wain or sledge
Concordan	ce: Instrument
Strong's Di	ctionary: a threshing sledge

ש-ו-ש: to withdraw

מוש müsh: Remove/Depart

• Concordance: Remove

• Strong's Dictionary: to withdraw (both literally and figuratively, whether intransitive or transitive)

PAAL (QAL)

• To yield, to give way, to depart HIPHIL

- To remove, to take away

- To remove, to let go, to take away
- · To give way, to withdraw, to depart

to die מ-ו-ת

מות müth': Kill/Slay/Die/Dead

- Concordance: Die
- Strong's Dictionary: to die (literally or figuratively); causatively, to kill

מ|ם Roots

PAAL (QAL)To die, to wither, to decayTo perish, to be dead, to be destroyed	PILEL To slay, to kill 		HIPHIL • To kill, to slay, to cause to die, to bring to death		HUPHAL To be put to death, to be slain
DERIVATIONS					
mä'-vɛth מַוָת	nä'-vɛth אַלְמָנָת/tsäl		-mä'-vɛth		
n.ms.	n.ms. n.		ns.		
Derivation: מ-ו-ת: to die		Derivation: combination derived from צִלָל) and			
 Death Realm for the death, Hades, Hell Fatal disease, deadly sickness, pe Destruction 		. Shadow of death			
Concordance: Die Concordance: Death					
Strong's Dictionary : <i>death</i> (natural or violent); concretely, <i>the dead</i> , their place or state (<i>hades</i>); figuratively, <i>pestilence</i> , <i>ruin</i>		om אַל and אַל; <i>shade</i> (figuratively, <i>calamity</i>)			

N

ה-ה-ה: to stroke or rub

מְחָה /mä-ḥä': Blot Out/Wipe Away/Full of Marrow

- Concordance: Blot Out
- Strong's Dictionary: properly, to stroke or rub; by implication, to erase; also to smooth (as if with oil), i.e., grease or make fat; also to touch, i.e., reach to

 PAAL (QAL) To wipe, to wipe of or away, to blot out To adjoin, to touch on To destroy To strike upon To be marrowy or fat 	NIPHAL • To be wiped off our out, to be removed • To be blotted out, to be destroyed	PIEL To take out marrow 	PUAL To be smeared with fat 	HIPHILTo blot out, to destroyTo wipe of, to put away
DERIVATIONS				
mā'-ä מ <u>ח</u>	<u>h</u>			
n.ms.				
to stroke :מ-ח-ה: to stroke	or rub			
 Fat, marrowy Rich, noble 				
Concordance: Fat				
Strong's Dictionary: fat; fig	uratively, rich			

ץ-ה-א: to dash asunder

מְחַץ *mä-häts* '

• Strong's Dictionary: to dash asunder; by implication, to crush, smash or violently plunge; figuratively, to subdue or destroy

PAAL (QAL)

• To split, to cleave, to crush, to wound

To shake, to dip

DERIVATIONS

מחז mä-häts'

n.ms.

Derivation: מ-ח-ץ: to dash asunder

1. Wound, contusion

Roots ם|מ

Concordance: Strike

Strong's Dictionary: a contusion

mä'-ēm n.mp. (only pl.) Derivation: מים: from an unused root derived from a primitive noun meaning water 1. Water 2. Juice, liquid 3. Urine, semen 4. Abundance, danger Concordance: Water Strong's Dictionary: dual of a primitive noun (but used in a singular sense); water; figuratively, juice; by euphemism, urine, semen מל מ-ל-א: to fill or be full of מַלָא mä-lä': Fill/Full/Replenish/Accomplish/Furnish • Concordance: Fill • Strong's Dictionary: to fill or (intransitively) be full of, in a wide variety of applications (literally or figuratively) PAAL (QAL) NIPHAL PIEL PUAL To be full or become To be filled or become To make full, to fill To be filled in or up • •

מים: from an unused root derived from a primitive noun meaning water

- full To overflow, to be
- filled, to be complete To make full, to fill
- full, to be satisfied To be completed
- To fulfil, satisfy or
- complete To do fully
- To fill in or up
- To be set (of gems)
- HITHPAEL To make one another full
- · To assist each other

mε-lō'מלא

DERIVATIONS

n.ms.

Derivation: מ-ל-א: to fill or be full of

- 1. Fulness, that which fills up
- 2. Multitude, crowd

Concordance: Fill

Strong's Dictionary: fulness (literally or figuratively)

מלאך: from an unused root meaning to dispatch as a deputy

mäl-äk'

n.ms.

Derivation: מלאך: from an unused root meaning to dispatch as a deputy

- 1. Messenger, herald
- 2. Angel
- 3. Prophet, priest

Concordance: Messenger

Strong's Dictionary: a messenger; specifically, of God, i.e., an angel (also a prophet, priest or teacher)

מ-ל-ש: to be smooth

מָלָט mä-lät': Deliver/Escape/Preserve/Lay

- Concordance: Deliver
- Strong's Dictionary: properly, to be smooth, i.e., (by implication) to escape (as if by slipperiness); causatively, to release or rescue; specifically, to bring forth young, emit sparks

	NIPHAL	PIEL	HIPHIL	HITHPAEL
•	To escape, to deliver oneself	To cause to escape	• To deliver, to rescue, to save	To escape
•	To be delivered, to be saved or	To escape	To bring forth	• To emit (sparks)
	freed	 To deliver, to save 	• To lay (eggs)	
•	To go away in haste	• To let slip, to lay (eggs)		

to reign מ-ל-ך

מְלָך mä-läh': Reign/Set (Up a King)

• Concordance: Reign

• Strong's Dictionary: to reign; inceptively, to ascend the throne; causatively, to induct into royalty; hence (by implication) to take counsel

•

- PAAL (QAL) To reign or rule •
 - To consult • To determine
 - To be or become king

DERIVATIONS

מלוּכה m^ε-lü-hä'

n.fs

Derivation: מ-ל-ך: to reign

1. Dominion, rule, reign

Concordance: Kingdom

Strong's Dictionary: something ruled, i.e., a realm

n.ms

mɛ-lɛh'|מַלָד

Derivation: מ-ל-ך: to reign

1. King

NIPHAL

Concordance: King

Strong's Dictionary: king; Melek, the name of two Israelites

mäm-lä-hä'

To be made king

HUPHAL

n.fs

Derivation: מ-ל-ך: to reign

•

- 1. Kingdom, dominion, realm
- 2. Reign

HIPHIL

To make or constitute as king

To cause to reign

Concordance: Kingdom

Strong's Dictionary: dominion, i.e. (abstractly) the estate (rule) or (concretely) the country (realm)

72

to weigh out מ-נ-ה

מנה mä-nä': Number

• Concordance: Number

• Strong's Dictionary: properly, to weigh out; by implication, to allot or constitute officially; also to enumerate or enroll

PAAL (QAL)

- · To divide, to separate
- To allot, to assign, to appoint
- To prepare, to make ready
- To number, to count

DERIVATIONS

מַני|m^ε-nē

n.ms.

Derivation: מ-נ-ה: to weigh out

- 1. Fate, fortune
- 2. Babylonian goddess

Concordance: Number

Strong's Dictionary: the Apportioner, i.e., Fate (as an idol)

NIPHAL To be numbered, to be •

reckoned

To divide, to allot to, to assign

To appoint, to constitute, to •

PIEL

dispose To cause, to prepare

PUAL

To be constituted, to be set over, to be appointed

מנחה: from an unused root meaning to apportion or bestow

mēn-ḥä'

n.fs.

Derivation: מנחה: from an unused root meaning to apportion or bestow

- 1. Gift, present
- 2. Tribute
- 3. Sacrifice (usually a bloodless one), gift offered to divinity, offering

Concordance: Oblation

Strong's Dictionary: *a donation*; euphemistically, *tribute*; specifically *a sacrificial offering* (usually bloodless and voluntary)

מס

ק-ס-ד: to mix, especially wine

מְסָד *mä-säḥ': Mingle*

• Concordance: Mingle

- Strong's Dictionary: to mix, especially wine (with spices)
- PAAL (QAL)
- To mix, to mingle

DERIVATIONS

mēm-säh'ממסָד

n.ms.

Derivation: מ-ס-ך: to mix, especially wine

1. Mixed wine, spiced wine

Concordance: Drink

Strong's Dictionary: *mixture*, i.e., (specifically) *wine mixed* (with water or spices)

ס-ס-ם: to liquefy

מָסָס *mä-säs': Melt/Faint/Discourage*

- Concordance: Melt
- Strong's Dictionary: to liquefy; figuratively, to waste (with disease), to faint (with fatigue, fear or grief)

PAAL (QAL)

NIPHAL

- To waste away, to perish
- To melt or dissolve
- To perish
 To despond or despair, to become faint (with terror or fear or with sorrow)
- To be loosened, to become lean

- HIPHIL
- HIPHI To make fearful
- To cause to despond, to discourage

22

א-צ-א: to come forth to

מַצָא|*mä-tsä* '

- Concordance: Find
- Strong's Dictionary: properly, to come forth to, i.e., appear or exist; transitively, to attain, i.e., find or acquire; figuratively, to occur, meet, or be present

PAAL (QAL)

- To come to, to attain to, to arrive at, to acquire
- To find, to discover
- To reach,to meet with, to happen to, to befall
- To suffice

מ|ם Roots

To be acquired by (someone)

To be found, to be discovered

To be met with

To exist

NIPHAL

- HIPHIL
- To cause to come or to let come, to deliver
- To cause to acquire or acquire
- To bring to, to present

מק

to melt מ-ק-ק

מְקָק mä-käk': Dissolve

• Concordance: Dissolve

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• Strong's Dictionary: to melt; figuratively, to flow, dwindle, vanish
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•

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NIPHAL

HIPHIL

To be melted, to be dissolved, to vanishTo pine or pine away, to flow, to perish

• To cause to pine

מר

112

to rebel מ-ר-א

מָרָא *mä-rä* '

• Strong's Dictionary: to rebel; hence (through the idea of maltreating) to whip, i.e., lash (self with wings, as the ostrich in running)

PAAL (QAL)

• To be obstinant, to be rebellious

- HIPHIL
- To flap the wings

DERIVATIONS

מְרַיָא mɛ-rē'

adj.

Derivation: מ-ר-א: to rebel

- 1. Fat, fattened, well fed
- 2. (subst.) fattened beast

Concordance: Beast

Strong's Dictionary: *stall-fed*; often (as a noun) *a beeve*

ה-ר-ה: to be or make bitter

מָרָה mä-rä': Rebel/Disobedient/Provoke

- Concordance: Rebel
- Strong's Dictionary: to be (causatively, make) bitter (or unpleasant); (figuratively) to rebel (or resist; causatively, to provoke)

PAAL (QAL)

- To stroke, to strike
- To be contumacious, to be rebellious, to be refractory
- To rebel, to resist, to despise

DERIVATIONS

m^ε-rē'מְרִי

n.ms.

Derivation: מ-ר-ה: to be or make bitter

- 1. Contumacy, refractoriness, rebellion, perverseness
- 2. Bitterness

Concordance: Rebel

- To resist, to oppose
- To quarrel, to dispute

HIPHIL

• To be rebellious, to rebel, to resist, to offend

Roots ב|מ

Strong's Dictionary: *bitterness*, i.e., (figuratively) *rebellion*; concretely, *bitter*, or *rebellious*

222

משור: from an unused root meaning to rasp

mäs-sōr'
n.ms.
Derivation: משור: from an unused root meaning to rasp
1. Saw
Concordance: Saw
Strong's Dictionary: a saw

ד-ש-ה: to rub with oil

מְשֵׁח mä-shäḥ': Anoint/Paint

• Concordance: Anoint

• Strong's Dictionary: to rub with oil, i.e., to anoint; by implication, to consecrate; also to paint

PAAL (QAL)To spread over, to paint, to besmearTo anoint or consecrate	NIPHAL To be anointed
DERIVATIONS	
מָשֵׁיה mä-shē'-äḥ	
adj.	
Derivation: מ-ש-ח: to rub with oil	
 Besmeared, anointed Anointed one (priest, king, patriarch) (n.) Messiah, the Christ 	
Concordance: Anoint	
Strong's Dictionary : <i>anointed</i> ; usually a consecrated person (as a king, priest or saint); specifically, <i>the Messiah</i>	

ד-ש-ף: to draw

משך mä-shäh': Draw/Prolong/Scatter

- Concordance: Draw
- Strong's Dictionary: to draw, used in a great variety of application (including to sow, to sound, to prolong, to develop, to march, to remove, to delay, to be tall, etc.)

PAAL (QAL)

- To draw or pull
- To extend or prolong
- To sow
- To attract, to take, to cherish or preserve
- To wander, to go

to rule : 1) to rule

מְשֵׁל mä-shäl': Rule(r)/Reign

- Concordance: Rule
- Strong's Dictionary: to rule

PAAL (QAL)

- To rule, to reign, to govern
- To rule over, to manage

NIPHAL

To be protracted To be delayed

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•

iracied

PUAL

- To be protractedTo be extended
- To be extendedTo be tall
 - To be tall
- (part.) Made hard, strong

HIPHIL

To cause to rule, to give dominion

מ|ם Roots

DERIVATIONS

	מִמְשָׁלָה mɛm-shä-lä
	n.fs.
Deri	vation: מ-ש-ל: to rule
	ominion, rule, reign, jurisdiction rinces, chief, rulers
Cone	cordance: Dominion
Stro plur	ng's Dictionary : <i>rule</i> ; also (concretely in al) <i>a realm</i> or <i>a ruler</i>

ל : 2) to liken

מָשַל mä-shäl': Compare/Be Like

- Concordance: Compare
- Strong's Dictionary: to liken, i.e., (transitively) to use figurative language (an allegory, adage, song or the like); intransitively, to resemble

 PAAL (QAL) To make like, to assimilate To use a proverb, to use a parable 	NIPHAL • To be compared, to be like or similar	PIEL • To use parables, to speak in parables	HIPHIL • To compare, to liken	HITHPAEL To become like
DERIVATIONS				
משָׁל]mä-sh	iäl'			
n.fs.				
Derivation: מ-ש-ל: to liken				
 Similitude, parable, comp Sentence, opinion Proverb, saying, satire, by Song, poem 				
Concordance: Proverb				
Strong's Dictionary: proper usually of metaphorical natu (as an adage, poem, discour-	are; hence, a simile			

מת

מתי: from an unused root meaning to extend

m^ε-thēm'

n.mp. (only pl.)

Derivation: מתי: from an unused root meaning to extend

1. Men, males

Concordance: Man

Strong's Dictionary: properly, *an adult* (as of full length); by implication, *a man* (only in the plural)

to suck מ-ת-ק

מְתַק|*mä-thäk* '

• Strong's Dictionary: to suck, by implication, to relish, or (intransitively) be sweet

PAAL (QAL)

- To suck
- To be or become sweet, to be pleasant
- To enjoy, to relish

HIPHIL

- To render sweet or pleasant
- To become sweet

מ|ם Roots

DERIVATIONS

mä-thōk'

adj.

Derivation: מ-ת-ק: to suck

- 1. Sweet.
- 2. Lovely, pleasant
- 3. (subst.) Sweetness

Concordance: Sweet

Strong's Dictionary: sweet

ו nün and און nün sō-fēt

81

to be at home נ-א-ה

נאָה *nä-ä': Beautiful*

- Concordance: Beauty
- Strong's Dictionary: properly, to be at home, i.e. (by implication) to be pleasant (or suitable), i.e., beautiful

•

PIEL

- To be convenient, suitable
- To be becoming, lovely or pleasant

ינ-א-ץ: to scorn

נָאַץ nä-äts': Despise/Provoke/Blaspheme/Anger

- Concordance: Despise
- Strong's Dictionary: to scorn; or, by interchange for נוץ, to bloom

PIEL

- PAAL (QAL)
- To deride, to despise, to revile • To reject, to contemn •
- or scorn · To reject
- To cause to speak evil, to despise or deride

HIPHIL

To be despised, to be contemned

HITHPAEL

- To be derided or scorned
- (part.) contemned, rejected •

DERIVATIONS

נאָצָה n^ɛ-ä-tsä'

n.fs.

Derivation: ג-א-ץ: to scorn

1. Reproach, reviling, contempt

Concordance: Blasphemy

Strong's Dictionary: scorn



to prophesy :נ-ב-א

נָבָא *nä-vä* '

• Strong's Dictionary: to prophesy, i.e., speak (or sing) by inspiration (in prediction or simple discourse)

NIPHAL

- HITHPAEL
- To prophesy, to speak by divine power, to be inspired ٠
- To prophesy •

ן Roots וו

• To sing holy songs, to praise God

- To sing, to praise God
- To be mad, to rave, to act as if mad, to play the madman

DERIVATIONS

נָב <u>י</u> א nä-vē'	נָבִיאָה nä-vē-yä
n.ms.	n.fs.
Derivation: נ-ב-א: to prophesy	Derivation: נ-ב-א: to prophesy
1. Prophet, speaker of oracles	 Prophetess Wife of a prophet Poetess
Concordance: Prophet	Concordance: Prophet
Strong's Dictionary : <i>a prophet</i> or (generally) <i>inspired man</i>	Strong's Dictionary : <i>a prophetess</i> or (generally) <i>inspired woman</i> ; by implication, <i>a poetess</i> ; by association <i>a prophet's wife</i>

נ-ב-ש: to scan, look intently at

וְבָם nä-vät': Look/Behold/Regard/See

• Concordance: Look

• Strong's Dictionary: to scan, i.e., look intently at; by implication, to regard with pleasure, favor or care

PIEL

To look

HIPHIL

PIEL

To account vile, to despise

• To disgrace, to treat with contempt, to esteem lightly, to reject

- To look, to look at, out, about or on
- To behold, to regard, to see, to respect

to wilt: נ-ב-ל

נְבַל nä-väl': Fade (Away)/Fall (Down/Off)

• Concordance: Fade

• Strong's Dictionary: to wilt; generally, to fall away, fail, faint; figuratively, to be foolish or (morally) wicked; causatively, to despise, disgrace

•

PAAL (QAL)

- To wilt or wither, to fade, to decay
- To fall down, to faint, to lose strength, to be worn out
- To vanish, to perish
- To be or act foolishly

DERIVATIONS

collectively); figuratively, an idol

ש-ב-צ: to gush forth

having a body of like form)

(as similar in shape when full); also a lyre (as

נְבַע *nä-vä* '

• Strong's Dictionary: to gush forth; figuratively, to utter (good or bad words); specifically, to emit (a foul odor)

PAAL (QAL)

• To bubble forth, to rush

HIPHIL

- To pour out, to gush forth with, to belch out
- To publish, to tell, to utter, to speak or pronounce
- To cause to boil up, to cause to ferment or putrify

ן Roots קונ

DERIVATIONS

mä-bü'-ä∣<u>מ</u>בוּעַ

n.ms.

Derivation: ג-ב-ע: to gush forth

1. Fountain, spring

Concordance: Spring

Strong's Dictionary: a fountain

23

ד-ג-ז: to front

נָגַד |nä-gäd': Tell/Show/Declare

- Concordance: Declare
- Strong's Dictionary: to front, i.e., stand boldly out opposite; by implication (causatively), to manifest; figuratively, to announce (always by word of mouth to one present); specifically, to expose, predict, explain, praise

•

•

HIPHIL

- · To show, to tell, to declare, to confess, to explain, to bring forth
 - To proclaim, to announce, to celebrate with praise
- To make known, to betray

DERIVATIONS

נְגִיד nä-gēd'

n.ms.

Derivation: נ-ג-ד: to front

- 1. Prince, leader, ruler, overseer
- 2. Noble, honorable
- 3. (pl.) Noble things, excellent things

Concordance: Lead(er)

Strong's Dictionary: *a commander* (as occupying the front), civil, military or religious; generally (abstractly, plural), *honorable themes*

ד-ג-ה: to glitter

נְגָה |nä-gä': Lighten/(Cause to) Shine

- Concordance: Shine
- Strong's Dictionary: to glitter; causatively, to illuminate

8 1 0 1	
PAAL (QAL)	HIPHIL
• To shine, to glitter	To cause to shine
To be bright	To make brilliant
	To illuminate
DERIVATIONS	
וגה nō'-gä	נְגֹהָה nɛ‑-gō-hä'
n.fs.	n.fs.
Derivation: ו-ג-ג-ה to glitter	Derivation: נ-ג-ה: to glitter
1. Brightness	1. Brightness, splendor
2. Shining splendor, glory	

Concordance: Brightness Concordance: Brightness

Strong's Dictionary : <i>brilliancy</i> (literally or figuratively)	Strong's Dictionary: splendor
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ו-ג-ן: to thrum

נגן nä-gän': Melody/Stringed Instrument

- HUPHAL To be shown, to be told
- To be shown, to be told To be announced

- Concordance: Instrument
- Strong's Dictionary: properly, to thrum, i.e., beat a tune with the fingers; expectation. to play on a stringed instrument; hence (generally), to make music

PAAL (QAL)	PIE)L
To touch the strings To strike strings, to		trike strings, to play on a stringed instrument
DERIVATIONS		
gäth	נְגִינָה nɛ-gē-nä	
n.fs.	n.fs.	
Derivation: probably from נ-ג-ן: to thrum	Derivation: נ-ג-ן: to thrum	
1. Wine press	 Music of a stringed instrument A stringed instrument Song, psalm, satire 	t
Concordance: Wine	Concordance: Sing	
Strong's Dictionary : <i>a wine-press</i> (or vat for holding the grapes in pressing them)	Strong's Dictionary : properly, <i>in</i> <i>music</i> ; by implication, <i>a stringed</i> by extension, <i>a poem set to music</i> specifically, <i>an epigram</i>	l instrument;

נ-ג-ע: to touch

ايرس nä-gä': Touch/Lay (Upon)/Strike/Come (Nigh)/Join/Reach

- Concordance: Touch
- Strong's Dictionary: to touch, i.e., lay the hand upon (for any purpose; euphemistically, to lie with a woman); by implication, to reach (figuratively, to arrive, acquire); violently, to strike (punish, defeat, destroy, etc.)

iiipiiouiioii, to	enen (ingalan elj, to t		<i>j</i> , <i>i</i> e <i>sii iiie</i> (<i>p iiiiisii</i> , <i>iiej</i>	, eul, uesu oy, etci)
 PAAL (QAL) To touch, to reach unto To come to, to arrive at To smite, to strike, to beat To punish 	NIPHAL • To be smitten, to be beaten	PIEL To strike, to smite To inflict plagues 	PUAL To be smitten 	 HIPHIL To cause to touch, to cause to reach To touch, to reach to To come to, to follow, to attain, to arrive at
DERIVATIONS				
נגָע nɛ'-g n.ms.	jä			
Derivation: נ-ג-ע: to touch				
 Stroke, blow, punishment Mark, spot, plague spot, pestilence, scurf 				
Concordance: Strike				
Strong's Dictionary : <i>a blow</i> infliction); also (by implicat (concretely, <i>a leprous perso</i>)	tion) a spot			
נ-ג-ף: to push				
נגף nä-gäf': Smite	/Beat			
 Concordance: Smite Strong's Dictionary: to push, gore, defeat, stub (the toe), inflict (a disease) 				
			1	

 PAAL (QAL)
 NIPHAL
 HIPHIL

 • To smite, to push, to thrust, to punish
 • To be smitten, to be defeated, to be routed
 • To strike against (with the foot), to stumble

ש-ג-ש: to drive (an animal, person, army, etc.)

iujnä-gäs': Oppressor/Taskmaster

Concordance: Oppress

• Strong's Dictionary: to drive (an animal, a workman, a debtor, an army); by implication, to tax, harass, tyrannize

PAAL (QAL)

• To impel, to urge, to drive, to press, to exact

NIPHAL • To be oppressed, to be harassed

ז Roots קוב

To harass one another

· To be tired out or wearied

- To urge a debtor, to demand
- To reign, to rule
- (part.) Driver, taskmaster, exacter

ש-ג-ש: to be or come near

עֹשֵׁ nä-gäsh': (Come, Bring, Draw) Near/Approach/Give

- Concordance: Near
- Strong's Dictionary: to be or come (causatively, bring) near (for any purpose); euphemistically, to lie with a woman; as an enemy, to attack; religious, to worship; causatively, to present; figuratively, to adduce an argument; by reversal, to stand back

PAAL (QAL)	NIPHAL	HIPHIL	HUPHAL	HITHPAEL
To draw near, to approach	To approach, to come near	• To cause to come near, to bring near, to present	• To be brought near, to be offered	• To draw near
To touch		To draw near, to		
To recede, to draw back		approach		
,				

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2-7-1: to impel or volunteer

נָדָב|*nä-däv* '

• Strong's Dictionary: to impel, hence to volunteer (as a soldier), to present spontaneously

PAAL (QAL)

• To impel, to urge, to incite

HITHPAEL

- To impel oneself
- To show oneself willing, to offer oneself freely
- To give spontaneously or willingly

DERIVATIONS	

נְדָיֵב nä-dēv'

adj.

Derivation: נ-ד-ב: to impel or volunteer

- 1. Willing, voluntary, ready
- 2. Giving spontaneously, liberal
- 3. Generous, noble
- 4. (subst.) A noble, prince, tyrant

Concordance: Liberal

Strong's Dictionary: properly, *voluntary*, i.e., *generous*; hence, *magnanimous*; as a noun, *a grandee* (sometimes tyrant)

7-7-1: to wave to and fro

נְדָר אוֹם אוֹם ': Flee/Wander/(Re)move

- Concordance: Flee
- Strong's Dictionary: properly, to wave to and fro (rarely to flap up and down); figuratively, to rove, flee, or (causatively) to drive away

7-7-1: to toss

נְדָה *nä-dä* ': Cast Out

• Concordance: Cast

ז Roots ז

• Strong's Dictionary: properly, to toss; figuratively, to exclude, i.e., banish, postpone, prohibit

PIEL

To remove

To cast out, to expel

*n***-7-1**: to push off

נָדָח |nä-däḥ: Outcast/Driven/Chased

• Concordance: Outcast

• Strong's Dictionary: to push off; used in a great variety of applications, literally and figuratively (to expel, mislead, strike, inflict, etc.)

PAAL (QAL)To strike into or thrust againstTo thrust out, to expel	NIPHAL • To be impelled, to be thrust forth • To be driven out, expelled or banished • To be seduced • (part.) Fugitive, outcast	PUAL To be cast out To be driven onward 	 HIPHIL To thrust or drive out, to expel, to reject To seduce To bring down upon, to cast down To bring, to draw down (evil) 	HUPHAL • To be frightened away • (part.) Driven, chased, hunted
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ק-ד-ף: to shove asunder

נְדַף *nä-däf': Drive (Away)*

- Concordance: Drive
- Strong's Dictionary: to shove asunder, i.e., disperse

PAAL (QAL)

- To dispel or disperse, to drive away, to expel
- To beat

- NIPHAL
- To be driven away or about
- To scatter

73

ג-ה-ג: to drive forth

והג nä-häg': Bring (Away)/Lead (Away, Forth)/Guide

- Concordance: Lead
- Strong's Dictionary: to drive forth (a person, an animal or chariot), i.e., *lead, carry away*; reflexively, to proceed (i.e., *impel* or guide oneself); also (from the panting induced by effort), to sigh

PAAL (QAL)

- To urge on, to drive on or forward, to lead away, to carry away
- To act

PIEL

- To pant, to sigh, to lament
- To urge on, to drive, to carry off
- To lead

ל-ה-ל: to run with a sparkle

נָהַל nä-häl': Guide/Lead

• Concordance: Guide

• Strong's Dictionary: properly, to run with a sparkle, i.e., flow; hence (transitively), to conduct, and (by inference) to protect, sustain

PIEL

- To lead, to conduct, to lead to water
- To guard, to provide for, to sustain, to protect

HITHPAEL

To go on, to walk on

to growl ונ-ה-ם

נָהָם *nä-häm': Roar*

• Concordance: Roar

• Strong's Dictionary: to growl

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PAAL (QAL)
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· To growl, to gnarl
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To roar

DERIVATIONS

נְהָמָה n°-hä-mä'

n.fs.

Derivation: נ-ה-ם: to growl

1. Roaring, growling

Concordance: Roar

Strong's Dictionary: snarling

to sparkle : נ-ה-ר

נְהַר *nä-här*': Flow (Together)

- Concordance: Flow
- Strong's Dictionary: to sparkle, i.e., (figuratively) be cheerful; hence (from the sheen of a running stream) to flow, i.e., (figuratively) assemble

PAAL (QAL)

- To flow, to flow together, to run
- To crowd to
- To shine, to give light
- To be glad, to rejoice, to be cheerful

DERIVATIONS

נְהָר nä-här'

n.ms.

Derivation: נ-ה-ר: to sparkle

- 1. Stream, river, current
- 2. The Euphrates, the Nile

Concordance: River

Strong's Dictionary: *a stream* (including the sea; expectation the Nile, Euphrates, etc.); figuratively, *prosperity*

13

-1-1: to germinate

נוּב∣*nüv*

• Strong's Dictionary: to germinate, i.e., (figuratively) to (causatively, make) flourish; also (of words), to utter

PAAL (QAL)To sprout, to germinate, to grow, to thriveTo increase, to receive increaseTo utter, to speak	PIEL To cause to germinate 	ate or sprout, to produce
DERIVATIONS		
נִיב nēv	תְנוּבָה t⁼-nü-vä'	
n.ms.	n.fs.	
Derivation: :: to germinate	Derivation: נ-ו-ב to germinate	
 Produce, fruit Speech (praise) 	1. Produce, fruit	
Concordance: Fruit(ful)	Concordance: Fruit(ful)	
Strong's Dictionary : <i>produce</i> , literally or figuratively	Strong's Dictionary: produce	

7-1-1: to nod

נוּד *nüd: Remove/Sorry*

• Concordance: Remove

• Strong's Dictionary: to nod, i.e., waver; figuratively, to wander, flee, disappear; also (from shaking the head in sympathy), to console, deplore, or (from tossing the head in scorn) taunt

	PAAL (QAL)		HIPHIL		HUPHAL		HITHPAEL
•	To move to and fro, to shake, to nod	•	To cause to wander, to expel, to scare away	•	To be shaken out, to be thrown out	•	To be moved to and fro, to wag, to move the head
•	To wander, to be a fugitive, to rove about, to flee	•	To agitate, to not, to wag, to shake			•	To lament
•	To pity, to commiserate, to						

comfort, to condole · To lament, to deplore

נ-ו-ה: to rest (as at home)

נוה *nä-vä*'

• Strong's Dictionary: to rest (as at home); causatively (through the implied idea of beauty), to celebrate (with praises)

PAAL (QAL)

- To sit down, to rest
- To dwell, to abide
- To be decorous, becoming

DERIVATIONS

חä-vε' נוֵה

adj.

Derivation: ו-ו-ה: to rest (as at home)

- 1. Dwelling, abiding, inhabiting
- 2. (subst.) A seat, a habitation, a pasture Comely, beautiful, lovely, decorous, 3.
- becoming

4. The mistress of a house

Concordance: Habitation

Strong's Dictionary: (adjectively) at home; hence (by implication of satisfaction) lovely; also (noun) a home, of God (temple), men (residence), flocks (pasture), or wild animal (den)

*n***-1-1**: to rest

נוח] nü'-äh: Rest/Lay/Be Confederate

• Concordance: Rest

• Strong's Dictionary: to rest, i.e., settle down; used in a great variety of application, literal and figurative, intransitive, transitive, and causative (to dwell, stay, let fall, place, let alone, withdraw, give comfort, etc.)

PAAL (QAL)

- To rest, to be at rest, to settle down, to lie • down
- To reside or dwell, to remain
- To be silent

DERIVATIONS

mä-nō-ah' מנוח

n.ms.

Derivation: נ-ו-ח: to rest

- 1. Rest, repose, resting place
- 2. Settlement

Concordance: Place

Strong's Dictionary: quiet, i.e., (concretely) a settled spot, or (figuratively) a home

HIPHIL

- To set down, to deposit, to lay down
- To cause to rest, to give rest, to quiet
- To leave, to let remain
- To permit
- To place or put down

m^ε-nü-hä'

n.fs.

Derivation: : 1-1-1: to rest

- 1. Rest, repose, condition of rest, peace, ease
- 2. A place of rest, a habitation, dwelling

Concordance: Rest

Strong's Dictionary: repose or (adverbially) peacefully; figuratively, consolation (specifically, matrimony)

HUPHAL

- To be given rest
- To be set, to be put down or placed
- To be left

- HIPHIL
- To praise or extol
- . To adorn, to celebrate

ן Roots

•

.

safety)

to flit ו-ו-ס

נוס nüs: Flee/Lift Up a Standard

- Concordance: Flee
- Strong's Dictionary: to flit, i.e., vanish away (subside, escape; causatively, chase, impel, deliver

PIEL

- PAAL (QAL)
- To flee, to move on quickly • To impel
- To hasten, to be borne quickly To escape
- ק-ו-ן: to quiver

נוף *nüf: Shake/Sift/Wave*

- Concordance: Shake
- Strong's Dictionary: to quiver (i.e., to vibrate up or down, or rock back and forth); used in a large variety of applications, including sprinkling, beckoning, rubbing, bastinadoing, sawing, waving, etc

PIEL

- HIPHIL
- HUPHAL · To be waved or shaken

- To beckon, to threaten To shake the hand (against something threateningly)
- To cause to move, to wave or shake, to swing
- To move up and down, to wave (a
 - sacrifice), to dedicate
 - To scatter, to shake forth
 - To sprinkle, to moisten

71

•

ד-ז-ז: to spurt

ונוה nä-zä': Sprinkled/Gathered

• Concordance: Sprinkle

• Strong's Dictionary: to spurt, i.e., besprinkle (especially in expiation)

- PAAL (QAL)
- To spurt, to sprinkle To spatter
- To exult

HIPHIL • To sprinkle

HIPHIL

To cause to flow

•

• To cause to exult, to fill with joy

HIPHIL

To put to flight, to make flee

away by flight (and to put in

To rescue, to save, to take

• To cause to start, to startle

ל-ז-ז: to drip or shed by trickling

נול *nä-zäl': Pour Down/Flood/Flow*

- Concordance: Pour
- Strong's Dictionary: to drip, or shed by trickling

PAAL (QAL)

- To flow down, to run down
- To overflow, to spread
- . To descend

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to guide וב-ה-ה

נְחָה |nä-ḥä': Guide/Lead/Bestow/Govern

- Concordance: Guide
- Strong's Dictionary: to guide; by implication, to transport (into exile, or as colonists)

PAAL (QAL)

To lead, to guide

- HIPHIL.
- To lead, to guide

To betake oneself to flight

HITHPAEL

To chase, to drive

to inherit : נ-ח-ל

נְחַל *nä-häl': Possess/Inherit*

- Concordance: Possess
- Strong's Dictionary: to inherit (as a (figurative) mode of descent), or (generally) to occupy; causatively, to bequeath, or (generally) distribute, instate

 PAAL (QAL) To seize, to take into possession To get, to inherit To take or have for one's own To give to be possessed or in possession, to distribute 	 PIEL O give for a pos to distribute, to a 	,	HIPHILTo give for a possessionTo cause to inherit		HUPHAL e made to inherit ossess, to acquire	HITHPAEL • To receive as one's own possession, to possess for oneself
DERIVATIONS						
נחַל nä-hä	1'		נַחְלָה nä-h ^ä -lä			
n.ms.			n.fs.			
Derivation: נ-ח-ל: to inherit		Derivati	on: נ-ח-ל: to inherit			
 River, stream, brook, torre Valley, ravine, gorge Mine 	ent	2. Inher	ession, domain, property itance assigned by God)			
Concordance: Stream		Concord	dance: Inherit(ance)			
Strong's Dictionary : <i>a streat</i> <i>winter torrent</i> ; (by implicati <i>valley</i> (in which a brook run a mine)	on) a (narrow)	<i>inherite</i> (concre	b Dictionary : properly, <i>someth</i> <i>d</i> , i.e., (abstractly) <i>occupancy</i> , tely) <i>an heirloom</i> ; generally <i>a</i> <i>ny</i> or <i>portion</i>	, or		

ב-ח-ב: to sigh

ונָחַם *nä-ḥäm': Comfort/Ease*

- Concordance: Comfort
- Strong's Dictionary: properly, to sigh, i.e., breathe strongly; by implication, to be sorry, i.e., (in a favorable sense) to pity, console or (reflexively) rue; or (unfavorably) to avenge (oneself)

NIPHAL	PIEL	PUAL	HITHPAEL
• To lament, to grieve, to have compassion, to pity, to be sorry	• To comfort, to console, to pity	• To be comforted	To feel compassion or repentance, to grieve
• To comfort oneself			• To comfort oneself, to be
To feel repentance			comforted
• To be revenged, to take vengeance			To take vengeance or revenge
DERIVATIONS			
והִם nē-ḥüm'			
n.ms.			
Derivation: נ-ח-ם: to sigh			
1. Consolations			
2. Pity, mercy			
Concordance: Comfort			
Strong's Dictionary: properly, conse abstractly, solace	oled;		

to hiss ו-ח-ש

נָחַשׁ *nä-ḥäsh* '

• Strong's Dictionary: properly, to hiss, i.e., whisper a (magic) spell; generally, to prognosticate

PIEL

To practice enchantment, to use sorcery

ן Roots

• To augur, to forebode, to divine, to give oracles, to foretell

DERIVATIONS

וְנָחָשׁ|nä-ḥäsh'

n.ms.

Derivation: נ-ח-ש: to hiss

- 1. Serpent
- 2. Constellation of the dragon

Concordance: Serpent

Strong's Dictionary: a snake (from its hiss)

to sing : נ-ח-ת

נָחַת *nä-häth* '

• Strong's Dictionary: to sink, i.e., descend; causatively, to press or lead down

NIPHAL

- PAAL (QAL)
- To descend, to come down To sink
- To come down on
- To press down To bend (as a bow)

PIEL

To level (or to water)

HIPHIL

To cause to come down, prostrate

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•

ה-ש-ז: to stretch or spread out

ומ-tä': Stretch (Forth/Out)/Turn Aside/Incline/Extend

•

• Concordance: Stretch

• Strong's Dictionary: to stretch or spread out; by implication, to bend away (including moral deflection); used in a great variety of applications

NIPHAL

To be stretched out or extended

To spread or elongate

PAAL (QAL)

- To stretch out, to extend, to spread out
- To stretch, to unfold
- To spread out
- To bend or bow down, to decline
- To turn, to turn away or to the side

DERIVATIONS

mät-te'מטה

n.ms.

Derivation: ו-ט-ה: to stretch or spread out

- 1. Branch, twig
- 2. Rod, staff, stick, scepter, spear
- 3. Tribe, stem

Concordance: Staff

Strong's Dictionary: a branch (as extending); figuratively, a tribe; also a rod, whether for chastising (figuratively, correction), ruling (a sceptre), throwing (a lance), or walking (a staff; figuratively, a support of life, e.g., bread)

to lift: נ-ט-ל

נְמַל nä-täl': Take Up/Bare

- Concordance: Bare
- Strong's Dictionary: to lift; by implication, to impose

PAAL (QAL)

- To lift up, to raise
- To lay upon

PIEL • To take up or bare

HIPHIL

- To extend, to stretch out, to spread out, to reach
- To bow down, to incline (downward)
- deflect or divert
- To bend, to decline
- müt-te'

n.fs.

Derivation: ו-ט-ה: to stretch or spread out

- 1. Extension, expansion
- 2. Turning aside, wresting judgment, warping justice

Concordance: Stretch

Strong's Dictionary: expansion

- To turn, to turn away or to the side, to

ז Roots קוב

ק-ט-ו: to ooze

נְט<u>ַ</u>ף|*nä-täf*

• Strong's Dictionary: to ooze, i.e., distil gradually; by implication, to fall in drops; figuratively, to speak by inspiration

PAAL (QAL) HIPHIL

- To drop, to drip to flow
- drip, to flow To speak, to preach, to prophesy

DERIVATIONS

נְטִיפָה |n^ε-tē-fä

n.fs.

Derivation: ר-ט-ו: to ooze

1. Earrings, pendant for the ears

Concordance: Chain

Strong's Dictionary: *a pendant for the ears* (especially of pearls)

to pound ו-ש-ש

וְנָטָשׁ nä-täsh': Cast Off/Forsake/Lie Still/Draw/Stretch Out

- Concordance: Forsake
- Strong's Dictionary: properly, to pound, i.e., smite; by implication (as if beating out, and thus expanding) to disperse; also, to thrust off, down, out or upon (inclusively, reject, let alone, permit, remit, etc.)

PAAL (QAL)To stretch, to extend, to spreadTo scatter, to let go, to disperse, to spread	NIPHAL • To spread self abroad, to be dispersed • To be let go, to be loosened	PUAL • To be forsaken, to be left
 abroad To leave, to reject, to remit, to give up, to allow, to admit To draw (a sword), to brandish To commit 	• To be cast down	
• To let go, to cast out, to let out DERIVATIONS		
DERIVATIONS		
נְטִישָׁה n ^ɛ -tē-shä'		
n.fs.		
Derivation: נ-ט-ש: to pound		
1. Tendril, twig		
Concordance: Branch		
Strong's Dictionary: <i>a tendril</i> (as an offshoot)		

נד

to strike נ-כ-ה

וְנָכָה nä-hä': Smite/Strike/Slay

- Concordance: Smite
- Strong's Dictionary: to strike (lightly or severely, literally or figuratively)

NIPHAL

- To be smitten, to be beaten
- To be slain

HIPHIL To smite, to strike, to beat, to hit, to hurt, to

- To smite, to strik wound, to pierce
 - To kill, to slay
 - To rout, to defeat, to conquer

HUPHAL

- To be beaten, to be hit, to be punished
- To be killed

•

mäk-kä'

n.fs.

ן Roots וו

Derivation: נ-כ-ה: to strike

- 1. Smiting striking, blow, beating, defeat
- 2. Wound
- 3. Slaughter

Concordance: Sore

Strong's Dictionary: *a blow*; by implication, *a wound*; figuratively, *carnage*, also *pestilence*

π ->-1: from an unused root meaning to be straightforward

נָכֿחַ]nä-ḥō'-äḥ	גְכִחָה n°-ḥō-ḥä'
adj.	adj.fs.
Derivation : C-C-n : from an unused root meaning to be straightforward	Derivation: נ-כ-ח: from an unused root meaning to be straightforward
1. Straight, lying ahead	1. Straight, lying ahead
2. Right, righteous, upright, just	2. Right, righteous, upright, just
3. (subst.) Right, justice, righteousness	
Concordance: Uprightness	Concordance: Right
Strong's Dictionary : <i>straightforward</i> , i.e., (figuratively), <i>equitable</i> , <i>correct</i> , or (abstractly), <i>integrity</i>	Strong's Dictionary : feminine of j; properly, <i>straightforwardness</i> , i.e., (figuratively) <i>integrity</i> , or (concretely) <i>a truth</i>

-כ-ר to scrutinize

נְכָר *nä-ḥär': Acknowledge*

- Concordance: Acknowledge
- Strong's Dictionary: properly, to scrutinize, i.e., look intently at; hence (with recognition implied), to acknowledge, be acquainted with, care for, respect, revere, or (with suspicion implied), to disregard, ignore, be strange toward, reject, resign, dissimulate (as if ignorant or disowning)

NIPHAL		PIEL	HIPHIL			HITHPAEL	
 To dissimulate, to feign, to dissemble, to make oneself unknown To be recognized, to be known 	disdain, • To not l be ignor	strange, to alienate, to in, to deny, to reject ot know, to find strange, to norant ontemplate		 To contemplate, to behold, to regard, to observe To recognize, to acknowledge, to find out, to perceive, to understand To be acquainted with, to honor To know, to know how To care for 		•	To be known, to be recognized To dissimulate, to feign
DERIVATIONS							
הַכָּרָה∣häk-kä-rä'		נָכְרִי	äh	-rē			
n.fs.		ac	lj.				
Derivation: נ-כ-ר to scrutinize		Derivation: נ-כ-ר to set		nize			
1. Sight, appearance		 Strange, foreign, alie New, unheard of, un 		wn			
Concordance: Show		Concordance: Stranger					
Strong's Dictionary : <i>respect</i> , i.e., <i>partiality</i> degrees and application <i>non-relative</i> , <i>adulterou</i>			1s (/	oreign,			

נל

נ-ל-ה: to complete

וָנָלָה nä-lä': Make An End

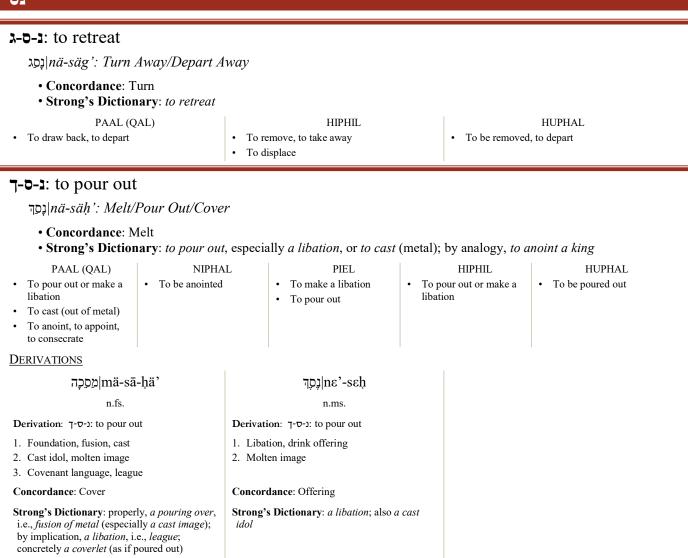
- Concordance: End
- Strong's Dictionary: to complete

ן Roots ו

HIPHIL

• To finish, to make an end, to bring to an end

01



ס-ס-ב: to gleam from afar

נָסַס *nä-säs* ':

• Strong's Dictionary: to gleam from afar, i.e., to be conspicuous as a signal; to raise a beacon

HITHPAEL

- To lift oneself up
- To become conspicuous (or to collect around a standard)

DERIVATIONS

nās∣נֵס

n.ms.

Derivation: נ-ס-ס: to gleam from afar

- 1. Signal, banner, ensign
- 2. Standard, flag
- 3. Column or lofty pole
- 4. A sign of warning (metaphorically)

Concordance: Ensign

Strong's Dictionary: *a flag*; also *a sail*; by implication, *a flagstaff*; generally *a signal*; figuratively, *a token*

נ-ס-ע: to pull up

נָסַע nä-sä': Depart/Remove

• Concordance: Depart

• Strong's Dictionary: properly, to pull up, especially the tent-pins, i.e., start on a journey

PAAL (QAL)

NIPHAL

HIPHIL

• To cause to break camp, to cause to break up

• To tear out (tent-pins, etc.), to remove camp, to break up (a tent)

To remove, to depart, to move on, to

To pull up, to pluck out

- To be plucked out, to be torn away
- up To cause to go, to lead forth, to take away
- To remove
 - To remove
 - To pluck up (a tree), to cut out (stone), to quarry stone

y)

•

נ-ע-ל: to fasten up

נְעַל *nä-äl* '

migrate

To bed a bow

• Strong's Dictionary: properly, to fasten up, i.e., with a bar or cord; hence, to sandal, i.e., furnish with slippers

HIPHIL

To shoe

PAAL (QAL)

- To bolt (a door), to bar, to fasten with a bolt, to lock up
- To shoe

DERIVATIONS

nä'-äl|נעל

n.fs.

Derivation: נ-ע-ל: to fasten up

1. Shoe, sandal

Concordance: Shoe

Strong's Dictionary: properly, *a sandal tongue*; by extension *a sandal* or *slipper* (sometimes as a symbol of occupancy, a refusal to marry, or of something valueless)

ם-ש-ו: to be agreeable

נְעֵם *nä-ām* '

• Strong's Dictionary: to be agreeable (literally or figuratively)

- PAAL (QAL)
- To be lovely, to be gracious, to be charming, to be pleasant, to be mild, to be sweet

DERIVATIONS

נַעְמָן nä-^ä-män'

n.ms.

Derivation: נ-ע-ם: to be agreeable

- 1. Pleasantness, loveliness, delight
- 2. (adj.) Pleasant, lovely

Concordance: Pleasant

Strong's Dictionary: *pleasantness* (plural as concrete)

רע-ר: to growl or tumble about

נָעַר אוֹמי: Shake (Off/Out/Self)

• Concordance: Shake

153

ן Roots

• Strong's Dictionary: to growl; also through the idea of a rustling mane accompanying a lion's roar to tumble about

•

•

PIEL

To shake, push or drive

To shake out

- PAAL (QAL)
- To roar or growl
- To shake or stir
- To shake out or shake off

1. Child, boy, youth (male)

Concordance: Child

3. Scattered or straying (cattle)

active), from the age of infancy to

2. Servant

DERIVATIONS

נער nä'-är

Strong's Dictionary: (concretely) a boy (as

adolescence; by implication, a servant; also (by interchange of sex), a girl (of familiar

n.ms.

נְעָרֶת n^ɛ-ō'-rɛth n.fs.

Derivation: נ-ע-ר: to growl or tumble about Derivation: נ-ע-ר: to growl or tumble about

NIPHAL

To shake oneself free from, to

To be shaken out or off

get rid of

•

•

1. Tow (shaken out), refuse

Concordance: Tow

Strong's Dictionary: something shaken out, i.e., tow (as the refuse of flax)

57

•

ח-∋-ז: to puff

latitude in age)

נְפָח *nä-fäḥ': Blow*

• To blow, to breathe out

- Concordance: Blow
- Strong's Dictionary: to puff, in various applications (literally, to inflate, blow hard, scatter, kindle, expire; figuratively, to disesteem)
 - PAAL (QAL)
- PUAL To be blown (a fire)
- HIPHIL To cause to breathe out the soul, to cause to breathe one's last breath

HITHPAEL

To shake oneself from

•

To value lightly, to despise, to contemn

To disperse or cast away by blowing · To exhale, to breath one's last breath

To blow upon, on, up or away

to fall: נ-פ-ל

ונפל nä-fäl': Fall(en)/Cast (Out)

- Concordance: Fall
- Strong's Dictionary: to fall, in a great variety of applications (intransitive or causative, literal or figurative)

PAAL (QAL)

- To fall •
- To fall down, to prostrate, to drop
- To be born
- To fall out, to happen, to turn out
- To fall away, to sink
- To be overthrown, to decay
- To settle down, to abide

DERIVATIONS

mä-pä-lä'

n.fs.

Derivation: נ-פ-ל: to fall

1. Fallen building, ruin, heap of rubble

Concordance: Ruin

Strong's Dictionary: something fallen, i.e., a ruin

- HIPHIL
- To cause to fall or make fall To let fall, to fell .
- To throw down
- To lay down, to desist

HITHPAEL

- To procrastinate oneself or cast oneself
- down To rush upon or attack

γ-D-1: to dash to pieces or scatter

נָכַץ:nä-fäts': Scatter/Disperse/Beat in Sunder

• Concordance: Scatter

To scatter, smash or dash to pieces

- Strong's Dictionary: to dash to pieces, or scatter
- PAAL (QAL) PIEL To break or dash to pieces, to shatter · To be dispersed

To disperse or scatter

- PUAL To be broken or scattered
- Thrown down

•

•

DERIVATIONS

nɛ'-fɛts|נפץ n.ms.

Derivation: Y-J: to dash to pieces or scatter

1. Show of rain, inundation

2. Tempest

Concordance: Scatter

Strong's Dictionary: a storm (as dispersing)

w-b-1: to breathe

נָפַשׁ *nä '-fäsh*

• Strong's Dictionary: to breathe; passively, to be breathed upon, i.e., (figuratively) refreshed (as if by a current of air)

- NIPHAL
- To take breath, to be refreshed

DERIVATIONS

nɛ'-fɛsh נֵכָשׁ

n.fs.

Derivation: נ-פ-ש: to breathe

- 1. Breath, respiration, life
- 2. Soul, spirit, mind
- 3. Person, living being, creature, self

Concordance: Soul

Strong's Dictionary: a breathing creature, i.e., animal of (abstractly) vitality; used very widely in a literal, accommodated or figurative sense (bodily or mental)

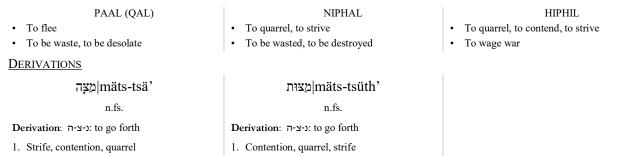
נץ

ד-צ-ה: to go forth

Concordance: Debate

נְצָה *nä-tsä* ': Ruinous

- Concordance: Ruin
- Strong's Dictionary: properly, to go forth, i.e., (by implication) to be expelled, and (consequently) desolate; causatively, to lay waste; also (specifically), to quarrel



Concordance: Contend

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ז Roots ז

ה-צ-ז: to glitter from afar

וְנָצַח /nä-tsäḥ

• Strong's Dictionary: properly, to glitter from afar, i.e., to be eminent (as a superintendent, especially of the Temple services and its music); to be permanent

NIPHAL

- to be perfect or compete
- To endure, to last

DERIVATIONS

nɛ'-tsäḥ

n.ms.

Derivation: נ-צ-ה: to glitter from afar

- 1. Splendor, glory
- 2. Truth, sincerity
- 3. Faith, confidence, firmness
- 4. Perpetuity, duration
- 5. Perfection, completeness

Concordance: Forever

Strong's Dictionary: properly, *a goal*, i.e., the bright object at a distance travelled towards; hence (figuratively), *splendor*, or (subjectively) *truthfulness*, or (objectively) *confidence*; but usually (adverbially), *continually* (i.e., to the most distant point of view)

נ-צ-ל: to snatch away

נְצַל nä-tsäl': Deliver

• Concordance: Deliver

• Strong's Dictionary: to snatch away, whether in a good or a bad sense

	NIPHAL	PIEL	HIPHIL	HUPHAL	HITHPAEL
•	To be plucked out, to be delivered	To take away, to strip off	To pull awayTo take away, to	• To be snatched, to be plucked out	• To strip oneself of
•	To escape, to save oneself	To despoilTo snatch out of danger, to preserve	deprive ofTo snatch, to deliver		

ינ-צ-ץ: to glare

נָצַץ nä-tsäts '

• Strong's Dictionary: to glare, i.e., be bright-colored

- PAAL (QAL)
- To shine, to glitter, to sparkle
- To flower, to flourish
- To fly

DERIVATIONS

וניצוץ nē-tsōts'

n.ms.

Derivation: נ-צ-ץ: to glare

1. Spark

Concordance: Spark

Strong's Dictionary: a spark

PIEL

- · To excel, to be superior
- To superintend, to be chief, to oversee
- (part.) Music-master

to guard :נ-צ-ר

וְצָצר nä-tsär': Keep/Preserve/Hidden/Besieged

• Concordance: Keep

• Strong's Dictionary: to guard, in a good sense (to protect, maintain, obey, etc.) or a bad one (to conceal, etc.)

PAAL (QAL)

- · To watch, to guard or protect, to inspect, to keep or preserve
- To observe, to behold
- To hide
- To besiege

DERIVATIONS

nā'-tsɛr

n.ms.

Derivation: נ-צ-ר: to guard

- 1. Sprout, shoot, branch
- 2. Descendant

Concordance: Branch

Strong's Dictionary: *a shoot*; figuratively, *a descendant*

בק

ב-ק-ב: to puncture

נָקב *nä-käv': Pierce/Name*

- Concordance: Pierce
- Strong's Dictionary: to puncture, literally (to perforate, with more or less violence) or figuratively (to specify, designate, libel)

PAAL (QAL)

To bore, to perforate, to hollow out

- NIPHAL
- To be called by name, to be marked
- · To separate, to mark, to distinguish, to fix, to specify, to call by name
- To curse, to blaspheme

to be clean ו-ק-ה

וְנָקָה / *nä-kä': Desolate/Be Made Clean or Bare*

Concordance: Desolate

• Strong's Dictionary: to be (or make) clean (literally or figuratively); by implication (in an adverse sense) to be bare, i.e., extirpated

NIPHAL

- To be pure or innocent, to be guiltless
- To be free from punishment, to be quit
- To be clear, to be free
- To be vacant or empty, to be evacuated, to be destroyed

PIEL

- To declare innocent, to absolve, to acquit
- To let go unpunished, to pardon
- To cleanse by punishment

ינ-ק-ף: to strike with more or less violence

וְנָקָף nä-käf': Cut Down/Kill/Go Round About

• Concordance: Cut

• Strong's Dictionary: to strike with more or less violence (beat, fell, corrode); by implication (of attack) to knock together, i.e., surround or circulate

PAAL (QAL)

PIEL

HIPHIL

- To let go round, to make round
- To surround, to draw around

- To go round, to move in a circle
- To cut down, to fell
 - To destroy

ן Roots קונ Roots

נ-ק-ר: to bore							
נָקר <i>nä-kär`: Dig/Pierce</i>							
 Concordance: Dig Strong's Dictionary: to bore (penetrate, quarry) 							
PAAL (QAL)	PIEL	PUAL					
• To bore, to pierce, to hollow out	• To bore, to pierce, to hollow out	• To be dug out					
נש							

to lift ו-ש-א

ايتا المتا المتعار المتحدة: Lift Up/Lofty/Bear/Bare/Exalt/High/Carry/Swear/Forgive/Extol (incomplete list)

- Concordance: Lift up
- Strong's Dictionary: to lift, in a great variety of application, literal and figurative, absolute and relative

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 PAAL (QAL) To take up, to lift up, to raise (one's head, eyes, voice, countenance, soul, etc.) To bear or carry, to wear To expiate To take, to receive, to take hold of To accept, to be partial DERIVATIONS 	 NIPHAL To be lifted up, to be raised To be elevated, to be extolled or exalted To be borne, carried or taken away 		 PIEL To raise or lift up, to extol or exalt, to heighten To support, help or aid To offer gifts To take away, to carry off 		HIPHIL ause to bear at upon, to apply	HITHPAELTo be lifted up, to be exaltedTo be proud or haughty
DERIVATIONS						
מַשָּׂא mäs-sä'		משָׂאָה mäs-sä-ä'			נְשׂוּאָה nɛ-sü-ä'	
n.ms.	n.ms.		n.fs.		n.fs. (pass. part.)	
Derivation: נ-ש-א: to lift		Derivati	ation: נ-ש-א: to lift De		Derivation: נ-ש-א	: to lift
1. Burden, load		1. Burn	ing		1. Load, burden	
2. Tribute, present, gift		2. Risin	ing smoke, conflagration			
3. Elevation of the voice, so oracle	ng, utterance,					
4. Desire, longing						
Concordance: Burden Co		Concore	Concordance: Burden		Concordance: Carriage	
Strong's Dictionary : literally, <i>a burden</i> ; specifically, <i>tribute</i> or (abstractly) <i>porterage</i> ; figuratively, <i>an utterance</i> (chiefly of doom), especially singing			s Dictionary : <i>a conflagration</i> (f smoke)	from the	Strong's Dictional load	ry: something borne, i.e., a

ב-ש-ב: to blow

נָשָׁב nä-shäv': Blow

• Concordance: Blow

• Strong's Dictionary: to blow; by implication, to disperse

- PAAL (QAL)
- To blow upon, to breathe

HIPHIL

• To cause to blow (wind)

• To drive away by blowing, to blow away

ם-ש-ז: to blow away

נְשָׁם nä-shäm': Destroy (Blow Away)

• Concordance: Destroy

• Strong's Dictionary: blow away, i.e., destroy

PAAL (QAL)

• To breathe, to pant

DERIVATIONS

נְשָׁמָה n°-shä-mä'

n.fs.

Derivation: נ-ש-ם: to blow away

1. Breath, breathing, pant

2. Breathing being, animal, living soul

Concordance: Breath

Strong's Dictionary: a puff, i.e., wind, angry or vital breath, divine inspiration, intellect. or (concretely) an animal

ק-ש-ו: to breeze

וְנָשֵׁף nä-shäf': Blow

- Concordance: Blow
- Strong's Dictionary: to breeze, i.e., blow up fresh (as the wind)

PAAL (QAL)

• To blow upon, to breathe

DERIVATIONS

יַנְשׁוּף yän-shüf'

n.ms.

Derivation: נ-ש-ף: to breeze

1. Unclean bird (heron, owl, ibis, crane, etc.)

Concordance: Owl

Strong's Dictionary: an unclean (aquatic) bird; probably the heron (perhaps from its blowing cry, or because the night heron is meant)

ד-ש-ק: to catch fire

וְנָשֹׁק nä-säk': Burn/Kindle

• Concordance: Kindle	
• Strong's Dictionary: to catch fire	
NIPHAL	HIPHIL

To be kindled

HIPHIL • To kindle, to set on fire

to eliminate ו-ש-ת:

וְנָשֵׁת nä-shäth': Faint

• Concordance: Faint

• Strong's Dictionary: properly, to eliminate, i.e., (intransitively) to dry up

PAAL (QAL)

• To be parched, to be dried up

- NIPHAL
- To be dried up, to be drained

נת

נ-ת-ן: to give

נחן nä-thän': Deliver/Direct

• Concordance: [only individually listed due to vast quantity; list is incomplete] See Deliver, Direct, Place • Strong's Dictionary: to give, used with greatest latitude of application (put, make, etc.)

PAAL (QAL) • To give, to hand over, to grant, to yield

NIPHAL.

- To be given, to be given over, to be

HUPHAL To be given

To be put, to be placed •

•

- To set, to put, to place, to establish, to constitute
- delivered To be made

ן Roots							
To allow, to permitTo make, to render	To be placedTo be reduced						
נ-ת-ץ to tear down גרת-ק <i>ו</i> ונת? • Concordance: Break							
 Strong's Diction PAAL (QAL) To destroy, to break down, to pull down To break out or knock out (teeth) 	NIPHAL	PIEL PUAL ak, to smash • To be broken or smashed down	HUPHAL • To be broken up				
F-A-3: to tear off PA-3: to tear off PAL(pack (Off)) • Concordance: Break • Strong's Dictionary: to tear off PAAL (QAL) • To tear away, to cut off • To tear away, to cut off • To be torn or pulled out • To be torn or pulled out • To be torn or pulled out • To be separated, to be torn away, to be							

o|sä-mɛḥ

ND

י-א-ד: to shoe, with implication of a shod soldier

סָאַן sä-än': Warrior

- Concordance: Warrior
- Strong's Dictionary: to be miry; used only as denominative from און se-on'; to shoe, i.e., (active participle) a soldier shod
- PAAL (QAL)
- To put on (shoes), to be shod
- To equip oneself

DERIVATIONS

סְאוֹן|s⁼-ōn'

n.ms.

Derivation: יש-א-ן: to shoe, with implication of a shod soldier

- 1. Shoe, boot
- 2. Armor

Concordance: Battle

Strong's Dictionary: perhaps *a military boot* (as a protection from mud)

20

۲-۵: to guzzle to satiety

סָבָא sä-vä': Drunkard/Fill Self/(Wine)Bibber

• Concordance: Fill

• Strong's Dictionary: to quaff to satiety, i.e., become tipsy

PAAL (QAL)

- To drink, to drink to excess, to quaff, to tipple
- To be drunk

DERIVATIONS

sō'-vε|סׂבֵא

n.ms.

Derivation: ס-ב-א: to guzzle to satiety

- 1. Wine, drink
- 2. Carousal

Concordance: Wine

Strong's Dictionary: *potation*, concretely (*wine*), or abstractly (*carousal*)

ם-ב-ס: to revolve, surround or border

סָבַב:sä-väv': Turn (About)/Go About

- Concordance: Turn
- Strong's Dictionary: to revolve, surround or border; used in various applications, literally and figuratively

 PAAL (QAL) To go or turn about, to turn oneself To go round, to go in a circle To surround, to encompass, to besiege To be turned or changed To be the cause of, to bring about 	NIPHAL • To turn oneself, to be transferred • To place oneself in a circle, to surround • To turn to or about	PIEL • To turn about, to change, to alter	POEL To go about, to go over a place To surround or encompass 	HIPHIL • To cause to turn • To lead around, to direct or conduct • To turn, to change • To transfer • To bring • To turn oneself, to go round, to surround, to go about	 HUPHAL To be surrounded or enclosed To be turned or changed To turn oneself, to be turning, to revolve
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ל: to carry

סָבַל sä-väl': Carry/Bear

- Concordance: Carry
- Strong's Dictionary: to carry (literally or figuratively), or (reflexively) be burdensome; specifically, to be gravid

PAAL (QAL) • To bear, to carry, to suffer

PUAL To be pregnant

•

HITHPAEL

- To become burdensome
- To drag along

•

DERIVATIONS

sō'-vɛl|סֹבֵל

n.ms.

Derivation: ס-ב-ל: to carry

• (part.) Pregnant, laden

- 1. Burden, load
- Concordance: Burden

Strong's Dictionary: load (figuratively)

o Roots

70

ד-ג-ד: to prostrate oneself

סָגַד |sä-gäd': Fall Down

- Concordance: Fall
- Strong's Dictionary: to prostrate oneself (in homage)

PAAL (QAL)

- To fall down
- To bow down, to adore (an idol)

סגך: from an unus	sed root meaning	to superintend		
סְגָנִים s ^ε -gä-1	nēm'			
n.mp. (only	pl.)			
Derivation: סגן: from an un to superintend	used root meaning			
1. Prefect, governor, noblen	nan			
Concordance: Prince				
Strong's Dictionary: a præf	fect of a province			
ס-ג-ר: to shut up				
ס <u>ָג</u> ר sä-gär': Shut ((Up)			
 Concordance: S Strong's Diction 	hut n ary : <i>to shut up</i> ; figurativ	vely, to surrender		
			DULAT	
PAAL (QAL)	NIPHAL	PIEL	PUAL	HIPHIL
PAAL (QAL)To surround, to enclose	NIPHAL To be shut 	 PIEL To deliver over, to give up 	• To be shut, to be barred	• To shut up or in

DERIVATIONS	
מסגר mäs-gār'	
n.ms.	
Derivation: יש-ג-ר to shut up	
 Locksmith, smith Prison 	
Concordance: Prison	
Strong's Dictionary : <i>a fastener</i> , i.e., (of a person) <i>a smith</i> , (of a thing) <i>a prison</i>	

to give up to, to

abandon

70

shut up

סדם: from an unused root meaning to scorch

•

To shut oneself in

פְּדׂם|s^ε-dōm'

n.ms.

Derivation: from an unused root meaning to scorch

1. Sodom

Concordance: Sodom

Strong's Dictionary: from an unused root meaning to scorch; burnt (i.e., volcanic or bituminous) district; Sedom, a place near the Dead Sea

D Roots

70

¬-ה-: from an unused root meaning to be round

sä-hä-rō-nēm' שַׂהֵרֹנִים

n.mp. (only pl.)

Derivation: יס-ה-ר: from an unused root meaning to be round

- 1. Little moon, crescent
- 2. Neck ornament

Concordance: Moon

Strong's Dictionary: *a round pendant for the neck*

10

ג-ו-ג to flinch

סוג süg: Turn (Away)

- Concordance: Turn
- Strong's Dictionary: to flinch, i.e., (by implication) to go back, literally (to retreat) or figuratively (to apostatize)
- PAAL (QAL) NIPHAL HIPHIL HUPHAL
- To go away from, to depart, to To draw back, to retreat To put away or back To be driven back
- go back, to draw away• To turn apostate• To remove• To be removed• To hedge in
- DERIVATIONS

sēg|סִיג

n.ms.

Derivation: ס-ו-ג: to flinch

1. Refuse, scoria, dross, offal, base metal

Concordance: Dross

Strong's Dictionary: scoria

סוס: from an unused root meaning to skip (for joy)

süs	סָס säs	
n.ms.	n.ms.	
Derivation: איס: from an unused root meaning to skip (for joy)	Derivation: סוס: from an unused root meaning to skip (for joy)	
 Horse, warhorse Swallow, crane 	1. Moth	
Concordance: Horse	Concordance: Worm	
Strong's Dictionary : <i>a horse</i> (as leaping); also <i>a swallow</i> (from its rapid flight)	Strong's Dictionary : <i>a moth</i> (from the agility of the fly)	

ק-ו-ף: to snatch away

סוף süf: Consume

- Concordance: Consume
- Strong's Dictionary: to snatch away, i.e., terminate

PAAL (QAL)

• To be at an end, to cease, to vanish, to perish

HIPHIL

• To bring to an end, to destroy



DERIVATIONS

sü-fä'	
n.fs.	
Derivation: יס-ו-ף: to snatch away	
1. Whirlwind, tempest	
Concordance: Whirlwind	
Strong's Dictionary: a hurricane	

ח-ו-ד: to turn off

סור sür: Take Away/Depart/Remove/Put Away

- Concordance: Take Away
- Strong's Dictionary: to turn off (literally or figuratively):

8 ·		• /	
PAAL (QAL)	PIEL	HIPHIL	HUPHAL
• To turn aside, to go away, to	• To turn aside, to pervert	• To cause to turn away, to make	 To be taken or carried away, to be removed
recede, to depart, to apostatizeTo forsake		depart or disappear, to put away, to take away, to remove	be removed
 To pass away, to cease 		• To cause to turn to, to let come	
 To turn to, to apply, to approach, to turn in, to alight 		out	
DERIVATIONS			
sä-rä' סָרָה			
n.fs.			
Derivation: יס-ו-ר: to turn off			
1. Violation, offense, turning away,	apostasy		
2. Cessation, remission			
Concordance: Revolt			
Strong's Dictionary: apostasy, crin figuratively, remission	ne;		
סך			

J-D-D: to entwine as a screen

קכך sä-häh': Join Together/Set

- Concordance: Join
- Strong's Dictionary: properly, to entwine as a screen; by implication, to fence in, cover over, (figuratively) protect

PAAL (QAL)To protect, to cover overTo cover, to hide oneself		PILPELTo cover with armor, to arm
DERIVATIONS		
מָסָדְ mä-säḥ'	si סֵכָּה	ik-kä'
n.ms.	n.	fs.
Derivation: יש-ח-ך: to entwine as a screen	Derivation: דס-ח-ד: to e	ntwine as a screen
1. Covering, covering	 Booth, hut, arbor, ter Lair 	nt, house, covert
Concordance: Cover	Concordance: Cottage	
Strong's Dictionary: a cover; i.e., veil	Strong's Dictionary: a	hut or lair

ז-ס-ס: to be familiar with

סָכַן sä-hän': Treasurer

- Concordance: Treasure
- Strong's Dictionary: to be familiar with; by implication, to minister to, be serviceable to, to cherish, be customary

 PAAL (QAL) To be familiar, to manage, to perform, to administer To do useful service, to do kindness To be poor or needy (part.) Friend, associate (part.) Keeper, steward, administrator 	NIPHAL To be endangered, to be hurt	PUAL To be impoverished, to be poor or needy 	HIPHIL • To be familiar, to be accustomed, to form acquaintance
סל			
ס-ל-ה: to forgive			
סָלָח (sä-läḥ': Pardon			
• Concordance: Pardon • Strong's Dictionary: to j	forgive		
PAAL (QAL)		NIPHAL	
To pardon, to forgive		• To be forgiven, to be pardoned	
ס-ל-ל: to mound up			
ָסָלָל' sä-läl': Cast Up			
Concordance: Cast Strong's Dictionary: to a	mound un (especially a turn	<i>vike</i>); figurative, <i>to exalt</i> ; reflex	rively to oppose (as by a dam)
Strong s Dictionary. 107	nound up (especially a turn)	sine), ingulative, to exait, feller	(us of a dam)
 PAAL (QAL) To heap up, to pile up, to cast up To move to and fro, to waver 		PILPEL	HITHPAEL ose, to resist like a barrier
PAAL (QAL)To heap up, to pile up, to cast upTo move to and fro, to waver	• To extol, to esteem	PILPEL highly • To opp	HITHPAEL
PAAL (QAL) To heap up, to pile up, to cast up To move to and fro, to waver Ofter the second sec	• To extol, to esteem	PILPEL highly • To opp	HITHPAEL
PAAL (QAL)To heap up, to pile up, to cast upTo move to and fro, to waver	• To extol, to esteem	PILPEL highly • To opp	HITHPAEL
PAAL (QAL) • To heap up, to pile up, to cast up • To move to and fro, to waver סלע: from an unused roo געלע sɛ-lä' n.ms. Derivation: סלע: from an unused root r	• To extol, to esteem	PILPEL highly • To opp	HITHPAEL
PAAL (QAL) • To heap up, to pile up, to cast up • To move to and fro, to waver סלע: from an unused ro sɛ-lä' n.ms.	• To extol, to esteem	PILPEL highly • To opp	HITHPAEL
PAAL (QAL) • To heap up, to pile up, to cast up • To move to and fro, to waver שלע: from an unused roo געלע n.ms. Derivation: סלע: from an unused root r to be lofty	• To extol, to esteem	PILPEL highly • To opp	HITHPAEL
PAAL (QAL) • To heap up, to pile up, to cast up • To move to and fro, to waver כלע: from an unused roo עלע se-lä' n.ms. Derivation: סלע: from an unused root r to be lofty 1. Rock, cliff	• To extol, to esteem	PILPEL highly • To opp	HITHPAEL
PAAL (QAL) • To heap up, to pile up, to cast up • To move to and fro, to waver עלט: from an unused root עלט: from an unused root r to be lofty 1. Rock, cliff Concordance: Rock Strong's Dictionary : <i>a craggy rock</i> , litt	• To extol, to esteem	PILPEL highly • To opp	HITHPAEL
PAAL (QAL) • To heap up, to pile up, to cast up • To move to and fro, to waver שלט: from an unused roo שלט[sɛ-lä' n.ms. Derivation: יסלע: from an unused root r to be lofty 1. Rock, cliff Concordance: Rock Strong's Dictionary: a craggy rock, litt or figuratively (a fortress)	• To extol, to esteem	PILPEL highly • To opp	HITHPAEL
PAAL (QAL) • To heap up, to pile up, to cast up • To move to and fro, to waver שלט: from an unused roo שלט: from an unused root r to be lofty 1. Rock, cliff Concordance: Rock Strong's Dictionary : a craggy rock, litt or figuratively (a fortress)	• To extol, to esteem	PILPEL highly • To opp	HITHPAEL
PAAL (QAL) • To heap up, to pile up, to cast up • To move to and fro, to waver שלט: from an unused roo עלע se-lä' n.ms. Derivation: יסלע from an unused root r to be lofty 1. Rock, cliff Concordance: Rock Strong's Dictionary: a craggy rock, litt or figuratively (a fortress) סט	• To extol, to esteem	PILPEL highly • To opp	HITHPAEL
PAAL (QAL) • To heap up, to pile up, to cast up • To move to and fro, to waver שלט: from an unused roo עלע from an unused root r to be lofty 1. Rock, cliff Concordance: Rock Strong's Dictionary: a craggy rock, litt or figuratively (a fortress) סמ דיסט: from an unused roo הקצוע אונין אוניען אונין אוניען אונין אוניען אונין אוניען אוניען אונין אונין אונין אונין אונין אונין אוניען אוניען אונין אוניען אוניען אוניען אונין אונין אוניען אוו	• To extol, to esteem	PILPEL highly • To opp	HITHPAEL
PAAL (QAL) To heap up, to pile up, to cast up To move to and fro, to waver שלט: from an unused roo שלאסיר וואסיר וואסיר	• To extol, to esteem	PILPEL highly • To opp	HITHPAEL
PAAL (QAL) To heap up, to pile up, to cast up To move to and fro, to waver שלט: from an unused roo געלין איז	• To extol, to esteem • To extol, to esteem • To extol, to esteem • to t meaning to be lof terally • terally	PILPEL highly • To opp	HITHPAEL

קמך sä-mäḥ': Stay/Lean/Uphold/Sustain

• Concordance: Stay

• Strong's Dictionary: to prop (literally or figuratively); reflexively, to lean upon or take hold of (in a favorable or unfavorable sense)

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- NIPHAL To be propped, to be supported
- To stay oneself, to rest upon, to support oneself
- To uphold, to sustain, to aid, to propTo approach, to draw near

to lay hold of

ן-מ-ן: to designate

סְמַן sä-män': Appoint

- Concordance: Appoint
- Strong's Dictionary: to designate

PAAL (QAL) To rest upon, to support, to press, to lie on,

NIPHAL

- To be marked or appointed
- To be determined

yd

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ד-ע-ד: to support

סָעַד |sä-äd': Establish

- Concordance: Establish
- Strong's Dictionary: to support (mostly figurative)

PAAL (QAL)

- To prop, to uphold, to support
- To make firm, to assist, to help, to refresh

ס-ע-ף: to divide up

ַסְעַף *sä-äf*'

• Strong's Dictionary: properly, to divide up; but used only as denominative from סָעָיף, to disbranch (a tree)

PIEL

• To cut off branches or boughs

DERIVATIONS

n.ms.

Derivation: יס-ע-ף: to divide up

- 1. Fissure, cleft
- 2. Tender branch, twig

Concordance: Branch

Strong's Dictionary: *a fissure* (of rocks); also *a bough* (as subdivide)

פעיף s^ε-ēf'

ס-ע-ר: to rush upon

סָעַר sä-är': Tempest

- Concordance: Tempest
- Strong's Dictionary: to rush upon; by implication, to toss (transitive or intransitive, literal or figurative)

PAAL (QAL)	NIPHAL	PIEL	POAL
• To storm, to rage, to be agitated	• To be agitated, to be shaken, to be moved, to be restless	• To toss about, to scatter	• To be tossed about, to be dispersed, to be tossed about
• To be violently shaken, to be			
tossed			
To rush upon			
DERIVATIONS			1
סעַר sä-är'			
n.ms.			

o Roots

PIEL

To stay, to refresh, to support

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D Roots

Derivation:	ס-ע-ר:	to	rush	upon
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1. Storm, tempest, hurricane

Concordance: Whirlwind

Strong's Dictionary: *a hurricane*

90

7-D-D: to tear the hair and beat the breasts

קפַד sä-fäd': Lament/Wail

- Concordance: Lament
- Strong's Dictionary: properly, to tear the hair and beat the breasts (as Orientals do in grief); generally to lament; by implication, to wail

PAAL (QAL)To lament, to mourn	NIPHAL • To be mourned for, to be lamented
DERIVATIONS	
mēs-pād'	
n.ms.	
Derivation: ד-ט-פ-ד: to tear the hair and beat the breasts	
1. Wailing, lamentation, mourning	
Concordance: Mourn	
Strong's Dictionary: a lamentation	

ה-D-D: to scrape

קפָה sä-fä': Add/Consume/Join

- Concordance: Add
- Strong's Dictionary: properly, to scrape (literally, to shave; but usually figuratively) together (i.e., to accumulate or increase) or away (i.e., to scatter, remove, or ruin; intransitively, to perish)

PAAL (QAL)	NIPHAL	HIPHIL
• To take off, to scrape off, to shave	• To be taken away, to be seized	To heap together, to accumulate, to collect
To destroy	To be destroyed, to perish	
To perish		
To add or augment		
DERIVATIONS		
אַפָה sä-fä		
n.fs.		
Derivation: either from סְפָה סָפָה sä-fä' (to scrape) or אַפָּה shä-fä': (to abrade)		
1. Lip, mouth, speech, language		
2. Lip, edge, border		
Concordance: Lips		
Strong's Dictionary: probably		
from שִׁפָה or שְׁפָה through the idea of		
termination; <i>the lip</i> (as a natural boundary); by		
implication, <i>language</i> ; by analogy, <i>a margin</i> (of a vessel, water, cloth, etc.)		

n-b-o: to scrape out

קפח |sä-fäḥ': Cleave/Smite with a Scab

- Concordance: Cleave
- Strong's Dictionary: properly, to scrape out, but in certain peculiar senses (of removal or association)

	o Roots	
NIPHAL	PIEL	PUAL
To be added, to join oneself	To pour out	• To join oneself, to adhere to
		To be gathered together, to assemble selves
		• To be poured out
		To prostrate
DERIVATIONS		
mēs-päḥ'	sä-fē-äḥ	
n.ms.	n.ms.	
Derivation: יס-פ-ח: to scrape out	Derivation: יס-פ-ח: to scrape out	
1. Slaughter, bloodshed, murder	1. Rain, flood, an inundation	
	2. Spontaneous growth, something pouring out	
Concordance: Oppress	Concordance: Grow	
Strong's Dictionary: slaughter	Strong's Dictionary : something (spontaneously) falling off, i.e., a self-sown crop; figuratively, a freshet	

ק-פ-ף: to snatch away

קפַף|*sä-fäf*

• Strong's Dictionary: to snatch away, i.e., terminate; but used only as denominative from H5592 (in the sense of a vestibule), to wait at the threshold

HITHPAEL

• To stand at the threshold, to be a door-keeper

DERIVATIONS

säf

n.ms.

Derivation: η -פ-פ-to snatch away

- 1. Basin, bowl
- 2. Threshold, entrance

Concordance: Door

Strong's Dictionary: *a vestibule* (as a limit); also *a dish* (for holding blood or wine)

ק-פ-ק: to clap the hands

סָפַק sä-fäk': Please/Overflow

Concordance: Please

• Strong's Dictionary: to clap the hands (in token of compact, derision, grief, indignation, or punishment); by implication of satisfaction, to be enough; by implication of excess, to vomit

PAAL (QAL)

- To strike, to thrust, to slap
- To clap (hands)
- To punish, to chastise, to fall into
- To overflow, to vomit

¬-D-D: to score with a mark as a tally or record

סְפַר sä-fär': Scribe/Show/Number/Declare/Tell

Concordance: Scribe

• Strong's Dictionary: properly, to score with a mark as a tally or record, i.e., (by implication) to inscribe, and also to enumerate; intensively, to recount, i.e., celebrate

PAAL (QAL)

- NIPHAL • To be numbered
- To write, to inscribeTo number, to count, to measure
- To tell
- (part.) Writer, scribe,

- _ _
- To numberTo narrate, to recount, to tell
- To speak or utter words, to

PIEL

- make known
- To celebrate, to praise

PUAL

To be narrated, to be told, to be recounted

	τ	0 Roots		
chancellor, secretary				
DERIVATIONS				
mēs-pär'				
n.ms.				
Derivation: יש-פ-ר: to score with a mark as a tally or record				
 Narration Number 				
Concordance: Number				
Strong's Dictionary : <i>a number, definite</i> (arithmetical) or <i>indefinite</i> (large, innumerable; small, a few); also (abstractly) <i>narration</i>				
סק				
ס-ק-ל: to be weighty				
סָקָל sä-käl': Gather Out Stones				
 Concordance: Stone Strong's Dictionary: properly, a delapidation) 	to be weighty; but use	ed only in the sense o	f lapidation or its	contrary (as if a
PAAL (QAL)	NIPHAL	PIEL		PUAL

- To stone
- NIPHAL • To be stoned
- To cover with stones
- PIEL To stone or throw stones at
- • To clear from stones, to
- remove stones from
- PUAL
- To be stoned to death

סר

ר-ר-ד: to turn away

סְרַר sä-rär': Rebellious/Slide Back

- Concordance: Rebel
- Strong's Dictionary: to turn away, i.e., (morally) be refractory

PAAL (QAL)

- To be refractory, to be stubborn, to be rebellious
- To be evil •
- To apostatize

סת

ס-ת-ר: to hide (by covering)

סְתַר sä-thär': Hide (Self)/(Keep) Secret

- Concordance: Hide
- Strong's Dictionary: to hide (by covering), literally or figuratively

PAAL (QAL) To hide 	NIPHAL To be hidden, concealed or not known To hide, cover, or protect oneself To escape 	PIEL • To hide or conceal	PUAL • To be hidden	 HIPHIL To hide, conceal or cover, to cause to hide To keep secret, to protect, shelter or save, to pardon To guard or defend To disregard or ignore
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HITHPAEL To hide oneself • To disappear

o Roots

DERIVATIONS

mēs-tōr'	mäs-tār'	mēs-tär'
n.ms.	n.ms.	n.ms.
Derivation: ס-ת-ר: to hide (by covering)	Derivation: יס-ת-ר: to hide (by covering)	Derivation: ס-ת-ר: to hide (by covering)
. Hiding place, refuge	 Hiding place Object for hiding the face 	1. Hiding place, hidden place
Concordance: Covert	Concordance: Hide	Concordance: Secret
Strong's Dictionary: properly, a refuge	Strong's Dictionary : properly, <i>a hider</i> , i.e., (abstractly) <i>a hiding</i> , i.e., <i>aversion</i>	Strong's Dictionary : properly, <i>a concealer</i> , i.e., <i>a covert</i>
n.ms.		
Derivation: ס-ת-ר: to hide (by covering)		
1. A covering, veil		
2. Shelter, hiding place, protection, defense		
 Concealment, secrecy, something clandestine or hidden 		
clandestine or hidden		

ע|ä-yēn

עב

ד-ב-ד: to work

עָבַד∣*ä-väd'*

• Strong's Dictionary: to work (in any sense); by implication, to serve, till, (causatively) enslave, etc.

 PAAL (QAL) To labor, to work, to toil, to till, to plough To serve, to work as a slave To worship 	NIPHAL • To be tilled, to be cultivated • To be served or honored	PUAL • To be worked	 HIPHIL To cause to labor, to compel to work, to make weary, to fatigue To make serve, to bring into bondage, to enslave To cause to worship 	HUPHAL To be made to serve
DERIVATIONS				
עֶכֶד⊧ε'-vε	d			
n.ms.				
Derivation: ע-ב-ד: to work				
 Servant, slave, laborer, bo Worshiper 	ondsman, subject			
Concordance: Servant				
Strong's Dictionary: a serve	ant			

ע-ב-ר: to cross over

עָבַר *מּ-vär* '

• Strong's Dictionary: *to cross over*; used very widely of any transition (literal or figurative; transitive, intransitive, intensive, causative); specifically *to cover* (in copulation)

intensive, caus	ative); specifical	ly to cove	er (in copulation)			
 PAAL (QAL) To pass over, to cross, to pass through To penetrate, to go beyond To pass by quickly, to vanish To pass away or pass on, to depart To overwhelm, to rush upon, attack or assail 	NIPHA • To be passed ov		 PIEL To cause to pass over, to bolt or bar, to shut up To impregnate 	 cond trans To c throu throu tresp To c remi To b cons To b cons 	HIPHIL ransmit, to send or fuct over, to sport ause or pass ugh, to suffer ugh, to cause to bass ause to pass by, to it, to forgive oring, to offer, to secrate ead away, to avert, move, to transfer	 HITHPAEL To be irritated, to be wroth To fall into passion To be proud
ןעָבֵר [ā'-v≀	r		עָבְרָה εv-rä			
n.fs.			n.fs.			
Derivation: ע-ב-ר: to cross o			on: ע-ב-ר: to cross over			
 What is beyond, region or river-land, coast-land Opposite side, flank, side (with prep. אלי) To beyon side, across, forward (with prep. מלי) From beyon side (with prep. מלי) Over aga 	land beyond, nd, to the other nd, from the other	 Outpo An ov 	ouring or outburst (of wrath), verflowing , haughtiness	fury		
Concordance: Beyond		Concord	lance: Wrath			
Strong's Dictionary : proper <i>across</i> ; but used only advert without a preposition) <i>on the</i> (especially of the Jordan; us <i>east</i>)	bially (with or e opposite side	Strong's	Dictionary: an outburst of po	assion		

77

עגל: from an unused root meaning to revolve

lä'
nused root meaning
nale) calf, n (i.e., a heifer)

79

ד-ד-ה: to advance

עָרָה|ä-dä ': Adorn

• Concordance: Adorn

 PAAL (QAL) To veil, to cover to put on (ornaments), to adorn oneself 	• To put off or a	HIPHILTo put off or away, to removeTo adorn anyone with anything		
To go on, to march along, to pass byTo attack in a hostile manner				
DERIVATIONS				
עד äd	יִ <mark>ק</mark> ָדַיִ ^ä −dē'	עַת āth		
n.ms.	n.fs.	n.fs.		
Derivation: יע-ד-ה: to advance	Derivation: יע-ד-ה: to advance	Derivation: יע-ד-ה: to advance		
 Duration, advance, perpetuity, eternity Booty (adj.) during, while, as far as, to (space and time), till 	 Ornament, covering Trappings, harness (of a horse) 	 Time, season Right or proper time, opportunity (pl.) Circumstances, course of time, occurrences, events (בְּלָרֹעָת) At every time, every season (לְעָת עְבֶר) At evening 		
Concordance: Forever	Concordance: Ornament	Concordance: Time		
Strong's Dictionary : properly, <i>a</i> (peremptory) <i>terminus</i> , i.e., (by implication) <i>duration</i> , in the sense of advance or perpetuity (substantially as a noun, either with or without a preposition)	Strong's Dictionary : <i>finery</i> ; generally <i>an outfit</i> ; specifically, <i>a headstall</i>	Strong's Dictionary : <i>time</i> , especially (adverb with preposition) <i>now</i> , <i>when</i> , etc.		

ät-tä עַתָּה adv.

Derivation: ע-ד-ה: to advance

- 1. Now, at present, at this time, already
- 2. Then, presently, soon, in a short time

Concordance: Time

Strong's Dictionary: at this time, whether adverb, conjunction or expletive

יע-ד-ן: to be soft or pleasant

עָדַן *|ä-dän* '

• Strong's Dictionary: to be soft or pleasant; figuratively and reflexively, to live voluptuously

HITHPAEL

• To conduct oneself softly, to live voluptuously

DERIVATIONS

עָדִין ä-dēn'
adj.
Derivation: ע-ד-ן: to be soft or pleasant
1. Soft, delicate, voluptuous, luxurious
Concordance: Pleasure
Strong's Dictionary: voluptuous

ד-ד-ר: to arrange

עָדַר / a-där': Dig/Fail/Keep (Rank)

• Concordance: Fail

• Strong's Dictionary: to arrange, as a battle, a vineyard (to hoe); hence, to muster and so to miss (or find wanting)

PAAL (QAL)

NIPHAL

- To be left behind, to remain
- To weed

To set in order, to arrange

- To be wanting, to be lacking
- PIEL
- To suffer to be wanting

٠

•

- To be arranged, to be set in order ٠
- To be cultivated

DERIVATIONS

עַדֶר|ā'-dɛr

n.ms.

Derivation: ע-ד-ר: to arrange

1. Flock, herd

Concordance: Flock

Strong's Dictionary: an arrangement, i.e., muster (of animals)

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ד-ו-ד: to duplicate or repeat

עוּד *üd*

• Strong's Dictionary: to duplicate or repeat; by implication, to protest, testify (as by reiteration); intensively, to encompass, restore (as a sort of reduplication)

 PAAL (QAL) To repeat, to do over again To witness, to exhort, to attest, to 	PIEL • To surround	PILEL • To restore, to confirm	HIPHIL • To make firm • To take as a witness, to call to witness	HUPHAL • To be declared, to be shown, to be testified, to be announced	HITHPAELTo set oneself up, to stand upright, to be established
assure			• To testify, to bear witness, to assure, to attest, to affirm		
			• To adjure, to admonish, to warn, to comfort, to punish		
DERIVATIONS					
עֵד	ād				
n.r	ns.				
Derivation: ע-ו-ד: to du	plicate or repeat				
 Witness Testimony, proof Prince 					
Concordance: Witness					
Strong's Dictionary: co abstractly, <i>testimony</i> ; s i.e., <i>prince</i>	oncretely, <i>a witness</i> ; pecifically, <i>a recorder</i> ,				

ע-ו-ה: to crook or make crooked

עָנָה |ä-vä ': Bow Down/Turn

• Concordance: Bow

• Strong's Dictionary: to crook, figuratively or literally

PAAL (QAL)

- To act perversely, to sin
- NIPHAL To be bent, to writhe, to be • distorted
- To be perverse

DERIVATIONS

עַוֹן ¦ä-vōn'

n.ms.

Derivation: ע-ו-ה: to crook or make crooked

1. Perverseness, sin, guilt, crime

PIEL

- To subvert, to pervert, to overturn
- To make impassable

•

•

HIPHIL

- To make crooked, to bend •
- To pervert, to sin

2. The penalty (for sin), punishment, suffering

Concordance: Iniquity

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Strong's Dictionary: perversity, i.e., (moral) evil
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יע-ו-ז: to be strong

עוז *üz: Gather To Flee*

• Concordance: Flee

• Strong's Dictionary: to be strong, causatively, to strengthen, i.e., (figuratively) to save (by flight)

- PAAL (QAL)
- To flee, to take refuge

- HIPHIL
- To transport in haste, to save by fleeing
- To flee in haste

ל-ו-ל 1) to suckle

עול | wil: Sucking Child/Infant

- Concordance: Child
- Strong's Dictionary: to suckle, i.e., give milk
- PAAL (QAL)
- To suckle, to give milk
- (part.) Those that give milk

DERIVATIONS

יולַל|ō-lāl

n.ms.

Derivation: ע-ו-ל to suckle

- 1. Child, infant, boy
- Concordance: Child

Strong's Dictionary: a suckling

ע-ו-ל 2) to distort

עָוַל /a-väl': Unjustly

- Concordance: Unjust
- Strong's Dictionary: to distort (morally)

PIEL

· To act wickedly, to do wrong

ע-ו-ף: to cover (with wings or obscurity)

עוף *üf*

Strong's Dictionary: to cover (with wings or obscurity); hence (as denominative from γiy; also (by implication of dimness) to faint (from the darkness of swooning)

PAAL (QAL)		PIEL	HIPHIL	,	HITHPAEL
• To fly, to fly away, to flit	To fly		 To cause to fly 		 To fly away, to vanish
To cover, to shelter under wings	• To bran	dish (a sword)			
• To cover (with darkness), to be overcast, gloomy or dark					
To faint, to swoon, to faint away					
DERIVATIONS					
מוּעָף mü-äf		ן <u>מ</u> ָעוּף 1	nä-üf		
n.ms.		n.r	ns.		
Derivation: ע-ו-ף: to cover (with win obscurity)	ngs or	Derivation: יע-ו-ף: to co obscurity)	ver (with wings or		

1. Darkness

Concordance: Dim

Strong's Dictionary: darkness

1. Darkness

Concordance: Dim

Strong's Dictionary: properly, covered, i.e., dark; abstractly, obscurity, i.e., distress

יע-ו-ר to wake

עור: Awake/Wake/Stir Up/Raise Up

• Concordance:	Awake
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• Strong's Dictionary: to wake (literally or figuratively)

 Strong's Dictiona 	ary: to wake (m	erally or	nguranvely)				
PAAL (QAL)NIPHAL• To awake, to be astir, to wake• To be aroused or awoken• To rouse, to stir up• To arise		or	PIEL • To stir up, arouse or excite • To raise up • To brandish	HIPHILTo excite, rouse, to waken, to stirTo incite or provokeTo watch		•	HITHPAEL To rejoice, exult or be glad, to start from joy To rouse oneself
DERIVATIONS							
עַיָר ä'-yēr		עִיר ēr					
n.ms.		n.fs.					
Derivation: ע-ו-ר: to wake		Derivation: ע-ו-ר: to wake					
1. Ass, young ass		 City, town, village, tower, hamlet, capital Anger, heat of anger Fear, anguish, distress 					
Concordance: Ass		Concordance: City					
Strong's Dictionary: properly, a young ass (as		Strong's Dictionary: a city (a place guarded					

by waking or a watch) in the widest sense (even of a mere encampment or post)

Strong's Dictionary: properly, a young ass (as just broken to a load); hence an ass-colt

TY

ב-ז-ב: to loosen

עוב // a-zäv': Forsake/Fail/Leave/Relinquish

• Concordance: Forsake

• Strong's Dictionary: to loosen, i.e., relinquish, permit, etc.

	PAAL (QAL)	NIPHAL		PUAL
•	To loosen, to release, to set free	• To be left, to be forsaken, to be abandoned	To be forsaken	
•	To leave, to forsake, to abandon, to leave behind			
•	To leave off, to cease, to omit, to relax			

ז-ד-ז: to be stout

עוז / a-zäz': Be Strong/Strengthen Self

Concordance: Strong

• Strong's Dictionary: to be stout (literally or figuratively)

PAAL (QAL)

• To make secure

- To become strong, to be made strong, firm or powerful •
- To be strong, robust or powerful
- To be bold, to make hard

DERIVATIONS

מַעוֹז mä-ōz	עז עז	עז ōz		
n.ms.	adj.	n.ms		
Derivation: יע-ז-ז: to be stout	Derivation: ע-ז-ז to be stout	Derivation: ע-ז-ז: to be stout		
 Strong or fortified place, defence, fortress, protection, refuge 	 Strong, vehement, violent Strong, fortified, powerful, firm 	 Strength, power, might Firmness 		

HIPHIL

•

To strengthen one's countenance

• To make hard, to be bold

y Roots

3. Harsh, cruel, hard

Concordance: Strong

Strong's Dictionary: *a fortified place*; figuratively, *a defence*

עַזויז∣^ε-züz'

n.ms.

Derivation: יע-ז-ז: to be stout

1. Might, power, strength

Concordance: Strong

Strong's Dictionary: forcibleness

עזיה: Uzziah

עַזיָה üz-zē-yä'

pers. pro.

Derivation: combination of עז (strength); and יה (Jah, the sacred name of Jehovah, a contraction from יה)

- 1. Uziah
- 2. Strength of God

Concordance: Uzziah

Strong's Dictionary: *strength of Jah*; *Uzzijah*, the name of five Israelites

ד-ז-ק: to grub over

עַזָק |ä-zäk': To Fence

- Concordance: Fence
- Strong's Dictionary: to grub over

PIEL

• To loosen with a mattock, to dig, to till

עט

נ-ט-ד: to wrap

עָטָה |ä-tä': Cover/Clad

- Concordance: Cover
- Strong's Dictionary: to wrap, i.e., cover, veil, clothe, or roll
- PAAL (QAL)
- To cover, to veil
- To clothe or veil oneself
- To wrap up, to roll or fold up, to put on
- · To become languid, to faint, to faint away

DERIVATIONS

mä-^ä-tɛ|מַעֲמָה

n.ms.

Derivation: ע-ט-ה: to wrap

1. Veil, garment, covering

Concordance: Garment

HIPHIL

• To cover

· To rush on, to fly at

- 3. Violence, boldness
- 4. Protection, refuge
- 5. Splendor, glory, praise
- Concordance: Strong

Strong's Dictionary: *strength* in various applications (*force, security, majesty, praise*)

עזוז |ē-züz' adj.

Strong's Dictionary: strong, vehement, harsh

Derivation: ע-ז-ז: to be stout

1. Strong, powerful, mighty

Concordance: Power

Concordance: Mighty

Strong's Dictionary: *forcible*; collectively and concretely, *an army*

ק-ט-ע: to shroud

עָט*ף |ä-täf*': Fail

- Concordance: Fail
- Strong's Dictionary: to shroud, i.e., clothe (whether transitive or reflexive); hence (from the idea of darkness) to languish

 PAAL (QAL) To cover, to clothe To be covered, to be clothed To languish, to fain, to be exhausted 	NIPHAL • To faint, to be exhausted	HIPHIL • To be weak, to languish, to be feeble	HITHPAEL • To languish, to faint, to be feeble
 To hide oneself, to be wrapped in darkness To turn to (part.) Weak, exhausted 			
עי			

עים: from an uncertain root

אַיָם∣^ä-yäm'

n.ms.

Derivation: עים: from an uncertain root

1. Probably meaning strength

Concordance: Mighty

Strong's Dictionary: probably meaning *strength*

עיך: from an uncertain root

מַעְיָן mä-yän'	עָיָן ä-yēn'
n.ms.	n.fs.
Derivation: עין: from an uncertain root	Derivation: עין: from an uncertain root
 Place irrigated with fountains, place of fountains Fountain, spring 	 Eye Eye of the mind Look, appearance, sight, face, surface Fountain, spring
Concordance: Fountain	Concordance: Eye
Strong's Dictionary : <i>a fountain</i> (also collectively), figuratively, <i>a source</i> (of satisfaction)	Strong's Dictionary : <i>an eye</i> (literal or figurative); by analogy, <i>a fountain</i> (as the eye of the landscape)

ע-י-ף: to languish

ע<u>ַי</u>ר *מּ-yāf*'

• Strong's Dictionary: to languish

PAAL (QAL)

• To languish, to faint

DERIVATIONS

עַיֵף|ä-yāf

adj.

Derivation: ע-י-ף: to languish

1. Weary, exhausted, languid, faint

Concordance: Weary

עך

ס-כ-ט: to tie

עָכַס |ä-häs': Tinkling

- Concordance: Tinkling
- Strong's Dictionary: properly, to tie, specifically, with fetters; but used only as denominative from H5914; to put on anklets

PIEL

• To adorn oneself with anklets, to wear anklets

DERIVATIONS

נג⊂ס∣ε'-ḥɛs

n.ms.

Derivation: ע-כ-ס: to tie

1. Anklet

2. Fetter, ankle band

Concordance: Tinkling

Strong's Dictionary: a fetter; hence, an anklet

על

נ-ל-ז: to jump for joy

עָלַז |ä-läz': Be Joyful/Rejoice/Triumphant

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• Concordance: Rejoice
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- Strong's Dictionary: to jump for joy, i.e., exult
- PAAL (QAL)

• To exalt, to rejoice

DERIVATIONS

עָלַז ä-lāz'	עליז al-lēz
adj.	adj.
Derivation: ע-ל-ז: to jump for joy	Derivation: ע-ל-ז: to jump for joy
1. Exulting, rejoicing	 Exulting, joyful Exulting, insolent Noisy, proud
Concordance: Rejoice	Concordance: Joy
Strong's Dictionary: exultant	Strong's Dictionary: exultant

נ-ל-ה: to ascend

עָלָה|*ä-lä* '

• Strong's Dictionary: to ascend, intransitively (be high) or actively (mount); used in a great variety of senses, primary and secondary, literal and figurative

PAAL (QAL)	NIPHAL	HIPHIL	HUPHAL	HITHPAEL
• To go up, to ascend, to mount up, to rise	To be made to go upTo be made to depart,	• To cause to go up, to lead or bring up, to	• To be led up, to be brought	To lift oneself upTo be elevation, to
 To grow up 	to be driven or led	raise, to impose	• To be offered (as a	pride oneself
• To increase, to become strong, to overcome	awayTo be elevated, to be	• To take up or away, to remove	sacrifice)	
• To be lifted up, to be put up	high or exalted	 To spread over, to overlay 		

DERIVATIONS

מעל mä'-äl	עָלָה ¤-lɛ'	עֹלָה ō-lä'		
n.ms.	n.ms.	n.fs.		
Derivation: יע-ל-ה: to ascend	Derivation: יע-ל-ה: to ascend	Derivation: ע-ל-ה: to ascend		
 Faithlessness, treachery, perfidy The upper part, the higher part, higher (adv). Only with prefixes and affixes (מעלה) From above, above (מעלה) Upwards, farther, forward, onward (לְמַעָלה) Upwards, beyond, in a higher degree, exceedingly (מלמעלה) From above, upon 	 Leaf (pl.) Leaves, foliage 	 Burnt offering, holocaust Ascent, step 		
Concordance: Upward	Concordance: Leaf	Concordance: Offering		
Strong's Dictionary : properly, <i>the upper part</i> , used only adverbially with prefix <i>upward</i> , <i>above, overhead, from the top</i> , et.c	Strong's Dictionary : <i>a leaf</i> (as coming up on a tree); collectively, <i>foliage</i>	Strong's Dictionary : <i>a step</i> or (collectively, <i>stairs</i> , as ascending); usually <i>a holocaust</i> (as going up in smoke)		

יע-ל-ל: to effect thoroughly, to glean

עָלל a-läl': Child (as an idiom meaning maltreat)

• Concordance: Child/Children

• Strong's Dictionary: specifically, to glean (also figuratively); by implication (in a bad sense) to overdo, i.e., maltreat, be saucy to, pain, impose (also literal)

POEL	POEL POAL		HITHPAEL		HITHPAEL		
 To glean, to destroy the remnant To be petulant To vex, to maltreat (part.) Child, wanton boy 	• To be inflicted		•	To satisfy thirst, to satisfy the mind To practice wantonness, to vex, to mock To be busy, to achieve, to expend		•	To perform, to do (an evil deed)
DERIVATIONS							
מַעֲלָל mä-ª-läl		סּו		אַלילָה ª-lē-lä			
n.		n.ms.		n.fs.			
Derivation : ע-ל-ל: to effect thoroughly, to glean		Derivation: יע-ל-ל: to effect thoroughly, to glean		Derivation : יע-ל-ל: to effect thoroughly, to glean			
 Work, deed, action Great deed 		 Yoke Servitude 		1. Deed, work, exploit			
Concordance: Doings		Concordance: Yoke			Concordance: Doings		
Strong's Dictionary: an act (good or bad)		Strong's Dictionary : <i>a yoke</i> (as imposed on the neck), literally or figuratively		Strong's Dictionary: an exploit (of God), or a performance (of man, often in a bad sense); b implication, an opportunity			

נ-ל-ם: to veil from sight

עָלָם |ä-läm': Hide (Self)/Secret (Thing)

- Concordance: Hide
- Strong's Dictionary: to veil from sight, i.e., conceal (literally or figuratively)
- PAAL (QAL) · To hide or conceal
- ٠ (part.) secret sin
- NIPHAL To be hidden or concealed, to
- HIPHIL
- To hide from

lie hidden To darken, to blame

•

- · To hide or cover over

DERIVATIONS

iō-läm'

n.ms.

Derivation: ע-ל-ם: to veil from sight

1. Time immemorial, time past, of old

HITHPAEL

To hide oneself, to withdraw

•

oneself

- 2. Eternity, distant future, duration, everlasting time, life-time
- 3. (pl.) Ages, endless times
- 4. Hidden time, long, eternity, perpetuity
- 5. (adv.) Always
- Concordance: Everlasting

Strong's Dictionary: properly, concealed, i.e., the vanishing point; generally, time out of mind (past or future), i.e., (practically) eternity; frequentatively, adverbial (especially with prepositional prefix) always

ע-ל-ף: to veil or cover

עַלף *a-läf': Faint*

- Concordance: Faint
- Strong's Dictionary: to veil or cover; figuratively, to be languid

PUAL

- To be covered
- To languish, to faint, to be overcome •

- HITHPAEL
- To veil or cover oneself •
- To faint, to languish

ער

•

•

דע-מ-ד: to stand

עָמַד |ä-mäd': Stand/Remain/Set

- Concordance: Stand
- Strong's Dictionary: to stand, in various relations (literal and figurative, intransitive and transitive)

PAAL (QAL)

•

To place oneself

serve

- To stand still, to stop, to cease
- To stay, to continue, to persist, to preserve, to resist

To stand, to stand before, to wait on, to

To stand up, to arise, to rise, to make one's appearance

to toil: ע-מ-ל

עמל *a-mäl'*

• Strong's Dictionary: to toil, i.e., work severely and with irksomeness

- PAAL (QAL)
- To labor, to toil

DERIVATIONS

מַמַל|ä-mäl

n.cs.

- Derivation: ע-מ-ל: to toil
- 1. Heavy labor, toil
- 2. Product of labor, gain by labor
- 3. Weariness, trouble, vexation, distress,
- misery, sorrow, suffering 4. Mischief, wrong, oppression

Concordance: Travail

Strong's Dictionary: toil, i.e., wearing effort; hence, worry, whether of body or mind

ם-ש-ש: to associate

מ<u>קמ</u>ם *מ*ים מועמם מועמ

- HUPHAL
- To be set, to be placed
- · To stand upright
- To appoint, to place, to settle, to constitute, to decree
- To establish, to confirm
- To stand still, to preserve, to maintain •
- To raise, to set up, to stir up •
- HIPHIL
 - To cause to stand, to set up, to erect

HUPHAL

To become dim, to be darkened

• Strong's Dictionary: to associate; by implication, to overshadow (by huddling together)

PAAL (QAL)

- To shut or close, to conceal, to be hidden •
- To surpass, to be higher

DERIVATIONS

מא|עם

n.ms.

Derivation: ע-מ-ם: to associate

- 1. People, nation, tribe, community
- 2. Kindred, race, family, relatives
- 3. Common people, men, inhabitants, populace, mankind

Concordance: People

Strong's Dictionary: A people (as a congregational unit); specifically, a tribe (as those of Israel); hence (collectively) troops or attendants; figuratively, a flock

to load יע-מ-ס

עמס (i-mäs': Be Borne/(Heavy) Burden

- Concordance: Heavy
- Strong's Dictionary: to load, i.e., impose a burden (or figuratively, infliction)

	PAAL (QAL)		HIPHIL
			To load up
	To lift up, to heave	•	To load up
•	To bear, to carry		
•	To lay upon, to bestow		

דע-מ-ק: to be or make deep

עָמַק a-mäk': (Seek) Deep(ly)/Be Profound

• Concordance: Deep

• Strong's Dictionary: to be ((causatively, make) deep (literal	ly or figuratively)

figuratively)

- PAAL (QAL)
- To be deep, to be unsearchable, to be unfathomable
- HIPHIL
- To make deep, to deepen •

depression)

To do extensively

DERIVATIONS		
<u>מַע</u> ָמָקים mä- ^ä -mäk-kēm'	עָמַק ä-māk'	עמק]ā-mɛk
n.mp. (only pl.)	adj.	n.ms.
Derivation: ע-מ-ק: to be or make deep	Derivation: ע-מ-ק: to be or make deep	Derivation: ע-מ-ק: to be or make deep
1. Depths	1. Deep	1. Depth, deep, plain, valley
2. Deep places	2. Unintelligible	
Concordance: Deep	Concordance: Deep	Concordance: Valley
Strong's Dictionary: a deep	Strong's Dictionary: deep (literally or	Strong's Dictionary: a vale (i.e., broad

יע-מ-ר: to heap

עמר *ä-mär* '

• Strong's Dictionary: properly, apparently to heap; figuratively, to chastise (as if piling blows); to gather grain

PIEL

To bin together (sheaves)

- HITHPAEL
- To act as master
- To pawn

HIPHIL

To deride or mock

•

• To make oneself delicate

To delight oneself, to relish

DERIVATIONS

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אָלָהָה <sup>|מ</sup>-mō-rä'
n.ms.
Derivation: י-ש-ש-ר י: to heap
1. Gomorrah
Concordance: Gomorrah
Strong's Dictionary: a (ruined) heap; Amorah,
a place in Palestine
```

עך

ע-ג-ג: to be soft or pliable

ענג a-näg': Delight/Sport

- Concordance: Delight
- Strong's Dictionary: to be soft or pliable, i.e., (figuratively) effeminate or luxurious

PAAL (QAL)

- To be soft or delicate
- To be soft of defica
 To be luxurious
- To be fuxurious

DERIVATIONS

vֶׁנָג|ō-nɛg

n.ms.

Derivation: ע-נ-ג: to be soft or pliable

1. Delights, delicate life, luxury

Concordance: Delight

Strong's Dictionary: *luxury*

ד-ג-ג. 1) to eye (pay attention to) or to heed generally

ענָה a-nä': Answer/Witness/Hear/Speak/Cry/Testify

Concordance: Answer

• Strong's Dictionary: properly, to eye or (generally) to heed, i.e., pay attention, by implication, to respond; by extension to begin to speak; specifically to sing, shout, testify, announce

	PAAL (QAL)	NIPHAL	PIEL	HIPHIL
•	To reply, to answer, to hear and answer	• To be answered, to be heard and answered	To answer in singingTo sing alternately	To answerTo vouch
•	To bear witness, to vindicate oneself	To be refutedTo answer		
•	To lift up the voice, begin to speak or sing			
•	To declare, announce or reveal			

ע-ו-ה: 2) to depress

עָנָה |ä-nä': Afflict/Abase/Sing

- Concordance: Afflict
- Strong's Dictionary: to depress literally or figuratively, transitive or intransitive (in various applications)

 To be bowed down, to be depressed, to be humbled, to be To be down, afflict To hu 	NIPHAL PIEL e bowed t, to be ted imble oneself ibmit oneself . To bow down, to oppress, depress or afflict, to humble . To maltreat . To force or violate . To afflict oneself, to fast	 PUAL To be maltreated, afflicted or oppressed To be humbled 	HIPHIL • To oppress, to humble	HITHPAELTo humble oneself, to submit oneselfTo be afflicted, to suffer
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DERIVATIONS

עָנִי ä-nē'	אָנַני ō-nē'
adj.	n.ms.
Derivation: ע-נ-ה: 2) to depress	Derivation: ע-נ-ה: 2) to depress
1. Oppressed, afflicted	1. Affliction, misery, suffering, oppression
2. Poor, retched, miserable, helpless	2. Poverty
3. Humble, patient, meek	
Concordance: Poor	Concordance: Afflict
Strong's Dictionary: <i>depressed</i> , in mind or circumstances	Strong's Dictionary: depression, i.e., misery

עס

ס-ס-ש: to squeeze out juice

עָסַס *מ-säs* '

• Strong's Dictionary: to squeeze out juice; figuratively, to trample

PAAL (QAL)

To tread down

DERIVATIONS

מָסָיס |ä-sēs'

n.ms.

Derivation: ע-ס-ט: to squeeze out juice

1. New wine, must

Concordance: Wine

Strong's Dictionary: *must* or *fresh grape-juice* (as just trodden out)

עף

ר-פ-ע: to be dust

עָפַר *ä-fär* '

• Strong's Dictionary: to be dust

PIEL

• To dust, to throw dust at

DERIVATIONS

עָפָר ¦ä-fär'

n.ms.

Derivation: ע-פ-ר: to be dust

1. Dust, dry earth, soil, clay, lump, clod

2. Gold dust

Concordance: Dust

Strong's Dictionary: *dust* (as powdered or gray); hence, *clay, earth, mud*

עץ

ב-צ-צ: to carve

עָצַר // a-tsäv': Displease/Grieve/Vex

• Concordance: Grieve

• Strong's Dictionary: properly, to carve, i.e., fabricate or fashion; hence (in a bad sense) to worry, pain or anger

ъ

			Roots و			
PAAL (QAL)To toil with pain, to suffer, to be grievedTo afflict, to grieve, to pain	NIPHA To be pained, to sorrowful To grieve oneso 	o be	PIELTo form, to shapeTo put to grief, to afflict, to pain	shap • To la wors	ibor, to serve, to	HITHPAEL • To grieve oneself • To become angry
DERIVATIONS						
מַעֲצֵכָה mä- ^ä -s	ā-vä'		עָצֵ⊂ ä'-tsāv		נֶב	viō'-tsɛv
n.fs.			n.ms.			n.ms.
Derivation: ע-צ-ב: to carve		Derivati	ion: ע-צ-ב: to carve		Derivation: ע-צ-ב:	to carve
1. Pain, affliction, sorrow		1. Worl	kman, servant, laborer, bondsn	nan	 Image of an ide Sorrow, pain, la 	
Concordance: Sorrow		Concor	dance: Labor		Concordance: Sor	row
Strong's Dictionary: anguis	h	Strong	s Dictionary: a (hired) workm	an	Strong's Dictiona also <i>pain</i> (bodily	ry: <i>an idol</i> (as fashioned); or mental)

עְצְבֵים a-tsäb-bēm' n.mp. (only pl). Derivation: ע-צ-ב: to carve 1. Images of idols, idols Concordance: Idol Strong's Dictionary: an (idolatrous) image

ם-צ-צ: to bind fast

עַצָם |ä-tsäm': Close/Shut/Be Strong

Concordance: Strong

• Strong's Dictionary: to bind fast, i.e., close (the eyes); intransitively, to be (causatively, make) powerful or numerous; to crunch the bones

PAAL (QAL)	PIEL	HIPHIL
• To bind or bind fast, to tie up	• To bind or bind fast, to tie up	To make strong
To shut or close	To close	
• To be or become firm, to be strong or powerful, to become strong or powerful	To break or gnaw bone	
DERIVATIONS		
עַצוֹם ä-tsüm'	<u>עצַמ</u> ָה ä-tsü-mä' or	עַצַמָה ats-mä'
	עַצַמוֹת ä-tsü-mōth	
adj.	n.fs.	n.fs.
Derivation: ע-צ-ם: to bind fast	Derivation: ע-צ-ם: to bind fast	Derivation: ע-צ-ם: to bind fast
1. Strong, powerful, mighty	1. Arguments, reasons, proofs	1. Strength
2. Numerous		2. Multitude
3. (pl.) Strong limbs, fangs		
Concordance: Strong	Concordance: Strong	Concordance: Abundant
Strong's Dictionary : <i>powerful</i> (specifically, <i>a paw</i>); by implication, <i>numerous</i>	Strong's Dictionary : <i>a bulwark</i> , i.e., (figuratively) <i>argument</i>	Strong's Dictionary: powerfulness; by extension, numerousness

ד-צ-ך: to enclose

עָצָר *a-tsär* ': Shut

• Concordance: Shut

• Strong's Dictionary: to enclose; by analogy, to hold back; also to maintain, rule, assemble

PAAL (QAL)

To shut, to close ٠

To restrain, to stop, to hold back, to detain

To retain, to withhold •

NIPHAL • To be shut up

- To be restrained or hindered
- To be gathered together or assembled

• To restrain by rule, to rule, prevail or bridle

DERIVATIONS

עצֶר]ō'-tsɛr	אַצָרָה∣ ^ä -tsä-rä'
n.ms.	n.fs.
Derivation: ע-צ-ר: to enclose	Derivation: ע-צ-ר: to enclose
 Restraint, shutting up Oppression, vexation, constraint 	1. Assembly, festive assembly, festival
Concordance: Prison	Concordance: Assembly
Strong's Dictionary: closure; also constraint	Strong's Dictionary : <i>an assembly</i> , especially on a festival or holiday

עק

ב-ק-ב: to swell out or up

עָקב |ä-käv': Jacob (Supplanter)

- Concordance:
- Strong's Dictionary: to swell out or up; used only as denominative from עָקָב, to seize by the heel; figuratively, to circumvent (as if tripping up the heels); also to restrain (as if holding by the heel)

PAAL (QAL)

- To be behind, to come from behind
- To take hold, to trip one up, to take by the heels
- To supplant, to circumvent, to defraud, to deceive

DERIVATIONS

yä-^ä-kōv<u>י</u>צָקׂב

pers. pro.

Derivation: ע-ק-ב: to swell out or up

1. Jacob

Concordance: Jacob

Strong's Dictionary: *heel-catcher* (i.e., *supplanter*); *Jaakob*, the Israelitish patriarch

ער

ב-ר-צ: to grow dusky at sundown

עָרַב|ä-räv': Be Darkened/Evening

- Concordance: Dark
- Strong's Dictionary: to grow dusky at sundown

PAAL (QAL)

To be or grow dark, to be obscured
To set (as in the sun)

• To set (as in the sun) <u>DERIVATIONS</u>

KIVAHONS

אֲרָב∣^ä-räv'

n.ms.

Derivation: ע-ר-ב: to grow dusky at sundown

1. Arabia, Arab

2. Arabian

Concordance: Arabia(n)

Strong's Dictionary: *Arab* (i.e., *Arabia*) a country east of Palestine

PIEL

To hold back, to retard

אֲרִבָה∣^ä-rä-vä'

•

HIPHIL

To do at evening

n.fs.

Derivation: ע-ר-ב: to grow dusky at sundown

1. Arid land, sterile region, desert, wilderness, plain

Concordance: Desert

Strong's Dictionary: *a desert*; especially (with the article prefix) the (generally) *sterile valley of the Jordan* and its continuation to the Red Sea

ע-ר-ה: to be or make bare

עָרָה a-rä': Pour (Out)/Uncover/Discover

- Concordance: Pour
- Strong's Dictionary: to be (causatively, make) bare; hence, to empty, pour out, demolish
- NIPHAL PIEL HIPHIL
- To be poured out To make naked, to uncover • To make naked, to uncover • • uncover oneself • To destroy or demolish
 - To empty, to pour out ٠
- · To pour out

To give up

- HITHPAEL
- To make oneself naked, to
- To pour oneself out, to spread oneself

DERIVATIONS

עָרָה עָרָה ki-rä	עֶרְוָה/ɛr-vä'
n.fs.	n.fs.
Derivation: ע-ר-ה: to be or make bare	Derivation: ע-ר-ה: to be or make bare
1. Naked or bare place, cleared place, meadow	 Nakedness, bareness Pudenda Shame, filthiness
Concordance: Reed	Concordance: Shame
Strong's Dictionary : <i>a naked</i> (i.e., <i>level</i>) <i>plot</i>	Strong's Dictionary : <i>nudity</i> , literally (especially <i>the pudenda</i>) or figuratively (<i>disgrace, blemish</i>)

•

ע-ר-ך: to set in a row

עָרָך / a-räḥ': Prepare/Compare/Order/Ordain

- Concordance: Prepare
- Strong's Dictionary: to set in a row, i.e., arrange, put in order (in a very wide variety of applications)

PAAL (QAL)

- To set in order, to prepare, to arrange
- To draw up together, to place together, to muster
- To estimate, to compare, to equal

ב-ר-ם: to be or make bare

עַר<u></u>ם |*מֿ-räm*'

• Strong's Dictionary: properly, to be (or make) bare; but used only in the derivative sense (through the idea perhaps of smoothness) to be cunning (usually in a bad sense)

PAAL (QAL)

- To make naked, to uncover
- . To be crafty, to be cunning

HIPHIL

HIPHIL.

To estimate, to value

- To make crafty
- · To act craftily, to form a cunning plan
- To act prudently

DERIVATIONS

a-rōm'

adj.

Derivation: ע-ר-ם: to be or make bare

1. Naked, bared, half-dressed, ragged

Concordance: Naked

Strong's Dictionary: nude, either partially or totally

ע-ר-ף: 1) to droop

עַרַף |ä-räf

• Strong's Dictionary: to droop; hence, to drip

PAAL (QAL)

· To pluck, to seize, to pull, to drop down

DERIVATIONS

	עָרִיפִים ä-rē-fem'
	n.mp.
Derivati	ion: ע-ר-ף: to droop
1. Clou	ids, heavens, darkness of clouds
Concor	dance: Heaven
Strong' the hor	s Dictionary : <i>the sky</i> (as drooping at izon)

ק-ר-ף: 2) to bend downward

עָרַף a-räf': To Cut Off a Neck/Behead

- Concordance: Cut
- Strong's Dictionary: properly, to bend downward; but used only as a denominative from H6203, to break the neck; hence (figuratively) to destroy

PAAL (QAL)

• To break the neck (of an animal)

ע-ר-ץ: to awe

עָרַץ |ä-räts': Be Afraid/Fear/Dread/Shake Terribly/Prevail

- Concordance: Afraid
- Strong's Dictionary: to awe or (intransitive) to dread; hence, to harass

PAAL (QAL)	NIPHAL	HIPHIL
• To be afraid, to fear	• To be fearful	• To fear, to be afraid
• To frighten, to terrify	To be terrible	• To inspire fear or awe
	• (part.) terrible, dreadful	
DERIVATIONS		
עָרַיץ ä-rēts'		
adj.		
Derivation: יע-ר-ץ to awe		
1. Terrifying, causing fear		
2. Violent, fierce		
Concordance: Terrible		
Strong's Dictionary: fearful, i.e., powerful or tyrannical		

ע-ר-ר: to bare

עָרַר |a-rär': Raise Up/Make Bare

- Concordance: Rise (Up)
- Strong's Dictionary: to bare; figuratively, to demolish

 PAAL (QAL) To be naked or bare to make oneself naked or bare oneself To be helpless 	PIEL • To lay bare, to demolish	PUAL To make naked or bare 	PILPEL • To lay bare	HITHPALPELTo be made nakedTo be bared or demolished
עש				

ד-ש-ש: to do or make

עָשָׂה *מׁ-sä* '

• Concordance: [only individually listed due to vast quantity; list is incomplete] See Accomplish, Bear, Prepare, Perform

• Strong's Dictionary: to do or make, in the broadest sense and widest application

NIPHAL

To be made, done, created or

prepared

To happen, to be

•	To handle, to squeeze

PIEL

•

PAAL (QAL)

- To work, labor or toil ٠ To make, to create, construct, • build or accomplish
- To acquire, earn or procure
- To prepare
- To offer or sacrifice
- To appoint or constitute
- To keep
- To fulfil

יע-ש-ן: to smoke

עַשָׁן ä-shän'

• Strong's Dictionary: to smoke, whether literal or figurative

PAAL (QAL)

· To smoke, to burn

DERIVATIONS

עשון a-shän'

n.ms.

Derivation: ע-ש-ן: to smoke

1. Smoke

Concordance: Smoke

Strong's Dictionary: smoke, literally or figuratively (vapor, dust, anger)

ד-ש-ש: to press upon

עָשָק a-shäk': Oppress/Do Violence

• Concordance: Oppress

• Strong's Dictionary: to press upon, i.e., oppress, defraud, violate, overflow

PAAL (QAL)

- To oppress, to maltreat, to subjugate
- To defraud, to extort, to cheat
- To overflow
- To be proud, to be insolent

DERIVATIONS

מַעֵשׁקה mä-ä-shäk-kä' עשק jō-shek' n.fs. n.ms. Derivation: ע-ש-ק: to press upon Derivation: ע-ש-ק: to press upon

1. Violence, injury, oppression

2. Extortion, unjust gain, fraud

3. Anguish, grievance, distress

Concordance: Oppress

Strong's Dictionary: injury, fraud, (subjectively) distress, (concretely) unjust gain

wealth

PUAL

מאקה ash-kä'

PUAL

To be made or created

n.fs.

Derivation: ע-ש-ק: to press upon

1. Oppression

To be violated, to be forced, to be subdued

2. Anguish, distress

Concordance: Oppress

Strong's Dictionary: anguish

א-ש-צ: to accumulate

Strong's Dictionary: oppression

עַשֵׁר |ä-shär'

1. Oppression, exaction

Concordance: Oppress

• Strong's Dictionary: to accumulate; chiefly (specifically) to grow (causatively, make) rich

PAAL (QAL)	PIEL	HIPHIL
To be or become rich	• To build up, to erect	To make rich, to enrich
		• To become rich, to acquire

- HITHPAEL
- To feign oneself rich

DERIVATIONS

עָשיר ä-shēr'	נֶשֶׂר ε²-sɛr
adj.	n.cs.
Derivation: יע-ש-ר: to accumulate	Derivation: יע-ש-ר: to accumulate
 Rich, wealthy Honorable, noble, distinguished Haughty impious, proud, violent 	 Ten (in compounded numbers from 11-19) (pl.) Tens, decades, twenty, the twentieth
Concordance: Rich	Concordance: Ten
Strong's Dictionary : <i>rich</i> , whether literal or figurative (<i>noble</i>)	Strong's Dictionary : <i>ten</i> (as an accumulation to the extent of the digits)

עת

ע-ת-ד: to prepare

עָתַד *ä-täd* '

• Strong's Dictionary: to prepare

PIEL

• To make ready, to prepare

HITHPAEL

- To be ready, to be prepared
- To be destined

מתוד at-tüd'

n.ms.

Strong's Dictionary: *prepared*, i.e., *full grown*; spoken only (in plural) of *he-goats*, or (figuratively) *leaders* of the people

Derivation: ע-ת-ד: to prepare

1. He-goat

1. Leader

Concordance: Goat

DERIVATIONS

עתוד |ä-thüd' or עַתיד|ä-thēd'

n.ms.

Derivation: ע-ת-ד: to prepare

- 1. Ready, prepared, skillful
- 2. (pl.) Treasures
- 3. (pl.) Future things, future destinies

Concordance: Treasure

Strong's Dictionary: prepared

ע-ת-ם: to glow

עָתַם|ä-thäm ': Darkened

- Concordance: Dark
- Strong's Dictionary: probably to glow, i.e., (figuratively) be desolated

NIPHAL

- To be burnt
- To be parched up

נ-ת-ק: to remove

עָתַק|*ä-thäk*'

• Strong's Dictionary: to remove (transitive or intransitive); figuratively, to grow old; specifically, to transcribe

PAAL (QAL)

- To be removed, to be transferred
- to be advanced, to be stricken with age, to become old
- To be released or freed

DERIVATIONS

עתִיק|ä-tēk'

adj.

Derivation: ע-ת-ק: to remove

1. Taken away or removed (from a mother's breast), weaned

HIPHIL

- To remove away, to take away, to break up camp
- To transfer, to transcribe
- To take away

Concordance: Draw

Strong's Dictionary: removed, i.e., weaned; also antique

פ|pā or ש|fā and ק|fā sō-fēt

NÐ

ד-א-ד: to puff, as in blow

פָאָה|*pä-ä* '

• Strong's Dictionary: to puff, i.e., blow away

HIPHIL

· To blow away, to scatter

DERIVATIONS

se∣פָה

n.ms.

Derivation: פ-א-ה: to puff, as in blow

- 1. Mouth, bill
- 2. Opening, entrance
- 3. Edge, border, side
- 4. Part, portion, mouthful
- 5. (with prep. כ or כ At the rate of, according to
- (with prep. על־) In proportion to, according to command or to one's assertion

Concordance: Mouth

Strong's Dictionary: *the mouth* (as the means of blowing), whether literal or figurative (particularly speech); specifically *edge, portion* or *side*; adverbially (with preposition) *according to*

ד-א-ד: to gleam

קאָר *pä-är': Beautify/Glorify/Boast*

- Concordance: Glory
- Strong's Dictionary: to gleam, i.e. (causatively) embellish; figuratively, to boast; also to explain oneself (i.e., make oneself clear); to shake a tree
- PIEL

•

- To adorn, beautify or glorify
- To examine the boughs, to glean from a fruit tree

DERIVATIONS

ף³-ār'פאָר

n.ms.

Derivation: פ-א-ר: to gleam

1. Headdress, turban, chaplet, tiara

HITHPAEL

• To be adorned or honored, to be glorified

- To boast or glorify oneself
- To explain or declare oneself, to speak plainly

pō-rä'פּארָה

n.fs.

1. Green branch, bough, top branch, foliage

Derivation: פ-א-ר: to gleam

תִפּאָרַה|tēph-ɛ'-rä or תִפְאָרֶת|tēph-ɛ'-rɛth

n.fs.

Derivation: פ-א-ר: to gleam

1. Ornament, splendor, beauty, magnificence

ηρο-τα

Concordance: Beauty

Strong's Dictionary: an embellishment, i.e., fancy head-dress

Concordance: Bough

Strong's Dictionary: properly, *ornamentation*, i.e., (plural) *foliage* (including the limbs) as bright green

2. Glory, honor

Concordance: Glory

Strong's Dictionary: *ornament* (abstractly or concretely, literally or figuratively)

פג

פגול: an unused root meaning to stink

pēg-gülפּגוּל

n.ms.

Derivation: פּגול: an unused root meaning to stink

1. Fetid, unclean, abominable

2. Filth, that which is putrid

Concordance: Abominable

Strong's Dictionary: properly, *fetid*, i.e., (figuratively) *unclean* (ceremonially)

ד-ג-ר פ-ג-ר

pä-gär' פ<u>ּג</u>ר

• Strong's Dictionary: to relax, i.e., become exhausted

PIEL

- To be exhausted, to be void of strength
- To be languid or lazy

DERIVATIONS

פָגָר pɛ'-gɛr

n.ms.

Derivation: פ-ג-ר: to relax

1. Carcass, corpse, dead body

Concordance: Carcass

Strong's Dictionary: *a carcase* (as limp), whether of man or beast; figuratively, *an idolatrous image*

79

7-7-D: to sever

פָדָה pä-dä': Redeem/Ransom

- Concordance: Redeem
- Strong's Dictionary: to sever, i.e., ransom; generally to release, preserve
- HUPHAL NIPHAL HIPHIL PAAL (QAL) To redeem, to ransom, to let To be redeemed, to be released · To cause to redeem • To be redeemed • • go, to free To dismiss, to rescue DERIVATIONS פדות pε-düth' n.fs. Derivation: פ-ד-ה: to sever 1. Division, distinction, separation, interval 2. Liberation, redemption, deliverance

פּוֹפּן Roots

19

פוך: from an unused root meaning to paint

פוּך püh'

n.ms.

Derivation: פוך: from an unused root meaning to paint

- 1. Pigment, dye, eye-paint
- 2. Anonymity
- 3. Mortar, cement
- 4. Seaweed

Concordance: Color

Strong's Dictionary: dye (specifically, stibium for the eyes)

γ-1-5: to dash in pieces

נץ שופן püts: Scatter (Abroad)/Cast Abroad

• Concordance: Scatter

• Strong's Dictionary: to dash in pieces, literally or figuratively (especially to disperse)

- PAAL (QAL)
- To scatter or disperse To be scattered or
- spread out
- To be scattered or dispersed
- PIEL To break or dash into
 - pieces
- HIPHIL To scatter, disperse or
- destroy To drive away or send
- abroad
 - To pour out or pour
- forth To spread oneself
- abroad

HITHPAEL

To be dashed to pieces, to reduce to dust

- To overflow
- To disperse oneself

NIPHAL

פ-ו-ק: 1) to issue

פוק pük: Draw Out

- Concordance: Draw
- Strong's Dictionary: to issue, i.e., furnish; causatively, to secure; figuratively, to succeed

HIPHIL

- To give out, to furnish, to supply
- To get or obtain
- · To bring to an end, to carry out, to let succeed

פ-ו-ק: 2) to waver

פוק pük: Stumble

- Concordance: Stumble
- Strong's Dictionary: to waver

PAAL (QAL)

- To waver, to totter
- To move to and fro

HIPHIL · To be unsteady

ח-ו-ם: to crush

פוּר *pür*

• Strong's Dictionary: to crush

- HIPHIL
- To frustrate ٠

DERIVATIONS

פוּרָה∣pü-rä'
n.fs.
Derivation: פ-ו-ר: to crush
 Wine press A measure of liquids
Concordance: Wine
Strong's Dictionary : <i>a wine-press (</i> as crushing the grapes)

79

t-t-D: to refine (gold)

נ<u>ו</u>ק[*pä-zäz* '

• Strong's Dictionary: 1) to refine (gold); 2) to solidify (as if by refining); also to spring (as if separating the limbs)

PAAL (QAL) To be flexible or supple 	PIEL • To leap or bound, to dance	HUPHAL • To be purified or refined
DERIVATIONS		
פַז päz n.ms.		
Derivation: פ-ז-ז: to refine (gold)		
1. Refined or pure gold Concordance: Gold		
Strong's Dictionary : <i>pure</i> (gold); hence <i>gold</i> itself (as refined)		

ΠĐ

פחם: perhaps from an unused root probably meaning to be black

	פֶּהָם pɛ-ḥäm'
	n.ms.
	פחם: perhaps from an unused root aning to be black
1. Coal, live	coal
Concordance	e: Coal
Strong's Dic or live	tionary: <i>a coal</i> , whether charred

ד-ה-ד: a (sudden) alarm

פָחַד *pä-ḥäd`: Fear/Be Afraid/Terror*

- Concordance: Fear
- Strong's Dictionary: a (sudden) alarm (properly, the object feared, by implication, the feeling)

PAAL (QAL)	PIEL	HIPHIL
• To tremble, to quake, to be afraid	• To be afraid, timid or cautious	To make tremble
To palpitate with joy		

probably from an unused root apparently meaning to dig

pä'-ḥäthפחַת

n.ms.

Derivation: פחת: probably from an unused

פ|פ|ק Roots

root apparently meaning to dig

1. Pit, fissure

2. Destruction

Concordance: Pit

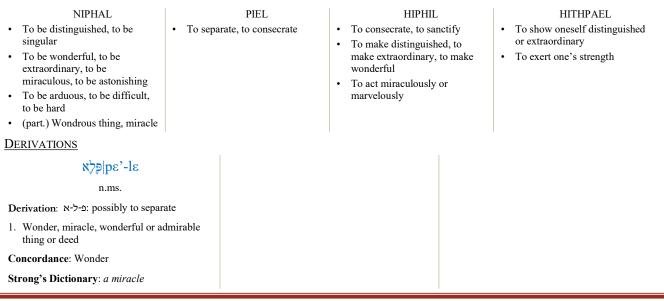
Strong's Dictionary: *a pit*, especially for catching animals

פל

ש-ל-א: possibly to separate

פָּלָא |pä-lä': Wonderful (Work)/Marvelous (Work)

- Concordance: Wonder
- Strong's Dictionary: properly, perhaps to separate, i.e., distinguish (literally or figuratively); by implication, to be (causatively, make) great, difficult, wonderful



ד-ל-ג: to split

	פָלג <i>pä-läg</i> '		
	• Strong's Dictionary: to split (literally or figuratively)		
	NIPHAL		PIEL
•	To be divided	•	To divide
		•	To make discordant

DERIVATIONS

pɛ'-lɛgפֶלֶג

n.ms.

Derivation: פ-ל-ג: to split

1. Stream, river, brook

Concordance: River

Strong's Dictionary: *a rill* (i.e., *small channel of water*, as in irrigation)

ש-ל-ש: to slip out

· To slip away, to escape

פָלט pä-lät': Carry Away Safe

• Concordance: Carry

• Strong's Dictionary: to slip out, i.e., escape; causatively, to deliver

PAAL (QAL)

• To let slip away, to let escape

PIEL

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HIPHIL
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פפו Roots

	To deliver, to bring forthTo escape
DERIVATIONS	
פְלִיט pä-lēt	pä-lā-tä' פָלִיטָה
n.ms.	n.fs.
Derivation: פ-ל-ט: to slip out	Derivation: פ-ל-ט: to slip out
1. Fugitive, one saved or escaped	1. Deliverance, escape, remnant
Concordance: Escape	Concordance: Escape
Strong's Dictionary: a refugee	Strong's Dictionary : <i>deliverance</i> ; concretely, <i>an escaped portion</i>

ש-ל-ל ד: to judge

pä-läl': Pray/Supplicate

Concordance: Pray

• Strong's Dictionary: to judge (officially or mentally); by extension, to intercede, pray

PIEL HITHPAEL To judge, to decide, to punish • To intercede, to act as arbitrator or mediator To adjudge · To supplicate, to pray To think, to suppose DERIVATIONS p^ε-lē-lä' פּלִיליָה p°-lē-lēy-yä' לָהפּלָה|t^ε-fēl-lä n.fs. n.fs. n.fs. Derivation: פ-ל-ל: to judge Derivation: פ-ל-ל: to judge Derivation: פ-ל-ל: to judge 1. Right, judgment, decision of an umpire 1. Judgment 1. Intercession, depreciation 2. Entreaty, supplication, prayer 3. Hymn, sacred song, psalm Concordance: Judge(ment) Concordance: Judge(ment) Concordance: Pray Strong's Dictionary: intercession, Strong's Dictionary: justice Strong's Dictionary: judicature

ס-ל-ס: to roll flat

פָלָס *pä-läs* ': Do Weigh

- Concordance: Weigh
- Strong's Dictionary: properly, *to roll flat*, i.e., *prepare* (a road); also *to revolve*, i.e., *weigh* (mentally) PIEL
- To make level, to make even, to prepare
- · To weigh, to weigh out

ד-ל-ץ: to rend

פָלץ|*pä-läts* '

• Strong's Dictionary: properly, perhaps to rend, i.e., (by implication) to quiver

HIPHIL

To burst, to be shaken

To tremble

DERIVATIONS

päl-lä-tsüth'

n.fs.

Derivation: פ-ל-ץ: to rend

1. Horror, trembling, terror

Concordance: Fear

Strong's Dictionary: affright

supplication; by implication, a hymn

79

B. from an unused root meaning to turn

	ing to turn
פַנָה pēn-nä'	
n.fs.	
Derivation: פַן: from an unused root meaning to turn	
 Corner, cornerstone, turn Mural tower, pinnacle Prince, chief, pillar 	
Concordance: Stone	
Strong's Dictionary : ; <i>an angle</i> ; by implication, <i>a pinnacle</i> ; figuratively, <i>a</i>	

chieftain

•

ה-ב-ד: to turn or to face

פְנָה|*pä-nä* ': Look

• Concordance: Look

• Strong's Dictionary: to turn; by implication, to face, i.e., appear, look, etc.

To drive away, to clear

PIEL

- PAAL (QAL)
- To turn (oneself), turn to or To remove or to take out of the

•

way

- turn away · To go, to look, to regard
- DERIVATIONS

פָנָה pä-nε'

pä-nēm'פַנִים

n.mp. (only in plural)

Derivation: פ-נ-ה: meaning to turn or to face

- 1. Face, countenance
- 2. Surface, front, forepart
- 3. Appearance, exterior, person, personal presence
- 4. (with prefixes), in the presence of, before, upon the surface of, etc. (see below)
- 5. (prefixed by אָל) To the front of, before, in the presence of, upon the surface of
- 6. (prefixed by אָת) In or into the presence of, before or from before
- 7. (prefixed by) Before or in front of
- 8. (prefixed by) In the sight of, in the presence of, before, in front of, in the manner of, like
- 9. (prefixed by α) From before, from the presence of, by reason of, on account of, from the face, presence or front
- 10. (prefixed by על) To the face or before the face of, in front of or before, upon or over the surface of

Concordance: Face

Strong's Dictionary: the face (as the part that turns); used in a great variety of applications (literally or figuratively); also (with prepositional prefix) as a preposition (before, etc.)

- HIPHIL
- To turn • To turn the back, to flee

٠

- HUPHAL
- To be turned or directed •

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DÐ

ש-ם-ל to carve

pä-säl '

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• Strong's Dictionary: to carve, whether wood or stone
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- PAAL (QAL)
- To hew, to cut
- To carve, to form by cutting

DERIVATIONS

pä-sēl'∣פָסיל	pɛ'-sɛl פָסָל
n.ms.	n.ms.
Derivation: פ-ס-ל: to carve	Derivation: פ-ס-ל: to carve
 Graven image, idol, cast or carved image Stone quarry 	1. Graven or molten image, carved or cast idol
Concordance: Image	Concordance: Image
Strong's Dictionary: an idol	Strong's Dictionary: an idol

yð

ד-ע-ה: to scream

פָּעָה|*pä-ä`: Cry*

- Concordance: Cry
- Strong's Dictionary: to scream

PAAL (QAL)

- To call, to cry out, to groan
- To blow, to pant

ם-ע-ם: to tap

פָּעָם *pä-äm* '

• Strong's Dictionary: to tap, i.e., beat regularly; hence (generally) to impel or agitate

PAAL (QAL) To strike, to beat 	NIPHAL • To be agitated, to be disturbed, to be	HITHPAEL • To be agitated
• To impel, to urge	moved, to be stirred	
DERIVATIONS		
פעם pä'-äm		
n.fs.		
Derivation: פ-ע-ם: to tap		
1. Anvil, stroke		
2. Step, footstep, tread, pace		
Concordance: Foot/Feet		
Strong's Dictionary : <i>a stroke</i> , literally or figuratively (in various applications)		

YÐ

π -2-5: to break out (in a joyful sound)

פָצָח pä-tsäḥ': Break (Forth into Joy)

- Concordance: Break
- Strong's Dictionary: to break out (in joyful sound)

PAAL (QAL)To break out into joy, to rejoice

ש-צ-פ: to split

פָצ<u>ַ</u>ע *pä-tsä* '

• Concordance: N/A

• Strong's Dictionary: to split, i.e., wound

PAAL (QAL)

• To wound, to cut, to crush

DERIVATIONS

פָצַע|pɛ'-tsä

n.ms.

Derivation: פ-צ-ע: to split

1. Wound

Concordance: Wound

Strong's Dictionary: a wound

95

ק-ק-ד: to visit (with friendly or hostile intent)

פָקד pä-käd': Visit/Muster/Punish/Hurt/Deprive/Want

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• Concordance: Visit
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• Strong's Dictionary: to visit (with friendly or hostile intent); by analogy, to oversee, muster, charge, care for, miss, deposit, etc.

ueposii, cic.						
 PAAL (QAL) To visit, to inspect or review, to muster or number To care for To look for, to miss To chastise or punish To cause to inspect, to appoint or charge with, to entrust (part.) An officer or overseer 	 NIPHAL To be visited or mustered To be missing, to be lacking To be set over To be punished 	PIEL • To muster, to call up	PUAL • To be mustered • To be punished • To want	 HIPHIL To appoint or set over To commit, entrust or charge with To deposit or lay up 	 HUPHAL To be set over or appointed To be deposited To be punished 	HITHPAEL • To be mustered or numbered
DERIVATIONS						
פְקַדָּה ¤²-k	üd-dä'					
n.fs						
Derivation: פ-ק-ד: to vis hostile intent)	it (with friendly or					
 Muster, enumeration, Care, oversight, custor Office, charge, watch Riches, goods in trust Punishment, visitation 	dy, ward or store, property					
Concordance: Visit						
Strong's Dictionary: visit senses, chiefly official)	itation (in many					

ד-ק-ח: to open

פָק*ח*ן *פ*ָקח

• Strong's Dictionary: to open (the senses, especially the eyes); figuratively, to be observant

PIEL

• To break (bones), to break into pieces

פ∣פ∣פ Roots

PAAL (QAL)		NIPHAL	
To open (eyes or ears), to be watchfulTo open one's eyes, to make one see, to restore	e sight	• To be opened, to get	sight or understand
DERIVATIONS			
פְקָח־קוֹת]pä-käḥ-kō'-äḥ			
n.ms.			
Derivation: פ-ק-ח: to open			
1. Opening, liberation, loosening, deliverance			
Concordance: Prison			
Strong's Dictionary : <i>opening</i> (of a dungeon), i.e., <i>jail-delivery</i> (figuratively, <i>salvation for</i>			

sin)

٦Ð

ש-ד-ש: to bear fruit

פָּרָא *pä-rä* '

• Strong's Dictionary: to bear fruit

HIPHIL

- To bring forth
- To bear fruit

DERIVATIONS

pε'-rɛ|פֶרֶא

n.ms.

Derivation: פ-ר-א: to bear fruit

1. Wild ass

Concordance: Ass

Strong's Dictionary: from פָרָא in the secondary sense of running wild; the onager [an animal of a race of the Asian wild ass native to northern Iran]

ה-ד-ד: to bear fruit

פְרָה |pä'-rä: Grow/Bring Forth (Fruit)/Fruitful

• Concordance: Fruit(ful)

• Strong's Dictionary: to bear fruit (literally or figuratively)

PAAL (QAL)

- To break forth, to bear fruit, to be fertile
- To bring for (children)

DERIVATIONS

י.p^ε-rē'

n.ms.

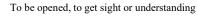
Derivation: פ-ר-ה: to bear fruit

- 1. Fruit
- 2. Offspring
- 3. Result, consequence

Concordance: Fruit(ful)

HIPHIL

- To make fruitful ٠
- To increase with offspring



π - \neg - \mathfrak{D} : to break forth as a bud

פְרַח / pä-räḥ': Flourish/Bud/Blossom (Abundantly)

• Concordance: Blossom

• Strong's Dictionary: to break forth as a bud, i.e., bloom; generally, to spread; specifically, to fly (as extending the wings); figuratively, to flourish

HIPHIL PAAL (QAL) To break out or burst forth • To cause to bud forth or flourish, to blossom, flourish or thrive ٠ To sprout, to blossom or bud forth, to flourish • To put forth or make buds and flowers ٠ To break out To thrive or prosper • To fly DERIVATIONS פָרַח:pɛ'-räḥ n.ms. 1. Sprout, shoot 2. Blossom, flower, bud 3. Blossom-shaped ornament Concordance: Blossom Strong's Dictionary: a callyx (natural or artificial); generally, bloom

ש-ר-צ: to break out

פָרַץ pä-räts': Break (Down/Forth)

• Concordance: Break

• Strong's Dictionary: to break out (in many applications, direct and indirect, literal and figurative)

 PAAL (QAL) To break, to demolish, to tear down, to make a breach, to scatter To spread, to rush upon 	NIPHAL To be spread or diffusedTo be common	PUAL To be broken down 	HITHPAEL • To separate oneself, to run away
• To increase, to overflow			
DERIVATIONS			
pɛ'-rɛts∣פֶרֶצ			
n.ms.			
Derivation: פ-ר-צ: to break out			
 Rupture, breach, gap, fissure Break through, attack, defeat 			
Concordance: Breach			
Strong's Dictionary : <i>a break</i> (litera figuratively)	lly or		

ר-ר to break up

פְרֵר pä-rär': Break/Disannul/(Clean) Dissolved/Frustrate/Come to Naught

• Concordance: Break

• Strong's Dictionary: to break up (usually figuratively), i.e., to violate, frustrate

PAAL (QAL)) PILPEL	POEL	HIPHIL	HUPHAL	HITHPAEL
• To break in pieces, to crush	To shakeTo crush, to shatter	To divide (the sea)To cleave	 To break, to dissolve, to violate To make void, to	To be made voidTo be dissolved, to be destroyed	To be broken or cleftTo be torn

פ|פ| Roots

	ul
not to t	bring to ning or naught, ake away, to strate

asunder, to be shattered

DERIVATIONS

pär∣פַר

n.ms.

 $\mathbf{Derivation}:$ פ-ר-ר: to break up

- 1. Bull, young bullock
- 2. Victim, offering

Concordance: Bull(ock)

Strong's Dictionary: *a bullock* (apparently as breaking forth in wild strength, or perhaps as dividing the hoof)

ש-ק-ש: to separate

שָׁרַשׁ|pä-räsh'

• Strong's Dictionary: to separate, literally (to disperse) or figuratively (to specify); also (by implication) to wound

 PAAL (QAL) To separate, to distinguish, to divide To declare distinctly, to define To expand, to spread out 	NIPHAL • To be dispersed, to be scattered	PUAL To be said or declared distinctly 	HIPHIL • To pierce, to wound, to sting
DERIVATIONS			
פָרָשׁ pä-räsh'			
n.ms.			
Derivation: פ-ר-ש: to separate			
 Horseman Horse (which a man sits on) 			
Concordance: Horseman			
Strong's Dictionary : <i>a steed</i> (as strong or vehicle, not single nor for moun also (by implication) <i>a driver</i> (in a or i.e., (collectively) <i>cavalry</i>	nting);		

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ws: probably from an unused root meaning to disintegrate

פִשֶׁת pā'-shɛth	pēsh-tɛ'	
n.fs.	n.fs.	
Derivation: פש: probably from an unused root meaning to disintegrate	Derivation: פש: probably from an unused root meaning to disintegrate	
1. Flax, linen	 Flax, tow Wick 	
Concordance : Flax	Concordance: Flax	
Strong's Dictionary : <i>linen</i> (i.e., <i>the thread</i> , as carded)	Strong's Dictionary : <i>flax</i> ; by implication, <i>a wick</i>	

ש-ש-ב: to break away

פָשָׁע pä-shä': Transgress(or)/Rebel/Revolt/Break Away

• Concordance: Transgress

• Strong's Dictionary: to break away (from just authority), i.e., trespass, apostatize, quarrel

פּוֹפ Roots

PAAL (QAL)

- · To fall away, to break away
- · To sin, to transgress, to rebel, to refractory

פת

NIPHAL

- To be offended
- הש: from an unused root meaning to open

pōth∣פׂת

n.fs.

Derivation: פת: from an unused root meaning to open

- 1. Opening
- 2. Hole in which a door hinge moves
- 3. Female pudenda

Concordance: Secret

Strong's Dictionary: a hole, i.e., hinge or the female pudenda

ד-ה-ד: to open wide

פְּתַח *pä-thä*h: Gate/Door/Entrance

• Concordance: Gate

• Strong's Dictionary: to open wide, literally or figuratively; specifically, to loosen, begin, plough, carve

-				
PAAL (QAL)	NIPHAL	PIEL	PUAL	HITHPAEL
• To open, to throw open,	To be opened	To open or be opened	To be engraved or	To loose oneself (from
to uncover	• To be loosed, released	• To loose, to untie, to	carved	bonds)
• To let loose or release	or set free	set free		
To begin, to lead inTo surrender		To open (ground) to plough		
• To suffender		 To engrave, carve or 		
		hew		
		To open oneself		
DERIVATIONS				
	1. ?			
pε-thä פֶתַח	ņ			
n.ms.				
Derivation: פ-ת-ח: to open w	wide			
1. Opening, entrance, door				
2. Gate				
3. (adv.) At the door				
Concordance: Gate				
Strong's Dictionary: an ope door, gate, or entrance way	ning, literally, i.e.,			

צ|tsä-dɛ(k) and א|tsä-dɛ(k) sō-fēt

NY

זאן: from an unused root meaning to migrate

tsōn צֹאן

adj.

Derivation: צאן: from an unused root meaning to migrate

- 1. Flock
- 2. Small cattle (usually sheep and goats)
- 3. Troop

Concordance: Sheep

Strong's Dictionary: a collective name for *a flock* (of sheep or goats); also figuratively (of men)

צב

to mass צ-ב-א

צָרָא *tsä-vä*': Fight

- Concordance: Fight
- Strong's Dictionary: to mass (an army or servants)
- PAAL (QAL)
- To go forth (for war)
- To do military service
- To do temple service

DERIVATIONS

צְרָא∣ts^ε-vä'

n.ms.

Derivation: צ-ב-א: to mass

- 1. Host, army, troop
- 2. Host of heaven (angels or stars)
- 3. Military service, warfare, campaign
- 4. Heavy service, hardship, calamity, temple service

Concordance: Host

Strong's Dictionary: *a mass of persons* (or figuratively, things), especially reg. Organized for war (an army); by implication, *a campaign*, literally or figuratively (specifically, *hardship*, *worship*)

to amass צ-ב-ה

צָבָה tsä-vä': Fight

• Concordance: Fight

• Strong's Dictionary: to amass, i.e., grow turgid; specifically, to array an army against

PAAL (QAL)

- To go forth to war or battle
- To swell, to go forth or out, to shine, to be bright
- To project, to be prominent
- To be inclined

DERIVATIONS

tsε-vē' צבי

n.ms.

- Derivation: צ-ב-ה: to amass
- 1. Splendor, glory, beauty, ornament
- 2. A gazelle, antelope, roe(buck)

Concordance: Glory

Strong's Dictionary: *splendor* (as conspicuous)

HIPHIL

To cause to swell

HIPHIL

• To cause to go forth (for military service), to muster

72

ד-7-3: to be or make right

צָדָק|tsä-däk': Justify

- Concordance: Just
- Strong's Dictionary: to be (causatively, make) right (in a moral or forensic sense)

 PAAL (QAL) To be just, to be right, to be straight, to be true To have a just cause, to be in the right To be upright, to be righteous 	restored, to be		 PIEL To render just, righteous or innocent, to justify To declare just or righteous 	HIPHIL • To justify, to make righteous • To declare innocent, to absolve, to approve of		HITHPAEL • To purge oneself, to justify oneself
DERIVATIONS						
צָדָק tsɛ'-dɛk		צְרָקָה ts ^ɛ -dä-kä'		צדִיקים tsäd-dē-kēm'		
n.ms.		n.fs.		adj. (only pl.)		
Derivation: ב-ד-ק to be or make right Derivation: ק		ion: צ-ד-ק: to be or make right		Derivation: צ-ד-ק: to be or make right		
 Straightness, justice, justness, right, rectitude, honesty Liberation, welfare, felicity 		 Rectitude, right Justice, justness, faithfulness, mildness Righteousness, virtue, piety, mercy Welfare 		1. Just, righteous,	honest right	
Concordance: Righteous(ness)		Concordance: Righteous(ness)			Concordance: Righteous(ness)	
Strong's Dictionary : <i>the right</i> (natural, moral or legal); also (abstractly) <i>equity</i> or (figuratively) <i>prosperity</i>		Strong's Dictionary : <i>rightness</i> (abstractly), subjectively (<i>rectitude</i>), objectively (<i>justice</i>), morally (<i>virtue</i>) or figuratively (<i>prosperity</i>)		Strong's Dictiona	ry: just	
22						

to gleam: צ-ה-ל

אָהַל tsä-häl': Cry Aloud or Out/Lift Up

- Concordance: Cry
- Strong's Dictionary: to gleam, i.e., (figuratively) be cheerful; by transference to sound clear (of various animal or human expressions)

	PAAL (QAL)	PIEL	HIPHIL
•	To shout for joy, to cry out, to rejoice to exult To neigh	• To make shrill	• To cause to shine, to make bright

12

7-1-2: to constitute or enjoin

צָוָה ksä-vä': Command/Charge/Order

- Concordance: Command
- Strong's Dictionary: (intensively) to constitute, enjoin

PIEL			PUAL
• To constitute, to make firm, to establish, to appoint, to arrange			To be commanded
To comman			
DERIVATION	<u>s</u>		
	mēts-vä'	tsäv oi	tsäv

Γ

מַצְוָה mēts-vä'	צו tsäv or צו צני
n.fs.	n.ms.
Derivation: צ-ו-ה: to constitute or enjoin	Derivation: צ-ו-ה: to constitute or enjoin
1. Command, precept, law	1. Statute, Law, precept

2. Prohibition

Concordance: Command

Strong's Dictionary: a command, whether human or divine (collectively, the Law)

Concordance: Precept

Strong's Dictionary: an injunction

*n***-1-1**: to screech (exultantly)

צַנח *tsä-vä*h': Shout

• Concordance: Shout

• Strong's Dictionary: to screech (exultantly)

PAAL (QAL)

To cry out, to exclaim, to shout with joy •

DERIVATIONS

צוְחָה ks°-vä-ḥä'

n.fs.

Derivation: צ-ו-ח: to screech (exultantly)

1. Outcry, shout for joy or sorrow

Concordance: Cry

Strong's Dictionary: a screech (of anguish)

צולה: from an unused root meaning to sink

tsü-lä' צוֹלָה

n.fs.

Derivation: צולה: from an unused root meaning to sink

1. Depth of the sea, abyss

Concordance: Deep

Strong's Dictionary: an abyss (of the sea)

γ-1-3: to twinkle

צוץ *tsüts: Blossom*

• Concordance: Blossom

• Strong's Dictionary: to twinkle, i.e., glance; by analogy, to blossom (figuratively, flourish)

PAAL (QAL)	HIPHIL
To shine, to bloom	• To shine,

- shine, to glitter
- ٠ To bloom

ד-ו-ק: 1) to pour out

צוק tsük: Pour Out

• Concordance: Pour

• Strong's Dictionary: to pour out, i.e., (figuratively) smelt, utter

PAAL (QAL)

To pour

· To set, to place

ד-ו-ק: 2) to compress

צוק *tsük: Distress/Oppress*

- Concordance: Distress
- Strong's Dictionary: to compress, i.e., (figuratively) oppress, distress

HIPHIL

- To straiten, to press upon, to press hard, to confine
- To urge

· To oppress, to besiege

ר-ר to cramp

צוּר *tsür: Besiege/Lay Siege*

• Concordance: Besiege

• Strong's Dictionary: to cramp, i.e., confine (in many applications, literally and figuratively, formative or hostile)

PAAL (QAL)

- · To bind together, to straiten, to press upon or compress
- To besiege, to assail or attack
- To press, to instigate, to urge
- To cut, form, or shape, to divide

DERIVATIONS

מַצור mä-tsōr' or מַצוּר/mä-tsür'

n.ms.

Derivation: צ-ו-ר: to cramp 1. Distress, embarrassment

2. Siege

3. Wall, bulwark, mound, fortification, fortress

Concordance: Besiege

Strong's Dictionary: something hemming in, i.e., (objectively) a mound (of besiegers), (abstractly) a siege, (figuratively) distress; or (subjectively) a fastness

tsēr|ציר

n.ms.

Derivation: צ-ו-ר: to cramp

1. Idol, shape, form

Concordance: Idol

Strong's Dictionary: *a form* (of beauty; as if pressed out, i.e., *carved*); hence, *an* (*idolatrous*) *image*

to blaze צ-ו-ת: to blaze

צוּת *tsüth: Burn/Blaze*

• Concordance: Burn

• Strong's Dictionary: to blaze

HIPHIL

• To burn, to kindle, to set on fire

צח

צחה: from an unused root meaning to glow

tsē-ḥɛ'צִהָה

adj.

Derivation: צחה: from an unused root meaning to glow

1. Dry

Concordance: Dry

Strong's Dictionary: parched

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צוּר|tsür n.ms.

Derivation: צ-ו-ר: to cramp

- 1. Stone, pebble
- 2. Rock, refuge, protection
- 3. Edge, sharpness
- 4. Form, shape

Concordance: Rock

Strong's Dictionary: properly, *a cliff* (or *sharp rock*, as compressed); generally, *a rock* or *boulder*; figuratively, *a refuge*; also *an edge* (as precipitous)

tsēr צִיר

n.ms.

Derivation: צ-ו-ר: to cramp

- 1. Hinge
- 2. Pains, labor in childbirth
- 3. Messenger

Concordance: Ambassador

Strong's Dictionary: *a hinge* (as pressed in turning); also *a throe* (as a physical or mental pressure); also *a herald* or *errand-doer* (as constrained by the principal

72

דיה: from an unused root meaning to parch

tsēy-yä	ציי tsē-ē'	צָיוֹן tsä-yōn'
n.fs.	n.ms.	n.ms.
Derivation: ציה: from an unused root meaning to parch	Derivation: ציה: from an unused root meaning to parch	Derivation: ציה: from an unused root meaning to parch
 Dryness, aridity, drought Desert, steppe 	 Dweller of the desert, nomad Jackal, ostrich, wild beast or bird 	1. Dryness, desert, arid land
Concordance: Dry	Concordance: Beast	Concordance: Place
Strong's Dictionary : <i>aridity</i> ; concretely, <i>a desert</i>	Strong's Dictionary: a desert-dweller, i.e., nomad or wild beast	Strong's Dictionary: a desert
ציוֹן/tsēy-yōn' n.fs.		
Derivation: ציה : from an unused root meaning to parch		
 Zion The holy mountain of God 		
Concordance: Zion		
Strong's Dictionary : <i>Tsijon</i> (as a permanent capital), a mountain of Jerusalem		
צל		

to shade: צ-ל-ל

צָלַל *tsä-läl* '

• Strong's Dictionary: to shade, as twilight or an opaque object

PAAL (Q	AL)
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- To be shady, to be dusky, to give shadow
- To become overshadowed

DERIVATIONS

tsāl|צֵל

n.ms.

Derivation: צ-ל-ל: to shade

- 1. Shadow
- 2. Protection, shelter
- 3. Transitoriness

Concordance: Shadow

Strong's Dictionary: *shade*, whether literal or figurative

tsäl-mä'-veth

•

HIPHIL

To shade, to give shadow

n.ms.

Derivation: combination of צל (shadow, derived from צָל) and מות (to die)

1. Shadow of death

Concordance: Death

Strong's Dictionary: from צָל and אָלָל; shade of death, i.e., the grave (figuratively, calamity)

צְלָצַל |ts^ɛ-lä-tsäl

n.

Derivation: צ-ל-ל: to shade

- 1. Whirring
- 2. Whirring insect, cricket, grasshopper
- 3. Cymbal
- 4. Fishing spear, harpoon
- Concordance: Shadow

Strong's Dictionary: *a clatter*, i.e., (abstractly) *whirring* (of wings); (concretely) *a cricket*; also *a harpoon* (as rattling),*a cymbal* (as clanging)

22 2

to thirst צ-מ-א

צְמֵא *tsä-mā': Thirst/Thirsty*

• Concordance: Thirst

• Strong's Dictionary: to thirst (literally or figuratively)

PAAL (QAL)

- To be thirsty
- To desire eagerly, to gape

DERIVATIONS

אַמַא/tsä-mā'	נsä-mä'	צמָאוֹן tsēm-mä-ōn
adj.	n.ms.	n.ms.
Derivation: צי-מ-א: to thirst	Derivation: צ-מ-א: to thirst	Derivation: צ-מ-א: to thirst
1. Thirsty, dry	1. Thirst	 Thirsty, parched Arid region
Concordance: Thirst	Concordance: Thirst	Concordance: Land
Strong's Dictionary : <i>thirsty</i> (literally or figuratively)	Strong's Dictionary : <i>thirst</i> (literally or figuratively)	Strong's Dictionary : <i>a thirsty place</i> , i.e., <i>desert</i>

ה-מ-צ: to sprout

אָמָח ksä-mäḥ': Spring... (Up/Forth)/Bud

• Concordance: Spring

• Strong's Dictionary: to sprout (transitive or intransitive, literal or figurative)

PAAL (QAL)	PIEL	HIPHIL
• To spring up or forth, to grow, to turn out	• To sprout, to grow	• To cause to grow or let grow, to give offspring
DERIVATIONS		
אַמַ <i>ח</i> tsɛ'-mäḥ		
n.ms.		
Derivation: צ-מ-ח: to sprout		
1. Sprout, fruit		
2. Descendant		
3. The Messiah		
Concordance: Branch		
Strong's Dictionary : <i>a sprout</i> (usually concrete), literal or figurative		

צמר: from an unused root probably meaning to be shaggy

צן

צנור: from an unused root perhaps meaning to be hollow

צְעָדָה|ts^ɛ-ä-dä

n.fs.

Derivation: צנור: from an unused root perhaps meaning to be hollow

1. Step, pace, march

2. Stepping chains (foot ornament for women)

Concordance: Ornament

Strong's Dictionary: *a march*; (concretely) *an*

ק-ז-צ: to wrap

אַנַף ksä-näf': Violently Turn

- Concordance: Turn
- Strong's Dictionary: to wrap, i.e., roll or dress

PAAL (QAL)

- To wrap, to roll around or together
- To roll up, to wind up

ΥY

צנוק: from an unused root perhaps meaning to be hollow

אַעָדָה ts ^ɛ -ä-dä
n.fs.
Derivation: צנוד: from an unused root perhaps meaning to be hollow
 Step, pace, march Step-chain (foot ornament of women)
Concordance: Leg
Strong's Dictionary : <i>a march</i> ; (concretely) <i>an</i> (<i>ornamental</i>) <i>ankle-chain</i>

ד-ע-ה: to tip over

צְעָה ksä-ä': Captive Exile/Traveling

• Concordance: Captive

• Strong's Dictionary: to tip over (for the purpose of spilling or pouring out), i.e., (figuratively) depopulate; by implication, to imprison or conquer; (reflexive) to lie down (for coitus)

•

PAAL (QAL)

- To bend downward, to incline
- To be inclined or bent (by fetters)
- To bend back the head
- To lie down
- To walk proudly

ד-ע-ק: to shriek

צְעַק *tsä-äk': Cry*

- Concordance: Cry
- Strong's Dictionary: to shriek; (by implication) to proclaim (an assembly)
 - PAAL (QAL)
- NIPHAL • To be called together, to run

together

To cry aloud

PIEL

PIEL

To incline

To bend down

- HIPHIL
- To call together

•

• To cry out, to call out, to complain, to cry for help

DERIVATIONS

צְעָקָה|ts^ɛ-ä-kä

n.ms.

Derivation: צ-ע-ק: to shriek

1. A cry, crying

Concordance: Cry

Strong's Dictionary: *a shriek*

צף

ד-פ-ה: 1) to sheet over

צְפָה *tsä-fä* '

• Strong's Dictionary: to sheet over (especially with metal)

PAAL (QAL) To spread 	PIELTo cover, to overlayTo overlay with gold or silver	PUAL To be overlaid
DERIVATIONS	I	1
tsēp-pü'-ē		
n.ms.		
Derivation: צ-פ-ה: to sheet over		
1. Overlay, metal laid over, coating		
Concordance: Cover		
Strong's Dictionary: encasement (with metal)		

ה-ש-צ: 2) to lean forward

אַפָה tsä-fä': Watch/Watchman

• Concordance: Watchman

• Strong's Dictionary: properly, to lean forward, i.e., to peer into the distance; by implication, to observe, await

PIEL

To look out sharply, to watch, to observe

PAAL (QAL)

- To look, to view, to regard, to watch, to look out sharply
- To expect, to select
- (part.) Seer, prophet, watchman

to hide צ-פ-ן

צַפן tsä-fän'

• Strong's Dictionary: to hide (by covering over); by implication, to hoard or reserve; figuratively to deny; specifically (favorably) to protect, (unfavorably) to lurk

NIPHAL

destined for

PAAL (QAL) · To hide, to conceal, to cover To be hidden, to be unknown

- To lay up, to store up, to treasure up, to • To be laid up, to be preserved, to be
- hoard, to preserve
- To restrain
- To lie in wait
- ٠ (part.) Hidden treasure

DERIVATIONS

נsä-fōn' צָפוֹן

n.fs.

Derivation: צ-פ-ן: to hide

- 1. The north, the north quarter, the norther region, land or people, north wind, northern heaven
- 2. Hidden region

Concordance: North

Strong's Dictionary: properly, hidden, i.e., dark; used only of the north as a quarter (gloomy and unknown)

צפע: from an unused root meaning to extrude

tse'-fä|צֵפַע

n.ms.

- HIPHIL
- To hide, to conceal
- To lie in wait

Derivation:	צרע: from an unused root meaning
to extrude	

1. Poisonous serpent, basilisk, viper, adder

Concordance: Cockatrice

Strong's Dictionary: *a viper* (as thrusting out the tongue, i.e., *hissing*)

צר

•

ד-ר-ח: to be clear (in tone)

<u> צָר</u> ַח	tsä-räļ	'n':	What
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- Concordance: Roar
- Strong's Dictionary: to be clear (in tone, i.e., shrill), i.e., to whoop
- PAAL (QAL)
- To cry, to shriek

- HIPHIL
- To shout, to raise a war cry

ד-ר-ף: to fuse (metal)

אָרָף *tsä-räf': Goldsmith/Purge (Away)/Refine/Cast*

• Concordance: Gold

• Strong's Dictionary: to fuse (metal), i.e., refine (literally or figuratively)

PAAL (QAL)	NIPHAL	PIEL
• To melt, to smelt, to refine	To be purified	• (part.) Goldsmith
To prove, to test or examine		
• (part.) Smelter, Goldsmith		

•

ד-ר-ר to cramp

אָרַר kä-rär': Bind Up/Adversary/Vex/Narrow

• Concordance: Vex

• Strong's Dictionary: to cramp, literally or figuratively, transitive or intransitive

PAAL (QAL)	PUAL	HIPHIL
 To bind up, to bind together, to press in, to wrap up To lay hold 	Bound together	• To besiege, to bring into distress, to afflict, to vex
To lay holdTo shut up		
 To shat up To oppress, to persecute, to treat in a hostile manner 		
• To be pressed, straitened or distressed, to be in anguish		
DERIVATIONS		
צר tsär	צָרָה tsä-rä	
n.ms.	n.fs.	
Derivation: צ-ר-ר: to cramp	Derivation: צ-ר-ר: to cramp	
 Oppressor, persecutor, adversary, enemy Straitness, distress, embarrassment Danger, trouble A stone 	 A female adversary, enemy or rival Distress, anguish, straitness 	
Concordance: Enemy	Concordance: Trouble	
Strong's Dictionary : <i>narrow</i> ; (as a noun) <i>a</i> <i>tight place</i> (usually figuratively, i.e., <i>trouble</i>); also <i>a pebble</i> ; (transitive) <i>an opponent</i> (as crowding)	Strong's Dictionary : <i>tightness</i> (i.e., figuratively, <i>trouble</i>); transitively, <i>a female rival</i>	

ק|kōf/küf

ק-ב-ץ: to grasp	() 11 (AT) T			
קבץ kä-väts': Gathe	er/Assemble/(None) T	'ake Up		
 Concordance: Ga Strong's Dictional 	ather ary : <i>to grasp</i> , i.e., <i>colle</i>	ct		
PAAL (QAL) To grasp, to gather, to assemble 	NIPHALTo be gathered, assembled or collectedTo be congregated, to congregate selves	 PIEL To seize, to take with the hand, to take hold of, to receive To gather, to draw in, to withdraw To collect, to congregate 	PUALTo be gathered(part.) gathered together	HITHPAEL • To gather selves together, to assemble
קבר to inter קבר <i>kä-vär</i> ' • Strong's Diction: PAAL (QAL) • To bury, to inter	ary: <i>to inter</i> NIPH • To be buried	IAL • To bury (PIEL (many)	PUAL To be buried
קבר <i>kä-vär</i> ' • Strong's Diction PAAL (QAL) • To bury, to inter	NIPH			
קבַר <i>kä-vär</i> ' • Strong's Diction PAAL (QAL) • To bury, to inter	NIPH • To be buried			
קבר <i>kä-vär</i> ' • Strong's Diction PAAL (QAL) • To bury, to inter <u>DERIVATIONS</u>	NIPH • To be buried			
קבַר <i>kä-vär</i> ' • Strong's Diction: PAAL (QAL) • To bury, to inter <u>DERIVATIONS</u> אקבָר kɛ'-vɛ n.ms.	NIPH • To be buried			
קבר <i>kä-vär</i> ' • Strong's Diction: PAAL (QAL) • To bury, to inter <u>DERIVATIONS</u> קבר kɛ'-vɛ	NIPH • To be buried			
• Strong's Diction: PAAL (QAL) • To bury, to inter <u>DERIVATIONS</u> אקבר (kɛ'-vɛ n.ms. Derivation: ק-ב-ר: to inter	NIPH • To be buried			

ד-ד-ד: to shrivel up

קדַר|kä-däd`

• Strong's Dictionary: to shrivel up, i.e., contract or bend the body (or neck) in deference

PAAL (QAL)

• To bow down, to incline oneself, to bend

DERIVATIONS

קדקד käd-kōd'

n.ms.

Derivation: ק-ד-ד: to shrivel up

1. Top of the head, crown of the head, vertex

Concordance: Head

Strong's Dictionary: the crown of the head (as the part most bowed)

ק-ד-ח: to inflame

קדח *kä-däḥ': Burn/Kindle*

- Concordance: Burn
- Strong's Dictionary: to inflame

PAAL (QAL)

- To kindle, to glow, to burn
- To be kindled

to project ק-ד-ם

קדם *kä-däm*'

• Strong's Dictionary: to project (oneself),	i.e., <i>precede</i> ; hence, <i>meet</i> (usually for help)
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PIEL

- To precede, to go before, to anticipate
- To get before or come before, to do early or before
- To rush on
- To advance, to meet, to encounter

DERIVATIONS

קדים kä-dēm'

n.ms.

Derivation: ק-ד-ם: to project

- 2. Part opposite or in front
- 3. East, eastern quarter of the sky, east side, eastern wind

Concordance: East

Strong's Dictionary: the fore or front part; hence (by orientation) the East (often adverbially, eastward, for brevity the east wind)

ש-ד-ש: to be clean or make clean

עָדָשׁ kä-däsh': Sanctify/Sanctified (One)/Holy

- Concordance: Sanctify
- Strong's Dictionary: to be clean (ceremonially or morally); causatively, to make, pronounce, or observe as clean

PAAL (QAL)	NIPHAL	PIEL	PUAL	HIPHIL	HITHPAEL
 To be holy or sacred, to be consecrated, to be devoted To be selected 	 To be regarded as holy, to be hallowed To show oneself holy To be consecrated 	To select, to secludeTo declare holyTo consecrate	To be consecrated	 To regard or treat as holy To declare holy, to hallow To consecrate to God 	 To purify oneself, to make oneself clean To show oneself holy To be consecrated

DERIVATIONS

אקדוש kä-dōsh'

n.ms.

Derivation: ק-ד-ש: to be clean or make clean

- 1. The holy one (e.g., God, angel, saint, sanctuary)
- 2. (adj.) Pure, holy, sacred, consecrated, pious

Concordance: Holy

Strong's Dictionary: sacred (ceremonially or morally); (as noun) God (by eminence), an angel, saint, sanctuary

kō'-dɛsh

n.ms.

Derivation: ק-ד-ש: to be clean or make clean

- 1. Holiness, sanctity
- 2. A holy thing, thing consecrated to God

3. Sanctuary, temple Concordance: Holy

Strong's Dictionary: a sacred place or thing; rarely, abstractly, sanctity

קדמני käd-mō-nē'

adj.

Derivation: ק-7-ם: to project

- 1. In front, anterior
- 2. Oriental, east
- 3. Old, ancient, former

Concordance: Old

Strong's Dictionary: (of time) anterior or (of place) oriental

- or celebrated

Derivation: ק-7-ם: to project

HIPHIL

To encounter

To fall upon

To come before, to go beforehand

.

.

קדם kɛ'-dɛm

n.ms

2. East, eastern lands 3. Ancient time, things of old

place(absolutely, the forepart, relatively the

4. (adv.) Before, anciently, eastward

Strong's Dictionary: the front, of

East) or time (antiquity); often used adverbially (before, anciently, eastward)

Concordance: Ancient

1. What is in front

Roots م

PIEL

5

ק-ו-ה: to bind together

קוָה *kä-vä': Wait/Look*

- Concordance: Wait
- Strong's Dictionary: to bind together (perhaps by twisting), i.e., collect; (figuratively) to expect

PAAL (QAL) NIPHAL To wait for, to hope, to expect To be strong or robust, to be confident, to To be gathered together, to be joined, to • • • trust meet • To lie in wait To wait, to expect, to hope

DERIVATIONS

קו käv or קו käv	קו־קו käv-käv
n.ms.	n.ms.
Derivation: ק-ו-ה: to bind together	Derivation: ק-ו-ה: to bind together
 Line, measuring line Rope, cord, string Rule, norm, order Strength, might 	See קו קו käv
Concordance: Line	Concordance: Mete Out
Strong's Dictionary : <i>a cord</i> (as connecting), especially for measuring; figuratively, <i>a rule</i> ; also <i>a rim</i> , <i>a musical string</i> or <i>accord</i>	Strong's Dictionary: stalwart

קול: from an unused root meaning to call aloud

kōl|קוֹל

n.ms.

Derivation: קול: from an unused root meaning to call aloud

- 1. Voice
- 2. Rumor
- 3. Sound, noise, thunder, call, cry

Concordance: Voice

Strong's Dictionary: from an unused root meaning to call aloud; a voice or sound

to rise : rise

קום küm: Rise Up/Arise/Stand/Confirm/Establish

• Concordance: Rise (Up)

• Strong's Dictionary: to rise (in various applications, literally, figuratively, intensively, and causatively)

 PAAL (QAL) To arise, to stand up, to appear, to rise against To exist, to subsist, to endure, to remain 	 PIEL To establish, ma valid or confirm To preserve aliv To fulfil or performation of the performance of the pe	n, ve `orm (an d up, to	 HIPHIL To cause to arise, to erect or raise up To set up To cause to come forth or exist To cause to stand, to appoint, to confirm, to perform (an oath) 	HUPHAL • To be set up or erected • To be constituted • To be confirmed	HITHPAEL • To rise up, to resist, to be hostile
DERIVATIONS					
מָקוֹם mä-kō	ōm'		kä-mä		
n.ms.		n.fs.			
Derivation: יק-ו-ם: to rise		Derivati	ion: ק-ו-ם: to rise		

1. Stalk, grain in the stalk, standing corn

1. Place, spot, location

Strong's Dictionary: something that rises, i.e.,

Concordance: Grow

a stalk of grain

2. Dwelling place, abode

3. Town, village

Concordance: Place

Strong's Dictionary: properly, *a standing*, i.e., *a spot*; but used widely of a locality (general or specific); also (figuratively) *of a condition* (of body or mind)

ד-ו-ץ: 1) to awake

קוץ küts: Awake

- Concordance: Awake
- Strong's Dictionary: to awake (literally or figuratively)

HIPHIL

• To be aroused

γ -1- γ : 2) to be (or make) disgusted or anxious

קוץ küts: Abhor/Detest/Vex

• Concordance: Vex

• Strong's Dictionary: to be (causatively, make) disgusted or anxious

PAAL (QAL)

- To loathe, to have disgust,
- To feel displeasure, horror or fear

ק-ו-ץ: 3) to clip off

קוץ küts: Summer

- Concordance: Summer
- Strong's Dictionary: to clip off; used only as denominative from אָקי; to spend the harvest season

HIPHIL

- To cut, to cut up, to cut off
- To pass the summer

DERIVATIONS

קייץkä'-yēts

n.ms.

Derivation: ק-ו-ץ to clip off

- 1. Harvest of fruits, summer, harvest summer fruits (figs)
- 2. Summer, warm season

Concordance: Summer

Strong's Dictionary: *harvest* (as the crop), whether the product (*grain* or *fruit*) or the (dry) *season*

ק-ו-ר to trench

To dig or dig up

קור kür: Break Down/Dig

- Concordance: Dig
- Strong's Dictionary: to trench; by implication, to throw forth; to wall up, whether literal (to build a wall) or figurative (to estop)

PAAL (QAL)

PIEL To subvert or undermine

To destroy

- PILPEL
- To dig underTo undermine

HIPHIL

• To cause to flow forth, spring or gush

• To terrify, to alarm

HIPHIL

Roots ج

קט

1		0			
קטֶב∣kɛ'-tεv					
n.ms.					
Derivation: קטב: from an unused ro to cut off	ot meaning				
 Destruction, cutting off Pestilence 					
Concordance: Destroy					
Strong's Dictionary: ruin					
ק-ט-ך: to smoke					
י קטַר <i>kä-tär ': Burn (Ince</i> r	nse)/(Alta	r for) Incense			
Concordance: Incense Strong's Dictionary: t	;		ce by fire (especially a	as an act o	of worship)
PIEL		PUAL	HIPHIL		HUPHAL
• To offer odors, to burn incense	• To be censed, to give fragrand		• To offer odors, to burn incense		• To be offered
To sacrifice	• (part.) I	Incense	To sacrifice		• To be burnt as incense
DERIVATIONS					
גי≓k²-tō-rε)קטׂרֶת		קטׂרֶת kε-tō-rε'			
n.fs.		n.fs.			
Derivation: ק-ט-ר: to smoke		Derivation: ק-ט-ר: to si	moke		
1. Incense, offering of incense, fat p sacrifice	arts of a	1. Incense, offering of sacrifice	incense, fat parts of a		
Concordance: Incense		Concordance: Incense			
Strong's Dictionary: a fumigation		Strong's Dictionary: a	fumigation		
קל					
ק-ל-ה: to be light					
קלָה <i>kä-lä</i> '					
• Strong's Dictionary: t	o be light	(as implied in rapid r	notion), but figurative	ly, only	(be [causatively, hold] in contem
NIPHAL		× 1 1	HIPHIL	J, J,	
• To be made light of, to be counter	d despicable	, to be despised, to be	• To make light of, to es	steem light	ly, to despise

• To be made light of, to be counted despicable, to be despised, to be reviled

קטב: from an unused root meaning to cut off

DERIVATIONS

קלוֹן|kä-lōn'

n.ms.

Derivation: ק-ל-ה: to be light

- 1. Contempt, shame, ignominy
- 2. Shameful deed
- 3. Pudenda

Concordance: Shame

Strong's Dictionary: *disgrace*; (by implication) *the pudenda*

ק-ל-ל: to be or make light

קלל kä-läl': Afflict/Curse/Contempt/Light Thing/Swift

Concordance: Afflict

Roots ج

• Strong's Dictionary: to be (causatively, make) light, literally (swift, small, sharp, etc.,) or figuratively (easy, trifling, vile, etc.)

 PAAL (QAL) To be small, to be light To be lessened or diminished To be despised or contemned To be swift or fleet 	 NIPHAL To be small, to be light To be of little account, to be insignificant To be lightly esteemed, to be despised To be swift 	 PIEL To esteem lightly To revile, to curse (Pilpel) to move to and fro, to shake together; to make smooth, to polish 	PUAL To be cursed or accursed 	 HIPHIL To make light or lighten, to make easy, to lessen To esteem lightly, to despise, to bring into contempt 	HITHPAEL To be moved or shaken
DERIVATIONS					
קל	käl				
ac	lj.				
Derivation : יק-ל-ל: to b	e or make light				
 Light, swift, fleet (adv.) Quickly, swift 	tly				
Concordance: Swift					
Strong's Dictionary: <i>li</i> <i>rapid</i> (also adverbial)	ght; (by implication)				

קמ

ק-מ-ל to wither

קמַל kä-mäl': Hew Down/Wither

- Concordance: Wither
- Strong's Dictionary: to wither

PAAL (QAL)

• To wither away, to die, to pine away

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ק-נ-ה: to erect

קנָה kä-nä': Owner/Recover/Buy(er)

• Concordance: Buy

• Strong's Dictionary: to erect, i.e., create; by extension, to procure, especially by purchase (causatively, sell); by implication to own

PAAL (QAL)

- To acquire, to procure, to gain
- To buy, to purchase
- To create, to possess, to redeem

DERIVATIONS

קנָה|kä-nɛ'

n.ms.

Derivation: ק-נ-ה: to erect

- 1. Cane, reed, stalk, sweet cane, calamus
- 2. Measuring reed, measure of six ells or
- cubits
- 3. Balance, balance beam
- 4. Bone of the upper arm, the radius
- 5. Shaft of a candelabrum

Concordance: Reed

Strong's Dictionary: *a reed* (as erect); by resemblance *a rod* (especially for measuring),

NIPHAL To be acquired

To be bought

•

•

HIPHIL

• To buy (as a slave)

Roots م

shaft, tube, stem, the radius (of the arm), *beam* (of a steelyard)

קס

ם-ם-ד: to distribute

קסם kä-säm': Prudent/Diviner

• Concordance: Prudent

• Strong's Dictionary: properly, to distribute, i.e., determine by lot or magical scroll; by implication, to divine

PAAL (QAL)

- to cut, to divide
- To draw lots
- · To divine, to practice divination, to prophesy, to conjure up

5

•

7-פ-ק: to contract

קפד kä-fäd': Cut Off

- Concordance: Cut
- Strong's Dictionary: to contract, i.e., roll together

PIEL

- To make shrink, to roll up
- To cut off

קפוז: from an unused root meaning to contract or spring forward

	kē-pōz'
	n.ms.
	rivation: קפוו: from an unused root eaning to contract or spring forward
1.	Arrow-snake
Co	ncordance: Owl
	ong's Dictionary : <i>an arrow-snake</i> (as rting on its prey)

ץ-ב-ץ: to draw together

קפץ kä-fäts': Shut (Mouth)/Close

- Concordance: Shut
- Strong's Dictionary: to draw together, i.e., close; by implication, to leap (by contracting the limbs); specifically, to die (from gathering up the feet)

PAAL (QAL)

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    NIPHAL
    PIEL

    • To be gathered, to be drawn together, to die
    • To leap, to spring
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To shut (mouth), to closeTo shut up (compassion)
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ק-צ-ה: to cut off

קצָה|*kä-tsä* '

• Strong's Dictionary: to cut off; (figuratively) to destroy; (partially) to scrape off

PAAL (QAL)

PIEL

To cut off, to take away

HIPHIL To scrape off

- To cut off, to cut downTo finish, to decide
- 218

Roots م

DERIVATIONS

קצָה kä-tsä'	קצָה kä-tsɛ'	קצֶוkɛ'-tsɛv
n.fs.	n.ms.	n.ms.
Derivation: ק-צ-ה: to cut off	Derivation: ק-צ-ה: to cut off	Derivation: ק-צ-ה: to cut off
 End, extremity, border The whole, compass 	 End, extremity The whole, the sum 	1. Ends, extremities
Concordance: End	Concordance: End	Concordance: End
Strong's Dictionary: a termination	Strong's Dictionary: an extremity	Strong's Dictionary: a limit
קצין kä-tsēn' n.ms.		

Derivation: ק-צ-ה: to cut off

- 1. Judge, magistrate
- 2. Leader (military), commander, general

3. Prince

Concordance: Rule

Strong's Dictionary: a magistrate (as deciding) or other leader

ק-צ-ף: to crack off

קצף kä-tsäf': Wrath/Wroth/Fret Self

- Concordance: Wrath
- Strong's Dictionary: to crack off, i.e., (figuratively) burst out in rage

PAAL (QAL)To break out or forth (in anger), to fly into passion	HIPHIL • To provoke to anger	HITHPAEL • To break out or forth (in anger), to fly into passion
• To be angry or indignant		• To be angry or indignant
DERIVATIONS		
קַצָּף kɛ'-tsɛf		
n.ms.		
Derivation: ק-צ-ף: to crack off		
 Twig, splinter, chip, fragment of wood Anger, altercation, strife, wrath, furry, quarrel 		
Concordance: Indignation		
Strong's Dictionary : <i>a splinter</i> (as chipped off); figuratively, <i>rage</i> or <i>strife</i>		

ץ-צ-ץ: to chop off

קצץ *kä-tsäts* '

• Strong's Dictionary: to chop off (literally or figuratively)

	PAAL (QAL)		PIEL		
•	To cut off, to clip off, to trim	•	To cut or hew off, to cut asunder or through	•	To be cut off
•	To amputate	•	To divide cut up		
		•	To cut away or cut loose		

DERIVATIONS

γ₽|kāts

n.ms.

Derivation: יק-צ-ץ: to chop off

- 1. End, extremity, limit
- 2. Fulfillment

- PUAL
- ff, to be cut asunder

q	Roots
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3. Death, destruction

4. (with preposition م) After

Concordance: Border

Strong's Dictionary: *an extremity*; adverbially (with prepositional prefix) *after*

ד-צ-ף: to dock off

קצר kä-tsär': Reap/Shorten/Shorter

- Concordance: Reap
- Strong's Dictionary: to dock off, i.e., curtail (transitive or intransitive, literal or figurative); especially to harvest (grass or grain)

 PAAL (QAL) To reap, to harvest, to cut, to mow To cut off, to be shortened or lessened To be short, impatient or unable 	PIEL • To shorten, to abbreviate	HIPHIL To reapTo shorten
DERIVATIONS		
קַצַיר kä-tsēr'		
n.ms.		
Derivation: ק-צ-ר: to dock off		
 A harvest, cutting, reaping Harvest time, cut grain Cut bough or branch (part.) Reaper 		
Concordance: Harvest		
Strong's Dictionary : <i>severed</i> , i.e., <i>harvest</i> (as reaped), <i>the crop, the time, the reaper</i> , or figuratively; also <i>a limb</i> (of a tree, or simply foliage)		

קר

ק-ר-א: to call out to

קָרָא *kä-rä* '

• Concordance: [only individually listed due to vast quantity; list is incomplete] See Cry

•

• Strong's Dictionary: to call out to, i.e., properly, address by name, but also used in a wide variety of applications

PAAL (QAL)

- To cry out, to proclaim, pronounce or preach, to roar
- To call, summon or invite
- To name or give a name
- To recite or read aloud
- · To praise or celebrate

DERIVATIONS

mēk-rä'

n.ms.

Derivation: יק-ר-א: to call out to

- 1. A calling together, convocation, assembly, congregation
- 2. Place of meeting
- 3. Recitation, reading

Concordance: Assembly

Strong's Dictionary: *something called out*, i.e., *a public meeting* (the act, the person, or the place); also *a rehearsal*

NIPHAL

- To be called together
- To be called, summoned or named
- To be recited or read aloud

PUAL

- To be called or chosen
- To be called or named

ק-ר-ב: to approach

קרב *kä-räv': (Come/Draw) Near/Stand/Produce*

- Concordance: Near
- Strong's Dictionary: to approach (causatively, bring near) for whatever purpose

PAAL (QAL)To approach or draw nearTo come near, to advance	• To com	NIPHAL e near	PIELTo bring near, to adr receiveTo be very near	nit or	 HIPHIL To cause to approach, to bring near, to admit or give access To offer, to present a gift To draw near or be near (followed by 12) To cause to withdraw, to remove
DERIVATIONS					
קרוב kä-rōv					
adj.					
Derivation: ק-ר-ב: to approach					
 Near, nigh, at hand, lately Near relation, kinsman, neighbor Short, shortness, soon, presently 					
Concordance: Near					
Strong's Dictionary : <i>near</i> (in place time)	, kindred or				

ק-ר-ה: to light upon

קָרָה *kä-rä* '

• Strong's Dictionary: to light upon (chiefly by accident); causatively, to bring about; specifically, to impose timbers (for roof or floor)

PAAL (QAL)To encounter, to meetTo happen, to befall, to occur	NIPHAL To meet, to encounter, to hit upon To be at or happen by chance 	PIELTo lay beams or joistsTo frame, to build	HIPHIL • To cause to meet, to let happen • To make opportune • To build
DERIVATIONS			
קריָה kēr-yä			
n.fs.			
Derivation: ק-ר-ה: to light upon			
1. Town, city			
Concordance: City			
Strong's Dictionary: a city			

ק-ר-ן to push or gore

קָרַן *kä-rän* '

• Strong's Dictionary: to push or gore; used only as denominative from H7161, to shoot out horns; figuratively, rays

PAAL (QAL)		HIPHIL
• To radiate, to emit beams, to shine, to cast fort	h rays	To bear horns
DERIVATIONS		
אָרֶן kɛ'-rɛn		
n.fs.		
Derivation: ק-ר-ן: to push or gore		
 Horn, horn-vessel, oil-horn, horn of the altar Horn for blowing 		

Roots م

- 3. Point, corner, peak, summit
- 4. Ray of light, flash
- 5. Might, power, strength, dignity

Concordance: Hill

Strong's Dictionary: a horn (as projecting); by implication, a flask, cornet; by resemblance, an elephant's tooth (i.e., ivory), a corner (of the altar), a peak (of a mountain), a ray (of light); figuratively, power

קש

קשא: from an unused root meaning to be hard

mēk-shä'

n.fs.

Derivation: קשא: from an unused root meaning to be hard

1. Field set with cucumbers

Concordance: Garden

Strong's Dictionary: literally a cucumbered field, i.e., a cucumber patch

ב-ש-ב: to prick up the ears

קשׁב kä-shäv': Hear(ken)/Give Heed

- Concordance: Hear
- Strong's Dictionary: to prick up the ears, i.e., hearken
- PAAL (QAL)
- To listen, to hearken •

- HIPHIL
- To attend, to listen, to hearken

PIEL

To have hard labor (childbirth)

To make hard

• To make attentive

DERIVATIONS

אןקשׁב|kɛ'-shεv

n.ms.

Derivation: ק-ש-ב: to prick up the ears

- 1. Attention, listening
- Concordance: Diligent

Strong's Dictionary: a hearkening

ק-ש-ה: to be dense

קשָה kä-shä'

• Strong's Dictionary: to be dense, i.e., tough or severe (in various applications) NIPHAL

To be harshly treated, to be

afflicted, to be oppressed

To be depressed

- PAAL (QAL)
- To be hard, to be harsh or severe
- To be heavy or difficult

DERIVATIONS

קשה kɛ-shɛ' adj.

- Derivation: ק-ש-ה: to be dense
- 1. Hard, difficult, cruel, severe, unfeeling
- 2. Firm, fast, hardened, inflexible, obstinant
- 3. Fortunate, melancholy
- 4. Strong, violent
- Concordance: Grieve

- n.fs.
- Derivation: ק-ש-ה: to be dense
- 5. Bow (for shooting)
- 6. Bowman, archer
- 7. Rainbow
- 8. Power, strength

Concordance: Bow

HIPHIL

- To make hard or harden
- ٠ To be obstinant or stubborn
- To make heavy or difficult

- אקשת ke-sheth'

•

Roots م

Strong's Dictionary: a bow, for shooting (hence, figuratively, strength) or the iris

to tie: ק-ש-ר

קשֵׁר kä-shär': Bind/Join Together

- Concordance: Bind (Up)
- Strong's Dictionary: to tie, physically (gird, confine, compact) or mentally (in love, league)

•

PAAL (QAL)	
To bind, to tie	

- To conspire or join in •
- conspiracy
- NIPHAL To be bound together, to be attached, to be finished
- PIEL
- To be strong
- HITHPAEL
- To conspire

- (part.) Conspirator, bound, strong, firm
- To bind together, to
- unite • To bind oneself, to bind about

PUAL

rɛsh|

87

ר-א-ה: to see

רָאָה |rä-ä': See/Behold/Look/Show/Consider/Appear/Respect

• Concordance: See

• Strong's Dictionary: to see, literally or figuratively (in numerous application, direct and implied, transitive, intransitive, and causative)

PAAL (QAL)	NIPHAL	PUAL	HIPHIL	HUPHAL	HITHPAEL
 To see, To look or look at, to view, to inspect, to regard, to behold To feel, to perceive or sense, to understand, to learn To enjoy 	 To be seen To show or reveal oneself, to appear To be shown To be provided or cared for 	• To be seen	 To cause to see, to show To make one feel or know To cause to enjoy 	• To be made to see, to be shown	• To look at one another
DERIVATIONS					
<u>מ</u> רָאֶה 1	när-ε'	ראָה 1	·ō-ε'		
n.r	ns.	n.n	ns.		
Derivation: ר-א-ה: to s	ee	Derivation: ר-א-ה: to se	e		
1. Appearance, look, as	spect	1. Seer, prophet			
2. Vision, sight			2. Vision, oracle		
3. Form, appearance		Concordance: Vision			
Concordance: Beauty			<i>(</i>)		
Strong's Dictionary: a seeing), whether (real) handsome <i>comeliness</i> ; or (mentally) a vision	a shape (especially if	Strong's Dictionary: <i>a</i> rendered); but also (abs			

ראש: from an unused root possibly meaning to shake

rōshראש

רָאשון rē-shōn' n.fs.

ר Roots ר

Derivation: ראש: from an unused root possibly meaning to shake	Derivation: ראש: from an unused root possibly meaning to shake	Derivation: ראש: from an unused root possibly meaning to shake
 Head, person Chief, highest, supreme, leader, prince; also 	 Beginning, commencement, origin Former state or time 	 Beginning, commencement, origin Former state or time
town or place	 First, first fruit, firstling, the best 	 First, first fruit, firstling, the best
3. Point, top, summit, first rank, the best		
4. Total, sum amount		
5. First, foremost, beginning		
6. Poisonous plan, poppy, poison		
Concordance: Head	Concordance: Beginning	Concordance: Beginning
Strong's Dictionary : <i>the head</i> (as most easily shaken), whether literal or figurative (in many applications, of place, time, rank, etc.)	Strong's Dictionary: <i>the first</i> , in place, time, order or rank (specifically, <i>a firstfruit</i>)	Strong's Dictionary : <i>the first</i> , in place, time, order or rank (specifically, <i>a firstfruit</i>)

רב

ב-ב-ב: to cast together

רְבַב|rä-väv': to cast together

• Strong's Dictionary: to cast together, i.e., increase, especially in number; to multiply by the myriad

PAAL (QAL)

• To be or become many, numerous or abundant

PUALTo be multiplied by myriads

DERIVATIONS

räv	rōv
adj.	adj.
Derivation: ר-ב-ב: to cast together	Derivation: ר-ב-ב: to cast together
 Much, numerous, many, abundant, sufficient Great, large, vast, strong, mighty (adv.) Much, enough, abundantly 	 Multitude, abundance, number Greatness, largeness, fulness, totality (לְרֹם) Much, in multitude, in abundance (מָרֹם) For multitude
Concordance: N/A	Concordance: Multitude
Strong's Dictionary : <i>abundant</i> (in quantity, size, age, number, rank, quality)	Strong's Dictionary : <i>abundance</i> (in any respect)

ד-ב-ה: to increase

רְבָה |rä-vä': Increase/Many/Much

Concordance: Increase

• Strong's Dictionary: to increase (in whatever respect)

•

PAAL (QAL)

- To be or become many or numerous, to increase, to multiply
- To be or become great, large or mighty

DERIVATIONS

mär-bɛ'|מַרְבָּה

n.ms.

Derivation: ר-ב-ה: to increase

- 1. Multiplication, multitude, increase
- 2. Plenty

Concordance: Increase

Strong's Dictionary: properly, *increasing*; as a noun, *greatness*, or (adverbially) *greatly*

רב-ע: to be four (sided)

רְבַע *rä-vä* '

- PIEL
- · To multiply, to increase, to get much

To bring up (children)

HIPHIL

- To make many, to multiply, to increase
- To make or do much, to do abundantly
- To give much, to have much
- To make great

¬ Roots

• Strong's Dictionary: properly, to be four (sided); used only as denominative of בָבע; to be quadrate

PAAL (QAL)To have four sides(part.) Square, four-sided	PUALTo be made four sided, to be made square
DERIVATIONS	
אַרְבַּע är-bä' _{adj.}	
Derivation: ר-ב-ע: to be four (sided)	
 Four, fourth Fourfold (pl.) Forty 	
Concordance: Four	
Strong's Dictionary: four	

ר-ב-ץ: to crouch (on all four legs folded)

רבץ rä-väts': Lie (Down)/Rest/Fold

- Concordance: Lay/Lie
- Strong's Dictionary: to crouch (on all four legs folded, like a recumbent animal); by implication, to recline, repose, brood, lurk, imbed
- PAAL (QAL)
- To lie down, to lie with
- To recline or repose, to rest

DERIVATIONS

רבץ rā'-vets or רבץ re'-vets

n.ms.

Derivation: ר-ב-ץ: to crouch (on all four legs folded)

- 1. Couching place
- 2. Quiet domicile, resting place
- Concordance: Lay/Lie

Strong's Dictionary: a couch or place of repose

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ד-ג-ז: to quiver

rä-gäz': Tremble/Rage/Shake/Trouble

- Concordance: Tremble
- Strong's Dictionary: to quiver (with any violent emotion, especially anger or fear)

PAAL (QAL)

- To be moved (with anger) to be angry, to be stirred or excited
- To be moved (with grief)
- To tremble or quake

DERIVATIONS

rō'-gɛz

n.ms.

Derivation: ר-ג-ז: to quiver

- 1. Commotion, perturbation, agitation, excitement
- 2. Tumult, rage, disquiet
- 3. Anger

HIPHIL

- . To stir or move, to disturb, to disquiet or agitate
- To provoke to anger, to irritate •
- To cause to fear, to make tremble

HITHPAEL

- · To act with anger, to be tumultuous
- · To be agitated, to rage

• To make to lie down (a flock)

HIPHIL

• To lay (stones as a cement)

Concordance: Fear

Strong's Dictionary: commotion, restlessness (of a horse), crash (of thunder), disquiet, anger

ר-ג-ל: to lead about	۲-ډ-ځ: to lead about				
רְגַל <i>rä-gäl</i>					
• Strong's Dictionary: to lead ab	out				
PAAL (QAL)	PIEL	TIPHEL			
To use one's feet, to wander about, to go aboutTo slanderTo full	To go about, to explore, to spyTo wander about as a slanderer(part.) Scout, spy	• To teach to walk, to lead (a child)			
DERIVATIONS					
rɛ'-gɛlپډل					
n.fs.					
Derivation: ר-ג-ל: to walk along					
 Foot, leg Step, gait, pace, tread Pudenda 					
Concordance: Foot/Feet					
Strong's Dictionary : <i>a foot</i> (as used in walking); by implication, <i>a step</i> ; by euphemistically, <i>the pudenda</i>					

ד-ג-ע: to toss violently and suddenly

רגע rä-gä': Divide/(Make/Give) Rest

• Concordance: Rest

• Strong's Dictionary: properly, to toss violently and suddenly (the sea with waves, the skin with boils); figuratively (in a favorable manner) to settle, i.e., quiet; specifically, to wink (from the motion of the eye-lids)

	PAAL (QAL)	NIPHAL	HIPHIL
•	To rest	• To be still	To still or make still
•	To set in motion, to cause to tremble, to terrify		• To rest, to dwell quietly, to settle, to establish
•	To tremble		To cause to move
•	To be afraid or terrified, to shrink for fear, to be still, to contract oneself		To winkTo do in a moment

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7-7-7: to tread in pieces

רְדַר *rä-däd* '

- Concordance: N/A
- Strong's Dictionary: to tread in pieces, i.e., (figuratively) to conquer, or (specifically) to overlay
- PAAL (QAL)
- To tread down, to subdue •

DERIVATIONS

רָדֵיד∣rä-dēd'

n.ms.

1. Wide and thin female garment, cloak

Concordance: Veil

Strong's Dictionary: a veil (as extended)

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- HIPHIL
- To extend, to spread out, to overlay (with metal) •

PIEL

ד-ד-ה: to tread down

רְדָה |rä-dä': Rule (Over)

- Concordance: Rule
- Strong's Dictionary: to tread down, i.e., subjugate; specifically, to crumble off

PAAL (QAL)

To cause to rule, to subdue

HIPHIL To tread down, to subdue

• To tread down, to subdue, to rule over, to

oppress To rule, to sway

To take possession of

ב-ד-ם: to stun

רָדַם|*rä-däm* '

• Strong's Dictionary: to stun, i.e., stupefy (with sleep or death)

PAAL (QAL)

- To snore, to sleep heavily
- To fall down astounded

DERIVATIONS

tär-dā-mä'|אַרְדֵמָה

n.fs.

Derivation: -----: to stun

- 1. Deep sleep
- 2. Sleepiness, lethargy
- Concordance: Deep

Strong's Dictionary: *a lethargy* or (by implication) *trance*

ק-ד-ף: to run after

רְדָק rä-däk: Follow (After)/Pursue/Chase

- Concordance: Follow
- Strong's Dictionary: to run after (usually with hostile intent; figuratively [of time] gone by)

•	PAAL (QAL) To follow, to pursue, to run after To strive after To chase, to drive away, to put to flight To persecute	NIPHAL • To be pursued • (part.) What is driven away, the past	PIELTo follow after, to pursueTo strive afterTo persecute	PUALTo be driven away, to be scatteredTo be chased	HIPHIL • To pursue eagerly
'n	5				

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ר-ה-ב: to urge severely

רָהַב|rä-häv': To Behave Proudly

- Concordance: Pride
- Strong's Dictionary: to urge severely, i.e., (figuratively) importune, embolden, capture, act insolently

PAAL (QAL)

- To rage, to press upon, to urge on, to importune
- To tremble, to fear

DERIVATIONS

rä-häv'

n.ms.

Derivation: ר-ה-ב: to urge severely

1. Fierceness, insolence, pride, boasting

- HIPHIL
- To render fierce or courageous
- To press greatly, to excite

ר Roots ר

Concordance: Strong Strong's Dictionary: *bluster(er)*

ד-ה-ה: to fear

רְהָה *rä-hä': Be Afraid*

- Concordance: Afraid
- Strong's Dictionary: to fear

PAAL (QAL)

• To fear, to tremble

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ר-ו-ד: to tramp about

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רוּד|rüd
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• Strong's Dictionary: to tramp about, i.e., ramble (free or disconsolate)
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- PAAL (QAL)
- To ramble, to rove about, to wander
- To neglect (God)

DERIVATIONS

mä-rüd'|מָרוּד

n.ms.

Derivation: ר-ו-ד: to tramp about

- 1. Persecution, expulsion
- 2. Homeless, fugitive

Concordance: Cast

Strong's Dictionary: *an outcast*; (abstractly) *destitution*

ר-ו-ה: to quench thirst

רְוָה |rä-vä': Water (abundantly)/Bathe/Soak

- Concordance: Water
- Strong's Dictionary: to slake the thirst (occasionally of other appetites)
- PAAL (QAL) • To overflow, to drink copiously • To be debauched • To enjoy HIPHIL • To be fully satisfied, to be soaked, to be sated, to be drunk • To give drink, to irrigate, to satiate, to drench, to moisten

•

To be restless

DERIVATIONS

rä-vε|רְנֶה

adj.

Derivation: ר-ו-ה: to quench thirst

1. Watered, satiated with drink

Concordance: Water

Strong's Dictionary: sated (with drink)

ר-ו-ח: to blow

רוח / rü'-äh: Quick Understanding

• Concordance: Understand

• Strong's Dictionary: properly, to blow, i.e., breathe; only (literally) to smell or (by implication) perceive; (figuratively, to anticipate, enjoy)

To ramble, to rove

HIPHIL

HIPHIL

- To smell
- To scent or enjoy the odor

DERIVATIONS

rü'-äḥ

n.fs.

Derivation: ----: to blow

- 1. Breeze, wind, breath, air, blowing
- 2. Animus, animal life, spirit, ghost
- 3. Mind, soul, intellect, passion

Concordance: Spirit

Strong's Dictionary: *wind*; by resemblance *breath*, i.e., *a sensible* (or even *violent*) *exhalation*; figuratively, *life, anger, unsubstantiality*; by extension, *a region of the sky*; by resemblance *spirit*, but only of a rational being (including its expression and functions)

----: to be high, to rise or raise

רוּם rüm: Bring Up/Exalt/Lift Up/High

- Concordance: Exalt
- Strong's Dictionary: to be high actively, to rise or raise, in various applications either literally or figuratively

 PAAL (QAL) To be or become high or elevated To be lofty, exalted, glorious, mighty or proud 	 PIEL To make high, to raise, to bring up To build up, to cause to grow To exalt, to celebrate 	PUAL • To be raised, to be exalted	 HIPHIL To make high, to raise, to lift up, to exalt, to elevate To take away, to receive To offer, to present (a sacrifice) 	HUPHAL To be offered To be taken away 	HITHPAEL • To raise or exalt oneself
DERIVATIONS					
מרום m	ä-rüm'	רוּם	rüm		
n.1	ns.	n.ı	ns.		
Derivation: ר-ו-ם: to b	e high, to rise or raise	Derivation: ר-ו-ם: to be	e high, to rise or raise		
 Height, high, lofty, s A high, lofty or forti Loftiness of mind, p (adv.) Proudly; far 	fied place	 Height, elevation Pride, haughtiness 			
Concordance: High		Concordance: Haughty	7		
Strong's Dictionary : <i>a</i> <i>an elevated place</i> , abst figuratively <i>elation</i> , or	ractly <i>elevation</i> ,	Strong's Dictionary: (1	iterally) <i>elevation</i>		

ר-ו-ע: to mar

רוּע rü-ä': Shout/Cry (Out)

• Concordance: Shout

• Strong's Dictionary: to mar (especially by breaking); figuratively, to split the ears (with sound), i.e., shout (for alarm or joy)

•••				
PAAL (QAL)	NIPHAL	PALEL	HIPHIL	HITHPAEL
• To be evil	 To become evil, to be made worse To suffer evil, to receive injury 	To be shouted with joy	 To shout with joy, to cry To raise a cry, to be noisy or make a loud noise To sound a trump, to sound an alarm 	To shout with joy

Strong's Dictionary: emptiness; figuratively, a

worthless thing; adverbially, in vain

ר-ו-ק: to pour out

רוּק	rük:	Make	Empty
------	------	------	-------

- Concordance: Empty
- Strong's Dictionary: to pour out (literally or figuratively), i.e., empty

HUPHAL HIPHIL · To be poured out • To empty, to pour out To draw (a sword), to lead to battle ٠ **DERIVATIONS** rāk rēk adj. adj. Derivation: ר-ו-ק: to pour out Derivation: ר-ו-ק: to pour out 1. Empty, void, vain 1. Empty, vain 2. Hungry, poor, impoverished, wanton 2. (adv.) In vain, to no purpose 3. Idle, worthless, wicked Concordance: Vain

Concordance: Empty

Strong's Dictionary: empty; figuratively, worthless

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ר-ז-ה: to emaciate

rä zä' · War Lean

רְזָה <i>rā-zā': Wax Lean</i>			
• Concordance: Lean • Strong's Dictionary: to emaciate, i.e., make (become) thin (literally or figuratively))
PAAL (QAL)		NIPHAL	
• To spread out, to make thin, to make lean		• To become lean, to waste away	
To consume, to destroy			
DERIVATIONS			
רָזוֹן rä-zōn'	רָזָי רָזַי	ä-zē'	
n.ms.	n.r	ns.	
Derivation: ר-ז-ה: to emaciate	Derivation: ר-ז-ה: to er	naciate	
1. Leanness, pining, consuming	1. Destruction, consum	ption	
Concordance: Lean	Concordance: Lean		

Strong's Dictionary: thinness

Concordance: Lean

Strong's Dictionary: thinness

ו-ז-ן: to be heavy

רְזָן rä-zän': Prince/Ruler

• Concordance: Prince

• Strong's Dictionary: probably to be heavy, i.e., (figuratively) honorable

- PAAL (QAL)
- To be weighty •
- (part.) Prince, ruler

רח

רחים: from an unused root meaning to pulverize

rā-hɛ'

n.ms.

Derivation: רחים: from an unused root

ר Roots		
meaning to pulverize		
1. Millstone		
Concordance: Millstone		
Strong's Dictionary: a mill-stone		
רחל: from an unused root meaning to journey		

rä-ḥāl'|רָחֵל

n.fs.

Derivation: רחל: from an unused root meaning to journey

1. Ewe, female lamb, sheep

Concordance: Sheep

Strong's Dictionary: a ewe [the females being the predominant element of a flock] (as a good traveller)

to fondle ר-ה-ם

רְחָם *rä-ḥäm': Mercy/Compassion/Pity*

- Concordance: Mercy
- Strong's Dictionary: to fondle; by implication, to love, especially to compassionate

PAAL (QAL) To love 	• To have compassion, pity, tenderness, love	PUAL To meet with compassion or mercy
DERIVATIONS		
רַחַם rä'-ḥäm		
n.ms.		
Derivation: ר-ח-ם: to fondle		
 Womb (poetic) Girl, woman, maiden (pl.) Bowels (pl.) Compassion, mercy sympathy, tenderness, pity 		
Concordance: Mercy		
Strong's Dictionary : <i>compassion</i> (in the plural); by extension, <i>the womb</i> (as cherishing the fetus); by implication, <i>a maiden</i>		

ד-ח-ץ: to lave

רְחַץ |rä-ḥäts': Bathe/Wash (Self)

• Concordance: Wash

• Strong's Dictionary: to lave (the whole or a part of a thing)

PAAL (QAL)

PUAL

HITHPAEL

· To wash, to rinse •

• To be washed

- To wash away
- To wash oneself, to be washed, to bathe

To wash oneself •

ד-ח-ק: to widen

רְחַק *rä-ḥäk': Far (Away/Off)/Remove*

• Concordance: Far

• Strong's Dictionary: to widen (in any direction), i.e., (intransitively) recede or (transitively) remove (literally or figuratively, of place or relation)

PAAL (QAL)	NIPHAL	PIEL	HIPHIL
• To be far, distant or remote	• To be removed	• To remove far away, to move far off	To remove, to put far awayTo go far off or far away

¬ Roots

rä-hōk'

adj

Derivation: ------: to widen

1. Far, distant

Remote (of place)
 Unattainable, precious
 (subst.) Distance, future, past

5. (מֵרָחוֹק) From afar

Concordance: Far

DERIVATIONS

mɛr-ḥäk'|מֶרְחָק

n.ms.

Derivation: ר-ח-ק: to widen

1. Remoteness, remote country, far distance, far off place

Concordance: Far

Strong's Dictionary: remoteness, i.e., (concretely) a distant place; often (adverbially) from afar

Strong's Dictionary: *remote*, literally or figuratively, of place or time; specifically *precious*; often used adverbially (with preposition)

רט

ש-ש-ד: to dash down

רְמָשׁ *rä-täsh': Dash (in Pieces)*

- Concordance: Dash
- Strong's Dictionary: to dash down
- PIEL
- To dash to pieces, to kill
- To prostrate

- PUAL
- To be dashed to pieces (on the ground)

ב-י-ב: to toss

ריב / rēv: Contend/Strive/Debate/Plead

- Concordance: Contend
- Strong's Dictionary: properly, to toss, i.e., grapple; mostly figuratively, to wrangle, i.e., hold a controversy; (by implication) to defend

PAAL (QAL)

• To contend, to strive, to contend, to plead

(part.) Defender, adversary

- HIPHIL
- To quarrel, to strive, to contend

DERIVATIONS

•

rēv

n.ms.

Derivation: ר-י-ב: to toss

- 1. Strife, quarrel, contention, feud, dispute
- 2. Forensic cause, judicial cause, litigation, plea

Concordance: Strive

Strong's Dictionary: *a contest* (personal or legal)

ר-י-ק: to pour out

רוּק rük: Make Empty

- Concordance: Empty
- Strong's Dictionary: to pour out (literally or figuratively), i.e., empty
- HIPHIL
- To pour out
- To draw (a sword), to send forth or lead (to battle)

HUPHAL • To be poured out **¬** Roots

• To empty out, to leave empty

DERIVATIONS

rāk|רֵיק

adj.

Derivation: ר-י-ק: to pour out

- 1. Empty, vain, void
- 2. Empty, impoverished, poor, hungry, idle
- 3. Worthless, wanton

Concordance: Empty

Strong's Dictionary: empty; figuratively, worthless

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ר-כ-ך: to soften

רָכָך rä-häh': Faint(hearted)/Mollify/Make Soft

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• Concordance: Faint

• Strong's Dictionary: to soften (intransitively or transitively), used figuratively

To be weakened

To become timid

NIPHAL

- PAAL (QAL)
- To be tender, to be soft
- To be thin or weak, to be
 - delicate

כ-ס-ד: to tie

רַכַס *rä-käs* ':

• Strong's Dictionary: to tie

- PAAL (QAL)
- · To tie together, to bind

DERIVATIONS

רְכָסִים rɛ-ḥä-sēm'

n.mp. (only plural)

Derivation: ר-כ-ס: to tie

- 1. Bound up places, rough or rugged places
- 2. Hill, mountain ridge (difficult to pass)

Concordance: Place

Strong's Dictionary: rough place

רם

to rise ר-מ-ם

רָמַם <i>rä-mäm</i> ': Exalt/Lift Up (S	elf)
---	------

- Concordance: Exalt
- Strong's Dictionary: to rise (literally or figuratively)

PAAL (QAL)

• To be high, to be lofty, to be lifted up

NIPHAL • To exalt oneself, to rise up

PUAL

To be softened

HIPHIL

To break one's heart

To make timid

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DERIVATIONS

rēm-mä'

n.fs.

Derivation: ר-מ-ם: to rise

1. A lifting up

Derivation: ר-מ-ם: to rise

rō-mā-müth'

part.

1. Worm

Concordance: Lift Up

Strong's Dictionary: exaltation

2. Wormhole, rottenness

Concordance: Worm

Strong's Dictionary: a maggot (as rapidly bred), literally or figuratively

ר-מ-ס: to tread upon

רְמַס |rä-mäs': Tread (down)/Oppressor/Trample

- Concordance: Tread/Trod
- Strong's Dictionary: to tread upon (as a potter, in walking or abusively)
- PAAL (QAL)
- To tread, to tread down, to trample •

NIPHAL • To be trodden down

To profane •

77

ר-נ-ן: to creak

רְנַן |rä-nän': Sing/Shout (for Joy)/Rejoice

• Concordance: Sing

• Strong's Dictionary: properly, to creak (or emit a stridulous sound), i.e., to shout (usually for joy)

 PAAL (QAL) To emit a tremulous or stridulous sound To cry alout, to shout for joy, to rejoice To lament, to wail 		PIEL at for joy, to rejoice praise to	PUAL • To be shouted for jo	HIPHIL • To cause to shout for joy • To rejoice, to shout for joy
DERIVATIONS				
ר <u>נ</u> ן/rän-nān'		rē د <u>ڊ</u> ټ	n-nä'	
inf. v.		n.	fs.	
Derivation: ר-נ-ן: to creak		Derivation: ר-נ-ן: to cre	eak	
1. Singing		 Shouting for joy, rej Mourning cry, wail, 	•	
Concordance: Sing		Concordance: Sing		
Strong's Dictionary: shouting (for j	ioy)	Strong's Dictionary: p shrill sound), i.e., shou		

רע

ד-ע-ד: to shudder

רָעַד *rä-äd* '

• Strong's Dictionary: to shudder (more or less violently)

- PAAL (QAL)
- To tremble, to quake

DERIVATIONS

רַעַד|rä-äd'

n.m/fs.

Derivation: ר-ע-ד: to shudder

1. Trembling, terror, fear

Concordance: Fear

Strong's Dictionary: a shudder

HIPHIL To tremble, to shake

ר-ע-ה: to tend a flock

רְעָה |rä-ä': Shepherd/Pastor/Feed

- Concordance: Feed
- Strong's Dictionary: to tend a flock; i.e., pasture it; intransitively, to graze (literally or figuratively); generally to rule; by extension, to associate with (as a friend)

PAAL (QAL)	PIEL	HIPHIL	HITHPAEL
• To feed a flock, to pasture, to tend	• To delight in	• To cause to feed, to pasture	• To hold intercourse
To lead to a pasture, to conduct, to guide, govern or protect The fact to the second			
To feed, to consumeTo delight in			
• (part.) Shepherd			
DERIVATIONS			
rā-ä'∣rā-ä	רעי	rō-ē'	
n.ms.	n.	.ms.	
Derivation: ר-ע-ה: to tend a flock	Derivation: ר-ע-ה: to	tend a flock	
 Companion, friend, fellow, assoc neighbor 	ciate, 1. Shepherd		
2. Thought, will, desire			
Concordance: Neighbor	Concordance: Shephe	rd	
Strong's Dictionary: an associate (less close)	(more or Strong's Dictionary: p shepherd	<i>pastoral</i> ; as noun, <i>a</i>	

ר-ע-ע: to spoil

רָעַע |rä-ä': Evil(doer)/Spoil/Break (in pieces)

• Concordance: Evil

• Strong's Dictionary: properly, *to spoil* (literally, by breaking in pieces); figuratively, *to bake* or *be good for nothing*, i.e., *bad* (physically, socially or morally)

 PAAL (QAL) To be bad or evil, to be sorrowful, sullen or envious, to be wicked, displeasing, noxious To break, to dash in pieces, to shatter To be broken 	HIPHIL • To make bad or evil • To do evil, to act badly or wickedly • To break to pieces, to destroy	HITHPAEL • To be shaken violently, to be broken in pieces, to perish
DERIVATIONS		
רַע rä	rō'-ä	
adj.	n.ms.	
Derivation: ר-ע-ע: to spoil	Derivation: ר-ע-ע: to spoil	
 Bad, evil, wicked, mischievous, malignant, Noxious, hurtful, unpleasant Evil in appearance, deformed, hideous Unhappy, unfortunate, sad (subst.) Wickedness, evil, wrong, mischief, malice 	 An evil condition, wickedness, wretchedness Deformity Sadness 	
Concordance: Evil	Concordance: Evil	
Strong's Dictionary : <i>bad</i> or (as noun) <i>evil</i> (natural or moral)	Strong's Dictionary : <i>badness</i> (as marring), physically or morally	

ש-ש-ד: to undulate

רְעַשׁ |rä-äsh': Quake/Shake/(Re)Move

• Concordance: Shake

• Strong's Dictionary: *to undulate* (as the earth, the sky, et.; also *a field of grain*), particularly through fear; specifically, *to spring* (as a locust)

PAAL (QAL)

• To tremble, quake or wave

To be agitated

¬ Roots NIPHAL

To be moved or shaken, to quake

HIPHIL

- To cause to quake, tremble or shake ٠ •
 - To make leap (a horse)

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to mend ר-פ-א רְפָא |rä-fä': Heal/Mend • Concordance: Heal • Strong's Dictionary: properly, to mend (by stitching), i.e.n (figuratively) to cure NIPHAL PIEL HITHPAEL PAAL (QAL) To bind (wound), to heal, to To mend, to repair, to make To be healed, to be restored, to To cause oneself to be healed, • • be mended, to be cured cure, to restore, to mend, to sound to get healed help To heal • To comfort • To cause to be healed DERIVATIONS רפָאים |r^ε-fä-ēm' n.mp. (only pl.) Derivation: ר-פ-א: to mend 1. The dead, the departed 2. Departed spirits, shades Concordance: Dead Strong's Dictionary: properly, lax, i.e., (figuratively) a ghost (as dead; in plural only)

ר-פ-ה: to slacken

רְפָה rä-fä': Faint/Weaken/Consume/Slacken

- Concordance: Faint
- Strong's Dictionary: to slacken (in many applications, literal or figurative)

•

• Strong's Diction	hary: to stacken (in many	y applications, interal or in	gurauve)	
 PAAL (QAL) To be slack, weak or feeble To let fall, to relax or desist, to sink, to despond 	NIPHAL • To be remiss, slack, idle or lazy	PIEL • To loosen or slacken, to let fall, to let down	HIPHIL • To slacken, to desist, to withdraw • To let alone, leave off or abandon	HITHPAEL • To show oneself remiss, lazy or indolent
DERIVATIONS				
rä-fε∣רָפֶה	2'			
adj.				
Derivation: ר-פ-ה: to slacke	n			
 Slack, remiss Infirm, feeble, fainthearte 	ed .			
Concordance: Weak				
Strong's Dictionary: slack (in body or mind)			
M 5				

ה-צ-ד: to be pleased with

רצה rä-tsä': Delight/Pardon

• Concordance: Delight

• Strong's Dictionary: to be pleased with; specifically, to satisfy a debt

	PAAL (QAL)	NIPHAL	PIEL	HIPHIL	HITHPAEL
•	To take pleasure in, to be pleased, to delight	To be graciously accepted	• To make well pleased, to seek favor, to	• To pay or pay off	• To make oneself pleasing, to obtain
•	To like, love or be fond	• To be paid off	appease		one's favor

	Roots	s		
 of, to be kind, or gracious To receive graciously To be pleasing or agreeable To satisfy, to pay off 				
DERIVATIONS	1			
רָצוֹן rä-tsōn'				
n.ms.				
Derivation: ר-צ-ה: to be pleased with				
 Delight, satisfaction, pleasure Goodwill, favor, inclination, grace, kindness, willfulness 				
Concordance: Accept				
Strong's Dictionary : <i>delight</i> (especially as shown)				
ר-צ-ץ: to crack in pieces				
רַצַץ rä-tsäts ': Break/Bruise/Opp	ess			
 Concordance: Break Strong's Dictionary: to crack in 	pieces, literally or figuration	vely		
 PAAL (QAL) NIPHAL To break, to break in or down, to crack, to crush, To bruise To oppress, to 	PIEL To break in pieces, to dash To break through To oppress 	PUAL o be oppressed	HIPHIL • To break in or dash to pieces, to crush	HITHPAELTo dash against one anotherTo struggle together
treat violentlyTo be broken, to be feeble				
treat violentlyTo be broken, to				
treat violentlyTo be broken, to be feeble				
treat violently • To be broken, to be feeble רק ד-ק-ד: to stamp				
treat violently • To be broken, to be feeble רק-ד: to stamp ד-ק-ד: to stamp	o stamp, i.e., to spring about	<i>ut</i> (wildly or fo	r joy)	
treat violently • To be broken, to be feeble רק ד-ק-ד: to stamp דק: <i>rä-käd'</i> • Strong's Dictionary: properly, a		<i>ut</i> (wildly or fo		HIPHIL
treat violently • To be broken, to be feeble רק-ד: to stamp ד-ק-ד: to stamp	o stamp, i.e., to spring about PIEL • To spring, jump or leap • To dance	<i>ut</i> (wildly or fo		HIPHIL
treat violently • To be broken, to be feeble רק ד-ק-ד: to stamp קק <i>rä-käd</i> ' • Strong's Dictionary: properly, a PAAL (QAL) • To move up and down, to leap, to jump	PIEL • To spring, jump or leap	<i>ut</i> (wildly or fo]	HIPHIL
treat violently • To be broken, to be feeble דקר ד-ק-ר: to stamp דקר יקר יקר PAAL (QAL) • To move up and down, to leap, to jump • To start	PIEL • To spring, jump or leap	<i>ut</i> (wildly or fo]	HIPHIL
treat violently • To be broken, to be feeble קרק ד-ק-7: to stamp ד-ק-ק: to stamp קק <i>rä-käd'</i> • Strong's Dictionary: properly, a PAAL (QAL) • To move up and down, to leap, to jump • To start	PIEL To spring, jump or leap To dance 	<i>ut</i> (wildly or fo]	HIPHIL
treat violently • To be broken, to be feeble רק רק רק-٦: to stamp יק: <i>käd'</i> • Strong's Dictionary: properly, a PAAL (QAL) • To move up and down, to leap, to jump • To start ערש יד יד יד יד יד יד יד יד יד יד	PIEL • To spring, jump or leap • To dance		• To cause to leap	
treat violently • To be broken, to be feeble רק ד-ק-T: to stamp קקר <i>rä-käd'</i> • Strong's Dictionary: properly, <i>t</i> PAAL (QAL) • To move up and down, to leap, to jump • To start ערש ידע ידע ידע ידע ידע ידע ידע ידע	PIEL • To spring, jump or leap • To dance Fong g (causatively <i>to do</i> or <i>decl</i>	lare wrong); by	• To cause to leap	
treat violently • To be broken, to be feeble רק רק רק-٦: to stamp יק: <i>käd'</i> • Strong's Dictionary: properly, a PAAL (QAL) • To move up and down, to leap, to jump • To start ערש יד יד יד יד יד יד יד יד יד יד	PIEL • To spring, jump or leap • To dance Frong ag (causatively <i>to do</i> or <i>dect</i> • To	<i>lare wrong)</i> ; by HIPHIL	• To cause to leap	
treat violently To be broken, to be feeble ד-ק- T- To move up and down, to leap, to jump To start ד-ק- ד-ק- ד-ק- ד-ק- ד- ק- ד- ק- ד- ק- ד- ק- ק- ד- ק- ק- ק- ק- ק- ק- ק- ק- ק- ק	PIEL • To spring, jump or leap • To dance Frong ag (causatively <i>to do</i> or <i>dect</i> • To	<i>lare wrong)</i> ; by HIPHIL o convict, to declar	• To cause to leap	turb, violate
treat violently To be broken, to be feeble דקר דקר-ק-ר: to stamp דקרקי ידקי/rä-käd' • Strong's Dictionary: properly, a PAAL (QAL) • To move up and down, to leap, to jump • To start ערך ערך • To start ערך ערך • To start ערך ערך • To be wrong ערך • Concordance: Wicked • Strong's Dictionary: to be wron PAAL (QAL) • To be unrighteous or wicked, • To be lawless, to be guilty	PIEL • To spring, jump or leap • To dance Frong ag (causatively <i>to do</i> or <i>dect</i> • To	<i>lare wrong)</i> ; by HPHIL o convict, to declar o act wickedly or n	• To cause to leap • implication, <i>to dis</i> re guilty or unrighteous, hischievously	turb, violate
treat violently To be broken, to be feeble דק דק-ק-ר; to stamp קקורקיי • Strong's Dictionary: properly, a PAAL (QAL) • To move up and down, to leap, to jump • To start ערש ערש די ערש ערש ערש ערש ערש ערש ערש ערש	PIEL • To spring, jump or leap • To dance rong eg (causatively to do or decl F • To	<i>lare wrong)</i> ; by HPHIL o convict, to declar o act wickedly or n	• To cause to leap • implication, <i>to dis</i> re guilty or unrighteous, hischievously	<i>turb, violate</i> to condemn, to overcome
treat violently • To be broken, to be feeble דקר דקר-ק-ר; to stamp קקר <i>irä-käd'</i> • Strong's Dictionary: properly, <i>to</i> PAAL (QAL) • To move up and down, to leap, to jump • To be up and down, to leap, to jump • To be up and down, to leap, to jump • To be up and down, to leap, to jump • To be up and down, to leap, to jump • To be up and down, to leap, to jump • To be up and down, to leap, to jump • To be up and down, to leap, to jump • To be up and down, to leap, to jump • To be up and down, to leap, to jump • To be up and down, to leap, to jump • To be up and down, to leap, to jump • To be up and down, to leap, to jump • To be up and down, to leap, to jump • To be up and to ju	PIEL • To spring, jump or leap • To dance rong rg (causatively to do or deci • To • To • To • To • To	<i>lare wrong)</i> ; by HIPHIL o convict, to declar o act wickedly or n	• To cause to leap • implication, <i>to dis</i> re guilty or unrighteous, hischievously	<i>turb, violate</i> to condemn, to overcome rēsh-ä' n.fs.

ר Roots ר

2. Fraud, falsehood, injustice, unlawful gain

Strong's Dictionary: a wrong (especially

Concordance: Wicked

moral)

2. Wicked deed

Concordance: Wicked

Strong's Dictionary: wrong (especially moral)

2. Having an unrighteous cause, guilty

Concordance: Wicked

Strong's Dictionary: *morally wrong*, concretely, (adjectivally) *a bad person*

רת

ר-ת-ק: to fasten

רָתַק|*rä-thäk* '

- Concordance: Chain
- Strong's Dictionary: to fasten
- NIPHAL
- To be unbound, to be loosed, to be unchained

DERIVATIONS

rɛ-thü-kä'

n.fs.

Derivation: ר-ת-ק: to fasten

1. Chain

Concordance: Chain

Strong's Dictionary: *something fastened*, i.e., *a chain*

PUAL To be bound

sēn/shēn|ש

(often pronounced "sin" or "shin")

82

•

ש-א-ב: to bale up water

שָאַב shä-äv': Draw (Water)

- Concordance: Draw
- Strong's Dictionary: to bale up water
- PAAL (QAL)
- To draw water

א-א-ש: to rumble or moan

שָאַג shä-äg': Roar

- Concordance: Roar
- Strong's Dictionary: to rumble or moan

PAAL (QAL)

To roar, to groan

DERIVATIONS

שאָגָה sh^ɛ-ä-gä'

n.fs.

Derivation: ש-א-ג: to rumble or moan

v Roots

2. Roaring, groaning Concordance: Roar

Strong's Dictionary: a rumbling or moan

דא-א-ד: to rush

שָאָה shä-ä': Desolate/(Lay) Waste/Rush

- Concordance: Desolate
- Strong's Dictionary: to rush; by implication, to desolate

PAAL (QAL)

• To behold, to gaze at

DERIVATIONS

שָׁאוֹן/shä-ōn'	שאיָה shë-ēy-yä'	sā שָׂה sɛ or אָיָה
n.ms.	n.fs.	n.cs.
Derivation: ש-א-ה: to rush	Derivation: ש-א-ה: to rush	Derivation: ש-א-ה: to rush
 Noise, tumult, rush, roar Desolation, destruction, devastation 	 Destruction Ruins 	1. A (young) sheep or goat
Concordance: Noise	Concordance: Destroy	Concordance: Lamb
Strong's Dictionary : <i>uproar</i> (as of rushing); by implication <i>destruction</i>	Strong's Dictionary: desolation	Strong's Dictionary : <i>a member of a flock</i> , i.e., <i>a sheep</i> or <i>goat</i> (through the idea of pushing out to pasture)

א-ל to inquire

שָׁאַל shä-äl'

• Strong's Dictionary: to inquire; by implication, to request; by extension, to demand

• •			
PAAL (QAL)	NIPHAL	PIEL	HIPHIL
To ask, to demand	To ask for oneself, to ask leave	• To beg, to be a beggar	To lend, to grant
• To request, entreat, to beg, to borrow		• To question	
• To interrogate, to inquire			
DERIVATIONS			
אוֹל sh⁼-ōl'			
n.fs.			
Derivation: ש-א-ל: to inquire			
 Depth, abyss, nether world, realm dead, Hell, Hades 	n of the		
Concordance: Hell			
Strong's Dictionary : <i>hades</i> or <i>the w</i> <i>dead</i> (as if a subterranean retreat), i its accessories and inmates			

דא-ע: to loll

שָׁאַן shä-än '

• Strong's Dictionary: to loll, i.e., be peaceful

PILEL

• To be tranquil, to live in tranquility, to live quietly

DERIVATIONS

שַאַנָן|shä-^ä-nän'

adj.

Derivation: ש-א-ן: to loll

- 1. Quiet, peaceful, easy, secure, tranquil
- 2. Living tranquilly or securely
- 3. Living at ease, careless, proud

Concordance: Quiet

Strong's Dictionary: *secure*; in a bad sense, *haughty*

ק-א-ש: to inhale eagerly

שָאָר shä-äf': Devour (Inhale Eagerly)

• Concordance: Devour

- Strong's Dictionary: to inhale eagerly; figuratively, to cover; by implication, to be angry; also to hasten
- PAAL (QAL)
- To breath hard, to pant, to blow, to snort, to snuff
- To catch with an open mouth
- To be eager or greedy

רש: to swell up

שָאַר shä-är ': Leave/Left

• Concordance: Leave/Left

• Strong's Dictionary: properly, to swell up, i.e., be (causatively, make) redundant

PAAL (QAL)

- NIPHAL
- To be left overTo remain, to survive

To leave, to let remain, to leave behind, to keep over

HIPHIL

• To have left, to retain, to be left

DERIVATIONS

• To be left, to remain

שָאָר'sh²-är'	שאַריִית sh⁵-ā-rēth'
n.ms.	n.fs.
Derivation: ש-א-ר: to swell up	Derivation: ש-א-ר: to swell up
1. Rest, residue, remnant, remainder	1. Remaining part, remainder, remnant, residue survivors
Concordance: Remnant	Concordance: Remnant
Strong's Dictionary: a remainder	Strong's Dictionary : a remainder or residual (surviving, final) portion

שב

שבי: from an unused root meaning to flame

sh^ε-vē' שׂבי

n.cs.

Derivation: שבו: from an unused root meaning to flame

Captivity, exile, a leading away
 Captives

Concordance: Captive

Strong's Dictionary: *exiled*; *captured*; as noun, *exile* (abstractly or concretely and collectively); by extension, booty

ה-ב-ש: to transport into captivity

אָבָה shä-vä': Take Captive/Captives

• Concordance: Captive

• Strong's Dictionary: to transport into captivity

PAAL (QAL)

• To take or lead away captive, to hold captive, to lead into exile

NIPHAL

- To be led away
- To be held captives

שבש: from an unused root probably meaning to branch off

shā'-vɛt שֵׁבֶט
n.ms.
Derivation: שבט: from an unused root probably meaning to branch off
 Staff, stick, rod, crook, thrashing-rod Scepter, ruler's staff Tribe, stem, division Lance, spear
Concordance: Rod
Strong's Dictionary : <i>a scion</i> , i.e., (literally) <i>a</i> <i>stick</i> (for punishing, writing, fighting, ruling, walking, etc.) or (figuratively) <i>a clan</i>

שבל: from an unused root meaning to flow

shō'-vɛl!	אַבּלֶת shē-bō-lɛth
n.ms.	n.ms.
Derivation: שבל: from an unused root meaning to flow	Derivation: שבל: from an unused root meaning to flow
1. Train (of a robe)	 Ear (of corn), point Branch Stream, water-course
Concordance: Leg	Concordance: Ear
Strong's Dictionary : <i>a lady's train</i> (as flowing after her)	Strong's Dictionary : <i>a stream</i> (as flowing); also <i>an ear of grain</i> (as growing out); by analogy, <i>a branch</i>

ש-ב-ש: to sate or fill to satisfaction

שָׁבַע sä-vä': Satisfy/Satiate/Fill

• Concordance: Satisfy

• Strong's Dictionary: to sate, i.e., fill to satisfaction (literally or figuratively)

 PAAL (QAL) To be or become satisfied or satiated, to be full or filled To have abundance To be weary or tired 	PIEL To satisfy, to satiate 	HIPHIL To satisfy, to satiate
DERIVATIONS		
שָׁבְעָה sōv-ä'		
n.fs.		
Derivation: ש-ב-ע: to sate or fill to satisfaction		
1. Satiety, fulness		
Concordance: Satisfy		
Strong's Dictionary: satiety		

ש-ב-ש: to be complete

שָׁבַע shä-vä ': Swear

• To swear

- Concordance: Swear
- Strong's Dictionary: properly to be complete, but used only as a denominative from שָׁבַע; to seven oneself, i.e., swear (as if by repeating a declaration seven times)

NIPHAL

• To swear or swear to, to confirm with an oath

HIPHIL

- To cause to swear, to bind by an oath
- To adjure, to charge solemnly

v Roots

DERIVATIONS

שְׁבוּעָה sh ^ɛ -vü-ä	שֶׁבַע∣shɛ'-vä	שַבְעִים shēv-ēm'
n.fs.	n.cs.	n.cp. (only pl.)
Derivation: ש-ב-ע: to be complete	Derivation: ש-ב-ע: to be complete	Derivation: ש-ב-ע: to be complete
 Oath, swearing Curse 	 Seven (adv.) Seven times, seven-fold 	1. Seventy
Concordance: Curse	Concordance: Seven	Concordance: Seventy
Strong's Dictionary : properly, <i>something sworn</i> , i.e., <i>an oath</i>	Strong's Dictionary : a primitive cardinal number; <i>seven</i> (as the sacred full one); also (adverbially) <i>seven times</i> ; by implication, <i>a</i> <i>week</i> ; by extension, <i>an indefinite number</i>	Strong's Dictionary: seventy
שֵׁבְעָתַיָם shēv-ä-thä'-yēm		
n.fs.		
Derivation: ש-ב-ע: to be complete		
1. Seven-fold, seven times		
Concordance: Seven		
Strong's Dictionary: seven-times		

ד-ב-ש: to burst

אבר shä-vär': Break (Down/Off/to Pieces)/Broken(hearted) also Buy/Sell

• Concordance: Break and Buy

• Strong's Dictionary: to burst (literally or figuratively)

 PAAL (QAL) To break or tear in pieces, to rend To break down, to destroy, to hurt To quench (thirst) To measure off, to define To buy or sell grain or food 	 NIPHAL To be broken, to be wrecked, to be foundered To be torn in pieces To be injured, to be broken down, to be destroyed or perish To be broken in penitence 	 PIEL To break altogether or thoroughly, to break in pieces To wreck, to crush or smash To shiver 	HIPHILTo cause to break through or forth, to open (the womb)To sell grain	HUPHAL • To be broken
DERIVATIONS	1	I	1	1
י-יshε)שֶׁבֶר	ver			
n.ms.				
Derivation: ש-ב-ר: to burst				
 A breaking or shattering, Destruction, misfortune, Interpretation, solution Terror Grain, corn grains Concordance: Destroy 				
Strong's Dictionary: a fract ruin; specifically, a solution				

to repose ש-ב-ת

שָׁבַת shä-väth': Cease

• Concordance: Cease

• Strong's Dictionary: to repose, i.e., desist from exertion; used in many implied relations (causative, figurative or specific)

PAAL (QAL)

NIPHAL

HIPHIL

• To cause to rest, to interrupt, to restrain

• To keep the Sabbath or sacred day

• To desist or cease, to rest, to come to an end • To be ended, to cease

• To cause to cease, to bring to an end or

v Roots

שבת shäb-bäth'

n.fs.

Strong's Dictionary: intermission, i.e.,

Derivation: ש-ב-ת: to repose

Concordance: Sabbath

(specifically) the Sabbath

1. Sabbath

2. Week

abolish

٠

To remove or take away, to destroy

DERIVATIONS

she'-veth שֵׁבֵת

n.cs.

Derivation: ש-ב-ת: to repose

- 1. (m.) Cessation, rest, inactivity
- 2. (m.) Interruption (of work)
- 3. (f.) Dwelling, seat, place, a sitting

Concordance: Sit

Strong's Dictionary: rest, interruption, cessation

שג

ב-ג-ש: to be lofty

sä-gäv': Exalt/High/Lofty/Set Up

• Concordance: Exalt

• Strong's Dictionary: to be (causatively, make) lofty, especially inaccessible; by implication, safe, strong; used literally and figuratively

 PAAL (QAL) To lift oneself up To be lofty, to ascend, to be extolled To be steep, to be high, to be strong 	NIPHAL • To be high, to be steep, to be loft, to be strong • To be safely protected • To be exalted, to be unsearchable	 PIEL To set on high, to exalt, to make mighty, to raise To protest To protect safely 	PUAL • To be protected	HIPHILTo exalt oneself, to show oneself exalted, to act noblyTo protect
DERIVATIONS				
mēs-g משׂגָב	jäv'			
n.ms.				
Derivation: ש-ג-ב: to be lofty	7			
 Height, high place, rock Fortress, protection, refug 	je			
Concordance: High				
Strong's Dictionary : proper lofty or inaccessible place); <i>altitude</i> ; figuratively, <i>a refug</i> place in Moab	abstractly,			

ד-ג-ש: to stray

שָׁגָה shä-gä': Err

• Concordance: Err

• Strong's Dictionary: to stray (causatively, mislead), usually (figuratively) to mistake, especially (morally) to transgress; by extension (through the idea of intoxication) to reel, (figuratively) be enraptured

PAAL (QAL) To wander, to go astray, to waver

• To reel

•

To err, to transgress •

- HIPHIL
- To cause to wander, to cause to go astray, to lead astray, to seduce

π - λ - ψ : to peep or glance sharply at

אָגַח shä-gäh': Narrowly Look

• Concordance: Look

• Strong's Dictionary: to peep, i.e., glance sharply at

HIPHIL

• To behold, to look at, to view, to gaze at

ש-ג-ל: to copulate with		
<u>שָׁג</u> ַל shä-gäl'		
• Strong's Dictionary: to copulate	e with	
PAAL (QAL)	NIPHAL	PIEL
• To lie with	To be lain withTo be ravished	To be lain withTo be ravished
שד		
ד-ד-ש: to be burly		
שָׁרַד shä-däd': Spoil(er)/Lay Wast	te	
 Concordance: Spoil Strong's Dictionary: to be burly 	, i.e., (figuratively) <i>powerful</i> (passively, i	mpregnable); by implication, to ravage
 PAAL (QAL) NIPHA To act violently To oppress, rob, ravage or plunder To lay waste 	• To oppress, to ruin • To b	PUAL HUPHAL e laid waste, to be • To be destroyed ed or be destroyed •
DERIVATIONS		
שׁבי shä-däē'		
n.ms.		
Derivation: ש-ד-ד: to be burly		
1. The most powerful, the Almighty		
Concordance: N/A		
Strong's Dictionary: the Almighty		
שדה: from an unused root me	eaning to spread out	
sä-dɛ'	שְׁבְמָה]sh ^ɛ -dā-mä'	
n.ms.	n.fs.	
Derivation: שדה: from an unused root meaning to spread out	Derivation: שדה: from an unused root meaning to spread out	
 Plain, field Open or cultivated field, piece or parcel of land 	1. Field, vineyard, cornfield	
3. Open country, territory, district		
Concordance: Field	Concordance: Field	
Strong's Dictionary: a field (as flat)	Strong's Dictionary: a cultivated field	
זשי		
	oning to much over	
שוא: from an unused root me אושׁ shō	shäv	ר אַשָאות∣t²-shü-ōth'
n.cs.	n.ms.	n.fp. (only pl.)
Derivation: שוא: from an unused root meaning to rush over	Derivation: שוא: from an unused root meaning to rush over	Derivation: שוא: from an unused root meaning to rush over
 Roaring, crashing, tumult, storm, tempest Destruction, ruin, desolation 	 Wickedness, iniquity, sin Falsehood, a lie Emptiness, vanity, nothingness Calamity 	1. Noise, tumult, shout, crashing
Concordance: Desolate	Concordance: Vain	Concordance: Stir (Up)
Strong's Dictionary: a tempest; by	Strong's Dictionary : <i>evil</i> (as destructive), literally (<i>ruin</i>) or morally (especially <i>guile</i>);	Strong's Dictionary: a crashing or loud

W Roots

figuratively *idolatry* (as false, subjective), *uselessness* (as deceptive, objective; also adverbially, *in vain*)

clamor

ב-ו-ש: to turn back or away

אוֹב: shüv: Turn (Away)/Return/Restore/Convert/Answer/Pervert

- Concordance: Return
- Strong's Dictionary: to turn back (hence, away) transitively or intransitively, literally or figurativley (not necessarily with the idea of return to the starting point); generally to retreat; often adverbial, again

 PAAL (QAL) To turn about or turn round, to return To be converted, to turn to or from To bring back, to restore or renew, to be restored To do repeatedly, to repeat 	 PILEL To turn, to cause to return, to lead back, to seduce To convert, restore or refresh To turn away 	PULALBrought backTo be turned aside	 HIPHIL To turn about, away, at, to or upon To draw, bring, drive or lead back, to cause to return To restore, to reward or recompense, to give back or return To answer To revoke or recall, to make void To render, to offer 	HUPHAL • To be brought back • To be restored or given back
DERIVATIONS	1		I	

shü-vä|שוּבָה

n.fs.

Derivation: ⊐-1-*w*: to turn back or away

- 1. Return
- 2. Conversion

Concordance: Return

Strong's Dictionary: a return

ג-ו-ג to hedge in

שוֹנג süg: Make to Grow

- Concordance: Grow
- Strong's Dictionary: to hedge in
- PILPAL
- To hedge in, to fence in
- · To cause to grow

ז-ו-ש: to swell up

שוּד shüd: To swell up

- Concordance: Destroy
- Strong's Dictionary: : to swell up, i.e., figuratively (by implication of insolence) to devastate

PAAL (QAL)

• To act with violence, to lay waste

DERIVATIONS

shōd שׁד

n.ms.

Derivation: ש-ו-ד: to swell up

- 1. Violence, oppression
- 2. Desolation, destruction, ruin

Concordance: Destroy

Strong's Dictionary: violence, ravage

v Roots

to level: ש-ו-ה

שָׁנָה shä-vä '

• Strong's Dictionary: properly, to level, i.e., equalize; figuratively, to resemble; by implication, to adjust (i.e., counterbalance, be suitable, compose, place, yield, etc.)

 PAAL (QAL) To be like, to resemble To be equal, to be comparable To be fit, to be convenient, to be enough, to be suitable 	PIE To make even, to To set, to put, to p	level, to calm • To	HIPHIL liken, to compare	HITHPAEL To be like, to resemble
DERIVATIONS				
٢ַ <u>ײ</u> /shä'-ē				
n.ms.				
Derivation: ש-ו-ה: to level				
1. Gift, present, tribute				
Concordance: Present				
Strong's Dictionary: a gift (as avai	able)			

ד-ו-ש: to sink

אוח shü-äḥ'

• Strong's Dictionary: to sink, literally or figuratively

PAAL (QAL)To sink, to be bowed down, to be dejected	HIPHIL • To become depressed
DERIVATIONS	
shä'-ḥäth שֵׁחֵת	
n.fs.	
Derivation: ש-ו-ח: to sink	
1. Pit, pitfall	
2. Water pit, cistern	
3. Grave	
4. Destruction, corruption, ruin	
Concordance: Pit	
Strong's Dictionary : <i>a pit</i> (especially as a trap); figuratively, <i>destruction</i>	

ם-ו-ש: to put

שום süm: Put/Make/Set/Lay/Consider

• Concordance: Put

• Strong's Dictionary: to put (used in a great variety of applications, literal, figuratively, inferentially, and elliptically)

	PAAL (QAL)	HIPHIL	HUPHAL
•	To put, to set, to place, o dispose, to set in	• To set, to turn, to lay in	• To be put or set
	array		
•	To plant, to beget		
•	To constitute, to establish or erect		
•	To set on, to lay (something) down or up, to attribute		
•	To set (in direction), to appoint, to direct		
•	To make or render, to prepare, to give		

ש-ו-ש: to be free

שָׁנַע shä-vä ': Cry

• Concordance: Cry

V Roots

• Strong's Dictionary: properly, to be free; but used only causatively and reflexively, to halloo (for help, i.e., freedom from some trouble)

PIEL

• To cry for help, to implore help, to ask for aid

DERIVATIONS

שוֹעַ shō'-ä	רְּשׁוּעָה tɛ̃-shü-ä'
adj.	n.fs.
Derivation: ש-ו-ע to be free	Derivation: ש-ו-ע: to be free
 Opulent, rich Liberal, noble, generous Cry for help 	 Deliverance, help, welfare Victory
Concordance: Cry	Concordance: Salvation
Strong's Dictionary : <i>a noble</i> , i.e., <i>liberal</i> , <i>opulent</i> ; also (as noun in the derived sense) <i>a halloo</i>	Strong's Dictionary: <i>rescue</i> (literal or figurative, persons, national or spiritual)

ד-ו-ד: to turn

אוּר shür

• Strong's Dictionary: properly, to turn, i.e., travel about (as a harlot or a merchant)

PAAL (QAL)

- To journey, to go, to wander, to travel
- To look around or about, to view
- To look after, to lie in wait

DERIVATIONS

shōr

n.ms.

Derivation: ש-ו-ר: to turn

1. Head of cattle, ox, bull, cow, calf

Concordance: Ox

Strong's Dictionary: a bullock (as a traveller)

w-1-w: to be bright

พ่าพ่ süs: (Greatly) Rejoice/Be Glad/Joy

• Concordance: Rejoice

• Strong's Dictionary: to be bright, i.e., cheerful

PAAL (QAL)

• To leap, to rejoice, to exult, to be glad

DERIVATIONS

wiשָׁשׁוֹש /mä-sōs n.ms.

ושָׁשוֹן sä-sōn'

n.ms.

Derivation: ש-ו-ש: to be bright

Strong's Dictionary: cheerfulness;

1. Joy, gladness

Concordance: Joy

specifically, welcome

Derivation: ש-ו-ש: to be bright

1. Joy, gladness

2. Object of joy

Concordance: Joy

Strong's Dictionary: *delight*, concretely (the cause or object) or abstractly (the feeling)

שח

ד-ה-ש: to donate

שָׁחַד shä-ḥäd '

• Strong's Dictionary: to donate, i.e., bribe

PAAL (QAL)

- To give, to bestow a gift
- To bribe

DERIVATIONS

shō'-ḥäd|שחד

ה-ה-ש: to depress

אָחָה shä-ḥä': Worship/Bow Down/Fall Down

• Concordance: Worship

• Strong's Dictionary: to depress, i.e., prostrate (especially reflexive, in homage to royalty or God)

PAAL (QAL)	HIPHIL	HITHPAEL
To bow downTo sink down, to be depressed	To depress	To prostrate oneselfTo worship, to adoreTo do homage, to submit oneself

•

π - π - \mathbf{w} : to sink or depress

אָתָח shä-ḥäḥ': Bow (Down)/Bring Down/Be Low/Bend

• Concordance: Bow

• Strong's Dictionary: to sink or depress (reflexive or causative)

depressed

PAAL (QAL)

To sink down, to crouch

down, to be depressed

NIPHAL • To be bowed down or

• To be low (in voice)

HIPHIL To bring down or make low, to humble, to depress

HITHPAEL

- To be cast down
- To be bowed down or depressed

. . .

To be bowed down, to be cast

ש-ח-ש: to slaughter

שֶׁחֵט (shä-ḥät': Killing/Slaying

• Concordance: Kill

• Strong's Dictionary: to slaughter (in sacrifice or massacre)

- PAAL (QAL)
- To slay, to kill, to slaughter, to massacre, to murder
- To hammer out, to beat thin, to sharpen

- NIPHAL
- To be killed, to be slaughtered

שחים: from an unused root apparently meaning to sprout

shä-hēs' שָׁחִיס
n.ms.
Derivation: שחיס from an unused root apparently meaning to sprout
1. After-growth
Concordance: Spring
Strong's Dictionary: after-growth

ד-ק: to comminate

שָׁחַק shä-ḥäk'

• Strong's Dictionary: to comminate (by trituration or attrition)

v Roots

PAAL (QAL)

- To rub, to pulverize
- To rub or wear away, to wear out, to hollow out
- To defeat, to rout

DERIVATIONS

shä'-ḥäk שׁחַק

n.ms.

Derivation: ש-ח-ק: to comminate

- 1. Dust
- 2. Thin cloud
- 3. Vault of heaven, sky

Concordance: Dust

Strong's Dictionary: *a powder* (as beaten small); by analogy, *a thin vapor*; by extension, *the firmament*

ד-ח-ר: to dawn

שָׁחֵר shä-ḥär': Enquire Early/Rise/Seek

- Concordance: Seek
- Strong's Dictionary: properly, to dawn, i.e., (figuratively) be (up) early at any task (with the implication of earnestness); by extension, to search for (with painstaking)

•

PIEL

To charm away

To seek or search, to desire

PAAL (QAL)

- To be black
- To seek early
- To strive after, to desire

DERIVATIONS

shä-här'

n.ms.

Derivation: ש-ח-ר: to dawn

- 1. Dawn, daybreak, early light
- 2. Son of the dawn, the morning star
- 3. Lucifer

Concordance: Light

Strong's Dictionary: *dawn* (literal, figurative or adverbial)

ה-ח-ת: to decay

אָחָת shä-ḥäth': Destroy/Corrupt(er)/Waste(r)

- Concordance: Destroy
- Strong's Dictionary: to decay, i.e., (causatively) ruin (literally or figuratively)

PIEL

NIPHAL

- To be spoiled, corrupted or To destroy, to ruin, to devastate
- marredTo be laid waste
- To corrupt, to violate, to injure, to wound
- To act wickedly or perversely, to be wicked
- HIPHIL
- To destroy, to kill, to corrupt, to mar or injure
- To act wickedly

HUPHAL

To be corrupted

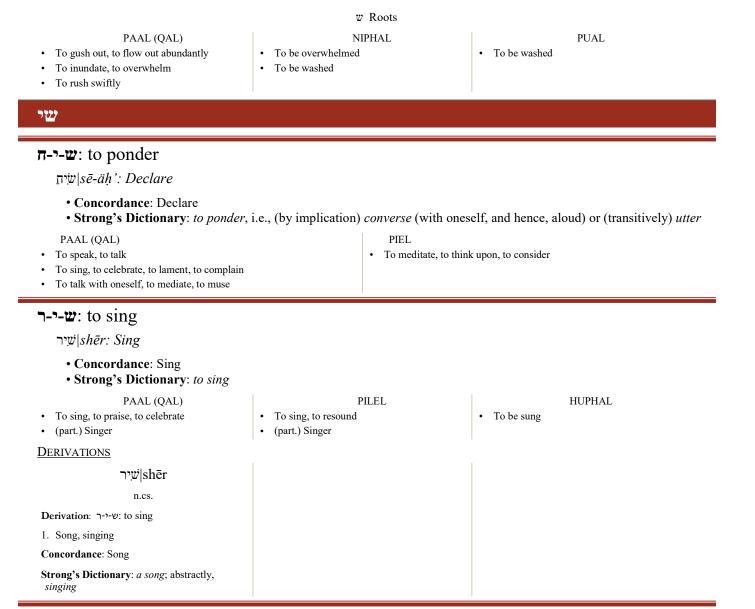
שט

٠

ק-ט-ש: to gush

שָׁשַׁן shä-täf': Overflow/Flowing

- Concordance: Overflow
- Strong's Dictionary: to gush; by implication, to inundate, cleanse; by analogy, to gallop, conquer



י-ת: to place

שית sheth: Appoint/Set/Lay/Make/Bring

- Concordance: Appoint
- Strong's Dictionary: to place (in a very wide application)

PAAL (QAL)

- To put, to set or place, to lay •
- To direct, to turn, to appoint
- To make or render, to establish, to make or produce
- To give

שר

ב-כ-ש: to lie down

שָׁכֵב shä-häv': Lie (Down)/Sleep

- Concordance: Lay/Lie
- Strong's Dictionary: to lie down (for rest, sexual connection, decease or any other purpose)

	PAAL (QAL)	NIPHAL	PUAL	HIPHIL	HUPHAL
•	To lie down, to rest, to sleep	To be lain withTo be ravished	• To be lain with	• To make to lie down, to prostrate, to cause to	• To be prostrated, to be laid
•	To lie dead			rest	
•	To lie with, to sleep with			To lay or set downTo incline or pour out	

- HUPHAL
- To be laid upon •

ש-ב-ל: to be, make or act circ	1	
שָׁכַל sä-ḥäl': Understand/Deal Pr	udently	
 Concordance: Understand Strong's Dictionary: to be (cause) 	atively, make or act) circumspect and he	ence, intelligent
PAAL (QAL)To look at, to beholdTo have insight, to be prudent or act prudently	PIEL • To make prudent, to do purposely	 HIPHIL To look at, to behold, to pay attention to, to turn the mind to To have understanding, insight or prudent To make prudent, to teach To have success, to act prudently, to act prosperously
ש-כ-ל: to miscarry, and by an	•••	
$\Delta = \frac{1}{2} = $	af Clail day and	
שָׁכל shä-hōl': Bereavement/Loss	of Children	
• Concordance: Child	-	ogy, to bereave (literally or figuratively)
 Concordance: Child Strong's Dictionary: properly, to PAAL (QAL) 	o miscarry, i.e., suffer abortion; by analo PIEL	HIPHIL
 Concordance: Child Strong's Dictionary: properly, to 	 <i>miscarry</i>, i.e., <i>suffer abortion</i>; by analogical PIEL To bereave To make childless, to bereave of child, to cause abortion 	
 Concordance: Child Strong's Dictionary: properly, to PAAL (QAL) To be or become childless 	 <i>miscarry</i>, i.e., <i>suffer abortion</i>; by analogical PIEL To bereave To make childless, to bereave of child, to 	HIPHIL • To make childless
 Concordance: Child Strong's Dictionary: properly, to PAAL (QAL) To be or become childless (part.) Childless, forsaken DERIVATIONS	 <i>miscarry</i>, i.e., <i>suffer abortion</i>; by analogical PIEL To bereave To make childless, to bereave of child, to cause abortion 	HIPHIL • To make childless
 Concordance: Child Strong's Dictionary: properly, to PAAL (QAL) To be or become childless (part.) Childless, forsaken 	 <i>miscarry</i>, i.e., <i>suffer abortion</i>; by analogical PIEL To bereave To make childless, to bereave of child, to cause abortion 	HIPHIL • To make childless
• Concordance: Child • Strong's Dictionary: properly, to PAAL (QAL) • To be or become childless • (part.) Childless, forsaken <u>DERIVATIONS</u> <u>'ש</u> כול	 <i>miscarry</i>, i.e., <i>suffer abortion</i>; by analogical PIEL To bereave To make childless, to bereave of child, to cause abortion 	HIPHIL • To make childless
• Concordance: Child • Strong's Dictionary: properly, to PAAL (QAL) • To be or become childless • (part.) Childless, forsaken <u>DERIVATIONS</u> كانيراخ sh ^ɛ -hōl' adj. Derivation: ש-כ-ל: to miscarry, and by analogy	 <i>miscarry</i>, i.e., <i>suffer abortion</i>; by analogical PIEL To bereave To make childless, to bereave of child, to cause abortion 	HIPHIL • To make childless
• Concordance: Child • Strong's Dictionary: properly, to PAAL (QAL) • To be or become childless • (part.) Childless, forsaken <u>DERIVATIONS</u> <u>DERIVATIONS</u> <u>adj.</u> Derivation: יש-כ-ל: to miscarry, and by analogy to bereave 1. Bereavement, childlessness	 <i>miscarry</i>, i.e., <i>suffer abortion</i>; by analogical PIEL To bereave To make childless, to bereave of child, to cause abortion 	HIPHIL To make childless

V Roots

to incline ש-כ-ם: to incline

שָׁכָם shä-ḥäm': Rise Up Early/Arise Early

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• Concordance: Rise (Up)
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• Strong's Dictionary: properly, *to incline* (the shoulder to a burden); but used only as denominative from שׁכָמ; literally, *to load up* (on the back of man or beast), i.e., *to start early in the morning*

PAAL (QAL)

- To rise early in the morning, to do something early in the morning
- To do urgently or earnestly

DERIVATIONS

אָכֶם|sh^ε-ḥɛm'

n.ms.

Derivation: ש-כ-ם: to incline

- 1. Back, neck, shoulder
- 2. Tract of land, shoulder of a mountain

Concordance: Shoulder

Strong's Dictionary: *the neck* (between the shoulders) as the place of burdens; figuratively, *the spur of a hill*

שָׁכַן|shä-ḥän'

ר-ך: to reside or permanently stay

v Roots

• Strong's Dictionary: to reside or permanently stay (literally or figuratively)

Strong s Dietionary. to restae of	permanently stuy (merany or ingulative	- <u></u>		
PAAL (QAL) To lie down, settle down, to rest 	PIEL • To cause to dwell, to set up	HIPHIL To cause to dwell, to lay down 		
 To abide, remain, dwell, inhabit or possess 	To cause to a went, to set up	To cluse to dwell, to ky down		
DERIVATIONS				
משׁכָן mēsh-kän'	שָׁכֵן shä-ḥān'			
n.ms.	n.fs.			
Derivation: ש-כ-ן: to reside or permanently stay	Derivation: ש-כ-ן: to reside or permanently stay			
1. Habitation, dwelling place, haunt	1. Inhabitant			
 Hut, tent Tabernacle, sanctuary, temple Grave 	 Neighbor (adj.) Dwelling, abiding 			
Concordance: Habitation	Concordance: Inhabit(ant)			
Strong's Dictionary : <i>a residence</i> (including a shepherd's hut, the lair of animals, figuratively, <i>the grave</i> ; also <i>the temple</i>); specifically, <i>the tabernacle</i> (properly, it's wooden walls)	Strong's Dictionary : <i>a resident;</i> by extension <i>a fellow citizen</i>			
ש-כ-ר: to hire				
main ~ # 1. #~. '				

שָׁכַר sä-ḥär'

• Strong's Dictionary: to hire PAAL (QAL) NIPHAL HITHPAEL • To hire, to bribe To be hired, to hire out oneself To be hired, to hire out oneself DERIVATIONS sä-här' n.ms. Derivation: ש-כ-ר: to hire 1. Wages, reward, payment, hire, fare Concordance: Reward Strong's Dictionary: payment of contract; concretely, salary, fare, maintenance; by implication, compensation, benefit

א-כ-ר: to become tipsy

שָׁכֵר shä-här': Drunk/Drunken

• Concordance: Drink

• Strong's Dictionary: to become tipsy; in a qualified sense, to satiate with a stimulating drink or (figuratively) influence

PIEL HIPHIL HITHPAEL PAAL (QAL) To act or behave as if drunk To make drunk, to intoxicate • To drink (wine) • · To make drunk, to intoxicate • To be drunk or intoxicated To make oneself drunk **DERIVATIONS** shē-kür' אֵכַר shā-ḥär' adj. n.ms. Derivation: ש-כ-ר to become tipsy Derivation: ש-כ-ר to become tipsy 1. Drunk, intoxicated 1. Strong drink, intoxicating liquor

Concordance: Drink

Strong's Dictionary: intoxicated, as a state or a habit

Concordance: Drink

Strong's Dictionary: an intoxicant, i.e., intensely alcoholic liquor

של

ל-ג: to be snow white

שָׁלָג|shä-läg

• Strong's Dictionary: to be snow-white (with the linen clothing of the slain)

PAAL (QAL)

• To be white like snow, to produce snow, to snow

DERIVATIONS

שֶׁלָג|shɛ'-lɛg

n.ms.

Derivation: ש-ל-ג: to be snow white

1. Snow

Concordance: Snow

Strong's Dictionary: *snow* (probably from its whiteness)

שלוש: a primitive number meaning three

שָׁלוֹשׁ shä-lōsh'	אליישי!sh⁼-lē-shē'
n.cs.	adj.
Derivation: שלוש: a primitive number meaning three	Derivation: שלוש: a primitive number, three
 Three, third Thrice 	 Third Third part, time or day Third story
Concordance: Three	Concordance: Three
Strong's Dictionary : a primitive number; <i>three</i> ; occasionally (ordinal) <i>third</i> , or (multiple) <i>thrice</i>	Strong's Dictionary : <i>third</i> ; feminine <i>a third</i> (<i>part</i>); by extension, <i>a third</i> (<i>day</i> , <i>year</i> or <i>time</i>); specifically, <i>a third-story cell</i>)

ה-ל-ד: to send away, for, or out

שָׁלָח shä-läh': Send (Forth)/Cast Out/Shoot Forth/Forsake

• Concordance: Send

• Strong's Dictionary: to send away, for, or out (in a great variety of applications)

0	•		••	
 PAAL (QAL) To send or send out, to stretch out, to extend, to withdraw To dismiss, to let go, to send away To send word (part.) Stretched out, tall 	NIPHA • To be sent	L PIEL • To send away or forth, to depute, to despatch • To dismiss, to let go, to set free • To cast, to shoot • To let down • T cast out, to expel, to reject • To stretch out, to extend	 PUAL To be sent or sent away, to be deputed To be dismissed, to be let free To be cast out, to be expelled To be scared, to be abandoned or forsaken 	HIPHIL • To send
<u>Derivations</u> משָׁלִוֹחַ משַיה ה	ō'-äḥ	שִׁלָחָה shº-lü-ḥä		I
n.ms. Derivation: ש-ל-ח: to send a 1. A sending 2. Seizure, possession 3. Prey, booty	away, for, or out	n.fs. Derivation: ש-ל-ח: to send away, for, d 1. Shoot, sprout	or out	
Concordance: Send Strong's Dictionary: a send	ing out, i.e.,	Concordance: Branch Strong's Dictionary: <i>a shoot</i>		

(abstractly) *presentation* (favorable), or *seizure* (unfavorable); also (concretely) *a place of dismissal*, or *a business to be discharged*

ש-ל-ך: to throw out, down or away

שָׁלָך shä-läḥ': Cast (Out)

• Concordance: Cast

• Strong's Dictionary: to throw out, down or away (literally or figuratively)

HIPHIL

- To throw, to cast, to cast off, away or down
- To overthrow, to expel

DERIVATIONS

shäl-lɛ'-ḥɛth שַׁלֵכֵת

n.fs.

Derivation: ש-ל-ך: to throw out, down or away

1. A cutting down, a felling (of a tree)

Concordance: Cast

Strong's Dictionary: *a felling* (of trees)

ל-ל-w: to drop or strip

אָלָל shä-läl': Take (Spoil)/(Become) Prey

• Concordance: Prey

• Strong's Dictionary: to drop or strip; by implication, to plunder

NIPHAL HITHPAEL PAAL (QAL) To draw out, to plunder, to rob • To fall off (fruits), to fall from To be plundered or spoiled • To strip off, to spoil • To become a pray DERIVATIONS shä-läl'שָׁלָל n.ms. Derivation: ש-ל-ל: to drop or strip 1. Booty, spoil, prey 2. Gain Concordance: Spoil

ש-ל-ם: to be safe

254

Strong's Dictionary: booty

אָלָם shä-läm': Recompense/Repay/Restore/Perfect/Perform

• Concordance: Recompense

• Strong's Dictionary: to be safe (in mind, body or estate); figuratively, to be (causatively make) completed; by implication, to be friendly; by extension, to reciprocate (in various applications)

 PAAL (QAL) To be whole, to be uninjured, to be sound or safe To be peaceful or friendly To be completed or finished 	 PIEL To make secure, to keep safe To complete or finish To restore, to give back, to repay To requite, to recompense, to reward 	 PUAL To be paid or repaid, to be performed (as a vow) To be recompensed, to be rewarded To live friendly, to be at friendship 	HIPHIL • To complete or finish, to execute, to make an end • To make or have peace • To submit	HUPHAL To be a friend
DERIVATIONS				
אַלום shä-lō	ōm'	shēl-lüm'	2	shä-lām'
n.ms.		n.ms.		adj.

HUPHAL

- To be cast down or out, to be thrown
- To be destroyed

Derivation: ש-ל-ם: to be safe	Derivation: ש-ל-ם: to be safe	Derivation: ש-ל-ם: to be safe
 Health, welfare, good condition, success, comfort Peace salvation (adj.) Well, peaceful, secure, whole 	1. Requital, retribution	 Whole, perfect Safe, sound, uninjured, unho Completed, finished Peaceful, friendly
Concordance: Peace	Concordance: Recompense	Concordance: Perfect
Strong's Dictionary : <i>safe</i> , i.e., (figuratively) <i>well, happy, friendly</i> ; also (abstractly) <i>welfare</i> , i.e., <i>health, prosperity, peace</i>	Strong's Dictionary : <i>a requital</i> , i.e., (secure) <i>retribution</i> , (venal) <i>a fee</i>	Strong's Dictionary : <i>complete</i> figuratively); especially <i>friend</i>
שלמנים shäl-mō-nēm'		
n.mp. (only pl.)		
Derivation: ש-ל-ם: to be safe		

1. Gifts, bribes

Concordance: Reward

Strong's Dictionary: a bribe

שה

to use the left hand or go in that direction שמאל

אָמָאל sä-mäl': (Go to the) Left

- Concordance: Left (Hand/Side)
- Strong's Dictionary: to use the left hand or pass in that direction

HIPHIL

- To turn oneself to the left •
- To use the left hand

שמאל: properly, dark (as enveloped)

שׂמאל sɛ-mōl'

n.ms.

Derivation: שמאל: properly, dark (as enveloped)

- 1. Left side
- 2. Left hand
- 3. North, north quarter, northern side

Concordance: Left (Hand/Side)

Strong's Dictionary: properly, dark (as enveloped), i.e., the north; hence (by orientation), the left hand

ד-מ-ד: to desolate

שָמַד |shä-mäd': Destroy(ed)/Destruction

- Concordance: Destroy
- Strong's Dictionary: to desolate

NIPHAL

- To be laid waste •
- To be destroyed, to be cut off, to be annihilated •
- HIPHIL
- To lay waste
- To destroy, to annihilate
- ٠ To extirpate

nhewn

ete (literally or ndly

ה-מ-ש: possibly meaning to brighten up

sä-mäh': Cheer Up/(Make) Glad/(Have) Joy/Rejoice

• Concordance: Rejoice

• Strong's Dictionary: probably to brighten up, i.e., (figuratively) be (causatively, make) blithe or gleesome

Strong & Dietionar J. proceeding to		
PAAL (QAL)	PIEL	HIPHIL
• To be glad, cheerful, joyful or merry, to rejoice	• To gladden, to make joyful, to cheer	To make glad
DERIVATIONS		
אַמָק sä-mā'-äḥ	אַמְחָה sēm-ḥä'	
adj.	n.fs.	
Derivation: ש-מ-ח: possibly meaning to brighten up	Derivation: ש-מ-ח: possibly meaning to brighten up	
1. Rejoicing, joyful, glad, cheerful	1. Joy, gladness, rejoicing	
	2. Feast, banquet	
Concordance: Heart	Concordance: Joy	
Strong's Dictionary: blithe or gleeful	Strong's Dictionary : <i>blithesomeness</i> or <i>glee</i> , (religious or festival)	

שמים: from an unused root meaning to be lofty

אָמָיִם|shä-mä-yēm

n.mp.

Derivation: שמים: from an unused root meaning to be lofty

1. Heaven, sky, height

Concordance: Heaven

Strong's Dictionary: from an unused root meaning *to be lofty*; *the sky* (as aloft)

ם-מ-ם: to stun

אָמָם shä-mām': Desolate(ion)/Waste/Wonder/Astonish(ment)

• Concordance: Desolate

• Strong's Dictionary: to stun (or intransitively, grow numb) i.e., devastate or (figuratively) stupefy (both usually in a passive sense)

 PAAL (QAL) To be astonished To be laid waste or destroyed To be desolate, solitary or depopulated 	 NIPHAL To be astonished To be laid waste or destroyed To be desolate, solitary or depopulated 	PUALTo be astonished or stunnedTo destroy, to lay waste	HIPHILTo be astonished or stunnedTo lay waste or destroy	HUPHAL To be astonished To lay waste or destroy 	 HITHPAEL To be astonished or confounded To despair, to be disheartened To ruin oneself, to lay oneself waste
-m ^ε מִשַׁמָה m ^ε	shäm-mä'	sh שׁמָה	äm-mä'	shi	ä-mām'
n.	fs.	n.	fs.	a	dj.
to s: ש-מ-ם Derivation: ש-מ-ם	stun	Derivation: ש-מ-ם: to s	stun	Derivation: ש-מ-ם: to s	stun
 Stupor, astonishmen Desolation, horror 	t	 Astonishment, horro Desolation, ruin, wa 		1. Wasted, desolate	
Concordance: Desolate	e	Concordance: Desolate	2	Concordance: Desolate	2
Strong's Dictionary: a	waste or amazement	Strong's Dictionary: re consternation	<i>uin</i> ; by implication	Strong's Dictionary: rt	uined

שְׁמָמָה shē-mä-mä' or שַמָקה shē-mä-mä'

n.fs.

Derivation: ש-מ-ם: to stun

1. Astonishment, horror

2. Desolation, devastation, desert, waste

Concordance: Desolate

Strong's Dictionary: devastation; figuratively astonishment

יש-מ-ך: to shine

שמן shä'-män: Become (Make) Fat

• Concordance: Fat

• Strong's Dictionary: to shine, i.e., (by analogy) be (causatively make) oily or gross

PAAL (QAL)

To be or become fat

DERIVATIONS

ash-män-nēm'

n.mp. (only pl.)

Derivation: ש-מ-ן: to shine

1. Fat or fertile fields

2. Darkness, desolate place

Concordance: Desolate

Strong's Dictionary: a fat field

HIPHIL

- To cover, to cover with fat
- To make fat or unfeeling
- To be fattened or become fat

משמן mēsh-män' n.ms n.ms.

Derivation: ש-מ-ן: to shine

1. Fat, fatness, fat or fertile soil 2. Fat or strong soldier, strong warrior

Concordance: Fat

Strong's Dictionary: fat, i.e., (literally and abstractly) fatness; but usually (figuratively and concretely) a rich dish, a fertile field, a robust man

אָמָן shɛ'-mɛn

Derivation: ש-מ-ן: to shine

- 1. Fat, fatness, fat food
- 2. Fertility, strength
- 3. Oil, spiced oil, ointment
- Concordance: Anoint

Strong's Dictionary: grease, especially liquid (as from the olive, often perfumed); figuratively, richness

ש-מ-ש: to hear intelligently, implying with attention or obediently

אַמַע shä-mä': Hear (Diligently)/Listen/Obey/Perceive/Declare/Publish/Show

• Concordance: Hear

• Strong's Dictionary: to hear intelligently (often with implication of attention, obedience, etc.; causatively, to tell, etc.)

PAAL (QAL)		NIPHAL	PIEL	HIPHIL
 To hear, to listen, to lend an ear to, to attend To understand (what is heard), to obey 	To rendTo obey	eard, to be listened to er obedience / nderstood	• To cause to hear, to o	 To cause to hear, to let hear, to make hear To announce, to tell To call, to summon, to sound, to cry, to sing, to summon
mēsh-mä'		mēs משמעת	sh mä äth'	
וווכארין שְׁנָזָע		נסווון <i>בי</i> שְׁב <u>ז</u> ע <u>ו</u> ו	sii-iiia-atii	
n.ms.		n.:	fs.	
Derivation: ש-מ-ע: to hear intelligen implying with attention or obedient		Derivation: ש-מ-ע: to h implying with attentior	0,00	
1. A hearing, report		 Admission, admission Obedience Subject 	n at court, audience	
Concordance: Hear		Concordance: Obey		
Strong's Dictionary: a report		Strong's Dictionary : <i>au court</i> ; also <i>obedience</i> , <i>subject</i>		

רמ-ר to hedge about ש-מ-ר

אָמֵר shä-mär': Watch(man)/Keep(er)/Observe/(Take) Heed

• Concordance: Watchman

• Strong's Dictionary: properly, to hedge about (as with thorns), i.e., guard; generally, to protect, attend to, etc.

	1	v Roots	
 PAAL (QAL) To keep watch, to guard, to keep safe, to preserve, to retain To observe, to attend To keep, to observe (covenant) 	NIPHAL To be kept, to be preserved, to be guarded To abstain oneself To beware, to take heed 	PIEL To worship, to honor 	HITHPAEL • To observe for oneself, to keep • To take heed to oneself
 To abstain oneself <u>DERIVATIONS</u> שְׁמֶרִים sh^ɛ-mä'-rēm n.mp. (only pl.) Derivation: ש-מ-ר: to hedge about 	1		
 Dregs, wine kept on the lees, lees Old wine Concordance: Wine Strong's Dictionary: something pre- i.e., the settlings (plural only) of win 	eserved,		

שמש: from an unused root meaning to be brilliant

שֵׁמֵשׁ|shɛ'-mɛsh

n.cs.

Derivation: שמש: from an unused root meaning to be brilliant

1. Sun, sunlight, daylight

2. (pl.) Battlements, pinnacles

Concordance: Sun

Strong's Dictionary: *the sun*; by implication, *the east*; figuratively, *a ray*, i.e., (architectural) *a notched battlement*

שך

ש-נ-א: to hate

שָׁנֵא sä-nā': Hate

• Concordance: Hate

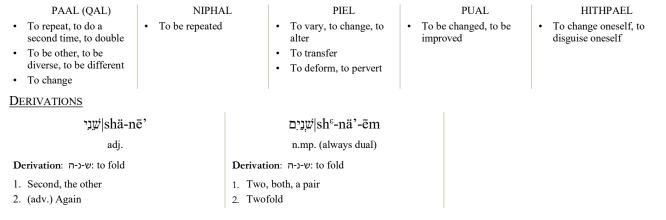
• Strong's Dictionary: to hate (personally)

PAAL (QAL)	NIPHAL	PIEL
To hate(part.) Hater, enemy	• To be hated	To hate violently(part.) Hater, enemy

to fold יש-נ-ה

שָׁנָה *shä-nä* '

• Strong's Dictionary: *to fold*, i.e., *duplicate* (literally or figuratively); by implication, *to transmute* (transitive or intransitive)



W Roots

Concordance: Second

Strong's Dictionary: properly, *double*, i.e., *second*; also adverbially, *again*

Concordance: Two Strong's Dictionary: *two*; also (as ordinal) *twofold*

שס

ש-ס-ה: to plunder	
שָׁמָה shä-sä': Rob/Spoil	
 Concordance: Spoil Strong's Dictionary: to plunder 	
PAAL (QAL)	POEL
To plunder, rob or spoil	To plunder, rob or spoil
ש-ם-ם: to plunder	
שטס shä-säs`: Spoil	
 Concordance: Spoil Strong's Dictionary: to plunder 	
PAAL (QAL)	NIPHAL
• To plunder or rob	• To be plundered or despoiled
DERIVATIONS	
מְשֵׁמָה mº-shēs-sä	
n.fs.	
Derivation: ש-ס-ס: to plunder	
1. Spoil, prey	
2. Plunder, booty	
Concordance: Spoil	
Strong's Dictionary: plunder	

שש

ש-ש-ש: to gaze at or about (for help)

שָׁעָה shä-ä': Look (Away)/Dim/Dismayed

• Concordance: Look

• Strong's Dictionary: to gaze at or about (properly, for help); by implication, to inspect, consider, compassionate, be nonplussed (as looking around in amazement) or bewildered

PAAL (QAL)	HIPHIL	HITHPAEL
• To look, to look at, about, upon or around	To look away from	To look around
To observe, to regard		To look upon one another
To look away from		

שעל: from an unused root meaning to hollow out

shō'-äl|שׁעַל

n.ms.

Derivation: שעל: from an unused root meaning to hollow out

- 1. Hollow of the hand
- 2. Handful

Concordance: Hand

Strong's Dictionary: *the palm*; by extension, *a handful*

יש-ע-ן: to support one's self

שָׁעַן shä-än': Stay/Rely On

- Concordance: Stay
- Strong's Dictionary: to support one's self

NIPHAL

- · To lean upon, to rest upon, to support oneself, to lean against
- To recline, to rest on, to rely on
- To adjoin, to lie near

DERIVATIONS

	מַשְׁעִנָה mäsh-ā-nä'
n.ms.	n.fs.
Derivation: ש-ע-ן: to support one's self	Derivation: ש-ע-ך: to support one's self
1. Support, stay, staff	1. Support, stay, staff
Concordance: Stay	Concordance: Staff
Strong's Dictionary : <i>a support</i> (concretely), i.e., (figuratively) <i>a protector</i> or <i>sustenance</i>	Strong's Dictionary : <i>support</i> (abstractly), i.e., (figuratively) <i>sustenance</i> or (concretely) <i>a walking-stick</i>

ש-ש-ש: to look upon (with complacency)

שָׁעַש shä-ä ': Cry (Out)/Play/Shut/Dandle

• Concordance: Cry

• Strong's Dictionary: (in a good acceptation) to look upon (with complacency), i.e., fondle, please or amuse (self); (in a bad one) to look about (in dismay), i.e., stare

PAAL (QAL)To be besmeared (on the eyes), to be blind	PILPEL To delight, to make glad To caress To play, to amuse or delight oneself 	PULPAL To be smoothedTo be caressed	HIPHIL • To besmear, to blind	HITHPAELTo be besmeared or blindedTo delight oneself
DERIVATIONS				
<u>שַׁע</u> ֲשׁוּעִים shä- ^ä -s	shü'-ēm			
n.mp. (only	pl.)			
Derivation: ש-ע-ע: to look u complacency)	pon (with			
1. Delight, pleasure, enjoyn	ient			
Concordance: Pleasant				
Strong's Dictionary: enjoyn	nent			

ש-ע-ר: to storm

שָׁעַר *sä-är* '

• Strong's Dictionary: to storm; by implication, to shiver, i.e., fear

PAAL (QAL)NIPHALPIELHITHPAEL• To rage, to be agitated
• To shudder, to fear• To be fierce as a tempest, to
storm, to rage• To sweep away or carry away
in a storm• To rush like a tempest, to assail

שִׁעֵר sä'-är

n.ms.

Derivation: ש-ע-ר: to storm

1. Horror, shuddering

2. Storm, tempest

DERIVATIONS

אַעיר∣sä-ēr'

n.ms.

Derivation: ש-ע-ר: to storm

- 1. He-goat, buck
- 2. Wood demon, satyr
- 3. (adj.) Hairy, shaggy, rough

Concordance: Satyr

Strong's Dictionary: shaggy; as noun, a he-goat; by analogy, a faun

ש-ע-ר: to split open

שַעַר shä-är'

• Strong's Dictionary: to split or open, i.e., (literally, but only as denominative from H8179); compare H7778 to act as gatekeeper; (figuratively) to estimate

PAAL (QAL)

- To cleave, to divide
- To estimate, to set a price, to think

DERIVATIONS

shä'-är∣שַׁעַר

n.ms.

Derivation: ש-ע-ר: to split open

1. Gate, entrance, forum

2. A measure

Concordance: Gate

Strong's Dictionary: an opening, i.e., door or gate

שף

ה-ם-ש: to abrade

שְׁפָה shä-fä': High/Stick Out

- Concordance: High
- Strong's Dictionary: to abrade, i.e, bare

NIPHAL.

- To be bald or bare
- (part.) Bare, bald, naked

DERIVATIONS

1. Baldness, bareness, bare place

Strong's Dictionary: bareness; concretely, bare hill or plain

ש-פ-ש: to judge

(of a vessel, water, cloth, etc.)

שָׁפַט shä-fät': Judge/Plead

- Concordance: Judge(ment)
- Strong's Dictionary: to judge, i.e., pronounce sentence (for or against); by implication, to vindicate or punish; by extension, to govern; passively, to litigate (literally or figuratively)

PAAL (QAL)

NIPHAL

- To judge, to decide, to condemn, to punish,
- To be judged, to be condemned
- To litigate, to go to law, to plead

POEL

- to administer right, to vindicate
- To defend

To judge

sä-fä' shä-fä' ישפי sh^ε-fē' n.fs. n.fp. (only plural) n.mp. Derivation: either from סָפָה sä-fä' (to scrape) Derivation: ש-פ-ה: to abrade Derivation: ש-פ-ה: to abrade or שִׁפָה|shä-fä': (to abrade) 1. Lip, mouth, speech, language 1. Cheese (of kine) 2. Lip, edge, border Concordance: N/A Concordance: Lips Concordance: Hide Strong's Dictionary: probably Strong's Dictionary: a cheese (as strained from the whey) from שָׁפָה or שְׁפָה through the idea of termination; the lip (as a natural boundary); by implication, language; by analogy, a margin

PUAL

•

•

To be bared

To become naked

Concordance: Storm Strong's Dictionary: a terror

· To rule, to govern

• (part.) Judge, magistrate, ruler

DERIVATIONS

mēsh-pät'

n.ms.

Derivation: ש-פ-ט: to judge

- 1. Judgement, sentence
- 2. Place of judgement
- 3. Cause, suit, that which is just or lawful
- 4. Crime, guilt
- 5. Law, statute, rule, right
- 6. Manner, custom

Concordance: Judge(ment)

Strong's Dictionary: properly, a verdict (favorable or unfavorable) pronounced judicially, especially a sentence or formal decree (human or (participant's) divine law, individual or collective), including the act, the place, the suit, the crime, and the penalty; abstractly, justice, including a participant's right or privilege (statutory or customary), or even a style

ק-פ-ש: to spill forth

שָׁפָן shä-fäḥ': Poured/Cast/Shed

- Concordance: Pour
- Strong's Dictionary: to spill forth (blood, a libation, liquid metal; or even a solid, i.e., to mound up); also (figuratively) to expend (life, soul, complaint, money, etc.); intensively, to sprawl out

	PAAL (QAL)	NIPHAL	PUAL		HITHPAEL
•	To pour or pour out	• To be poured out	• To be poured out	•	To be poured out, to pour out
•	To shed, to spill	• To be shed	• To slip		oneself
•	To heap up (a mound), to throw or cast up or out	• To be lavish			

ל-ש-ש: to depress or sink

שָׁפָל shä-fāl': Humble/Debase/(Lay, Make, Bring) Low

• Concordance: Low

• Strong's Dictionary: to depress or sink (especially figuratively, to humiliate, intransitive or transitive)

- HIPHIL PAAL (QAL) To sink, to be felled To make low, to fell, to overthrow To be or become low, humbled, or subdued
 - · To depress, to humble, to cast down, to make low
 - To cast down

DERIVATIONS

'אַפָלkhä-fäl'	shēf-lä'שִׁפְלָה
adj.	n.fs.
Derivation: ש-פ-ל: to depress or sink	Derivation: ש-פ-ל: to depress or sink
1. Low, depressed, humble	1. Lowness, low state
Concordance: Humble	Concordance: Low
Strong's Dictionary : <i>depressed</i> , literally or figuratively	Strong's Dictionary: depression

שפע: from an unused root meaning to abound

shēf-ä'

n.fs.

Derivation: שפע: from an unused root meaning

to abound

1. Great multitude

Concordance: Multitude

Strong's Dictionary: copiousness

ת-פ-ת: to locate

שפת shä-fäth': Ordain

- Concordance: Ordain
- Strong's Dictionary: to locate, i.e., (generally) hang on or (figuratively) establish, reduce

PAAL (QAL)

· To place, to put, to set

To give

יטק

דק-ה: to quaff

שָׁקָה shä-kä': Cause to Drink/Water/Moisten

• Concordance: Water

• Strong's Dictionary: to quaff, i.e., (causatively) to irrigate or furnish a potion to

PUAL

To be watered, to be moistened

HIPHIL

•

- To give to drink
- To water (cattle or land), to irrigate
- (part.) Cupbearer, butler
- DERIVATIONS mäsh-ke' משקה n.ms. Derivation: ש-ק-ה: to quaff 1. Cup-bearer, butler 2. Drink, wine 3. Well-watered district or region Concordance: Drink Strong's Dictionary: properly, causing to drink, i.e., a butler; by implication (intransitively), drink (itself); figuratively, a well-watered region

ש-ק-ש: to repose

שקט shä-kät': Rest/Quiet(ness)

• Concordance: Quiet

• Strong's Dictionary: to repose (usually figurative)

PAAL (QAL)	HIPHIL
• To rest, to lie down, to lie quiet	• To give rest, to quiet, to calm
• To be undisturbed, to be unmolested, to be inactive	To keep quiet

To keep quiet

ל-ק-ל to suspend or poise

אַקל shä-käl': Weigh/Spend/Receiver

• Concordance: Weigh

• Strong's Dictionary: to suspend or poise (especially in trade)

PAAL (QAL)

To poise, to weigh, to weight to

NIPHAL •

To estimate

To be weighed, to be weighed out

ץ-ק-ץ: to be filthy

אָקץ|shä-käts'

• Strong's Dictionary: to be filthy, i.e., (intensively) to loathe, pollute

PIEL

- To contaminate, to pollute, to make unclean or loathsome
- To abominate, to loathe or detest, to reject

DERIVATIONS

y אַקוֹץ shēk-küts'	۲ѿ҉\shε-kɛts'		
n.ms.	n.ms.		
Derivation: יש-ק-ש: to be filthy	Derivation: ץ-ק-ש: to be filthy		
 An abomination, something abominable, disgust Idol 	 Abomination, loathing Abominable, unclean thing 		
Concordance: Abominable	Concordance: Abominable		
Strong's Dictionary : <i>disgusting</i> , i.e., <i>filthy</i> ; especially idolatrous or (concretely) <i>an idol</i>	Strong's Dictionary : <i>filth</i> , i.e., (figuratively and specifically) <i>an idolatrous object</i>		

ד-ק-ר: to cheat

שָׁקָר shä-kär': Lie

Concordance: Lie/Lying

• Strong's Dictionary: to cheat, i.e., be untrue (usually in words)

	PAAL (QAL)		PIEL
•	To lie, to deceive	•	To lie, to deceive, to act falsely
-			

DERIVATIONS

שֶׁקר shɛ'-kɛr

n.ms.

Derivation: ש-ק-ר: to cheat

1. A lie, falsehood, fraud, deceit

2. Deceitful, vain, unreliable thing

Concordance: Lie/Lying

Strong's Dictionary: *an untruth*; by implication, *a sham* (often adverbial)

לשר

שרב: from an unused root meaning to glare

shä-räv'שָׁרָב

n.ms.

Derivation: שרב: from an unused root meaning to glare

1. Heat

2. Mirage

Concordance: Ground

Strong's Dictionary: *quivering glow* (of the air), especially *the mirage*

ד-ר-ד: to puncture

שִׂרַד sä-räd'

• Strong's Dictionary: properly, to puncture, i.e., (figuratively through the idea of slipping out) to escape or survive

PAAL (QAL)

• To flee, to escape

DERIVATIONS

sɛ-rɛd' שֶׂרֶד

n.ms.

Derivation: ש-ר-ד: to puncture

1. Red chalk or pencil, stylus, awl

Concordance: Line

Strong's Dictionary: *a* (*carpenter's*) *scribing-awl* (for pricking or scratching measurements)

to prevail: ש-ר-ה

שִׂרָה sä-rä'

• Strong's Dictionary: to prevail

PAAL (QAL)

- To place in a row, to set in order
- To be leader, to be commander
- To fight, to strive, to contend

DERIVATIONS

mēs-rä'|משׂרָה

n.fs.

Derivation: ש-ר-ה: to prevail

1. Dominion, lordship

Concordance: Government

Strong's Dictionary: empire

ש-ר-ע: to prolong

שָׂרַע sä-rä': Stretch

• Concordance: Stretch

• Strong's Dictionary: to prolong, i.e., (reflex) be deformed by excess of members

PAAL (QAL)

•

•

- HITHPAEL
- To stretch oneself out

ד-ר-ף: to be on fire

tessellated pavement

To extend, to stretch out

To have a lengthened limb

שְׂרַף sä-räf': Burn/Set On Fire

- Concordance: Burn
- Strong's Dictionary: to be (causatively, set) on fire

PAAL (QAL)	NIPHAL	PUAL
• To burn, to consume	• To be burnt	• To be burnt
To destroy by fire		
DERIVATIONS		
רַצְפָה rēts-pä'	שְׂרֵפָה s°-rā-fä	sä-räf
n.fs.	n.fs.	n.ms.
Derivation: ש-ר-ף: to be on fire	Derivation: ש-ר-ף: to be on fire	Derivation: ש-ר-ף: to be on fire
1. Baking stone	1. A burning, conflagration	1. Poisonous serpent
2. Tesselated pavement		2. Winged angels (high and noble)
Concordance: Coal	Concordance: Burn	Concordance: Seraphim
Strong's Dictionary: a hot stone; also a	Strong's Dictionary: cremation	Strong's Dictionary: cremation

V Roots

sä-rēd' שָׂרִיד

n.ms.

1. Survivor, one escaped, fugitive, remnant

Derivation: ש-ר-ד: to puncture

Strong's Dictionary: a survivor

Concordance: Remnant

ח-ק-ש: to have dominion

שָׁרַר (Bear) Rule/Make Self a Prince

• Concordance: Rule

• Strong's Dictionary: to have (transitively, exercise; reflexively, get) dominion

PAAL (QAL)

• To be prince, to hold dominion, to rule, to govern

HITHPAEL

To make oneself a prince, to make oneself ruler DERIVATIONS א<u>ש</u>ׂ∣sär n.ms. Derivation: יש-ר-ר: to have dominion 1. Leader, commander, chief, master, commander, prefect 2. Prince, ruler, noble Concordance: Prince Strong's Dictionary: a head person (of any rank or class)

ש-ק-ש: to root

שִׁרָשׁ shä-räsh': Take Root

• Concordance: Root

• Strong's Dictionary: to root, i.e., strike into the soil, or (by implication) to pluck from it

	PIEL	PUAL	POEL		HIPHIL
•	To root out, to eradicate, to extirpate	• To be rooted out, to be rooted	• To take root, to strike root	•	To strike root, to thrive

DERIVATIONS

אַרֵשׁ אוֹבי:shē'-rɛsh or שֹׁבֵשׁ אוּסֿ'-rɛsh n.ms. Derivation: ש-ר-ש: to root 1. Root, basis, bottom, race, abode, origin 2. Shoot, sprout 3. Descendant Concordance: Root Strong's Dictionary: a root (literally or figuratively)

NIPHAL

To be drunk

•

שה

ה-ה-ש: to imbibe

שָׁתָה shä-thä ': Drink

- Concordance: Drink
- Strong's Dictionary: to imbibe (literally or figuratively)
- PAAL (QAL)
- to drink
- To drink together, to banquet

DERIVATIONS

mēsh-te'

n.ms.

Derivation: ש-ת-ה: to imbibe

- 1. Drink, place of drinking
- 2. Banquet, feast, drinking

Concordance: Feast

Strong's Dictionary: *drink*, by implication, *drinking* (the act); also (by implication) *a banquet* or (generally) *feast*

täv/täf|ת

ת-ו-ה: from an unused root meaning to depress

täh-tōn' אַקתון

adj.

Derivation: ת-ו-ח: from an unused root meaning to depress

1. Lower, lowest

Concordance: Low

Strong's Dictionary: bottommost

täh-tē'

adj.

Derivation: ת-ו-ח: from an unused root meaning to depress

1. Lower, lowest

2. Lowest part, nether world

Concordance: Low

Strong's Dictionary: *lowermost*; as noun (feminine plural) *the depths* (figuratively, *a pit, the womb*)

17

to lop off :ת-ז-ז

וּקְוַז /tä-zäz ': Cut Down

• Concordance: Cut

• Strong's Dictionary: to lop off

HIPHIL

To cut off

תך

ד-כ-ך to balance

תְכַן *tä-ḥän': Direct/Mete Out*

- Concordance: Direct
- Strong's Dictionary: to balance, i.e., measure out (by weight or dimension); figuratively to arrange, equalize, through the idea of *leveling* (mentally, *estimate*, *test*)

•

PAAL (QAL)

- To make even, to level
- To poise, to weight, to prove
- To try, to examine, to test

NIPHAL To be leveled or made even, to

- be adjusted
- To be right, to be poised
- examine, to testTo measure

PIEL

To weigh, to prove, to

• To set up, to fix

PUAL

• To be weight out (money)

תם

ה-מ-ה: to be in consternation

וּתָמָה tä-mä': Be Amazed/Marvel/Wonder

 Concordance Reference Strong's Compendium PAAL (QAL) To be astonished, amazed, terrifie To marvel, to wonder 	a: to be in consternatio	HITHPAELTo be astonished
ק-מ-ה: to sustain קמה tā-mäḥ': Hold/Upho • Concordance: Uphold • Strong's Dictionary: ta PAAL (QAL) • To take hold of • To obtain, to acquire • To hold fast • To hold up, to support, to maintain • To take hold of each other, to hold	o <i>sustain</i> ; by implicatio	on, <i>to obtain, keep fast</i> ; figuratively, <i>to help, follow close</i> NIPHAL • To be seized, to be held
 PAAL (QAL) To complete, to finish, to make whole To be completed, finished or ended, to be ready, to be whole To be consumed or spent, to be gone, to perish To be innocent, to be blameless 	e	or a bad sense, literal, or figurative, transitive or intransitive HIPHIL HITHPAEL • To complete, to perfect • To finish, to leave off, to ready • To make whole or complete, to make full • To cause to cease • To pay off
<u>DERIVATIONS</u> <u>ח</u> מי <u>n.ms.</u> Derivation: ת-מ-ם: to complete 1. Integrity, soundness, wholeness, completeness 2. Thing uninjured, whole or sound p Concordance: Sound Strong's Dictionary: wholesomeness (adverb) completely	 Fullness, v perfection, Safety, pro Integrity, i Concordance s; also Strong's Dict 	innocence, simplicity
תן		

Roots ת

הן: from an unused root probably meaning to elongate

תנים tän-nēm' or תנים tän-nēn'

n.mp. (only in plural)

Derivation: תן: from an unused root probably meaning to elongate

1. Howling animal, jackal, wild dog

Concordance: Dragon

Strong's Dictionary: *a monster* (as preternaturally formed), i.e., *a sea-serpent* (or other huge marine animal); also *a jackal* (or other hideous land animal)

Roots ת

תע

to loathe ה-ע-ב: to loathe

תעב <i>tä-äv`</i> :	(Make To Be	e) Abhor(e	ed)/(Be)	Abominable
	11110000 10 20	110.00.00	(20)	1100.0000000000000000000000000000000000

- Concordance: Abominable
- Strong's Dictionary: to loathe, i.e., (morally) detest

.

•

NIPHAL To be held in abomination, to be abhorred

PIEL To abhor, to abominate, to refuse or reject

To make abominable

To cause to be abhorred, to occasion horror

- HIPHIL
- To make abominable or shameful
- To act abominably

•



or detestable

tō-ā-vä' תועבה

n.fs.

Derivation: ה-ע-ב: to loathe

1. Abomination, abominable thing

2. Idolatry, idols

Concordance: Abominable

Strong's Dictionary: properly, something

disgusting(morally), i.e., (as noun) an abhorrence; especially idolatry or (concretely) an idol

ה-ע-ה: to vacillate

ותְּעָה kä-ä': Err/Wander/Stagger/Out of the Way/Astray Seduce/Pant

•

- Concordance: Err
- Strong's Dictionary: to vacillate, i.e., reel or stray (literally or figuratively); also causative of both

PAAL (QAL)

NIPHAL

- To err, to wander, to go astray
- To reel, to be giddy
- To wander, to stagger about, to reel To be deceived, to err

To cause to err, to cause to wander, to lead astray, to seduce

To err, to go astray

•

DERIVATIONS

tō-ä' תוּעָה

n.fs.

Derivation: ת-ע-ה: to vacillate

- 1. Error, impiety
- 2. Harm, calamity

Concordance: Err

Strong's Dictionary: mistake, i.e., (morally) impiety, or (political) injury

תף

ש-פ-ש: to manipulate

אַפָש / tä-fäsh': (Take) Hold (On)/Handle

- Concordance: Take Hold
- Strong's Dictionary: to manipulate, i.e., seize; chiefly to capture, wield, specifically, to overlay; figuratively, to use unwarrantably

	PAAL (QAL)	NIPHAL	PIEL
•	To seize, to lay hold of, to catch, to hold, to hold fast, to handle	• To be taken, seized, caught, captured	To hold fast

תק

ה-ק-ע: to clatter

הָקע|tä-kä': Fasten/Blow

- Concordance: Fasten
- Strong's Dictionary: to clatter, i.e., slap (the hands together), clang (an instrument); by analogy, to drive (a nail or tent-pin, a dart, etc.); by implication, to become bondsman (by hand-clasping)
- PAAL (QAL)
- To strike, to smite
- To drive in (nails), to fix
- To blow (a horn), to thrust

- NIPHAL • To be struck
- To be blown (a horn)